"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Showers, then fair; Thursday fair; moderate southwesterly winds.
For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXVI...NO. 21,466. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1916.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

LODGE RETRACTS, SHIFTING BLAME TO BRECKINRIDGE

Accepts the President's Denial of the Lusitania Postscript Charge.

EXPLAINS HIS COURSE

Believed Testimony of Reputable Witnesses Ought to be Made Public.

WILLCOX NOW STEPS IN

"What Was Written?" Asks Republican Chairman — Time for "Frankness and Honesty," He Says

Special to The New York Times.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Oct. 31.—Addressing a Republican rally here tonight, Senator Cabot Lodge again took up the controversy regarding a postscript to one of the Lusitania notes. Senator Lodge said:

"The President of the United States has denied that there was any postscript to the Lusitania note, and we are all bound, of course, to accept the President's denial just as he makes it.

"I need hardly say that I would not willingly bring an unfounded charge against any one, high or low, and if misled into doing so I should be quick to retract it. The President makes one mistake. The statement which he characterizes as untrue, that there was such a postscript, was not mine, but was made by Mr. Breckinridge, a former Assistant Secretary of War, according to the evidence of two independent witnesses, both gentlemen of high character, responsibility, and veracity, and Mr. Breckinridge was in a position to know, if, as he is reported to have said, he had seen the postscript.

"Bearing in mind the public and hitherto uncontroverted fact that Mr. Bryan had informed the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador that the 'strict accountability' note of May 13 meant nothing, which fact was at once cabled by the Ambassador to Berlin, it seemed to me that Mr. Breckinridge's statement as testified to by two independent witnesses ought properly to be laid before the public.

The Arbitration Proposal.

"The President, it will also be observed, says that the clause proposing arbitration 'was suggested' and after consideration he rejected it.

"This suggestion rejected by the President covered the exact proposition said by Mr. Breckinridge to have been embodied in the postscript, and may have been what Mr. Breckinridge had in mind when talking to Dr. Bailey and Mr. Jeffries about the postscript which was rejected without having been referred to the Cabinet, and it may also have been the reason for Mr. Bryan's statement to the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador that 'the note meant nothing.'

"I would also call your attention to a statement by Mr. Charles Warren, a Republican Presidential Elector of New Jersey, who states that he was told by a member of President Wilson's official family that the proposition to arbitrate the loss of life on the Lusitania was to be embodied in a note to Ambassador Gerard and was not to be a postscript to the 'strict accountability' note.

"He states further what Mr. Tumulty did to prevent such action, and Mr. Tumulty, when Mr. Warren's statement was brought to his attention, said that he apprised the President that there was a proposition for arbitration from a member of the Cabinet. I mention this only because the President and Mr. Tumulty both agree that there was a proposition for arbitrating the loss of American lives on the Lusitania to accompany the 'strict accountability' note which was suggested by some one, considered by the President and by him rejected.

Assails Foreign Policy.

"As I have previously pointed out, the suggestion for a proposition of arbitration to accompany the 'strict accountability' note, whether as a postscript or as a separate note, and the methods of its suggestion, consideration, and rejection are only of interest as throwing light on the manner in which our foreign relations have been dealt with by this Administration.

"This question of the arbitration proposition does not in the least alter the essential fact that the 'strict accountability' note meant nothing, as Mr. Bryan declared to the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador, and as events since that time have painfully demonstrated. The utter emptiness of the note of May 15, with its threat of 'strict accountability' and 'omit no word or act,' has been strikingly shown once more within forty-eight hours, if press reports are to be believed, by the destruction of the lives of Americans rightfully on board the steamship Marina, which was blown up by a submarine."

WILLCOX DEMANDS "WHAT WAS WRITTEN?"

Republican Chairman Says President "Denies a Charge That Was Never Made."

Chairman William R. Willcox of the Republican National Committee, last night issued a statement on the controversy regarding a postscript to the Lusitania note.

"It is time for frankness and honesty," Mr. Willcox said, "not for technical denials and concealment. It must be evident to every one now that something of a seriously important nature was written or done or approved by the President in that connection. One of Senator Lodge's informants describes the additional writing as a 'postscript.' The President declares that no 'postscript' was written. The President's sticking for the exact use of words makes it

Continued on Page 6.

Budget $212,000,000, Increase $13,000,000 Manager to Supervise School Expenditures

The Board of Estimate, sitting until early this morning, adopted the municipal budget for 1917, totaling approximately $212,000,000. This represents an increase over the budget for 1916 of between $13,000,000 and $14,000,000, the budget for municipal purposes for 1916 having been $198,981,156.

The biggest salary increases in the 1917 budget were those for the Police and Fire Departments, totaling $795,000, divided as follows: Police, $587,000; fire, $208,000.

The item which caused the biggest fight in the Board of Estimate was that for the Board of Education. The 1916 appropriation for the public schools of the city was $39,865,981; the 1917 appropriation was fixed at $41,425,447. With this increase in the appropriation for the Board of Education the city authorities determined upon the installation of a new business system in the conduct of the schools.

Leo Arnstein was named Executive Manager of the Public Schools, a new position which will carry a salary of $10,000. Mr. Arnstein was formerly assistant to George McAneny when he was President of the Board of Aldermen. He recently resigned from the Board of Education. This action on the part of the Mitchel administration denotes a decision to have a new conduct of the public schools as far as the disbursements go.

The total budget for last year was $212,956,177, but this included the city's share of the direct State tax of $19,000,000, which was $13,975,021. However, the total increase in the budget, so far as the expense of conducting the municipal government goes, is between $13,000,000 and $14,000,000.

It was said by the city authorities early this morning that the 1917 budget would not cause a change in the tax rate of more than 1 cent on $100.

The tentative budget as presented to the Board of Estimate for adoption was $214,904,385.65. The budget, as adopted, therefore, represents a pruning of about $2,000,000.

Under the law the budget must be signed by midnight of Oct. 31. Mayor Mitchel left the Board of Estimate meeting early in the evening and returned about midnight, when he took up with the other members the consideration of the final details. At midnight the big clock in the meeting room was turned back so that the Mayor's signature could be affixed when it was still legally Oct. 31, 1916.

A large part of the $14,000,000 increase is accounted for by a jump of $6,500,000 in the debt service cost.

SHOTS ROUT THIEVES IN DESTINN'S HOME

Crowd on Drive Sees Police, Aided by Standard Oil Official's Son, Make Captures.

ONE INTRUDER IS WOUNDED

Spurns Doctor and Removes Ball from His Own Body—Singer in Europe—Robbers Got Nothing.

When Detectives McGuire and Naimoli, after a fast automobile run from the Fourth Branch Bureau, halted last evening before the home of Mme. Emmy Destinn, 94 Riverside Drive, they found excited residents of the neighborhood gathered around the house, which has been closed for some time in the absence of the opera singer abroad. The alarm that burglars were in the house had spread after Miss Helen Simon, daughter of Franklin Simon, and L. C. Higgins, son of Charles M. Higgins of the Standard Oil Company, whose homes adjoin the Destinn house, at 95 and 93 Riverside Drive, respectively, had telephoned to the police that they could hear noises through their walls.

The detectives saw nothing wrong with the doors, and, at Mr. Higgins's invitation, passed through his house to the roof, whence they crossed to the Destinn roof and examined the scuttle. This also seemed all right, but, leaving McGuire to guard the roof, Naimoli descended and, with Policeman Meaney of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station, forced open the grated door in the basement.

Every window in the neighborhood by this time framed the face of some excited householder and the back yards were filled with men and women. But none of the throng outside offered to follow as Naimoli and Meaney entered the basement door. They stood, breathless with excitement, until there came to them the reports of two revolver shots, a chorus of yells, and then the blasts of a police whistle.

They could not see what went on within the house, but they saw McGuire, on the roof, draw his revolver and creep toward the scuttle of the Destinn home, and presently they saw this scuttle rise and the head and shoulders of a man emerge from the opening.

Then they saw McGuire aim his weapon and heard the report as he fired. The man in the scuttle shouted and fell back out of sight. McGuire bounced across the roof and leaped down the scuttle after him. For a moment there was quiet again, while the watchers held their breaths, and then there was a crash. The glass in a window in the fourth floor rear of the Destinn home was smashed and, one after the other, two men mounted to the sill and leaped off, to alight heavily on the roof of a two-story extension in the rear of the Higgins home.

"There they go!" cried men and women at rear windows, but before the fugitives could make another move to escape young Higgins and Policeman Mojeski appeared in rear windows of the Higgins home, leaped to the extension, and held the men at the point of revolvers.

As they stood thus, the fugitives crouching partly behind a chimney, Detective Naimoli raised a window on the third floor of the Destinn home and leaped off onto the extension, where he seized the men and snapped handcuffs on them. With Mr. Higgins and the policeman he led them through the Higgins home to the house next door, where he met McGuire descending the stairs with a third prisoner whom he had handcuffed.

Then lights flashed through the Destinn home and every room was searched, but no more intruders were found, and the police were satisfied at last that they had all the thieves. Naimoli said that when he and Meaney had entered the basement they had been unable to find the electric light switches and had climbed to the drawing room on the first floor front in darkness. As they stood there feeling for the switch they heard sounds in the rear room, and Naimoli fired two bullets in the direction of these noises. The next instant they heard men running upstairs.

They followed as fast as they could in the darkness and Naimoli whistled the warning to McGuire. Their unfamiliarity with the interior of the house handicapped them, and they were on the third floor when they heard McGuire's shot and knew by the sound that one of the men had toppled back on the others, carrying all three back to the fourth floor. They had started up the stairs when they heard the cries that the men were on the extension, and then Naimoli had made his jump out the third-floor window. McGuire said he had fallen on his man when he jumped through the scuttle and had got him without a fight.

It was not until they came to take count of their captives that they thought to inquire if McGuire's bullet had found a mark in one of the men. Then they found that one of their prisoners, who said he was John Webb, 21 years old, of 1,465 Third Avenue, had received a glancing blow from the bullet on the head, and the missile had then plowed down into his right shoulder. They called Dr. Summers from the Knickerbocker Hospital, and after he had probed for the bullet Webb exclaimed:

"Here, I'll get it for you!"

He reached over his shoulder, pulled at the skin and presently brought forth the bullet, which had lodged near the surface. He insisted he wasn't hurt, but he was taken to the hospital a prisoner. The others, who said they were Walter Page, 22 years old, of 226 West 147th Street, and Frank Smith of 218 East 118th Street, were taken to the Fourth Branch Detective Bureau. Smith had made the jump to the extension with Webb, and Page said he would have followed except that he is a cripple and has to walk with a cane.

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COAL AT $20 A TON A POSSIBILITY HERE

Domestic Sizes Already Retailing at $13 in Many Parts of the City.

RAIL CONGESTION A FACTOR

Relief Promised by Dec. 1, and Householders Warned Not to Buy Heavily at This Time.

With coal retailing as high as $13 a ton in some parts of the city, New Yorkers face the possibility of having before long to pay the record price of the strike days of 1902, which was $20 a ton. The Sept. 1 price for domestic size coal was $7.25 a ton.

The situation is complicated by transportation difficulties. With the greatest industrial activity the country has ever known, which is, keeping factories on night and day shifts, the railroads are facing the most serious car shortage in their history because of the enormous demands of present business.

The interwoven coal and transportation problem is national. To the fact that operators are hurrying to ship the Winter supply to the West and Northwest, before the ties up Great Lakes navigation on Dec. 1, is due in part the shortage on the Atlantic seaboard. Some dealers doubt, however, that the relief promised New York after Dec. 1 will bring normal prices. Interstate Commerce Commissioner McChord will begin an investigation of the car shortage in Louisville tomorrow and the State Public Utilities Commission of Ohio yesterday ordered railroads in that State to file at once statements of the number of coal cars they had available.

There is also a labor shortage in the mines. Coal dealers explained yesterday that many miners had gone to Europe to fight and that those left behind could get higher wages in munition factories. About as much coal has been mined, however, as the roads could haul.

While prices charged by small dealers here have gone sky-rocketing, many of the larger companies have undertaken to keep the prices down, but for old customers exclusively. Burns Bros., who announced on Monday that they would make daily prices only, sold coal for domestic use yesterday for $7.75 a ton in Manhattan and $8.75 in Brooklyn. The coal was parcelled out as the company thought best and all orders from new customers were refused. It was said at the offices of Burns Bros. late yesterday afternoon that they would have the same prices today, but would not guarantee them for longer than twenty-four hours.

A factor in the New York situation is the limited facilities for storing coal here. Practically none of the dealers has large reserves on hand, for which reason they have been buying almost frantically for two months, paying premiums of 50 cents to $2 a ton. Some big dealers have been partially successful in getting their orders filled and so are able to sell at less than $10 a ton. One big dealer offered evidence yesterday that some of the coal he was selling for $7.75 a ton had cost him $9.50 a ton. A part of his supply, he explained, he had bought weeks ago at a cost of $5.50 a ton and, by averaging the cost, he said, he was able to sell for $7.75 now. His contention was supported by an article in the Coal Trade Journal yesterday, which said:

Within the last few days sales of domestic sizes have been made at $11 a ton f. o. b. New York harbor points, which is equivalent to $9.60 at the mines. Coal has been sold for line shipment on nearly as high a basis. The whole range of quotations on speculative coal is up from two to three dollars, as compared with a week ago, the most violent advances having occurred at tidewater, where the tonnage in the hands of the middle houses is very small."

George H. Cushing, editor of the Black Diamond, gave this advice yesterday:

"The safest thing for any householder to do in this frenzied market is to buy as little coal as possible. I've got only three tons in my cellar. I know it will be cheaper in a few weeks."

"There is no sense in paying $12 a ton," said Olin J. Stephens, one of the big dealers. "If the people will only let this fluster blow over, we shall have normal prices again in a little while.

It was pointed out yesterday that the continuance of the warm weather would do much to relieve the situation, not only because of the smaller amount of coal used, but because cold weather sends the average householder who hasn't filled his bin, out into the coal market. The dealers yesterday denied that they were trying to take advantage of the shortage, and all said they would be pleased if their customers would buy less coal.

Many manufacturers yesterday were trying to make sure of a continuance of their fuel supply. Most of them have contracts, but there is doubt that all the dealers will be able to make good on their promises. Soft coal, which sold at the mines in July for $1.60 a ton, is now selling for $6. It is reported that some large manufacturing plants on Long Island face an acute shortage in their supply. One manufacturer yesterday recalled the strike days of 1902 when coal sold by the bag instead of by the ton.

OHIO COAL BROKERS ACCUSED.

Railroad Officials Say Speculators Are Tying Up Many Cars.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 31.—Ohio railroad officials, who have been ordered to report on all the coal cars on their lines, said today they believed that the

Continued on Page 2.

HUGHES AGAINST PUTTING EMBARGO ON WAR SUPPLIES

Also Opposes Any Legislation Warning Americans Off Merchant Ships of Belligerents.

HIS REPLY TO A HECKLER

Apparently Eager to Answer Questions Democrats Advertised All Along His Route.

TOURS SOUTHERN INDIANA

Large Crowds Turn Out and Candidate Has Another Big Night at Evansville.

Special to The New York Times.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 31.—Charles E. Hughes received a series of demonstrations on his tour of southern Indiana today which seemingly left him confident that he would carry the State. It was estimated that he spoke to not less than 50,000 people. His welcome in this city, a Democratic stronghold, was much like the boisterous welcome he received in Columbus, Ohio, last night, only on a smaller scale. There was a parade which took an hour to pass, and the streets were crowded. There was much cheering for Hughes as he rode through the throng standing in his automobile and waving his hat. There were also shouts for Wilson, but not enough to seriously mar the demonstration.

Accused by a heckler Mr. Hughes today rounded out his declaration of principles on which he asks election by asserting that if elected he would not place an embargo on munitions of war to Europe or countenance the passage of any legislation calling upon Americans to stay off merchantmen of the warring nations. These were questions which his managers had long believed would be asked before the campaign ended.

Mr. Hughes went at the job as if glad of the opportunity to tell the American people where he stood on these issues without taking the initiative. They were questions which had been asked him in paid advertisements in every city he had visited.

Replies to the Heckler.

The opportunity came at Columbus, Ind., where Mr. Hughes made his first speech of the day. A man who afterwards said he had come all the way from Louisville to ask the questions interrupted Mr. Hughes while he was talking about "false prosperity."

"As a personal admirer," he shouted, "may I ask a question?"

There was a shout of disapproval from the audience, but Mr. Hughes quieted it.

"Certainly. Go ahead," he replied to the heckler. "Let him alone!" he continued, turning to those in the crowd who were for putting the man out. An officer started toward the man, but Mr. Hughes called him back.

"Officer, let him ask the question," he said.

"In the event of your election," called out the heckler, "will you or will you not favor or oppose an embargo against the shipment of munitions from this country to Europe, or the passage of a war resolution warning Americans not to travel on ships owned by nations at war?"

Here is a transcript of what Mr. Hughes said in reply:

"I, Sir, am in favor of the maintenance of every right, including the right of travel and the right of shipment. It is very important at this time, when the great war is raging, that we should vindicate neutral rights and maintain the integrity of international law. To my mind it is a very thoughtless policy that would surrender any of these important rights because of any sentimental consideration, when we have the vast necessities of neutral commerce and the importance of the rights of neutrals to consider with respect to the future of the United States.

"In all these matters—I dislike very much to strain my voice in my earnestness, and must not do it—but in all these matters we are looking far to the future. We must consider our place as a great nation devoted to the interests of peace. When these crises arrive we are trustee, really guardians, of our future. We may ourselves, though Heaven forbid, be involved in difficulties, when these rights will be of the utmost importance.

Rights That Must Be Protected.

"We should have the right to buy. We must maintain the right to buy. We have the need, in the absence of a merchant marine such as we should have—we have the need of utilising the facilities of travel, and we must protect American citizens in every right with respect to life, property, and commerce, as to all nations.

"What we want is an America standing for its own rights, facing the world with a sense of justice, asking naught but that to which she is entitled, but fearless and courageous. We need an America four-square to the world, commending itself by the firmness and consistency of its policies, vindicating, as I have said, the principles of international law, and showing itself as to all the champion of the rights of neutrality."

"Thank you!" called back the heckler, and retired. Later he went to the train to cheer with the others when Mr. Hughes left. He said he was a Democrat.

In his address here tonight Mr. Hughes replied to President Wilson's Shadow

Continued on Page 2.

SIX AMERICANS LOST IN THE MARINA; SHE HAD NO WARNING, SURVIVORS SAY; DEUTSCHLAND REACHES NEW LONDON

SECOND TRIP FROM BREMEN

Merchant Submarine Enters Connecticut Port in the Darkness.

THREE WEEKS ON THE WAY

Is Received by Health Officials and Proceeds to the Dock Long Prepared for Submarine Line.

CAPT. KOENIG IN COMMAND

He Says Passage Was Uneventful — Boat Said to Bring Large Stock of Chemicals.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Wednesday, Nov. 1, 3 A. M.—The German merchant submarine Deutschland arrived in the harbor here early this morning.

The Deutschland was the first merchant submarine to visit America. She arrived in Baltimore on July 9 last, and sailed on her return trip to Germany on Aug. 2.

Captain Koenig said the Deutschland left Bremen on her present voyage Oct. 10 and made the trip here without special incident. The entire crew comprises twenty-five men.

The Deutschland appeared in the outer harbor shortly after midnight and proceeded to the dock of the Eastern Forwarding Company.

Captain F. Hinsch of the Forwarding Company, accompanied by Dr. R. E. Black, the Health Officer, and other officials, met the submersible on a tug. The usual quarantine regulations were waived and the Deutschland tied up at the dock near the North German Lloyd steamer Willehad.

The Deutschland was said to have a large cargo of chemicals.

The submersible, under her own power, slid at 2:35 o'clock into a "pocket" that had been prepared for her at the wharf. The craft's entry into the harbor was so silent that only a few persons were aware that she was here.

Captain Koenig said that the boat originally was supposed to leave on Oct. 1, but she was injured in a collision and put back to port, delaying her sailing ten days. The clearance papers were made out for "Baltimore or any Atlantic port." Until the last three days extremely rough water was encountered, Captain Koenig said.

Plans were made to transfer the crew to the steamer Willehad, where quarters have been in readiness for some time. All the men were in excellent health, it was said, and in high spirits over the successful termination of the second transatlantic venture.

Soon after the craft was tied up a pontoon, carrying a high fence, was swung into position between the dock and the Willehad. With the company warehouses on one side, this combination successfully hides the submarine from view.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Wednesday, Nov. 1.—James McGovern of this city, Collector of the ports of Connecticut, received word early this morning that the German submarine Deutschland had docked at New London. He will leave for that city in the morning.

The Deutschland reached Baltimore on her first trip on July 9, bringing a cargo of dyestuffs. She made the crossing in sixteen days. She sailed from Baltimore on Aug. 2, submerged at the Virginia Capes and made the trip home in twenty-three days under the guidance of Captain Paul Koenig.

Several days before she left Baltimore it was reported that a second undersea merchantman, the Bremen, was on its way to this country. Since three weeks after that date there have been scores of reports of the approach of another submersible merchantman. A week after the Deutschland sailed officials of the North German Lloyd, which had acted as agents for the Deutschland at Baltimore, went to New London, Conn., and from that time until yesterday there had been reports that another submarine was coming to land at New London.

When the U-53 arrived at Newport several weeks ago almost the first question asked by its officers was what had become of the Bremen. Recent reports from semi-official sources in Washington have said that the Bremen was captured in submarine nets by the British and towed into the Firth of Forth. It was said that the Germans had tacitly admitted that she had been lost. It was reported by a traveler from Europe who landed at Galveston three weeks ago that the first Bremen had been captured by the English, the second by the French, and that the third was on its way to this country. There was a denial of this from German sources. It was also later reported that the Deutschland had been painted and renamed the Bremen and had started for this country.

There is a coincidence in the return to Germany yesterday of the U-53 only a few hours before the Deutschland reached New London.

On the day of the Deutschland's arrival at Baltimore it was announced by Captain Koenig that she was only the first of a line of undersea traders that was to ply between Germany and North

Continued on Page 2.

Wilson Orders Quick Inquiry in Marina Case; Administration Sees Grave Possibilities In It

SHADOW LAWN, N. J., Oct. 31.—After receiving unofficial information that six Americans had lost their lives by the sinking of the British steamer Marina, President Wilson communicated with Secretary of State Lansing tonight and directed that all possible haste be taken in obtaining the facts concerning the sinking of the vessel.

Secretary Lansing informed the President that, in addition to asking the American Embassy in London for information, informal inquiries had been sent to the German Government.

While it was made clear here that no action would be taken pending the collection of all the facts, it was indicated that the view was taken that the situation contained grave possibilities.

Secretary Lansing stated that he was not in possession of sufficient facts on which to base a judgment of the case. While preliminary reports have indicated that the Marina was sunk without warning, additional information on that point is desired.

When President Wilson left here tonight he gave directions that he be kept thoroughly in touch with the situation during his trip to Buffalo and New York City.

U-Boat Struck Without Warning, Gave No Aid, Americans Say

DUBLIN, Oct. 31.—Twenty-eight American survivors of the steamer Marina arrived at the Seamen's Home here tonight from Bearhaven. In a statement to The Associated Press they said:

"We reached safety after more than thirty hours in a rough sea in an open boat. Captain Brown was last seen lowering himself to a raft.

"The Marina, with a cargo of whisky from Glasgow to Baltimore, was struck by a torpedo, without warning, on the starboard side, off Skelligs Rock, at 4:14 o'clock Saturday morning, and sank in a few minutes. A second torpedo struck the port side of the vessel about ten minutes after the first.

"All Americans aboard were members of the crew except one, a passenger named Middleton, of Fredericksburg, who was drowned, and two stowaways, who also were drowned. The submarine watched our boats for half an hour and offered no assistance."

U-53 RETURNS TO GERMAN PORT

Berlin Announces Arrival of the Commerce Raider Which Visited American Coast.

APPEARED AT NEWPORT

Leaving There the Afternoon of Oct. 7, She Sank 5 Steamers Off Nantucket Next Day.

BERLIN, Wednesday, Nov. 1, (via London.)—The German submarine U-53 has returned safely to a German port, according to an official announcement.

The arrival of the U-53 at Newport, R. I., on Oct. 7 and its startling behavior during its subsequent brief stay in American waters aroused more excitement than did the successful crossing, a few weeks previous, of the submersible freighter Deutschland.

During the daylight hours of Sunday, Oct. 8, while the U-53 rampaged off Nantucket Lightship, not very far outside Newport Harbor, she sank five merchant vessels, from which every soul was rescued. A life-saving race from Newport of several destroyers of the United States Navy, in response to the first S O S call, was a spectacular feature of the day, and was largely responsible for the saving of every person aboard the victims of the raider.

The Strathgena, a British freighter, was sent down off the lightship at 7 o'clock in the morning after her crew had received ample time to take to their boats in a calm sea. Two hours later the Norwegian freighter Christian Knudsen, her crew likewise salvaged, was at the bottom of the sea.

At 11:10 o'clock the British freighter West Point was held up, abandoned, and sunk. Then the British passenger liner Stephano was torpedoed at 5:30 in the afternoon. By then the United States destroyers were already on the scene. They stood by till the Stephano's passengers were in their lifeboats. Then they rescued those who had been forced to take to the open sea.

Forty minutes later the U-53 claimed her last victim—the Dutch freighter Blommersdijk, not far from the spot where she fired her first torpedo.

U-BOAT HALTED AID COMING TO ANGELIKA

Warned Greek Ship Off After Torpedoing—Fifty Victims on the Angelika.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, Nov. 1.—The Chronicle today says:

"Further details regarding the torpedoing of the Greek ship Angelika shows that another crime against the usages of civilized warfare must be added to the ghastly history of the German submarine warfare. The vessel left Piraeus at 7 o'clock in the evening, having on board 150 officers and men who were going to Saloniki to join the national defense movement. After nightfall the Angelika was sailing off Fleves with all her lights burning and showing those signs of nationality which the Germans themselves advised more than a year ago, that Greek ships should display.

"At 9 o'clock the vessel, according to her Captain, who has just returned to Piraeus, was torpedoed without the slightest warning. The torpedo struck her amidships, but as she was sailing near shore the Captain had time to turn her head toward land and beach her, thus saving many lives.

"It is believed fifty persons perished

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LANSING PROMPTLY CABLES TO BERLIN

Secretary of State Seeks to Learn What Is Known There of Marina Attack.

ASKS PAGE ABOUT WARNING

Deep Concern Felt in Capital—Officials Silent Pending Receipt of Facts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Under instructions from President Wilson, the State Department has cabled to the American Embassy in Berlin to make informal inquiries of the German Government concerning the sinking of the British freight steamer Marina, with a view to ascertaining what information Germany has on the subject, and, if such information is at hand, what is the version of the German submarine commander responsible for the sinking. The embassy is instructed to make these inquiries at once and report immediately to the State Department.

Walter H. Page, the American Ambassador at London, has been instructed to obtain all the facts available with particular reference to the loss of American lives and whether the Marina was sunk without warning. Ambassador Page was also instructed to send full information along the same line with regard to the sinking of the British freight steamer Rowanmore by a German submarine.

The President's instructions to Secretary Lansing to make inquiries of the Berlin Foreign Office in the case of the Marina are in accord with the course that this Government has pursued on several similar occasions where merchant ships were sunk by German submarines. It has been the practice, however, not to make these inquiries of the German Government until all the available facts had been ascertained elsewhere.

President Acts Promptly.

The action of the President in the present instance indicates that he regards the sinking of the Marina with concern, and that he is anxious to bring the incident to an issue promptly, if it should be shown that there has been a violation by a German submarine commander of the pledges given by his Government to the United States that merchant ships would not be sunk without warning unless they offered resistance or attempted to escape.

The case of the Rowanmore does not appear to officials to afford ground for the belief that a German submarine commander violated the pledges of his Government in sinking her. Preliminary information received by Secretary Lansing indicates that the Rowanmore devoted the better part of an hour in attempting to escape. If this is corroborated by full official information the incident will not threaten a break in the relations of the two Governments, unless it is established that the Rowanmore was shelled by the German submarine after she had come to a stop.

It is the case of the Marina that occasions the deepest concern in Washington, where State Department officials, while not willing to comment, are unable to disguise the fact that the preliminary official, and fuller unofficial, accounts of the loss of the Marina tend to create a serious situation. Tonight's unofficial reports, which stated that six Americans were killed in the sinking of the Marina, according to information reported from London to have been received by Consul Frost at Queenstown, did not allay the anxiety of officials. Confirmation of the report that Americans had been lost and also of the allegation that the Marina was sunk without warning would present the first concrete case since the sinking of the Sussex involving the pledge of the German Government that submarine warfare would be so conducted in the future as not to involve the sinking of merchant vessels without warning and

Continued on Page 2.

TWO U-BOATS IN ATTACK?

Prompt Inquiry to Germany About Sinking of Horse Ship.

HEAVY SEA ON AT THE TIME

Struck Amidships and at the Bow, the Vessel Was Torn Apart by Explosion.

51 AMERICANS WERE SAVED

American Consul Will Take Depositions of the Rescued Men as to the Attack.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—Six Americans were killed in the sinking of the British steamer Marina, according to a telegram received by American Consul Frost at Queenstown [illegible] the Press Association. The tele[illegible] declared that fifty-one Americans had been saved.

The Americans reported killed, the Press Association says, were two men named Brown, two named Thomas, and one named Middleton and one named Robertson. Edgar Miller and Jack Davis, who were injured, are now in a Cork hospital. They are suffering principally from shock.

Consul Frost has arranged to take the depositions of twenty-eight American survivors who have proceeded to Dublin. Thirty-four additional survivors, including fifteen Americans, are expected to arrive at Cork tonight.

A dispatch from Dublin tonight says the American survivors of the Marina who are there are:

Engley, Hamlin, Hanley, Haskey, Hines, Hunt, Jones, Ryan, and Sinclair, all of Baltimore.
Robinson of North Baltimore.
Barton, Clark, and Hancock, all of Richmond.
Blayney and Cullen of Philadelphia.
Anderson of Oklahoma.
Bang of Charlotte.
Clark of Chicago.
Devlin of Norfolk.
Foley of Salem.
Hoven of Lancaster.
Kendall of St. Paul.
Krieg of Springfield.
Lancaster of Yonkers.
Riley of Brooklyn.
Schearer of Washington.
Wentz of Wyoming.
Rogers of Ocean View.

An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Skibbereen, where some of the survivors of the Marina have arrived, says that the steamer was attacked by two submarines.

The Marina sank within ten minutes after being torpedoed, Consul Frost reported to the American Embassy today. He said that fifty-two more survivors had been landed, and added:

"Survivors state the vessel was torpedoed without warning in heavy sea and sank within ten minutes."

One of Mr. Frost's telegrams to the embassy was as follows:

"Fifty-two more survivors of the Marina landed at Castletown Pier. Only thirteen now missing, believed dead. Not less than thirty-six Americans aboard, of whom sixteen saved at Crookhaven. There will probably be some American fatalities."

The American Embassy today received a telegram from the American Consul at Glasgow stating that the Marina left Glasgow Oct. 25 for Baltimore and Newport News with fifty Americans aboard.

A private telegram received today from Crookhaven by Robert P. Skinner, American Consul General, says that among the survivors from the Marina who were landed at Crookhaven are sixteen Americans. One of them is Frank Howard Smith, a veterinary surgeon.

According to the telegram received by Mr. Skinner, survivors report that two boats containing sixty-three men left the Marina at the same time and have not been accounted for. (This telegram evidently was sent before news had been received that fifty-two more survivors had landed at Castletown.) The weather was unusually severe at the time the Marina was sunk, and has been since then.

The Marina was first struck amidships. A terrific explosion occurred on the starboard side. The second torpedo struck the bow, and the steamship went down almost immediately, in two parts. It is reported that seven men were killed while attempting to get into boats.

Sailors saw the wake of a torpedo, according to these advices, and until the ship was struck thought it was a fish.

Ask What Wilson Will Do.

Basing their comments on the earlier news that a large number of Americans lost their lives when the Marina was sunk, the London evening newspapers are again asking what the United States Government will do. The Westminster Gazette, however, says:

"We as yet are without information as to the status of the Marina and the precise nature of the attack. In the absence of such information it would hard-

ly be profitable to discuss questions which the sinking of the Marina may or may not raise."

The Globe says: "Germany in her new submarine campaign apparently has thrown to the winds all consideration for neutrals and such pitiful shreds of international law as she still professed to maintain."

The Pall Mall Gazette says: "If the facts bear any resemblance to the first versions, it is clear that President Wilson will be confronted by an awkward dilemma."

Referring to President Wilson's "strict accountability" note and his election appeal of having "kept America out of the war," The Pall Mall Gazette says:

"Even his firmest supporters may feel some anxiety as to the possibility of reconciling his diplomatic notes with his election posters in such an incident as this. Whether America has any real protection to confer upon her subjects at all is a question which the Marina case may carry to a final answer."

Included among the Americans on board the Marina, according to a list issued on Monday by the United States Shipping Company of Newport News, agents for the vessel, were P. D. Brown, Upperville, Va.; J. C. R. Brown, Washington, D. C.; H. B. Middleton, Fredericksburg, Va.; Daniel P. Thomas and John P. Thomas, both or Wilmington, Del.; Andrew G. Robinson, Baltimore; Edgar Miller, Baltimore; F. C. Davis, Wake Forest, N. C., and Jack Davis, Roanoke, Va. All the men named above were classified as horsemen.

The late report from London saying that fifty-one Americans had been saved would indicate that there were fifty-seven on board instead of forty-nine, as first reported.

MILLER A BALTIMORE BOY.

Believed to Have Been Lured to Sea by a Mysterious Stranger.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 31.—Andrew G. Robinson and several other horse tenders who were on the Marina's list as residents of Baltimore cannot be traced here, and probably were from Virginia or some other adjoining State and shipped from this port.

Edgar Miller, one of the injured, is 19 years old and is a son of Mrs. Margaret Miller or North Gollington Avenue, Baltimore. Others on the ship whose parents have been found here are Charles Horky, aged 19; Millard Leroy Hunt, 22, and H. F. Jones, 19. The last named is a son of Harry Jones, a member of the Fire Department.

Several months ago a strange man frequented the neighborhood where the Millers and Joneses live and told interesting tales of the sea. A short time afterward the young men left home and have not been heard from since. Neither had any previous experience in tending horses on ships.

ONLY BIG GUNS BUSY ON THE SOMME FRONT

Bad Weather Gives Both the Allied and German Infantry a Rest.

BERLIN TELLS OF SUCCESS

Says Teutons on Monday Repulsed Small Attacks on Both Banks of the River.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The bad weather continues on the Somme front and no fighting of importance is reported by either the British or French War Offices. Berlin, in reporting yesterday's events on this front, says the British attacked north of the Somme but were repulsed, while French advances south of the Somme met with no success.

The artillery, however, has been busy on both sides along the Somme and at Verdun.

The British bulletin issued this evening reads as follows:

Our artillery and trench mortars bombarded the enemy's lines today in the neighborhood of Hohensollern and La Bassée Canal.

There was considerable hostile shelling against our front in the Ypres area, at Hebuterne and south of the Ancre, especially around Stuff and Schwaben redoubts and the Regina trench.

Otherwise, there is nothing to report.

The British day report says:

With the exception of intermittent shelling on both sides there was nothing to report during the night.

The report issued this evening by the French War Office says:

The day was relatively calm on the whole front. Only fairly lively intermittent artillery fighting was reported in the regions of Sailly and St. Pierre Vaast Wood.

Berlin Says Allies Attacked.

BERLIN, Oct. 31, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—Attempts of the French and British troops on the Somme front, near Les Boeufs and La Maisonnette, to advance yesterday were defeated by the Germans, the War Office announced today. French attacks in the region of Ablaincourt and on both sides of the Chaulnes-Lihons road also were without success. The statement follows:

Army Group of Prince Rupprecht—The activity of the fighting on the Somme was limited by unfavorable weather. Detachments of the enemy which advanced against our positions northeast and east of Les Boeufs were driven back by our fire. An attack of a French company against La Maisonnette failed. Equally without success were attempts of hand grenade squads to enter our new trenches south of Biaches. Attacks of stronger French forces against Ablaincourt and on both sides of the Chaulnes-Lihons road were not carried out, owing to our defensive fire.

The War Situation

BY THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

One of the most interesting statements in regard to the war that has recently been made by any one in authority is the statement yesterday by Field Marshal von Hindenburg to an Austrian press reperesentative.

This statement is deserving of the deepest attention. In the first place, it may be noted that it was made to an Austrian representative. This at once gives to the statement a political tinge. We know the condition of Austria. We have seen the reports of the meetings of the Austrian Reichsrath, undiluted and uncut by the censor, showing the dissatisfaction that exists at the constant drain on Austria's reserves. We have seen Austria beaten, her lines shattered, the Russians pouring through, capturing them by the thousands, until German troops came to their rescue.

We have seen also the Germans ousting Austria from anything resembling control even of her own forces. Germany is and has been in the saddle for months, retaining undisputed control of the situation. With this knowledge it is but natural that we should suspect that perhaps politics dictated, in part at least, the optimistic statements of general conditions.

Von Hindenburg's statement of the condition of affairs in France is one which Germany has been making in one form or another since the beginning of the battle of Verdun last February. It is one which Germany devoutly wishes were true. But nothing that has yet happened gives the slightest indication that it is true. France was bled white on the hills of Verdun. Yet before the glow of the Verdun fire died out, we saw the French take the lead in the terrible fighting on the Somme. And while the Somme fighting was at its height, we saw enough reserve force left to strike a blow at Verdun which snatched from the Germans in a short fight of a few hours all that they had taken in two months of fighting.

It is undeniably true that the French have lost heavily during the last year both at Verdun and on the Somme. But is it possible that the Germans have not, too, suffered heavy casualties? As a matter of fact, what has so far happened on the Somme indicates that the relative, if not the absolute, loss of the Germans has been greater than that of the Allies.

The fair implication of von Hindenburg is that the British are not fighting, but are throwing the burden on the French, while the British sit back and endeavor to direct the fighting. It has become habitual to attack the British for their failure to do what has been considered their part in the war. There can be but one opinion as to the fact that at a certain period of the war, this seemed justifiable. But today Great Britain is doing her part. The French are fighting, yes, but the British are fighting just as hard, and putting their best into the struggle. It is but necessary to see the British casualty lists of the fighting on the Somme to realize this. Their latest report shows that 400,000 men have been either temporarily or permanently incapacitated since July 1. In order to understand the real facts of the fighting in the west since the middle of last February, we can pretty nearly arrive at the truth of the respective losses and see which side has the advantage as a result.

The advantages of terrian which the French had at Verdun are well recognized, and have been exhaustively discussed. The German losses in this fighting unquestionably exceed those of the French, by how much we do not know. The probabilities are that this fighting cost the Germans at least 500,000 and the French about 350,000. A comparison with the known losses on the Somme, where the fighting has been over a territory which gave neither side any dominant advantage, and where the fighting has been in progress a much shorter time, makes this a reasonable figure. On the Somme the British have lost about 400,000 men. The French loss has not been so great for several reasons. The British have been more desperately resisted, there is better cooperation between the artillery and infantry in the French Army. It is doubtful, indeed, if the French loss exceeds 250,000 men.

The German loss has been extremely heavy. The Allies report the capture of about 78,000 prisoners since the first of July. Taking the German ratio between prisoners and casualties, the German loss could not have been less than seven times the number of prisoners, or about 550,000 men. In other words, the French loss has been 600,000 men, and the German loss over a million men in both battles.

Germany has asserted that on the western front she is outnumbered two or three to one. She probably is. Who, then, will be exhausted first? Von Hindenburg may have no idea at present of shortening his western front. But as time passes the disproportion between his numerical strength and that of his opponents will become greater, and then he will have to shorten up somewhere. It may not be in the west. It is not apparent, however, where else it could be.

Several indications have been given us that the theory of Germany's growing weakness in the west is correct. Take the case of Thiepval. It will be remembered that the British did their utmost for months to take this small village, but without result. Then, while they were fighting in a major attack in some other field, they turned on Thiepval and captured it in a few hours. The French did exactly the same thing at Verdun. It is obvious that the attacking force must, if they hope for success, effect a greater concentration of men than is necessary for the defense of the same place. The French in the case of Verdun and the British in the case of Thiepval, therefore, probably had greater forces fighting the major battles than the Germans had against them. And yet they still had enough reserve strength to strike at points far removed from the scene of the major effort, and achieve a signal success. And these successes were made possible only because the Germans, in order to defend themselves from the major attacks, were forced to weaken their lines at other points to a degree which proved dangerous in the extreme.

There is still another point in the relative rate of decline in man power of France and Germany. France has, it is true, a contingent before Saloniki. But this contingent is almost insignificant compared to the forces which Germany is forced to maintain on other sections of the eastern front. Germany's losses on the east, or, to put it another way, on fronts other than the western front, are naturally much larger than those of the French. Combined, the ratio of losses between the two is somewhere near 3 for the Germans and 2 for the French, which is just the ratio of the respective populations of the two countries. It is impossible to conceive, therefore, of any combination of circumstances which can destroy the French man power which will not at the same time destroy the German man power. Between the two therefore, it is a stand-off. But the great numbers which England has recruited have not been considered. Russia's reserves have been ignored. These will weigh heavily in the balance against Germany when the final summing up is made.

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You can get them at any drug store in the U. S. for 25c.

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ITALIANS SHELL BULGARS.

French on Macedonian Front Occupy Singleri Monastery.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—In reporting further progress by the French and Serbians on the Macedonian front the Paris War Office announces that the French took possession of the Singleri Monastery and mentions the Italian artillery as being in action in the Doiran region. The statement follows:

British aircraft bombarded important enemy depots at Demir-Hissar.

North of Lake Doiran Italian artillery caught under its fire and dispersed Bulgarian troops in the direction of Akinjali.

In the bend of the Cerna the Italians continued to advance.

West of Lake Presba we occupied Singleri Monastery.

Bad weather prevails generally, hindering operations.

A British War Office bulletin says:

With the exception of a sharp patrol action near Kalendra, the situation is unchanged.

Our naval airplanes dropped bombs on the railway bridge at Simsirli, east of Drama, and inflicted damage.

Rome issued the appended official statement today:

Saloniki front: An enemy airplane while reconnoitring was shot down near the railway station of Akindzali (Yakinjali) on the Doiran-Demir-Hissar line. A Bulgarian detachment endeavored to recover the machine, but was dispersed by our artillery, which completely destroyed the airplane.

SOFIA, Oct. 30, (via London, Oct. 31.)—A series of desperate attacks by the Serbians in the Cerna River region, southeast of Monastir on the Macedonian front resulted in a sanguinary defeat for them, the War Office announced today. The official statement reads:

In the bend of the Cerna there has been serious fighting. During the day the Germans by a counterattack repulsed two strong enemy attacks near Valjinelo. Toward evening the enemy made several further desperate attacks on a more extended front, but was driven back with sanguinary losses.

We attacked the Serbians and drove them from trenches south of Nonte. An enemy group north of the Llumnitza (a western tributary of the Vardar in Serbia) was annihilated by our fire.

U-53 RETURNS TO GERMAN PORT

Continued from Page 1.

as the result of the explosion of the torpedo. Another Greek vessel came along and encountered the submarine and was warned not to go to the assistance of the Angelika under pain of being torpedoed also. The lack of help resulted in the loss of lives which might have been saved."

FOUR MORE SHIPS ARE SUNK.

Two Are Norwegian and Two Are Greek.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The Norwegian steamers Falkafjell and Tordal have been sunk, according to an announcements made by Lloyd's shipping agency today.

The destruction of the Greek steamers Massalia and Germaine was also reported to the agency. The crews of both of these ships have been saved, the men from the Massalia being landed at Gibraltar.

LANSING PROMPTLY CABLES TO BERLIN

Continued from Page 1.

without safety to passengers and crews, except in cases where the steamers resisted or attempted to escape.

Hinges on Warning.

The Marina case turns around these two points:

First—Was the vessel sunk without warning?

Second—Were American lives lost through the destruction of the steamer without warning?

According to statements made at the German Embassy today, it is not the opinion there that Germany's pledges have been violated by the commander of the submarine that sank the Marina. It is explained at the embassy that rigid instructions have been given to German submarine commanders, and that it cannot be believed that a trained naval officer would violate these instructions. It is perhaps significant that the statement was made at the embassy that if the submarine commander should be found to have violated or exceeded his instructions, the German Government would be prompt to disavow his act and would administer severe punishment.

There is considerable conflict of statement regarding the way in which the Marina was sunk. The first cablegram from Consul Frost yesterday to the State Department asserted that the Marina had been sunk by submarine shellfire without warning. In the unofficial news accounts the statement is attributed to survivors that they saw the wake of a torpedo and that the vessel was sunk by torepdo attack without warning.

The vital point with the State Department is not whether the vessel was sunk by gunfire, or by torpedo attack, but whether warning was given, or whether the Marina lost immunity by trying to escape. To have lost such immunity the vessel must have actually been endeavoring to escape.

Inquiry is being made into the status of the Marina to determine whether she was a merchant ship in the ordinary acceptation of that term or whether she was taken over by the British Government for use as a military transport. All evidence thus far indicates that the Marina was not under charter as a transport and not commandeered by the British Government, but that she was engaged in regular merchant traffic. If this was the status of the Marina, she was entitled to the immunities of other merchant ships flying belligerent flags, and not subject to attack unless she forfeited immunity by resistance or attempt to escape. Numerous attacks have been made on British vessels plying between Newport News and British ports with mules and horses. Some of these vessels have been sunk, but most of them have tried to escape and have succeeded in outrunning the German submarines.

It may be a week or more before the German reply is received, as the submarine or submarines which made the attack on the Marina probably would not return to their bases and report under several days. Unless there is an unreasonable delay at Berlin, no serious action will be taken here pending the reply, even though complete information from other sources should make it evident that there must be action.

Discussion of the Marina and Rowanmore cases today developed the fact that the State Department never has learned what punishment was imposed by Germany upon the submarine commander who sank the Sussex, although Ambassador Gerard was instructed some time ago to make inquiries on the subject. A department official said this was one of the subjects that would be taken up with the Ambassador when he called before starting on the return trip to Berlin after his vacation.

Scherrer an ex-Soldier.

Three of the American members of the crew of the Marina are put down as having given Washington as their residence when they signed as members of the crew. They are J. Hancock, J. R. C. Brown, and Edgar C. Scherrer. The names of Hancock and Brown do not appear in the City Directory. Scherrer belongs to a well-known family in southeast Washington, and resided here with his sister, Mrs. John Jaeschke of 540 Ninth Street S. E. He was born in Washington in 1887 and served two enlistments in the United States Army. He left the army in 1915 and was employed last Winter in a steel plant, making munitions, at Giesboro Point, south of Washington. His sister said today she believed her brother had shipped on the Marina, owing to a friendship he maintained with Preston Devine of Virginia, a veterinarian, but she said she did not know whether Devine had also taken service on the Marina. It was asserted at the Pension Office today that Scherrer had recently applied for a pension, claiming disability from malarial poisoning contracted in the line of duty in the army. This pension has just been denied.

Scherrer's papers at the Pension Office show he was a horseshoer and corporal in Company C, Thirteenth United States Cavalry, for a time, and later served in the Quartermaster's Corps in the army. He enlisted in 1908, was discharged in 1911, re-enlisted in 1912 and was discharged in 1915. He had served at Fort Myer, Fort Slocum, N. Y.; Fort Riley, Kan., and Galveston. His father and mother are dead.

DEUTSCHLAND HERE ON SECOND TRIP

Continued from Page 1.

and South America to show England that her blockade was useless. He even went so far as to say that the names of the next two ships to sail would be the Bremen and the Amerika. In the absence of more definite information the fact that the Deutschland has made a second trip to this country prior to the arrival of any sister submersible merchantmen would seem to indicate that the Bremen and the Amerika were not so successful as their sister ship.

The entrance of the Deutschland to the harbor of New London was made under conditions similar as to point of time to those which attended her entrance into the Virginia Capes. At that time Captain Koenig approached the coast toward the end of day, submerged, and waited until dark before he attempted the entrance past the Capes. He made the entrance in pitch darkness, guided only by the steady flare of the Cape Henry light and the intermitten flashes of the Cape Charles beacon.

He was "picked up" by a pilot boat, whose Captain greeted him with the words:

"I'll be damned if it ain't you!"

The pilot Captain helped him to find the tugboat Timmins, under charter to the North German Lloyd, which had been hovering about the Capes waiting for him for a week. Under convoy by the Timmins the Deutschland made her way to the Baltimore harbor under her own power, where she was tucked into a nest on the south Baltimore waterfront near Cape McHenry and guarded by a corral made of freight barges and interned German liners.

Last Friday, Captain Guy Gaunt, British Naval Attache here, told a reporter for THE TIMES that the next German undersea merchant vessel was expected to arrive on Nov. 1, and that it would be the Deutschland. He would give no information as to what he believed had become of the Bremen or of the Amerika.

Announcement

Mr. Franz F. Deiner, formerly chief designer and superintendent of Wetzel's, has entered into the Tailoring business with Mr. Mabie of Mabie & Co. under the name of Mabie & Deiner, Inc., and shall be pleased to give his personal attention and supervision to the requirements of gentlemen desiring suits and overcoats of the highest degree of excellence in quality, style and workmanship.

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"Paisley" Chiffon Velvet Capes

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Reversible side of plain chiffon velvet

"Paisley" or Persian chiffon velvet, reversible with plain color silk chiffon velvet of a contrasting shade.

Special 78.00

Reversible Chiffon Velvet Capes

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In marvelous plain color combinations, including

Silver grey reversible with magenta
Amethyst reversible with gold
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Sapphire blue reversible with apricot
Bronze brown reversible with wine
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Reversible "Istar" Silk Brocade Capes

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Reverse side of satin in harmonizing color

Brocaded cape in rich peacock colorings with reverse side of Liberty satin in a plain harmonizing color.

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Made by Liberty & Co. of London

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In wonderful two-tone colorings with reverse side of plain color satin equally resplendent in color but of a lighter shade, adaptable for afternoon or evening wear.

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Admission without ticket. All patriotic citizens cordially invited to attend.

DOORS OPEN 6 P. M. SPEAKING BEGINS 8 P. M.

Speakers: President Wilson, Ex-Governor Martin H. Glynn

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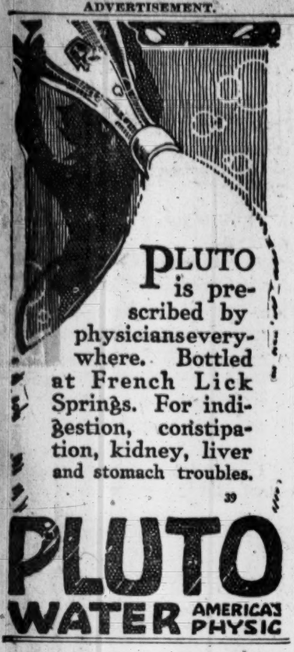

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PLUTO WATER AMERICA'S PHYSIC

KAISER AT FOOD MEETING.

Discusses the Situation with Functionaries from All Germany.

BERLIN, Monday, Oct. 30, (via London, Oct. 31.)—A food conference was held at the Chancellor's palace today at which there were present Emperor William, Chancellor von Bethmann Hollweg, Secretaries of State and heads of all departments and representatives of important organizations throughout the empire which are directly or even indirectly interested in that subject. The conference continued for nearly two hours, during which the Emperor conferred personally with each of those present.

A list of the participants in the conference includes Adolf Batocki, President of the Food Regulation Board; Dr. Alfred Lohmann, President of the Board of Directors of the German Ocean Navigation Company, who developed the merchant submarines Deutschland and Bremen; Dr. Karl Helfferich, Secretary of the Interior, and his assistants; the Imperial Commissary for Transition from War to Peace and his staff; the Bavarian Minister, the Directorate of the German Consumptions Association, the General Secretary of the Christian Labor Unions, the Directors of the Imperial Grain, Feed, Potato, Meat and Fat Bureaus the chief of the largest insurance companies in Germany, and business men from every section of the empire.

RUMANIANS WIN ON NORTH FRONT

Victory Called "Brilliant" Reported to Have Been Gained in Szurduk Pass Region.

WHOLE LINE HOLDS FIRM

Berlin Reports Capture of 10,000 Prisoners by Falkenhayn's Army Since Oct. 10.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The battle that has been in progress in the Szurduk Pass region on the Rumanian-Transylvanian frontier has ended in a brilliant victory for the Rumanians, according to a wireless message from Bucharest today. The Austro-German forces, it is declared, have been repulsed from the frontier after having lost much artillery and many prisoners. Along the whole front of the Transylvanian Alps on the northern Rumanian border the Teutonic lines have been shaken by the Rumanian attack, the dispatch adds.

The official Rumanian statement issued at Bucharest today reads:

Northern and northwestern fronts: From Tulghes to Bicaz the situation is unchanged. At Bratocea a small detachment surprised and repulsed the enemy on Mount Rosoa, causing him heavy losses. In a single trench we found two officers and forty men dead. We have occupied Mount Rosca, making some prisoners and capturing a machine gun and a searchlight.

At Predelus the bombardment slackened. In the Prahova Valley and in the region of Dragoslavle, north of Campulung, we repulsed several enemy attacks. To the east of the River Alt (Aluta) the action is proceeding. In the Jiul Valley (region of Vulcan Pass) the pursuit of the enemy continues. At Orsova (on the Danube) the bombardment was less violent.

Southern front: The situation is unchanged.

The official statement on operations along the Rumanian front issued today by the Petrograd War Office follows:

Transylvania—Enemy attacks in the region of Bushteni, in the Prahova Valley, were repelled.

In the region of Campulung on the left bank of the River Alt fierce battles continue.

In the Jiul Valley (Transylvania) the Rumanians continued to press the enemy toward the north, and in this region they have taken a further 300 prisoners and four machine guns.

In Dobrudja there is no change.

10,000 Prisoners Taken by Teutons.

BERLIN, Oct. 31, (by Wireless to Sayville.) -Efforts of the Rumanians to recapture positions along the Transylvanian frontier yesterday were without success, the War Office announced today. Since Oct. 10 the Austrians and Germans have captured more than 10,000 Rumanians. The announcement follows:

Army group of Archduke Charles Francis: Quiet prevailed on the Transylvanian eastern front. In the southern frontier mountain fighting goes on in spite of heavy fog and snowstorms. North of Campulung, near Boerzeny and north of Orsova, the Rumanians attempted in vain to take back heights captured from them.

Since Oct. 10 General von Falkenhayn's army has captured 151 Rumanian officers, 9,820 men, and much war material, including thirty-seven cannon, forty-seven machine guns, and one flag.

Army group of Field Marshal von Mackensen: The situation in Dobrudja is unchanged.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 31. — Emperor William, says an official announcement made in Berlin, has sent a message to Field Marshal von Mackensen thanking him for the successful operations he has conducted in Dobrudja and the capture of Cernavoda. The Emperor announces the West Prussian Infantry Regiment 129 will henceforth bear Field Marshal von Mackensen's name.

The comparatively slow progress of the Austro-German forces since capturing the passes south of Kronstadt is explained by the Tageblatt's correspondent at that front as due to the fact that the Rumanians occupy strongly fortified positions in the mountains, every peak of which during the last two years has been converted into a fortress with batteries built in at every available spot. Good highways have also been constructed between the different peaks, enabling the Rumanians to reinforce quickly threatened points.

Owing to the situation, says the correspondent, the invading forces have found it necessary to execute wide flanking movements over difficult mountains. Nevertheless, they are making steady, though slow, progress.

BRITISH AIR RAID ON TURKS.

Constantinople Reports a Child Killed at Bedro, on Tigris Front.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Monday, Oct. 30, via Berlin, Oct. 31, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—British aeroplanes have made a raid on Bedro, north of Kut-el-Amara, in revenge for a Turkish attack on Oct. 27 on the British camp near Sheikh Saad, says an official report. The text of the statement follows:

"Our volunteers on Oct. 27 attacked by surprise the hostile camps near Sheikh Saad. They advanced until they had destroyed one shed and one British aeroplane, and then returned unharmed.

"The British took revenge for this bold raid by dropping bombs on Bedro, north of Kut-el-Amara. One child was killed and three civilians were wounded."

RUSSIANS IN VOLHYNIA TAKE TEUTON TRENCHES

Berlin Reports Success by German and Turkish Troops Southeast of Lemberg.

LONDON, Oct. 31. — Austro-German first-line trenches in the region of Pustonyty and Oshchest, on the Vladimir-Volynski front in Volhynia, were captured yesterday in a heavy attack by Russian infantry, which then repulsed all attempts to retake them. The Petrograd official report telling about it reads:

In the direction of Lutsk, in the region of Pustonyty and Oshchest, south of Sviniusky, our detachments after having destroyed the enemy's wire entanglements, captured his foremost trenches and consolidated themselves. Enemy counterattacks made with the object of regaining the trenches captured by us in the region of Oshchest were repelled by our fire.

South of Brzezany, in the region of the villages of Michlashchuy and Lipsitadolna, the enemy, after fierce artillery fire, launched a series of successive attacks on our positions, but all attacks were repelled by us.

At about 4 o'clock in the afternoon the enemy, who attempted another attack, was again repelled by our reinforcements, which had been hurried up. We captured here a number of prisoners.

North of the village of Svisteliniki hand-grenade fighting took place during the entire night, slackening in the morning.

In the wooded Carpathians an artillery duel is taking place. Our scouts also are making reconnoissances.

Germans Report Many Successes.

BERLIN, Oct. 31, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—On the east bank of the Narayuvka, southeast of Lemberg, Turkish troops yesterday took several Russian positions. Important heights further to the south were taken by German contingents, who repulsed Russian counterattacks. Russian attempts to advance southwest of Stanislau were futile, according to today's Army Headquarters announcement, which reads:

At dawn the Russians attacked our Shara position near Krashin after a brief increase of fire, but were sanguinarily repulsed.

Northwest of Berestechk, on the Upper Styr, outpost engagements had a result favorable to us.

On the east bank of the Narayuvka, Turkish troops captured several advance positions of the enemy northwest of Molochov at the point of the bayonet. Further south, German regiments took important positions on the heights west of Fov-Kasnolesne and repulsed Russian counterattacks. Four officers, 170 men, and 9 machine guns were brought in.

Southwest of Stanislau an advance of Russian detachments was without success.

FRANCE TO INTERVENE IN TRAMWAY STRIKE

Cabinet Issues Decree Authorizing Federal Operation of Any Public Service.

PARIS, Oct. 31.—The Government has decided to intervene in the strike of the suburban street railways employes, which began last week.

The Cabinet announced today a decree, which must be ratified by Parliament, under which the higher administration may take over any public service whose continuance is necessary to national safety. The measure is general in character, and will confer large powers on the Government.

The strike threatens to spread to other transport services, and meetings of unions have been called hastily to discuss the situation.

AUSTRIAN GUNS ACTIVE.

Italian Positions in Trentino Valley and Julian Alps Are Shelled.

ROME, Oct. 31.—The Italian War Office today issued the following communication:

The enemy artillery yesterday increased its activity against our positions in the Sugana Valley, at the head of the Vanoi Cismon Valley and along the Julian front. Our batteries replied with great intensity.

As the result of an aerial fight on the Carso an enemy aeroplane was brought down within our lines. One of the two aviators was dead and the other was taken prisoner.

BERESFORD DENIES CENSURING OUR NAVY

Admiral Says His Comments on U-53 Incident Were Not Criticism of Washington.

HE HOPES FOR NEW LAWS

Expects Some Agreement Between Britain and America on Treatment of Submarines.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—Lord Beresford in an interview with THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent today replied to the criticism in American newspapers upon his comments on the U-53 incident. The Admiral wanted it made clear that he was not disposed to criticise the American Government or suggest anything it might do in the situation that is one essentially for Washington to handle in its own way.

"In what I have said about the U-53 incident," he said, "I made no criticism of the American navy, whose chivalry and courage are known the world over. Nor have I intended to criticise the Government at Washington. I have alluded to recent behavior of German submarines in American seas in the hope that some negotiations might be taken up between the American and British Governments to avoid a repetition of the incident that might cause a misunderstanding between the two great English-speaking nations. Such a misunderstanding would be lamentable. It would be a curious situation if German submarines were to be allowed to sink ships in American seas while counting upon the American navy to pick up the survivors. There is, danger ahead in such policy of the Germans and it is to avoid that danger that I have spoken.

"Great Britain and America, in my opinion, should do nothing that might interfere with the good relations existing between them. What I wanted was to remove the slightest chance for a serious disagreement between the two countries on any point arising from German submarine methods. To that purpose I urge consideration by the two Governments of the whole situation. That would enable them to come to a definite understanding on any point that may be in controversy.

"Although it may be held that from the standpoint of international law there may have been nothing illegal in the German attacks in American seas, still the Germans have brought about a situation that has caused us in England to believe that some changes must be made in German methods, some change by which they in their submarine piracy will not be allowed to take advantage of the chivalry of the American Navy. Whether the American Navy did or did not hear in advance that an attack was to be made by German submarines does not need to be considered. The point is, the Germans gave the appearance of utilizing the American Navy in saving the passengers and crews of torpedoed vessels, the American Government having stipulated that no ships should be torpedoed unless the passengers and crews were assured an opportunity for safe escape. Escape in this incident was impossible, except for the chivalrous action and good seamanship of the American men of war.

"Here in England we have always remembered with pride the fact that when a superior German squadron was thought to be about to attack an inferior American squadron at Manila the British Captain, Chichester, said nothing, but he got his ship under way and anchored her in such a position that the German squadron would have had to fire through the British ships to hit the American vessels. No action in history has ever occurred more likely to promote the friendly feeling of two nations than that of Captain Chichester. It was spontaneous on his part and appreciated by the British nation thoroughly, as by the American.

"We owe it to the gallantry and innate good feeling of the officers and men of the American Navy that the lives of the passengers were saved after the British ships had been torpedoed by the U-53. The German submarine relied on it. While the incident will require very delicate handling, with the good feeling existing between the British and American Governments I am confident a way will be found to solve the difficulty. It would be deplorable if anything should occur to cause misunderstanding or irritation between the two countries."

Lord Beresford, in conclusion, roundly described international law, in so far as it goes at present with regard to submarines, as a "farce."

"The enemy under international law as it was understood before the submarine was invented," he said, "had a perfect right to enter a neutral port for twenty-four hours, to receive supplies, and possibly get information, but that referred only to above-water ships, which stood a chance of being met by the enemy outside of territorial waters and destroyed or captured. It is different with the submarine, which can go into a neutral port, derive all the advantages, get information, and then submerge in territorial waters."

BRITISH ADMIT LOSSES IN CHANNEL RAID

Balfour Reports Six Drift Net Boats Sunk with a Transport and Two Destroyers.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The loss of six drift net boats, in addition to the sinking of the transport Queen and the torpedo boat destroyer Flirt, in the recent raid by German destroyers in the English Channel, was admitted by A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Admiralty, in the House of Commons today. In answering questions concerning the raid on the Channel transport service, the First Lord said that, while the raiders had all the advantages that raiders possess in choosing the moment for the attack, in this case it certainly failed.

The only 'cross-Channel steamer to be attacked, Mr. Balfour said, was the empty passenger vessel Queen, and she would have been saved, he added, had the Captain realized that she would float six hours after the attack.

The torpedo boat destroyer Flirt, he said, was surprised in the darkness by German destroyers, which fired on her at close range and sank her. The destroyer Nubian, torpedoed while attacking the German squadron, could have been brought to harbor, he said, but for the gale. He believed that the Nubian could be salvaged. He then admitted that six drift net boats had been lost.

"There is ground for thinking," Mr. Balfour declared, "that two German torpedo boat destroyers, after being hit during the action, struck mines and were blown up and probably sunk."

This is the first intimation from British sources that any ships except the Queen, Flirt, and Nubian were damaged in the raid. The British official statement said that two of the ten German destroyers had been sunk and the rest driven off. The statement admitted the loss of the Queen, said the Flirt was missing, and declared that the Nubian had grounded after being disabled by a torpedo.

The German official statement on the raid asserted that at least eleven outpost steamers and two or three torpedo boat destroyers or torpedo boats were sunk or damaged by the German squadron. The statement also said that the German ships had returned safely to their base without any loss.

RUSSIANS WIN IN ARMENIA.

Disperse Turkish Forces Southwest of Trebizond.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 31, (via London.) —Russian troops operating in the district of Gumuskhanah, in Turkish Armenia, forty-five miles southwest of Trebizond, have dispersed Turkish forces along the Koroun Darasi River by a sharp attack and repulsed a Turkish advance in the same region.

In Persia, in the Hamadan sector, the Russians have captured additional villages. The official statement reads:

"On the right bank of the Koroun Darasi River, northwest of Gumuskhanah, detachments of one of our gallant regiments launched an energetic attack on the Turks who had constantly troubled us in this region and dispersed them. An attack made by strong enemy reconnoitring patrols on our advanced guards northwest of Gumuskhanah and south of Kigi was repelled.

"On the morning of Oct. 28 battles began near Bidjar.

"In the direction of Hamadan our troops captured the villages of Kuridman and Moram."

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If you want war and all its horrors

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TOPCOATS suitable to put on this morning, as well as Overcoats adapted to cold weather by-and-by. Cut form-flexing or loose-fitting in warm, rich shades.

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Slightly fitted to waist model with shawl collar and six inch border of skunk, *185.00*

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45 inch long Hudson Seal Coats, loose model. Deep border and cape collar of Kolinsky or skunk. *245.00*

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45 inch long model, 9 inch Kolinsky border and deep cape collar. New flare cuff sleeve, *350.00*

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Hudson Seal Stoles,	32.50 48.50
Natural Skunk Scarfs,	25.00 32.50
Taupe Fox Scarfs,	29.50 35.00
Natural Raccoon Scarfs	12.50 16.50
Kolinsky Stoles,	110.00 to 165.00
Hudson Bay Sable Stoles,	110.00 to 550.00

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Taupe Fox Muffs,	32.50 39.50
Kolinsky Muffs,	35.00 48.50
Raccoon Muffs,	12.50 16.50
Beaver Muffs,	12.50 19.50
Black Fox Muffs,	16.50 22.50
Hudson Bay Sable Muffs	75.00 to 165.00

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REPUBLICANS TELL WHERE MONEY WENT

Committee's Report Shows That Up to Oct. 20 Indiana Had Got $72,250.

ONLY $5,000 SENT TO OHIO

Massachusetts Helped with $52,000, Pennsylvania with $25,000, and Maine with $43,000.

The Republican National Committee's statement of expenditures in the present campaign was made public yesterday, and showed that up to Oct. 20, the last date included in the statement, $52,000 had been sent to Massachusetts for the national campaign there, $25,000 to Pennsylvania, and only $5,000 to Ohio, where the campaign has become a great deal more vigorous since Oct. 20, on account of reports that it was beginning to lean toward Wilson.

The statement showed that $1,450 had been paid to Hal Reid, the playright, who got up a moving picture on the Mexican troubles for the Republicans. The film was much criticised and the committee decided not to present it.

Indiana had received $72,250, more than any other State, from the committee up to Oct. 20, according to the statement. The hard fight being made in Kentucky by the Republicans cost the committee $40,000, and the fight in Tennessee $25,000.

In explanation of the large amount sent to Massachusetts and several other States which the Republicans have listed as "sure for Hughes," it was said at Republican Headquarters last night that unless the money was very badly needed elsewhere an effort was made to return to each State an amount proportionate to the contributions from that State. The statement showed the following disbursements among States:

Indiana	$72,250	Utah	$15,000
Massachusetts	52,000	New Mexico	20,000
Pennsylvania	25,000	Nevada	15,000
Maine	43,000	Wyoming	15,000
Ohio	5,000	West Virginia	15,000
North Dakota	15,000	Idaho	15,000
Arizona	15,000	Montana	15,000
Nebraska	31,000	North Carolina	10,000
Kansas	5,000	Colorado	85,000
Kentucky	40,000	Tennessee	25,000

The committee report showed that it had spent more than $80,000 for advertising through the American Association of Foreign Language Newspapers. The national campaigns in New York, Illinois, and other States not included in the list had not got under way at the time the statement was made up, it was said, and up to that time no disbursements had been made in these States. The large amount sent to Maine was largely for the State election, which was hotly contested by both parties.

10,000-WORD WIRE TO GUARD

New Jersey Candidates' Names Sent to Border by Telegraph.

To enable the 125 members of Battery C of East Orange, now at Douglas, Ariz., to vote next Tuesday, there was sent last night from the Western Union Telegraph office in Newark a 10,000-word telegram containing the names of all the candidates to be voted upon at the general election. The telegram was sent by Dr. Watson L. R. Rodemann, clerk of the Essex County Board of Election, at the direction of Secretary of State Thomas F. Martin. It cost $200.

Captain Edward C. James of the battery telegraphed to Dr. Rodemann requesting that the names of the candidates be sent to Douglas, so that the enlisted men and officers could prepare their ballots.

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WESTERN NEW YORK INCLINES TO WILSON

Republican Canvass of Nine Counties Shows Normal Majorities Will Be Reduced.

WORKING HARD FOR BUFFALO

But Democrats Expect Great Impetus from Wilson's Visit There Today—Rural Indications.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 31.—In all the counties of Western New York for which this city serves as the political clearing house, a canvass taken under Republican organization auspices points to reduced Republican majorities. Conservative estimates based on this canvass, however, indicate a Hughes victory in the State, unless an abnormally large vote is cast for President Wilson in New York City.

The canvass covers counties which had caused the Republican leaders great worry, including railroad centres, where a heavier vote is expected for Wilson than has been cast for a Democratic nominee for President in decades. Here is a table showing the estimated majorities for Hughes as compared with the combined Republican and Progressive majorities in 1912 and 1914:

Counties.	1916.	1912.	1914.
Allegany	3,500	3,555	2,417
Cattaraugus	2,500	3,421	3,894
Chautauqua	9,000	9,522	8,593
Erie	3,000	12,020	22,069
Genesee	2,000	2,686	3,288
Livingston	2,000	2,309	2,441
Niagara	1,500	2,263	3,228
Orleans	1,000	1,987	2,445
Wyoming	2,500	2,567	3,036
Total	27,500	40,310	54,406

These figures show a falling off of nearly 13,000 from the vote four years ago, and nearly 27,000 from the vote cast for Governor Whitman two years ago. Examination of the figures shows this falling off is due primarily to an estimated slump of large proportions in the Republican vote of Erie County.

Puzzling Influences Active.

Great uncertainty prevails here as to the outcome of the election, owing to the large railroad vote, and the strength of organized labor, which is expected to go very largely against Hughes, as well as the influence wielded here by the liquor and brewing interests, which is expected to arrest any decided tendencies among German-American voters to support Hughes. The Republican nominee is feared by the liquor magnates on account of his advocacy of the Federal woman suffrage amendment, which they regard as a first step toward national prohibition.

In some instances Republicans active in the campaign, are not contesting Democratic claims of a Wilson victory in Erie County. Responsible leaders on the Hughes side, however, claim Erie County for him by not less than 5,000, and are betting big money on it.

The Democrats are banking upon the effect of the Adamson eight-hour law among the railroad men here for a bumper vote for Wilson. If figures included in the test covering railroad districts which THE TIMES correspondent has had an opportunity to examine may be regarded as an indication, the Wilson vote among this class of workers will not reach the proportions the Wilson managers believe it will.

It is admitted by the Republican managers that the visit of President Wilson here tomorrow may have an effect that may call for a revision of their estimates. They are bitter against the men directing the campaign from Republican national headquarters for having sent Mr. Hughes here during the dog days, leaving them no big card to play to offset the President's eleventh-hour visit.

Big Wilson Reception.

The Democratic leaders are planning to give President Wilson a big reception and to make his visit here a general reunion of Western New York Democrats. The railroads are to run special trains from nearby cities to carry Democratic pilgrims to Buffalo.

A matter of comment and speculation is the fact that Norman E. Mack, Democratic National Committeeman and prominent local leader, will not be on hand to welcome Mr. Wilson. Mr. Mack left Buffalo this afternoon, announcing that he would not be back until Monday.

The Republicans have abandoned any attempt at spectacular effects during the closing hours of the campaign, but are working very hard. For today, for instance, there were not less than fifty meetings on the Republican campaign schedule in this city alone. For the last ten days twenty noon meetings have been held daily in big industrial plants in and about Buffalo, with night meetings before labor audiences or district gatherings. At the same time a special campaign is being carried on among railroad brotherhood men by speakers drafted from their own ranks. The Republicans are working much harder than the Democrats, and have been for weeks. The tariff is their favorite theme.

Daniel J. Riordan, Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, told THE TIMES correspondent today that he expected to see Erie County go for Wilson by at least 3,000.

"It may give Mr. Wilson even a bigger majority, if the effect of his visit here turns out to be what we hope for," said Mr. Riordan. "There has been a steady drift toward Wilson for weeks. If the Republicans believe they have it checked, they are badly fooled."

Conners Working Hard.

The water front, the Polish wards, and the big railroad districts are looked to by the Democratic leaders for a record vote and record majorities for Wilson. William J. Conners, ex-Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, who is one of the largest employers of labor in America, and whose influence among the longshoremen here and in other localities on the Great Lakes is undisputed, is working heart and soul for Wilson. Ten thousand is his estimate of Erie's prospective Wilson majority. His two newspapers here are supporting Wilson strongly.

The result in Allegany, Genesee, Livingston, and Wyoming Counties will be determined by the trend of the farmer vote. THE TIMES correspondent was in touch today with leaders in all of these counties. Except in Allegany, according to the talk of men responsible for the conduct of the campaign in those localities, there is very little Republican defection among the farmers in prospect. The peace argument, if these reports are true, has not been so potent among the farmers here as in the Middle West.

In Allegany County, Frank Uutter, Republican County Chairman, on a recent visit to eight towns found in each from five to fifteen farmers, mostly with grown-up sons, who declared that they would vote for Wilson because he had kept the country out of war. The vote to a town is about 400, and if this proportion should hold good in the rural voting throughout the State it would be a serious menace to Republican success. It would mean the loss of 40,000 Republican votes.

In this particular locality, the leaders have not been able to discover any particular Democratic drift toward Hughes among the farmers to compensate for this loss. The Democratic farmers are pronounced firm for Wilson. In some of the other counties, however, reports indicate a counter current in Hughes's favor in the rural sections, due to the Adamson law.

Trend in Railroad Towns.

Reports from Cattaraugus indicate that, contrary to expectations, the Republicans will about break even in Salamanca, the biggest railroad city in Western New York, except Buffalo. This community is dominated by the railroad vote. In ordinary years it has given a Republican majority.

Olean, where the Pennsylvania Railroad has big shops, Republican reports indicate, will be carried for Hughes by about 400. The shopmen were not directly benefited by the eight-hour law, and, aside from resentment, are said to be actuated in their attitude toward that measure by fear that shorter working hours or higher pay for the brotherhood men will lead to a curtailment by which they themselves may suffer.

Rock-ribbed Republican Chautauqua, with a small railroad vote, but an industrial vote of some proportions, according to reports, will return a majority of 9,000 for Hughes. This would be nearly normal.

The Democrats throughout this part of the State are very poorly organized. They are lacking the sinews of war. THE TIMES correspondent was told by one Democratic leader that the Democratic allotment for getting out the vote on Election Day is only $50 to an election district. The Republicans have twice that, in addition to what will be spent to haul farmers to the polls.

WILSON ON FINAL TRIP.

Starts for Buffalo, and from There Will Come to This City.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Oct. 31.—The President left Shadow Lawn at 10:55 o'clock tonight on his final pre-election trip. His advisers are expecting a strong finish to the campaign in Buffalo and New York City. Mr. Wilson's speeches will be made as usual before non-partisan audiences and will avoid direct reference to politics.

Mrs. Wilson, Secretary Tumulty, Dr. Cary T. Grayson, Miss Margaret Wilson and Miss Helen Woodrow Bones are with the President on the trip. The party will arrive in Buffalo at 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, and in New York at 9 o'clock the following morning.

Messages from all parts of the country continue to come into the Executive offices with assurances that the Democratic campaign is constantly gaining momentum. State Senator Robert F. Wagner telephoned Secretary Tumulty today that the President would carry New York State by 100,000, and that William F. McCombs had told him that up-State New York was full of Wilson enthusiasm.

WILSON COMMITTEE NAMED.

New Yorkers to Welcome President at Garden Thursday Night.

So great has been the demand for tickets to the popular reception to President Wilson at Madison Square Garden on Thursday night that carpenters were put to work yesterday to increase the seating capacity of the auditorium by 2,000. The membership of the Reception Committee to the President was completed yesterday. The complete list is:

Mayor Mitchel and Mrs. Mitchel, John D. Crimmins, Morgan J. O'Brien, Jacob H. Schiff, John J. McGraw, the Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant, Justice John Ford, William Courtleigh, Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Alexander Konta, Thomas Mott Osborne, Amos Pinchot, Alton B. Parker, George Foster Peabody, Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, Mrs. Dudley Field Malone, Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Bernard M. Baruch, C. B. Alexander, John G. Agar, Cornelius S. Burns, W. A. Barber, Robert Bridges, J. McE. Bowman, Dr. Arthur J. Brown, Wladyslaw Benda, S. R. Bertron, Edward A. Bates, Peter J. Brady, Judge Bissell, Robert Adamson, George Gordon Battle, William Burr.

Mrs. Simon Baruch, T. L. Chadbourne, Frank L. Crocker, Chevalier Vito Contessa, Herbert Croly, Charles C. Burlingham, Irvin S. Cobb, Thomas W. Churchill, J. J. Cavanaugh, Sig. Cederstrom, Dr. Antonio M. Crispin, Thomas F. Conway, Morris Cukor, Fred A. Dumeks, Giovanni Deminici, Joseph P. Day, Victor J. Dowling, Cleveland H. Dodge, John W. Danielson, Robert E. Dowling, Dr. Thomas Darlington, Mrs. Mary Ware Dennett, Mrs. Elizabeth Glendower Evans, Douglas Fairbanks, Paul Fuller, Jr.

Hugh Frayne, Thomas D. Fitzgerald, Roger Foster, Charles V. Fornes, Mrs. Joseph Fels, John Fica, Sumner Gerard, John T. Freschi, John F. Galvin, Henry M. Goldfogle, William F. Grell, Francis D. Gallatin, Mrs. Martin H. Glynn, James P. Holland, Edward Hannah, Joseph W. Harriman, Lamar Hardy, Marco Aurelio Herradora, Mrs. Charles D. Hirst, Mrs. Max H. Heidelberg, George F. Johnson, Justice Almet F. Jenks, Bryan L. Kennelly, Dr. Boleslaw Lapowski, Robert S. Lovett, George W. Loft, Walter Lippmann, Charles Lignitl, Charles Lundbeck, Louis E. La Tour, David H. Miller, Cyrus C. Miller, Colonel Robert G. Monroe, Patrick Francis Murphy, Stefano Miele, Michael J. Mulqueen, Sidney E. Mezes, George McAneny, Edward S. Martin, John B. Moszexonski, Joseph J. O'Reilly, John O'Hanlon, John J. O'Connell.

Adolph S. Ochs, Senator James O'Gorman, J. C. Hogue, Mrs. William Church Osborn, Mrs. Thomas Chadbourne, Joseph M. Price, Dr. William M. Polk, Ralph Pulitzer, Miss Virginia Potter, John D. Ryan, James B. Regan, John Rade, Herman Robinson, Winter Russell, Jacob Ruppert, John M. Riehle, Mrs. Amos Pinchot, Mrs. Winter Russell, Miss Henrietta Rodman, John B. Stanchfield, Louis Stoddard, Rabbi Silverman, Thomas F. Smith, Charles Steckler, Alfred E. Smith, Jesse I. Straus, Nathan Straus, William Salomon, M. J. Sampers, John G. Saxe, William Sohmer, Phineas Sondheim, Mrs. Samuel Seabury, Miss Ida M. Tarbell, Archibald R. Watson.

R. T. Wilson, Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., Antonio Zucca, Robert F. Wagner, Albert Weiss, Louis Wiler, Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Samuel Untermyer, Frederick D. Underwood, J. de M. Terreforte, Henry L. Joyce, John R. Voorhis, Mrs. Samuel Untermyer, Miss Lillian Wald, Vincent W. Woytisek, Colonel Edward Duffy, Fred. M. Williams, Denis P. Carey, Michael Schapp, John W. Stout, Timothy Healy, Hugo Wintner, Solomin Sufein, Hugh Gordon Miller, Ferdinand Pecord.

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"LET thy attyre bee comely, but not costly." In other words, wear our clothes. For you cannot in a day's travel find more singularly impressive style, fit and patterns. Nor can you equal our materials and dyes at our prices. Ours are comely clothes, but not costly.

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VOTE FOR WILSON

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DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE

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Where Cooks and Scientists Agree

Phosphate is as necessary in your food as salt. It rebuilds body tissue—you cannot do without it.

RYZON, The Perfect Baking Powder, is made with pure, crystallized monosodium phosphate, a new and better phosphate.

And all good cooks who have tried RYZON agree that it is "The Perfect Baking Powder."

The baking knowledge of 10,000 women and many famous cooking experts made the new *RYZON Baking Book*. Edited by Marion Harris Neil, illustrated in colors, the *RYZON Baking Book* is the first complete manual of baking powder baking. Although priced at $1.00, you can get a *RYZON Baking Book* by using RYZON. Ask your grocer.

ANNUAL NOVEMBER SALE

100,000 Yards of "McCREERY SILKS"

At the Lowest Prices of the Season

In Addition Today

5,000 Yards of Extra Width Black Dress Satin
54 inches (one and one-half yards) wide
yard 1.75

James McCreery & Co.

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3-Day Sale

7,500 Yards
Bigelow, Smith and Imported
(The Standard of America)
Figured Carpetings
Wilton, Axminster, Velvet and Brussels Carpets in 200 exclusive and novel designs and colorings, adaptable for all styles of furnishing.
2.50 to 4.25 yard

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(The Standard of America)
Plain Color Carpets
Wilton, Axminster and Velvet in 150 different shades, in widths from 27 inches to 15 feet, inclusive.
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300 Wilton Rugs
A special lot of standard quality English and Domestic Wilton Rugs in the very latest designs and colorings.

Regular Price	Sizes	Sale Prices
$18.00 to $24.50	4.6x 7.6	16.20 to 22.00
$27.50 to $45.00	6.9x 9.0	24.75 to 40.50
$40.00 to $55.00	6.9x10.6	36.00 to 49.50
$47.50 to $80.00	9.0x12.0	42.75 to 72.00
$82.50	9.0x13.6	74.25
$87.50 to $112.00	11.3x13.6	78.75 to 100.00

Bigelow Carpets
Also Best English Makes
About ⅓ Less
Room Carpets of high-grade Body Brussels in a variety of our own private patterns with borders to match.
Regularly $1.65 to $2.00 yd.
Now 1.25 to 1.50 Yard

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Room Carpets of the best grade Bigelow or English Wiltons in our exclusive patterns with borders to match.
Regularly $3.25 to $4.00 yd.
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500 Oriental Rugs
Military operations in the Far East, continually interfering with the Rug Industry and hampering transportation, have created unprecedented conditions in foreign markets. Not only are prices continually and radically advancing, but there is an actual scarcity of genuine products.

IMPORTANT NOTICE—Every Rug offered here is the finest of its particular type obtainable in the Orient, and at the prices quoted below is a splendid investment.

Kermanshahs and Sarouks
In unusual designs and dimensions, and of rare beauty, ranging in size from 8.0x 10.0 to 14.2x23.2.
Regularly $350 to $2,800
Now 280.00 to 2,100.00

Antique Bidjars and Khurdistans
With medallion and all-over effects, in desirable shades of blue, soft rose, reds, tans and ivory. Sizes 8x12 to 16x25.
Regularly $450 to $4,000
Now 360.00 to 3,000.00

Dozar and Sarouks
Of very silky texture, in choice designs and exquisite colorings. Average size 4.6x6.6.
Specially priced
From 45.00 to 135.00

Antique Feraghan and Iran
In dark and mellow tones and unusual proportions, ranging in size from 5.0x10.0 to 8.0x20.0.
Regularly $75 to $1,000
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Mossouls and Khurdish
An unusually choice collection of small rugs in Mossoul and Khurdish weaves. Average size 3.8x6.0.
Specially priced for this sale
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Unusual proportions and rich colorings. Average size 2.3x4.0.
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on easy payment terms

Quick Deliveries

LANDAY can give quick deliveries in Victrolas and Victor Records because they carry on hand always the largest and most complete stock in the city. And, secondly, Landay's fleet of motor trucks make it possible to make deliveries the same day of purchase when requested to any point in Greater New York.

Select Your Victrola at One of the 4 LANDAY Stores NOW!

Victrola Outfit Special
This $75 Victrola with 3 75c records, 1 $1.25 record, 1 10-in., 12-Record Album (95c) and 1 Dust-off Record Cleaner (25c); total $79.70, for only
$5 DOWN.
Balance in small weekly or monthly payments.

New York's Leading Victrola Stores
Landay BROS. INC.
4 Stores
503 5th Ave (cor 42 St.) 427 5th Ave. (bet 36 & 37 Sts) 23 W 42nd St. (bet 5 & 6 Aves) 27 W 34th St. (bet 5 & 6 Aves)

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Our Platform

In Politics Uncommon men are common — just as in Heaven an angel is nobody in particular.

We believe we have earned your ballot because in all CROSS establishments Uncommon articles are Common.

Cross wares, though essentially novel in conception, have naught to do with those fads that bring more notoriety than repute.

They are not influenced by those bizarre tastes which the wise repudiate.

We ask to be continued in our office of the World's Greatest Leather Stores.

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Gloves

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Dealers Throughout the World

PROGRESSIVE VOICE RAISED FOR WILSON

Eleven Members of 1912 Platform Committee Indorse the President.

POINT TO RECORD OF LAWS

William Allen White and I. N. Stevens Among Five Who Did Not Join In Indorsement.

Eleven out of nineteen members of the Platform Committee of the Progressive National Convention of 1912, which nominated Theodore Roosevelt for the Presidency, met yesterday, indorsed President Wilson and issued a statement calling upon all members of the party to support the President. It was stated that five more members of the committee were in accord with the sentiments of the eleven, but refrained from naming a Presidential choice. This is the statement:

"We, the undersigned members of the Resolutions Committee that framed the platform of the Progressive Party adopted at its first national convention, held at Chicago, Ill., on Aug. 7, 1912, and which we termed 'Our Contract with the People,' and which Mr. Roosevelt described as his 'Confession of Faith,' do hereby reaffirm our unswerving allegiance to the progressive principles embodied in this platform, and do herewith call the attention of the American people to the unparalleled achievement of progressive legislation secured during the past four years.

"The Progressive Party, formed as a party of protest, became a party of principle. Allegiance to any one man must always be subordinated to these principles. They should never be sacrificed to party or personal political expediency.

"Of thirty-three planks in the Progressive platform of 1912, twenty-two have been wholly or partly enacted into laws. Of eighty propositions embodied in these planks, more than half have been carried out by administrative acts or by laws.

"Measures like the Federal Reserve act, Child Labor act, Alaska railroad law, Clayton Anti-Trust act, Rural Credits, Federal wokman's compensation law, eight-hour law for women in the District of Columbia, Federal Trade Commission, non-partisan Tariff Commission, the Railroad Valuation act, Good Roads act, Parcel Post, Inheritance and Income Tax and the National Defense acts, are all striking exemplifications of progressive legislation.

"No man could be a true Progressive and fail to be in favor of the enactment of a Federal Corrupt Practice act. Such a measure was passed by the House, and is now slumbering in the Senate, owing to the active opposition of Senators Penrose, Smoot and Gallinger, leaders of the Republican Party in the Senate.

"This is a great national crisis. We are Progressives, supporting John M. Parker of Louisiana for Vice-President. Without a candidate of our own for President, we are unalterably in favor of the retention in office of President Woodrow Wilson, under whose guidance and leadership more Progressive principles have been enacted into law than we believe might have been accomplished had the Progressive party been in power."

The signers are John M. Parker, ex-Governor Lucius F. C. Garvin, of Rhode Island; ex-Governor Carey, Wyoming; Judge Albert D. Nortont, Missouri; Hugh H. Talbert, Minnesota; Frank N. Howard, Vermont; M. C. Debaca, New Mexico; James M. Ingersoll, Idaho; Arthur G. Wray, Nebraska; Clarence B. Strouse, Virginia, and J. W. McCormick, Texas.

Added to this statement was the announcement that the five other members of the committee who favored the views of the eleven were: William Allen White, Kansas; George B. Hynson, Delaware; Andrew J. Stone, West Virginia; William R. Fairley, Alabama, and Isaac Newton Stevens, Colorado.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 31.—Isaac N. Stevens tonight announced that he had sent the following telegram to the publicity department of the Republican National Committee: "As a member of the Resolutions Committee of the National Progressive Convention of 1912, I signed a statement giving credit to the present Administration for enacting many of its planks into law. I never indorsed the present Administration otherwise, and I am supporting and intend voting for Mr. Hughes."

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 31.—William Allen White of Emporia, Kan., denied tonight, in a long-distance telephone conversation, that he had indorsed the statement given out by former Progressive Party leaders in New York, in which the "legislative achievements" of President Wilson were commended. He said:

"Please make it clear that the statement was shown to me and that I absolutely refused to sign it."

HARVEY READY TO BET HAT.

Will Back His Hughes Forecast as Secretary Lane Suggests.

Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior, yesterday telegraphed to Vance McCormick, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, suggesting that Mr. McCormick offer to bet Colonel George Harvey a new hat that his prediction of 269 electoral votes for Hughes would not be fulfilled. The Colonel's forecast was made editorialy in the current issue of the North American Review on Monday.

"Why not offer George Harvey a new hat that he cannot name four States west of the Alleghanies that Hughes will carry?" Secretary Lane asked. Mr. McCormick did not take up the matter in persons last night, as he got in late from Chicago, but Colonel Harvey, when asked whether he would accept the bet, replied:

"I should be pleased to make happy response in kind to Secretary Lane of the Interior of the North and the Exterior of the South but for the fact that it seems hardly fitting, under all the circumstances, for me to presume to answer a telegram addressed by a member of the Cabinet to the Chairman of the Democratic National Committee."

John H. Perry of Seattle wired the following to the National Committee regarding the Harvey forecast:

"Observe 'Kernel' puts Washington State for Hughes. Will bet $1,000 even money that Wilson carries this State. If any one desires to accept this, they may wire me collect."

Colonel Harvey said he could not take this bet, as he was unacquainted with Mr. Perry.

ODDS CHANGE OFTEN IN ELECTION BETTING

Some Even Money, but Average Shows Hughes a 10 to 8½ Favorite.

ONLY $50,000 BET ON CURB

Wilson Now a Favorite on Result in Ohio—3 1-2 to 1 Offered on Whitman.

In the Wall Street election betting odds yesterday there were indications of a bear movement by some brokers to establish a wager figure of 10 to 7 on Hughes to beat Wilson. It was "announced" by several commissioners that 10 to 7 was the figure of the day, but investigation failed to show any large bets at those odds.

The general odds for the day were 10 to 8½ on Hughes to beat Wilson; there were bets made at 10 to 9, 10 to 8, and even money, with 10 to 8½ a close average. This marked a slight weakness of the Wilson money, the prevailing odds since last Friday having been about 10 to 9. There was much comment yesterday over the fact that, although the Sunday newspaper polls showed Wilson getting stronger, the odds had not shifted in his favor. On the other hand, there had been daily announcements of "avalanches" of Hughes money, and yet there was no appreciable increase in the odds the backers of the Republican standard bearer were willing to offer. Brokers predicted yesterday that Friday and Saturday and Monday would see some big wagers.

About $50,000 was bet on the Curb yesterday on election results. Two wagers of $10,000 each were made on Hughes against $8,000 on Wilson. These bets were the result of an offer of $25,000 on Hughes at 10 to 8. Another bet of $9,000 to $10,000 on Wilson to beat Hughes was reported, and it was estimated that about $12,000 was placed on Hughes in small bets at odds of 10 to 9. It was said by representatives of several big brokerage houses that they had a lot of Hughes money if they could get inviting odds.

The fact that there was no real betting on the Presidential result at 10 to 7 was shown by the circumstance that at the close of the market one of the biggest commissioners was offering large sums of money at 7½ to 10 on Wilson with no takers.

It is known that a large proportion of the Hughes money in Wall Street comes from big brokerage houses.

A man from Wisconsin offered on the Curb yesterday to bet $1,000 to $3,000 that Wilson would win the thirteen electoral votes of his State, which has never gone Democratic in a national election.

The odds yesterday on Hughes to carry New York State were 10 to 6, with the Democrats asking 9 to 4. There was any amount of Wilson money at evens that the Democratic candidate would carry Ohio, but without takers. One commissioner offered $1,000 to $900 on this bet without placing his money. One freak proposition of the day was an offer by a broker of $1,000 to $2,500 that Hughes would carry New York, New Jersey, Indiana, Illinois, and Ohio. No one took the bet.

Governor Whitman's odds jumped yesterday from 2½ to 1 early in the day, and in the afternoon one Stock Exchange firm offered to bet $7,000 at odds of 3½ to 1 that he will be re-elected. There were no takers.

Most of the bets outside of the Curb were at 10 to 9. From outside of the city many bets were reported at this figure, and from the South came news of several large wagers at even money.

At the Waldorf-Astoria Tex Rickard was offering 10 to 8 that Wilson would carry Ohio and 8 to 9 that he would carry the nation. Several bets on Hughes were made at the Waldorf at 10 to 9; several of $1,000 to $900 being recorded. A traveling man bet $1,700 to $1,200 on Hughes. Odds of 2 to 1 that Wilson would carry New York City by 50,000 got no takers. A bet of $5,000 at even money was made that Whitman would carry New York State by 100,000, and there was an offer of even money that he would get more votes than Hughes. There was another wager reported at even money that Hughes would not have a plurality of 100,000 in this State. Another State bet was $300 even that Whitman would not come down to the Bronx with a plurality of 200,000.

Fred Schumm, the Brooklyn betting commissioner, reported a combination bet yesterday of $500 to $600 that Hughes would be elected and would carry New York, New Jersey, and Ohio. He placed a bet of $1,000 even that Wilson would carry Kings and another bet of $1,000 that he would get a plurality of 90,000 in New York City. Another bet was $5,000 even that Hughes would not get 75,000 more votes in New York State than Wilson. Schumm placed $500 even that Hughes would carry Ohio.

Calder is an overwhelming favorite in Kings in his contest for the Senatorship. A bet of $1,200 to $2,000, was made on him yesterday. There was another wager that Calder would not get 15,000 plurality in Kings; this was at even money. Schumm reported a bet of $600 to $500 that Cropsey would win the Supreme Court Justiceship in his contest with Brennan, and another bet of $600 to $500 that Lewis would be the next District Attorney of Kings.

At Considine's, Forty-second Street and Broadway, Hughes remained a 10-to-9 favorite, with one good-sized wager by a bookmaker at even money that Wilson would be the next President.

Wilson Wins at Hamilton College

Word was received at Democratic National Headquarters yesterday that a straw vote taken among the Faculty of Hamilton College, at Clinton, N. Y., Elihu Root's Alma Mater, had resulted: Wilson, 13; Hughes, 8. The college is in the heart of a "rock-ribbed" Republican district, and several members of the Faculty are actively campaigning for Hughes.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
554-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue 46TH AND 47TH STS

For November—the month of Social Activities—
An entirely new range of Demi-Saison Styles will be shown

Including models lately received from Paris and introduced at the
CARNAVAL DES MODES
held at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel during the past week.

The most inclusive and authoritative collection presented by any high-class Specialty House in America.

IMPORTERS·DESIGNERS
Fifth Avenue at 46th Street
New York
PARIS WASHINGTON CINCINNATI

Stern Brothers
West 42d and West 43d Streets

Men's Custom Tailoring
(Third Floor)

Unusually fine assortments of high class woolens are being shown, from which selections can be made for

Men's Smart Sack Suits,
Made to Special Measurements,

at $32.50

This is an extremely low price considering the present high cost of reliable woolen materials.

An extra charge of 10% for sizes over 44 chest measure.

Fifth Floor B'way. Macy's Herald Square. R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices. B'way, 34th to 35th St. Fifth Floor B'way.

Have YOU Overlooked
the Smart Styles, Excellent Tailoring and Fine Fabrics found in Macy's

Winter Suits
and
Overcoats
at $17.50
---just because the price is so small?

Have you passed up the luxury of an "extra" suit or overcoat just because you did not want to pay an extravagant price, yet were not inclined to forfeit style and wearing quality in your clothes?

Let Us Demonstrate the Worth of Macy's Clothes!

THE SUITS are made in latest models, tailored according to Macy's standards. The purchases were made and materials selected many months ago, before the rise and scarcity of fabrics limited values and patterns.

THE OVERCOATS, like the suits, embody the savings of an early purchase. Box models, form fitting styles, button through or fly fronts—regular or plain shoulders—everything that is new and smart is included.

Macy's Suits and Overcoats are not the product of a One-Man Organization—they embody the combined efforts of several of the foremost clothing manufacturers of the country.

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.—BROADWAY—33rd ST.

Chauffeurs' Smart Clothing
Suits $19.50 to $45—
Overcoats $25 to $65
Ready-to-Wear and Made-to-Measure

We are thoroughly equipped with Chauffeurs' clothing needs. We think our own ideas as expressed in our ready-made suits and overcoats will please most men, but for the chauffeur who wants a different style we have a special department to ook after him also.

Ready-to-Wear
Dark Gray Whipcord Suits, $19.50 and $25
Dark Gray Whipcord Overcoats, $25 and $35

Made-to-Measure
Newest fabrics in many shades and weights.
Suits from $25 to $45
Overcoats from $25 to $65
Style and fit guaranteed.

100 Raccoon Fur Outside Coats at $25
Big, loose-fitting Overcoats; quilted lining. Sizes 38 to 48.

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor

Mason & Hamlin
PIANOS
furnish the greatest piano values to be found in the world today

THEY contain improvements which are epoch-making in their importance, and are the last word in artistic piano building.

They are everywhere recognized as musically the most beautiful pianos the world has ever known and their unique construction, with the Mason & Hamlin Grand Tension Resonator, gives them an imperishable tone.

You are cordially invited to examine these instruments whether an intending purchaser or not.

MASON & HAMLIN CO.
313 Fifth Avenue, at 32nd Street
ESTIMATES MADE OF ALLOWANCES FOR OTHER PIANOS

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC
BLANKETS AND COMFORTABLES
AT PRICES NO HIGHER THAN ELSEWHERE
FIFTH AVENUE AT 45TH ST.

B. Altman & Co.

Young Men's Suits
(Fourth Floor)

Excellent Value
is obtainable in the regular stock
at $25.00
(sizes 33 to 40 chest measure)

All of the Suits shown in the Department reflect, both in model and pattern, the best ideas of expert designers.

Prices moderate

Fifth Avenue, New York

A Heavy Weather Boot
Serviceable and Yet Stylish

This sensible last, with its medium full toe, makes for foot comfort. Made in Norwegian grain or black English grain with long wing tips, circular vamp and heel foxing.

Illustrated Catalogue sent on request

Good Shoes are an Economy

Hanan & Son

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Broadway, corner Fulton St.
297 Broadway, near Duane St.
35 Nassau St., corner Liberty St.
In Brooklyn at 390 Fulton St.

AND

411 Fifth Ave., at 37th St., New York

WHITMAN DEFENDS COURSE OF HAYWARD

Challenges Seabury to Find a Flaw in Record of Public Service Commissioner.

GRAFT CHARGES RIDICULED

Governor Addresses Manhattan Audiences and Motion Picture Committee.

In answer to the charge that he had appointed William Hayward Public Service Commissioner solely because Mr. Hayward was a Republican and an old personal friend, Gov. Whitman challenged his opponent, Samuel Seabury, last night to substantiate the allegation with facts showing wherein Commissioner Hayward was not deserving of the office.

"If Judge Seabury is unable to do this much," declared the Governor, "he should apologize. I know that I would if I made such statements about a man and then couldn't back them up."

Governor Whitman's remarks in this matter were received with enthusiasm by the 5,000 persons he addressed last night, speaking at one meeting in White Plains and two others in Manhattan.

"I have been asking my opponents for the past two weeks to make some specific charge against one department under my administration which would bear out his accusations of corruption. It is easy to charge graft. Why, can any man in the audience remember a political campaign where the representatives of the party that was out did not accuse the party that was in with being grafters? I did myself. But I specified. I told you two years ago that if I were elected Governor there were certain men who would not stay in office, and I named them, and I was elected and they did not stay.

"Then, a few days ago, my honorable opponent—my opponent, anyway—named the Civil Service Commission and its head, Samuel H. Ordway, as examples of extravagant, wasteful government. And what happened? Just this: The Chairman of Judge Seabury's Campaign Committee, John Agar, and a member of it, Henry de Forest Baldwin, wrote to Mr. Ordway, apologizing for the attack and repudiating it.

"Now, according to the newspapers, Judge Seabury has made another specific charge for which he has not yet apologized—I suppose I'll get one in the morning. He has said that I appointed an unworthy man to the Public Service Commission.

"In answer, first let me tell you this: I am the only Governor of the State who ever appointed a man of the opposite political party to the position of Public Service Commissioner. I did this in the case of Professor Irvine, whom I knew as a good man, a Democrat, and a man with whom I had not personal acquaintance.

"My opponent points to one man, Mr. Hayward, and says that he is a Republican and a friend of the Governor's, and that therefore I appointed him. Is that fair? Just because a man is a Republican and a friend of mine he is disqualified from holding office. Why does he not attack one of the other Public Service Commissioners whom I have appointed, Irvine and Carr, Straus, Whitney, and Hervey?

ATTACKS WHITMAN'S RECORD

Seabury Challenges Him to Give His Views on Proposed Franchise Tax.

Former Justice Samuel Seabury, Democratic candidate for Governor, addressed seven meetings in Brooklyn last night, and was greeted by enthusiastic audiences, which aggregated, it was estimated, fully 22,000. He said that if elected he would investigate complaints that have been made about the management of the Banking Department. He attacked Governor Whitman's "white book," issued recently to tell of the present Governor's acts while in office, saying that this book contained "misstatements, understatements, overstatements, half-statements, and everything except fair statements."

"During the whole campaign Governor Whitman has refused to indicate where he stands upon any of the constructive measures that I have brought forward," Mr. Seabury declared.

"I call upon Governor Whitman to tell the people whether he opposes my plan to compel the public service corporations to pay taxes upon their public franchises at the same valuation that other taxpayers pay taxes upon their property. I call upon Governor Whitman to tell the people whether he opposes my plan for a genuine executive budget, or for law reform, or for foods and markets legislation to bring the farmer and consumer closer together."

Mr. Seabury said that the Governor's attitude toward popular self-government was shown by his support last year of the proposed new constitution, which was defeated when submitted to popular vote.

FEARS WAR UNDER HUGHES.

Official Organ of Knights of Labor Wants Wilson Re-elected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—The Journal of the Knights of Labor, the official organ of the order, will advocate strongly the re-election of President Wilson in its issue to be published tomorrow.

"Mr. Hughes, through his chief advocate, Mr. Roosevelt," The Journal will say, "will, if elected, force this country into war. He will, through his fighting associate, Mr. Roosevelt, take the young men of the country from mother, from wife, from sister, and from sweetheart and make them targets for the bullets of foreigners. He will fill our peaceful land with cripples, with widows and orphans, and make desolate the now happy homes of our people.

"It was one of the greatest blessings that ever fell to the lot of the American people that Mr. Roosevelt was defeated in the last election. Were he our President today, we would be in a three-cornered war, fighting with Japan, the Mexican people, and with Germany. We have been saved this humiliation through the wisdom and decision of the voters by the election of Mr. Wilson. He has kept us out of war with Mexico and he has kept us out of war with Germany, and he deserves for this, if for no other reason, a re-election."

The Journal also points to the eight-hour law, the Rural Credits act, and the establishment of a merchant marine as reasons for President Wilson's re-election.

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Food Not the Cause of Indigestion

It is not the food you eat that causes indigestion and stomach distress. It is your lack of saliva, gastric and digestive juices. Your circulation is poor. You do not excrete the waste from your body. That's where the trouble comes.

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McCORMICK IS CONFIDENT.

"We've Got Them on the Run," Says Chairman, Back from Chicago.

Chairman Vance McCormick of the Democratic National Committee returned from Chicago last night, where he conferred with Western leaders. He issued this statement:

"We've got them on the run, and they are in for the worst trouncing in years. The West is aflame with Wilson sentiment. Frank H. Hitchcock, in a formal forecast published in Chicago yesterday, admits the loss of Ohio, yet contends that Indiana and Illinois are in line for the Republican candidate. How absurdly ridiculous for the Republicans to attempt to measure political sentiments by imaginary State lines! As a matter of fact, the people of Indiana and Illinois are just as patriotically loyal to the President of the United States as are the people of Ohio, and you may take it from me that President Wilson will make a clean sweep of these three States."

After reiterating the charge that the Republicans had circulated a report that New York State was for Hughes and that the Democrats realize it, Mr. McCormick asserted:

"Such a statement is wholly without foundation. New York is not for Hughes today, and will not be for Hughes next Tuesday, as the Republicans have very good reason to know that President Wilson will carry this State by a surprising plurality.

"Newspaper polls and straw ballots confirm our private advices to the effect that the bottom has dropped out of the Republican campaign in the Republican strongholds. The Macedonian cry of the Republicans for the help of such old guardsmen as Barnes, Penrose, Crane, et al, cannot change the situation now. The picayune and destructive abuse of the President at this stage of the game will avail the Republicans nothing. The American people cannot be goldbricked."

LODGE RETRACTS, SHIFTING BLAME

Continued from Page 1.

necessary for me to ask 'What was written?' If not a postscript, what was it—part of the original draft, an amendment suggested afterward, a supplemental instruction to the Ambassador, or what? There surely was something.

"The President asserts that: 'The public is in possession of everything that was said to the German Government.' So far as I know, no one has contended to the contrary. It is not a question of what was sent to the German Government, but of what it was proposed to do to the note, or to send to Gerard. The President denies a charge that was never made.

"Mr. Breckinridge, cited as authority by the informant of Senator Lodge, cries 'scoundrel' and 'sneak' and bursts into a stump speech in support of Mr. Wilson, but does not deny that he told the very story related to Senator Lodge.

"Mr. Tumulty, who was also reported to have been active in the effort to prevent the writing, whatever it was, from becoming effective, makes a similarly technical and unconvincing denial.

"Secretary Houston denies that he threatened to resign, but there the force of his denial ends. So it goes. Meanwhile Mr. Garrison, who was Secretary of War at the time and is understood to have been fully informed of all that went on, maintains complete silence. And Mr. Burleson and Mr. Lansing, who were reported in the account that comes from Mr. Warren to have been involved in the transaction, are not furnishing any help to the public in reaching a full understanding of the matter.

"Now, I say that this was all the public's business, and it is of the highest importance that the public know how its business was conducted. It is time for frankness and sincerity to manifest themselves.

"Some action was certainly taken at that time with some such intent as reported. Why does not the President come forward frankly and take the people into his confidence? Why does he content himself with a mere technical denial of charges some of which were never made? Why does he not make public the whole transaction and let the people have the full and complete information to which they are absolutely entitled about their own business?

"The President is now appealing to the electorate for re-election as a mark of national confidence and approval of his conduct of national affairs. It is of supreme importance that he shall justify the confidence he asks by telling the whole truth about this critical affair without technicalities or limitations."

In discussing the controversy with reporters Mr. Willcox said that he "thought he knew what really had happened," but that he wanted to be absolutely sure of his ground and to have positive proof of every assertion before issuing any complete statement on the subject.

"I don't want to promise anything that I can't support, as the Democrats did in their hyphenate charges," Mr. Willcox said.

The "Mr. Warren" referred to by the Republican Chairman was George C. Warren, Jr., of Jersey City, a candidate for Republican elector in New Jersey, who said that he had heard the "postscript" was really a second note, and that it got as far as the telegraph for transmission to Ambassador Gerard before Secretary Tumulty and Mr. Lansing induced the President to recall it, and that the fact that it was recalled was responsible for Bryan's resignation as Secretary of State. He said that he had received the information from "a member of the President's official family," and that therefore he was not at liberty to make public at the present time the name of his informant. It was hinted in Republican circles yesterday that Mr. Warren's informant was a former and not a present member of President Wilson's Cabinet.

JEFFRIES REPEATS STORY.

Sure Breckinridge Told Him About Lusitania Note Postcript.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Oct. 31.—John Temple Lloyd Jeffries retold, tonight, the circumstances under which Henry Breckinridge related to him the story of the postscript which it is alleged President Wilson added to the first Lusitania note and later withdrew.

"You know," began Mr. Jeffries, "this isn't a pleasing task; it is a sad one. I am very fond of Mr. Breckinridge. I assure you that I hesitated some time before writing to Senator Lodge, and I only did so after his veracity had been assailed, the Republican cause perhaps endangered, and my telegram to Mr. Breckinridge unanswered."

Mr. Jefferies said he had no interest in politics. He does not know Mr. Hughes, Mr. Garrison, Mr. Bryan, Mr. Wilson, or Professor Charles H. Bailey.

"It is hard for me to recall the exact words which Mr. Breckinridge used," Mr. Jeffres continued. "The one phrase which I do remember is 'not to be taken seriously.' I am sure he used those words in describing the postscript or the addenda to the Lusitania note. You know, had I foreseen this mixup, I could probably have taken care to remember his phraseology carefully, but we talked casually, as two men would who meet at tennis, or tea, or dinner, or in the theatre."

"Can't you remember what led up to the subject of Mr. Breckinridge's remarks?" asked the caller.

"Certainly," the young man replied quickly.

"We were all damning Wilson, telling what we thought of the Administration, and Mr. Breckinridge told us the postscript incident offhand. I heard him tell it probably half a dozen times. Even though the exact words do not recur to me I could not be mistaken in his meaning. The substance of his remarks was that Wilson had added a postscript to the 'strict accountability' note telling Germany that the note was meant for home consumption, sort of a joke."

"Do you remember the names of any others to whom Breckinridge told the story of the added postscript?"

"Yes, I do. But it doesn't seem to me that a gentleman would mention them. I can't see my way clear to mention them to you. I hope they will come forward of their own free will, for undoubtedly they, too, remember the story in question. I had hoped ex-Secretary Garrison would say something.

"Did Mr. Breckinridge say anything about Secretary Garrison?"

"It is my impression that he did," he answered. However I can't recall his exact words and I am afraid of doing him an injustice. I am of the opinion that he said Garrison resigned because Mr. Wilson 'doubled crossed' him in the matter of army appropriations. I am also impressed with the belief that Mr. Breckinridge said Garrison was the one who objected most strongly to the Lusitania note postscript."

This Straw Vote Was a Tie.

The National Surety Company yesterday canvassed its home office force of over 500 employes. The vote cast by the 182 legal voters resulted in a tie—91 for Wilson and 91 for Hughes.

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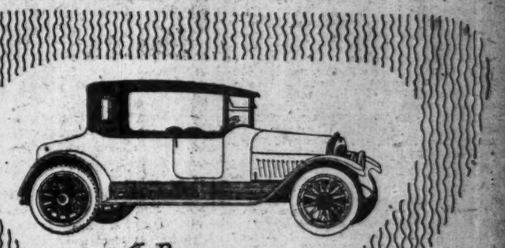

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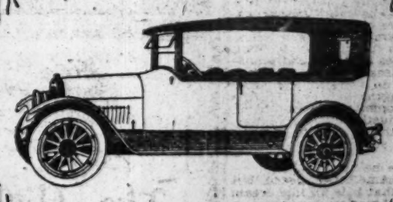

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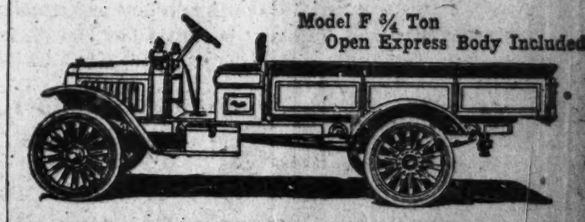

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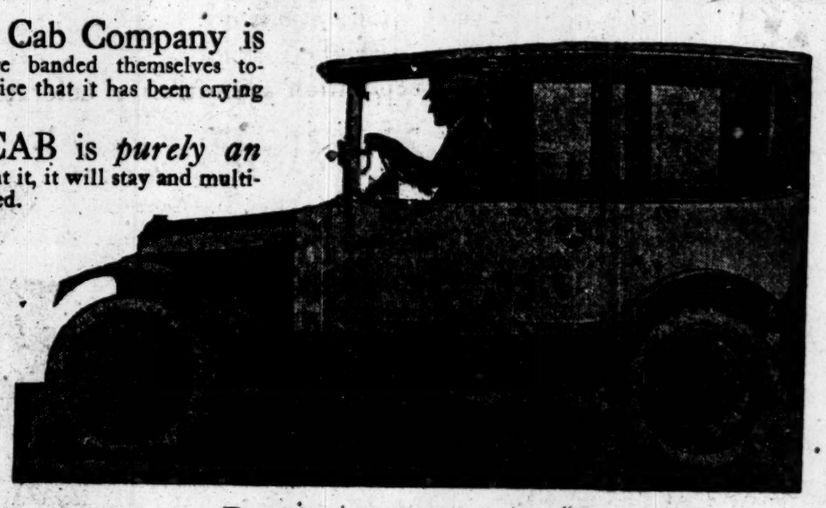

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HUGHES AGAINST WAR EMBARGO

Continued from Page 1.

Lawn address of Saturday, saying the Cabinet Mr. Wilson had appointed would never be forgotten by the American people. He also accused the Administration of passing "double-face legislation" to win votes.

Raymond Robins, who spoke before Mr. Hughes arrived, assailed Secretary of Commerce Redfield, asserting that the investigation of the Eastland disaster by Mr. Redfield was "either incapable or crooked."

"I said the other day," Mr. Hughes remarked, "that it would be my desire to select the ablest Cabinet that I could select. Thereupon the spokesman of the opposing party had a little word of pleasantry, saying, in effect, that the members of Republican Cabinets could not be called to mind. I want to say in answer to that suggestion that the Cabinet of this Administration will never be forgotten.

"If we are to have progress in this country, we must learn to conduct the nation's business not for the purpose of partisan expediency, but for the purpose of serving the people of the United States—straight, business government, impartial, fair, efficient, for the purpose of building up all the activities of American life that are under the supervision of these great agencies of government. That is what I propose to do.

"Now, the President has a very important relation to legislation. I believe in the leadership of the Executive. I believe that it is his duty, so far as he can, by his recommendation and by his powerful influence, to promote the passage of beneficent legislation. But we want less legislation that is two-faced and has a double meaning for the purpose of catching votes. We are living in a time which is full of opportunity for the American people, and also a time full of grave dangers. It is no time to be contented with legislative phrase-making, without reference to the power of the statutes that are enacted to accomplish the purposes for which they are designed. We must have in this land more candid, thorough-going, more direct and explicit, legislation if we are to accomplish the purposes we have in view.

"The Executive is the guardian of the nation's honor. He is entrusted with our diplomatic instrumentalities. He is the man who represents the country in all the dealings with foreign nations. It is today of the utmost importance that we have a proper consideration of the rights of American citizens, the dignity of American citizenship, and I desire to see and if I am elected I propose, so far as in me lies, to see that the rights of American citizens with respect to life, property and commerce are safeguarded throughout the world. That is not a policy that leads to war."

The enthusiasm which marked all of the meetings during the day was started off with a rush at Columbus, Ind., where Mr. Hughes spoke at 8:30 A. M. to fully 10,000 people. The same picture was found at the other stops—Bedford, Washington, and Evansville, on the regular schedule, and Vincennes, Seymour, Mitchell, Shoals, and Princeton, where the train was halted for a few minutes because crowds had collected.

His Platform in Brief.

To all these crowds Mr. Hughes spoke much about Americanism and the safeguarding of the country's honor. After a discussion of the Adamson Eight-Hour act, he said:

"Change your laws, if you find them bad; perfect your institutions, if you want to improve them; proceed according to the rule of reason, but don't wreck the finest country God ever saw or gave. Let us be true Americans, serving the welfare of the entire people, conserving the American honor, conserving American prosperity, building up the opportunities of labor, and counting as our priceless heritage the fact that we do not do things by rule of might and strength, but by the rule of reason in a community fair-minded and intent upon justice.

"That is my platform, fellow-citizens. If you want my services, take me on that basis."

In another place he said:

"I want to see America at peace, but I know full well that it is an idle dream to suppose that America can enjoy a lasting peace if we forfeit our self-respect. A vote for me is not a vote for war. It is a vote for lasting peace. It is a vote for the maintenance of American rights on land and sea, throughout the world. We can have no prosperity, we cannot achieve the ideals that we desire to attain unless we are free from the decadence of a people corrupted by materialism."

"I would not want to be President of a country that thought more of dollars than of human lives. I would not want to be President of a country that did not have the old spirit of 1776 and of 1861. The way that we will conserve our peace is to stand erect before the world, with our flag a symbol of justice, courteously, firmly, and consistently standing for our just rights in a world which desires our friendship, and where we desire the friendship of every nation."

Explains Danbury Case Again.

At Washington, Ind., Mr. Hughes was heckled about the decision of the United States Supreme Court in the Danbury hatters' case, in which he participated. He replied with a statement in some detail, similar to that made earlier in the campaign at Philadelphia. The court, he said, had simply to decide a question of law after the case had been passed upon by a jury in another court.

"I want to say," he added, "that, whether as Judge or President, I should not have any respect for myself, and I would not take any office that anybody wanted to give me, if I took it at the price of failing to perform my constitutional duty of enforcing the laws adopted by the people of the country."

Summing up his reply, he said:

"The court of which I was a member, reviewing the record, could not find any error made by the trial Judge in submitting the case to the jury, and hence the judgment of the jury, as expressed in its verdict, was affirmed. That is a statement of that case which simply represents how a Judge of our high court endeavored to do his duty according to the law of the land.

People Cordial Everywhere.

Mr. Hughes's audiences were all cordial. People flocked in from miles and all of the halls were jammed long before the candidate appeared. There were big and cordial crowds at all stations, and at every town along the line the residents had decorated their homes and turned out to cheer as the train passed.

At Princeton a score of Boy Scouts burned red fire on a hillside in the dusk. A great sign, illuminated by the glare, bore the inscription in huge letters, "Not too proud to fight." As the nominee's train pulled by the boys in their khaki uniforms stood at attention. When Mr. Hughes arrived in this city he found a great throng at the railroad station.

At 8 o'clock he drove to the outskirts of the city, where his automobile was placed at the head of the parade, in which about 7,000 marched. The Stadium where Mr. Hughes spoke was filled hours before he got there, and it holds more than 10,000. Another big crowd was in the streets, unable to get in.

Mr. Hughes will conclude his campaign in Indiana tomorrow night at Terre Haute and then will leave for the windup in New York State.

HUGHES WOMEN AT JOLIET.

Campaign Train Stops There and Will Return to Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

WITH WOMEN'S HUGHES CAMPAIGN TRAIN, Joliet, Ill., Oct. 31.—Forgetful of the indifference that Chicagoans displayed toward them three weeks ago, the women campaigners tonight decided to return and conquer the city. Leaving here at midnight the orators hope to turn loose their arguments in behalf of Mr. Hughes in Chicago before 8 o'clock tomorrow morning, and when the train pulls out at 1 o'clock in the afternoon for the last lap of the jaunt the campaigners hope to leave a Republicanized city in their wake.

The party drew a crowd of about 1,200 to the Grand Theatre tonight in Joliet, and, though the city is now under Democratic administration and Wilson buttons were worn by many of their auditors, the speakers were not interrupted. The meeting was preceded by a dinner at the Woodruff Hotel, where the orators were welcomed by the Mayor. About 2,000 employes at factories in Aurora, Plainfield, Naperville, Lockport, and Manhattan, Joliet suburbs, heard the speakers in the early evening.

The meeting in Streator this afternoon promised for a time to fall through because the committee there had not had time to make necessary arrangements. Finally, fewer than 500 persons were collected in the Christian Science Church to listen to the speakers. Just what the Streator voters thought of the talks no one will ever know, for they neither approved nor disapproved; they just came in, sat down, listened, and stole out.

While the campaigners will not be able to visit Louisville, Ky., that city will not be wholly lost if the members of the Reception Committee, who were to have welcomed the train, put through a plan they have hatched. The money the women had collected to entertain the Eastern orators will be used to buy carriages to take the mountaineers down to the polling places on Election Day. By this scheme—for apparently the committee believes that every mountaineer is Republican by birth—it is hoped to swell the Republican vote in the Blue Grass State.

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Mr. Menko H. Wolfe of the Gotham Press

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WANTS CANAL ZONE FOR U.S. TRADE DEPOT

Gen. Goethals Tells Traffic Club Entire Strip Should Be Permanently Acquired.

PRESENT TOLL PLAN UNFAIR

British Ships with Deckloads Get Through for Less Per Ton of Freight Than American.

Major Gen. George W. Goethals, who was the guest of honor last night at a meeting of the Traffic Club at the Waldorf, said the United States should modify its treaty with Panama so that the Panama Canal Zone could be made a great American commercial depot. He also said that the methods of collecting tolls should be changed for the reason that the present charges bore more heavily on American commerce than on that of Great Britain and some other nations.

"I want to see great American warehouses and shipping houses along the canal," he said, "so that it will become a great commercial station for the trade between this country and South America. In order to make it a centre of commerce it is necessary that the United States shall take control over the Canal Zone after the actual building of the canal is completed."

General Goethals explained that the Taft treaty with Panama provided that jurisdiction over parts of the Canal Zone should revert to the Republic of Panama when the strip of land ceased to be used strictly for canal purposes. Because the United States has only a leasehold on this part of the strip, much friction has arisen, General Goethals said, in the handling of mails and other Governmental functions, which can be done away with only by the acquisition by the United States of complete jurisdiction over the entire zone. General Goethals said that Americans would not invest their money in Canal Zone property, build homes there, or erect substantial business structures, unless they were certain that they would continue to be wholly under the jurisdiction of the United States.

"I want to see the whole thing in the hands of the United States and run as a business proposition, without any politics," he said.

Another thing that the United States ought to do, General Goethals said, was to charge tolls on the earning capacity of vessels instead of on registered net tonnage.

"Under the present system," he said, "we are in effect charging higher rates to American ships than we are to ships of other nations, particularly the British."

Under the plan of collecting on registered net tonnage, only the freight carried under decks pays toll. This plan, General Goethals said, is circumvented at the Panama Canal, as it has been at the Suez Canal, by British ships constructed to carry heavy cargoes on deck. American ships and those of all other nations would be treated equally, General Goethals said, if they were required to pay tolls according to their ability to produce revenue, which could be easily and simply measured.

"Under the plan of collecting toll according to the earning power of the ship," he continued, "we would soon have the Panama Canal paying interest on the money invested."

General Goethals said he hoped to see action by the Government on these two suggestions. He denied that there was any truth in repeated assertions that the Panama Canal was a failure and that it could never be freed from slides because of the character of the land through which it was cut. Instead of being cut through a marsh, as had been frequently asserted recently in the British press, General Goethals said it was cut through rock, but that some stretches of the rock were weak. He said that the slide evil, however, was one which could be definitely overcome, and that the danger of great slides seemed to be at an end.

The Traffic Club held its annual election last night and chose as President T. N. Jarvis, Vice Presidents: H. L. Derby, Nat Duke, George F. Richborn, J. B. Denison, L. C. Ivory; Secretary, Charles A. Swope; Treasurer, F. C. Earle; Governors, Paul M. Ripley, W. L. Woodrow, and S. M. Stevenson.

Commuter Travel Breaks Record.

The Long Island Railroad carried several thousand more commuters in October, 1916, than it did in the same month of any previous year in its history. There were 20,520 commutation tickets sold in the month, exceeding by 2,911, or 7 per cent., the number sold in the corresponding month of 1915. Commutation travel during October showed an increase of 229 per cent. over October, 1915, when the Long Island had only 6,256 commuters.

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GLITTERING FARCE-SMARTLY PLAYED

Arthur Hopkins Strikes a Rich Vein of Nonsense in "Good Gracious Annabelle."

WORK OF CLARE KUMMER

This Song Writer's First Play Blessed with a Sliken Performance That Becomes Its Idle Humor.

GOOD GRACIOUS ANNABELLE—A comedy in three acts by Clare Kummer. At the Republic.

James Ludgate.....J. Palmer Collins
Wickham.....Harry C. Bradley
Wilbur Jennings.....Roland Young
Ethel Deane.....Ruth Harding
Alfred Weatherby.....Walter Schollin
Gwendolen Morley.....Helen Lee
Ann.....Mae Macomber
William Gosling.....Edwin Holland
Titcomb.....Willis Reed
George Wimbledon.....Edwin Nicander
Annabelle Leigh.....Lola Fisher
John Rawson.....Walter Hampden
Mary Machison.....Harry Ingram
Lottie.....May Vokes

A new playwright swam into our ken last evening when a glittering farce called "Good Gracious Annabelle" was presented, for the first time, at the Republic Theatre. It is the work of Clare Kummer, introduced by that alert adventurer in the land of undiscovered dramatists—Arthur Hopkins. He who has given us such celebrated first plays as "The Poor Little Rich Girl" and "On Trial" now presents the maiden work of the writer of songs who was responsible for "Dearie," a love-sick ditty with which this country was fairly obsessed some years ago. For "Dearie" she is now whole-heartedly forgiven, because "Good Gracious Annabelle," for all its palpable shortcomings, is that rarest of rarities—a brilliant farce by an American author.

Among farces Miss Kummer's may be said to belong to the leisure class. It is idle with a lorgnette and orange pekoe idleness. At times it is a little vague within, but it is always vogue without. It is a little like the English imitations of Wilde without being, in turn, an imitation of them. But above all—and this is why Miss Kummer is so welcome as a playwright — "Good Gracious Annabelle" taps a promising vein of nonsense.

It is a fine sense of nonsense that has prevailed the many pricleless moments in the new farce at the Republic. No other sense certainly prompted the moment where Annabelle sits tearful in the corridor of the St. Swithin's Hotel and murmurs: "I am helpless, penniless, and a co-respondent." Nor that when the lord of the manor out on Long Island announces with drunken dignity: "Annie, this gentleman has done me the honor to have a chill in my kitchen."

The very slavey is a masterpiece of nonsense, a pensive under-cook, embittered by the fact that her uniform was designed by an interior decorator and that she is left alone in the great house because the other servants had sent a round robin that morning asking her not to go on their picnic. Who ever hoped to live to see May Vokes in a costume dreamed by Robert Edmond Jones? Yet of such unexpected stuff is "Good Gracious Annabelle."

There are quirks in this farce, then, at which Edward Lear and Lewis Carroll would have laughed till the tears rolled down their cheeks. But this same sense of nonsense leaves the story too fantastic to recount coherently. Just why Annabelle and all her friends go masquerading as the country house staff of a certain rich man at present escapes the memory, but you would no more ask for reasons than you would ask why the great she-bear, when she popped her head into the shop, cried: "What, no soap?" And this same irresponsibility so possessed Miss Kummer that she overlooked such trifles as climaxes and allowed the play to idle at times almost to the stopping point.

And Mr. Hopkins, in rising to this smart play's opportunity for a performance of silken, social ease, has suffered it to be almost too nonchalant. It is too leisurely, and if the entertainment slackens perilously at the end of the second act it is not merely because the act goes on playing ten minutes after it is over, but because Edwin Nicander is allowed to indulge in a long, progressive inebriation that achieves the dramatic climax of his going to sleep, and achieves this a little after the audience has been lulled into a like condition.

Yet, except for this matter of pace, the performance is exceptionally smooth—the work of a company assembled with rare discrimination. The best work is done by Lola Fisher, Mr. Nicander, May Vokes, and Roland Young. Lola Fisher, charming, sprightly, and entirely in the spirit of the adventure, plays with greater skill and better effect than ever before in this city. Mr. Nicander is in fine form and would shine more brightly if there were a little less of him. May Vokes, the perpetual slavey, has a delightful rôle, which she plays with great relish and Roand Young, a young English comedian, late of the Washington Square Players, plays a poet artfully. He knows that the art of listening is half the art of acting, just as it is half of the art of good manners.

All these help mightily a farce of which the distinctly feminine wit makes welcome the arrival as a playwright of Clare Kummer, who beamed on the proceedings last evening from a seat in the stage box next her broadly smiling cousin—William Gillette.

CHRISTINE MILLER SINGS.

Contralto's Recital Includes "Tone Poems" from the Chinese.

Christine Miller, contralto, gave a program of modern songs at her recital in Aeolian Hall last night. She began with a song by Robert Kahn and then sang for the first time in public Hubert Pataky's "Yearning" with text from the Chinese and John A. Carpenter's "Water Colors." The latter is a set of four songs also from the Chinese, and the composer has followed the latest fad in song nomenclature by calling them "tone poems." After that there was Hugo Wolf's "Kennst du das Land" and a group of five other songs by the same composer, Burleigh's "The Gray Wolf," and four songs by Marshall Bartholomew, H. T. Burleigh, A. Walter Kramer, and James H. Rogers, sung for the first time, with Frank Bibb's more familiar "Rondel of Spring."

Miss Miller has by degrees won for herself acceptance as an interesting and well-equipped artist. While her range of repertoire is not as wide as that of some of the concert singers, she has succeeded in conveying the impression, and she did so again last night, that her voice and artistic personality entitle her to a place of importance. Her voice last night was in fine condition; lacking a little, so it seemed, of its former fullness on the low notes, it nevertheless was notable for its richness, its evenness, and the flexibility with which it was brought to the singer's purposes of variety in expressiveness and color.

AGAIN CALLS GIRL TO COURT.

Magistrate Resents the Failure of Woods's Cousin to Appear.

A second summons for Miss Mary Appleton Wood, 19 years old, daughter of Chalmers Wood, a lawyer, living at 723 Park Avenue, and a cousin of Police Commissioner Arthur Woods, was issued yesterday by Magistrate Barlow in the Yorkville Court, when he was informed that Miss Wood had torn up a previous summons handed to her on Monday by Patrolman Barry of the Health Squad. Barry said he found Miss Wood strolling in Fifth Avenue with her pet Scotch terrier unmuzzled.

When Miss Wood tore up the summons she asserted she would not appear in court, according to the patrolman. Magistrate Barlow then instructed a court attendant to call up Miss Wood's residence. The telephone was answered by a man, who asked if the case could not by adjusted over the telephone, according to the attendant. Magistrate Barlow answered emphatically to the contrary. When the policeman was sent to the home of Miss Wood with the second summons, he was informed she was not in the house.

"A mountain has been made out of a molehill," said Chalmers Wood last night in discussing the case. "On Monday my daughter was walking in Fifth Avenue with her dog, and its muzzle slipped off the dog just as she was approached by a policeman who became offensive in his manner and words.

"He handed a summons to my daughter, and she, being just a young girl, did not attach any significance to it. She did not tear it up, but she did tear off a corner of it, probably due to her embarrassment at the manner of the policeman. The summons was made returnable today, but the date, written by the policeman was almost illegible. As soon as the policeman learned who my daughter was he made profuse apologies. We have explained the whole matter to Magistrate Barlow, and my daughter or her representative will appear in court tomorrow morning."

Police Commissioner Woods said Miss Wood was a relative, but declined to discuss the incident.

CAUGHT WITH STOLEN GEMS

Irvington Prisoner Suspected of a Series of Burglaries There.

Special to The New York Times.

IRVINGTON-ON-HUDSON, Oct. 31.—A man, suspected of having committed several burglaries in this district in the last two weeks, was arrested here this evening.

The prisoner said he was Thomas Lynch of Toronto, Canada. He was caught by Patrolman Gallagher at 7:10 o'clock near the home of Mrs. Bathgate Becker. When the policeman ordered him to stop the man fled. He was overtaken, but the policeman had to club him into submission.

When searched at the police station Lynch had in his pockets jewels and gems estimated to be worth $4,000, and while the Chief of Police was questioning him Mrs. Becker, much excited, arrived to report that her house had been robbed while the family was at dinner. She identified some of the jewels found on the prisoner as part of the property stolen from her home.

Lynch will be taken before Police Justice Taylor in the Irvington Police Court tomorrow morning.

The homes of C. C. Pfeilding, Solicitor to the New York Central Railroad, and Mrs. Robert Hewitt were robbed on Saturday night, and that of Mrs. M. Cummings on last Wednesday. In addition to having two special policemen patroling the roads, many of the men of this vicinity have armed themselves and done guard duty for the last four or five nights.

LYON WINS IN PROMISE SUIT.

No Damages for Seamstress Who Says He Proposed Marriage.

The jury before Supreme Court Justice Tierney that heard Miss Margaret Connell's $100,000 breach of promise suit against Whitney Lyon, tooth powder manufacturer, returned a verdict for the defendant yesterday. The jury debated from 5 o'clock Monday afternoon to 1 o'clock yesterday morning before reaching an agreement.

The plaintiff testified that Mr. Lyon proposed to her at her apartments and on a train coming from Boston, but he denied any promise of marriage and said he was kind to her because she had been the family seamstress.

The defendant's daughter, Dorothy, a student at Wellesley College, and his son, Irving, of Yale, testified for him.

THE LITTLE SYMPHONY.

A Concert of Orchestral Chamber Music with Miss Llora Hoffman.

The "Little Symphony," one of the several creations of Mr. George Barrère, unwearied in founding chamber music organizations of varying sizes, gave a concert yesterday afternoon in the Cort Theatre, together with Miss Llora Hoffman, soprano. The place has excellent acoustics for such a performance, and the little orchestra of fourteen players, of strings, wood wind, trumpet, horn, and drums, was heard to excellent advantage. Mr. Barrère's program began with a suite of dances from Chéry's opera, "Séphale et Procris," music of a simplicity that today borders on baldness; the "passepied" has a more supple melodiousness, and the audience asked for it again. The other numbers comprised two "Aubades" by Edouard Lalo, of a characteristically Gallic charm in rhythm and tunefulness; a suite by Louis V. Saar, a composer formerly resident in New York, now in Cincinnati, that showed a light touch and a melodic gift unashamed, and a suite by Gabriel Pierné, "Pour mes petits Amis," in six movements. The performance of these pieces was refined, vivacious, and in most respects finished, and it gave obvious pleasure.

Miss Hoffman made her first appearance in New York a few days ago in Aeolian Hall. In some points her voice sounded better yesterday, perhaps because the acoustics of the theatre suited it better, and its production was somewhat freer. Miss Hoffman gave the American composer a chance; she sang nothing but American songs. Mr. Frank Bibb played her accompaniments charmingly.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

H. H. Frazee is making plans far in advance for William Collier, who is starring in "Nothing but the Truth" at the Longacre. The comedian will finish the season in this farce and a revival of "The Rivals," and will tour in the former all next season and in the Spring of 1918 will appear in London in his present role. Mr. Frazee will make the London production in association with Hugh Ward, the Australian manager.

The new Mary Pickford picture, "Less Than the Dust," will be shown simultaneously at the Broadway, Strand, and Academy of Music next Sunday.

"Girls Will Be Girls" is the latest title bestowed upon the Sydney-Smith-Kern musical play formerly known as "Strike the Lyre."

E. H. Sothern came to the city yesterday from Litchfield, Conn., where he has been spending several weeks, to take charge of the final rehearsals of "If I Were King." His twenty weeks' tour for the benefit of the British Red Cross will begin next Monday at Providence.

The company that will appear in "The Right Little Girl" will go to Syracuse tonight, and the first performance will be given there next Monday.

A dramatization of "The Melting of Molly" by Maria Thompson was acted for the first time last night at the Apollo Theatre, Atlantic City. Irene Franklin is the star, and others in the cast are Grace Carlyle, Helen Tracy, Harold Vosburgh, George S. Trimble, and Raymond Van Sickle.

The Hippodrome will establish another record Sunday, Nov. 12, when for the first time in theatrical history a road show will be transferred from the pier of the Central Railroad of New Jersey to the pier of the N. Y., N. H. & H. in the Harlem River by ferry. The Hippodrome company will be en route on two trains from Philadelphia to Boston.

The date set for the benefit performance for the Seaside Home for Crippled Children at the Strand is Friday, Dec. 1.

Frank McIntyre, Harrison Brockbank, Elsie Alder, Zoe Barnett, and Wilmuth Merkyl have been engaged for the principal roles in the second company being organized to present "Miss Springtime on Tour." Joseph Urban will paint duplicate settings of the original production for the road company.

Gertrude Vanderbilt will join the cast of "Go To It" at the Princess tonight.

Cohan & Harris have acquired the rights to Sydney Rosenfeld's new comedy, "Under Pressure." They will produce it during the holidays.

W. M. IVINS ESTATE NETS ONLY $14,361

Debts and Other Deductions Reduce Value of Property Left by Attorney.

WIFE IS SOLE BENEFICIARY

William Barnes Was One of His Creditors at Time of Death, Appraisal Reveals.

William M. Ivins, for many years one of the foremost lawyers and public men of the State of New York, who died on July 23, 1915, after an illness partly attributed to the strain incident to conducting the plaintiff's side of the William Barnes-Theodore Roosevelt libel suit, left a net estate of only $14,361, and was indebted to his law firm of Ivins, Wolff & Hoguet at the time of his death. This was disclosed yesterday when the transfer tax appraisal of the estate was filed.

Mr. Ivins left a gross estate of $44,439, but the value was reduced by debts of $27,030 and other deductions aggregating $30,078. One of the debts of the estate was a balance of $3,214 to William Barnes. His debt to his law firm was $6,885, but he had an interest of 40 per cent. in claims of the firm aggregating $17,091, which were of doubtful value. His interest was appraised at $3,000.

Mr. Ivins gave the entire estate to his wife, Emma Yard Ivins. He left nothing to his children, but they were the beneficiaries of life insurance policies, which do not appear in the assets of the estate. He had $2,902 in cash, and the personal property in his residence at 145 West Forty-eighth Street, and in his law office at 27 Williams Street was appraised at $9,888.

Out of fifteen parcels of stocks owned by Mr. Ivins only three were of value. The most valuable was 1,000 shares of the American and British Manufacturing Company, appraised at $4,500. He owned a seat on the New York Produce Exchange which was sold for $632.

Mr. Ivins was City Chamberlain at $25,000 a year during the terms of Mayors Grace and Hewitt. He was the Republican candidate for Mayor against George B. McClellan and William R. Hearst in 1905, was special counsel for the Public Service Commission in 1908, and was regarded as an investigator second only to Charles E. Hughes at the time.

GIVES INVENTIONS TO PUBLIC

W. B. Wait's Will Frees Patented Devices for the Blind.

The inventions of William Bell Wait, widely known as an educator of the blind, who died in New York on Oct. 25, are bequeathed to the public in his will filed yesterday. The remainder of his estate, which includes personal effects and real estate in Philadelphia and Rhode Island, goes in about equal shares to his daughter, Lucy Wait Battles, his sons, Dr. Oliver B. Wait and William Bell Wait, Jr., and his niece, Hannah A. Babcock.

Mr. Wait was for many years Principal of the New York Institute for the Education of the Blind. He made his will last February, setting forth that "I hereby give and dedicate to the public the free use of the following inventions made for the purpose of reducing the cost, increasing the durability, and enlarging the amount and scope of literature for the blind in the New York point system; and I hereby authorize and direct my executor to do whatever he may deem necessary to carry out and effect this gift and dedication."

The patents are thirteen in number, and are described as follows:

Press for embossed printing of literature, music, and the like; apparatus for embossed punctographic writing; device for automatically adjusting plates; sheet-carrying apparatus; embossing device; device for bringing recesses in cylinders of embossing presses; marginal holding device; embossing machine; bookbinding machine; plate holding device; sheet delivery apparatus; sheet gauge, and strip-fastening device for embossing plates.

The decedent gave all his books relating to the blind to the New York Institute for the Education of the Blind.

THOUGHT WOERZ RATIONAL.

Witnesses in Will Case Uphold Aged Brewer's Competency.

Testimony to uphold the will of Ernest G. W. Woerz, brewer, made two days before his death, was offered before Surrogate Cohalan and a jury yesterday in the trial of the contest, brought on the ground of incompetency, on behalf of the decedent's grandchildren, the children of Charles P. Doelger, who were cut off with $5,000 each.

The chief witness was Henry C. Entrup, an employe of the Beadleston & Woerz Brewing Company, who said he had visited Mr. Woerz a week before Mr. Woerz's death and discussed business affairs with him.

The witness said Mr. Woerz listened attentively and appeared to understand what he heard. "Mr. Woerz was a man of few words," the witness said. "When he did talk he spoke in moderate tones and it was sometimes difficult to understand him."

Other witnesses who saw Mr. Woerz in his last illness testified that they considered him rational. The trial will be continued today.

Suicide Left Estate to Hospital.

WHITE PLAINS, Oct. 31.—According to the will of Mrs. Alice C. Foulds, who committed suicide at her Waller Avenue home here, on Oct. 17 last, she left no relatives and her $50,000 estate is inherited by friends and the White Plains Hospital. The will sets aside $2,000 and money she had on deposit in the Five-Cent Savings Bank of West Springfield, Mass., for the care of a burial plot, in the name of Benjamin D. Ashley, there. Other bequests are to friends, and the residue goes to Thomas A. O'Callaghan of White Plains to be held in trust for her husband, and in case of his death, the residue goes to the White Plains Hospital Association. Mr. Foulds died two years ago.

MURDERED BY CRAZED SON.

H. H. Langsdale of Easton, Md., Shot on Entering Office.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTON, Md., Oct. 31.—When H. H. Langsdale, a prominent man here, entered his office today his son Bryan, who was in an adjoining room, stealthily opened a door and fired a shotgun into his back. The father, who was not four feet from the muzzle of the gun, was mortally wounded.

Henry Burrows and Vaughn Smith, who were in the street, heard the shot. They found Mr. Langsdale upon the office floor and the son leaning against the wall, seemingly as cool and unconcerned as if nothing had happened. Mr. Langsdale said, "Henry, Bryan has shot me." Dr. Palmer soon arrived and in answer to his question, "Was it an accident?" the wounded man said "Yes, yes." Mr. Langsdale was taken to the Emergency Hospital, but died a few minutes after reaching there.

Sheriff Stevens and Chief of Police Gannon found the slayer with his mother, who had her arms around his neck and was weeping. He was taken away from her and locked up. He seemed unconcerned and laughed while being taken to jail.

State Attorney Charles J. Bettler visited Langsdale in his cell and obtained the following oral statement:

"I had been thinking over killing my father for a day or two. It was a question whether I would commit suicide or take my father's life. I had placed some arsenic in the stable and I went to the barn this morning to take it, but I changed my mind after I had reached the barn. I decided then I would go back to the house and take father's life. I went to the room back of the office and waited until father came in to the office. When he came in I went to the door between the two rooms and when father's back was turned I fired.

"Father injected bad blood into my veins and made me a bad man. I had a spell of insanity last Spring."

The prisoner is believed to be insane.

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GIOVANNI Martinelli
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Lucrezia Bori — Fritz Kreisler
Lucy Botta — Alys Larreyne
Carrie Bridewell — Lucile Orrell
Eddy Brown — Idelle Patterson
Enrico Caruso — Belle Story
Pablo Casals — Johannes Sembach
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Direction Catharine A. Bamman, 35 W. 39 St.

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 1, 1916.

WHAT DOES MR. HUGHES MEAN?

It is fair to judge the words of Mr. HUGHES by the interpretation put upon them by his supporters and friends. There is a case in point in the comment of The Kansas City Star, a newspaper of great influence in the West, upon what it calls the Wilson slogan, "He kept us out of war." A correspondent of The Star tells of meeting "a fine-looking, stalwart young man" who told him that he was going to vote for Mr. WILSON because "he kept us out of war." This fine-looking, stalwart young man supported his conclusion by this reasoning, if we may describe it as reasoning:

> There is no use of talking to me about *patriotism* and all that sort of *stuff*. So far as *I* am concerned I will vote for *any man* who keeps us out of war, and I don't care *how* he does it. He can apologize to every country in the world; he can get down and crawl in the dust; he can let the flag be trod in the mire, so long as he avoids war *he is the man who gets my vote.*

Our Kansas City contemporary refuses to believe that "this humiliating expression is representative of feeling in the trans-Mississippi region." But it argues that the tendency of the Administration's recent policies has been to soften the national fibre, to lower the tone of Americanism, to evade duty by adopting the easy way out. It continues:

> Certainly the appeal of the Administration's chief supporters in this campaign is frankly yellow. The slogan, "He kept us out of war," has been used to the limit. The inference has been that patriotism is old-fashioned and that loss of national self-respect is to be condoned if it is accompanied by peace.
>
> Since the loss of national self-respect cannot be condoned, "the national spirit needs a different leadership," says our Kansas City contemporary. It needs the Americanism embodied in the words of Mr. HUGHES when he said:
>
> I stand for the honor of our country and, with respect to every American right on land and sea, its firm enforcement. This nation should vindicate the integrity of international law and the rights of neutrals. I stand for the interests of the United States and the protection of American lives, property, and commerce throughout the world. The path of preparedness and of the maintenance of American rights is not the path that leads to war; it is the path of security. The pathway to peace is to announce our rights and have the world understand exactly what we think and what we are prepared to do.
>
> These are admonitions to duty, but they are not an invitation to war, they are an invitation to the peace of righteousness, and justice and self-respect." Now we are on solid ground. Mr. HUGHES would preserve our rights and peace at the same time by making the world know "exactly what we think and what we are prepared to do." Can any man under the blue vault of heaven tell wherein Mr. HUGHES's promise differs in the slightest degree from Mr. WILSON's performance? Mr. WILSON has announced our rights to the world, he has told the world what we are prepared to do. He told Germany what we are prepared to do if she did not cease her lawless submarine warfare. Germany has heeded his words—unless it shall prove that in the case of the steamer Marina she has after these many months disregarded them. So Mr. WILSON's peace of righteousness and justice is Mr. HUGHES's peace of righteousness and justice. Mr. HUGHES would have kept us out of war by precisely the policies Mr. WILSON has followed. If that would be "yellow" with one it must be "yellow" with the other, and of course there is nothing "yellow" about Mr. HUGHES.
>
> But do we not detect the insidious work of the Colonel's weasel in this statement The Star quotes from Mr. HUGHES? In the first few sentences we are told that every American right on land and sea is to be firmly enforced; we should vindicate the integrity of international law and neutral rights; protect property and commerce throughout the world. How? At the cannon's mouth? When the Indians sent arrows wrapped up in the skin of a rattlesnake to our sturdy New England forefathers, they got their envelope back inclosing powder and ball. Would Mr. HUGHES have carried on diplomatic correspondence in that tone? We should infer it, were it not for the concluding assurances about the path of security and of peace. One-half of this proclamation of unflinching Americanism devours the other half. The East, which demands firm policies on land and sea, is to be satisfied, but the peaceful West must not be disturbed in its mind. How any voter still in doubt about his duty can be persuaded to give his vote to Mr. HUGHES on the statement that so completely satisfies The Kansas City Star passes comprehension.

But now, at the very end of the campaign, Mr. HUGHES musters up courage to declare that he is "in favor of the maintenance of every right, including the right to travel and the right of shipment." The statement was made at Columbus yesterday, in answer to the question whether he would favor or oppose the embargo upon shipment of munitions from this country to Europe or the passage of a resolution warning Americans not to travel upon ships owned by nations at war. It is a very satisfactory statement. Why was it so long deferred? The hyphenates have very plainly indulged the hope that Mr. HUGHES might accept the chief article of faith in their Americanism, that the shipment of munitions should be stopped. They will be disappointed, but nothing Mr. HUGHES can now say will cost him a German-American vote. They have nowhere else to go, and, after all, their chief desire is to defeat Mr. WILSON.

Again Mr. HUGHES declares for the Wilson policies. He now says what Mr. WILSON has been not only saying but doing from the beginning of the war. The replies to Senator STONE's questions long ago stated the attitude of the Administration with regard to the export of munitions. Its demand for the tabling of the Gore and McLemore resolutions made plain its attitude in respect to the right to travel at sea. It is an ancient tale, a perfectly familiar Democratic tale, that Mr. HUGHES has now told to his Columbus audience with that deep tone of conviction and emphasis of gesture with which we are so well acquainted. What boots it, what does it amount to? With every day of Mr. HUGHES's campaigning the conviction has grown that in Mr. WILSON's place he would have done what Mr. WILSON did in respect to the war, in respect to Mexico. The argument for a change of Administration because of the need of a different leadership for the national spirit crumbles to dust. But is Mr. HUGHES's party to be trusted? Of the 199 Republicans in the House of Representatives 102 voted against tabling the McLemore resolution demanding that the Government warn Americans not to take passage on armed merchant ships of belligerents. And if this is the faith that has been in Mr. HUGHES from the beginning, why has he so long dissembled the firm resolve to defend American rights to travel at sea? Was it the National Committee that overcame his reluctance to speak? Did he make this all too belated declaration of adherence to the Wilson policies in the hope that, the West being already lost to him, he might save enough Eastern States to make a respectable showing in the Electoral College?

THE CUBAN ELECTION.

The Cuban Republic will today hold its fourth Presidential election, and there is reason to hope that the Conservative candidate, MARIO MENOCAL, will be chosen to administer the affairs of his country for another four years. He has served faithfully, he has overcome formidable obstacles. He has greatly increased the nation's revenues, and his appointments have been as good as could be expected. It has been his complaint from the first that Cubans of high abilities generally shun political life and refuse, indeed, to take active part in political work. They are always stern critics of the administration, nevertheless, and often pessimistic as to the fate of the republic. This trouble is not altogether peculiar to Cuba or any other single republic. It might almost be called characteristic of democracies. But while General MENOCAL has not been quite as successful as might have been expected in inducing men of high quality to share with him the burdens of Cuban government, his Cabinet has been both efficient and loyal and Cuba has never been in a better condition in regard to its industries and its finances.

The President has missed no chance to promote the welfare of the people, and has especially been at pains to preserve the public health through his efficient sanitary officers. Cuba is prosperous. That the people will continue to prosper with so wise an Executive as MENOCAL is not to be doubted, and it is likely that in his second term he would find the means to carry out various reforms which have hitherto been blocked by the Liberals in Congress. MENOCAL's opponent, ALFREDO ZAYAS, is an estimable gentleman, against whom personally there is nothing to be said. But behind him stands the ever-alert GOMEZ, who has been a more or less destructive force in Cuban politics since independence was secured and who turned his own four years in the Presidency to profitable account for himself. The election is expected to be quiet and orderly, but the strength of the opposition to MENOCAL's re-election is such as to prevent any safe prediction of the result.

SORROWS OF THE BRAHMINS.

Gentlemen of "a very well-known family in Boston," choice cuts of "cold-roast Boston," must now be mighty uneasy in their comfortable chairs in the ivied Somerset Club, that temple of the Trimountain Patriciate. Not there, not in their motor cars, can they talk in safety. The chauffeur may bewray them. Some other gentleman of a very well-known family in Boston may be in a neighboring easy chair, his ears astretch for some half-heard cock-and-bull story which the Hon. HENRY CABOT LODGE will accept as proof of Holy Writ and repeat to a grinning world. The Boston Brahmins can't travel. Some gentleman of a very well-known Boston family is probably in the next chair in the Pullman, filling his ears, preparing to fill Mr. LODGE's capacious reservoir of credulity. It is sad, but it is funny. Almost any Massachusetts man must have an uneasy consciousness that there is a listener at his elbow, a telephone operator in communication with Central at Nahant.

The Hon. HENRY CABOT LODGE is a historian. Did he swallow exsufflicate and vain surmise as greedily as he swallows it now? The Hon. HENRY CABOT LODGE is a Brahmin of the true blue blood and breeding. We wonder what his grandfather, GEORGE CABOT, pacing up and down the Federalist Preserve of Elysium, thinks of the behavior of his grandson and biographer. Can you imagine GEORGE CABOT or HARRISON GRAY OTIS spreading stagecoach tittle-tattle at second or third hand as political gospel truth?

MR. M'COMBS.

The Presidential campaign should not be allowed to obscure the importance to the Democratic Party and the State of New York of the election of a Democratic Senator to succeed the present Democratic Senator, JAMES A. O'GORMAN. The policies of Mr. WILSON require the continuance of a Democratic majority in the Senate, and if, as the signs now point, Mr. WILSON is to be re-elected, it is in the highest degree advisable that New York have a Senator in sympathy with his Administration. Inevitably a Democratic Senator would have more influence than a Republican Senator and be more able to further the great and manifold interests of New York State at Washington.

Of the two opposing primary candidates, Mr. CALDER, however excellent his character and however considerable his acquaintance, is but the candidate of the Republican machine. He cannot be said to be the choice of his party. That would have been Mr. ROBERT BACON, if Mr. BACON had begun his canvass a little earlier. Mr. CALDER is a respectable politician of the old Republican school. He can be depended upon to stick to the party program and tradition, the heaven-high tariff, and all the rest of it. He is regular and nothing more. To independent and progressive voters his candidacy means only the kind of politics and policies, of political habit and political orthodoxy, from which they have turned away.

Mr. WILLIAM F. MCCOMBS, the Democratic nominee, though only six years Mr. CALDER's junior, is a modern to an ancient compared with him. He is one of the young Democrats who have followed and helped WOODROW WILSON in the revivification and modernization of the Democratic Party. He is a sound lawyer, a tariff reformer, a worker for that constructive and advancing Democracy which Mr. WILSON leads. He should be elected.

AFTER THE WAR.

It is not easy to imagine anything less American than the manner in which some of our leaders are proposing that we shall meet "after the war" problems. Mr. HUGHES, Chairman GARY, and a host of lesser lights are clamoring for help from the law in meeting the competition of those who have been "bled white" in the war, and therefore are a terror to Americans, whose minds and bodies have been enfeebled by an excess of prosperity. If in fact we have got so rich that we won't work, it is true that the world has little use for us. It is a counsel of weakness and despair that we should make of ourselves a hermit kingdom by law, although MCKINLEY saw that the period of our exclusiveness had passed, even in his time. It is a singular idea that domestic competition is so good for trade that it should be compelled by law, and that international competition is so bad for trade that it should be impeded by law. At a time when the high cost of living is every man's enemy, it is thought good politics to make and keep prices high by law. Those who bear in mind the results of previous collisions between law and economics are of opinion that there is no need of another demonstration.

It is pleasanter to pass from the fogs of political theory to the realism of the report of the Industrial Commission which has just returned from France. That shows us the other side of the shield, and tells us what our foreign competitors are planning to do in the period after the war. In the words of the Commission's Secretary:

> The Commission was impressed with the large number of plants operating under the latest standards of American efficiency and by the talent and fortitude displayed by the working classes. French business men are alive to the necessity for the best labor-saving devices and want the latest American machinery.

There is no idea of protecting themselves by law against the methods which we so distrust. There is to be no economic war after peace, according to the declarations of LLOYD GEORGE and Lord READING. Even German is not to be boycotted. On the contrary, as concerns ourselves the Commission

> found French business men willing to meet American business men in an effort to increase the trade between the countries. It found them alive to the importance of high standards of efficiency, anxious to learn the best in American business methods, and to introduce American labor-saving machinery. Their counterdemands upon us to increase their exports to America were modest, reasonable, and mutually beneficial in principle.

Those are words of international comity as well as as of economic sanity. It is an example to us to lay aside our panic, and be stout of heart again. Instead of shackling our men of business let us leave them alone, except for the correction of their conduct when they err in morals. In foreign and domestic trade alike our men of business would readily forego Government help in consideration of the Government ceasing to hinder. The prohibition or discouragement of foreign trade is not the best way in which to meet after-the-war problems. Trade amenities in the manner which Mr. DAVISON advises are better than anything the politicians propose. The electorate has condemned high protection twice, and the Republican candidate is preparing to repeat the betrayal for which a Republican President was disciplined. Americans have yet to learn the uses of laws and politics.

A LITTLE MORE FOR POLICE AND FIREMEN.

Upon the Mayor's recommendation the Budget Committee of the Board of Estimate has approved the increase of pay of first-grade policemen and firemen from $1,400 to $1,450 a year. Engineers of steamers are to get $1,700 instead of $1,600. The salaries of Police Captains rise from $2,750 to $3,120, of Police Inspectors from $3,500 to $3,900, half the increase asked by Commissioner WOODS. The pay of the Chief Inspector is to be $6,000 instead of $5,000, and that of the Borough Inspector of Brooklyn and Queens $4,200 instead of $3,500. The larger salaries are very moderate in view of the services rendered, and there will be general regret that the policemen and firemen, whose courage, efficiency, physical fitness, and admirable morale are appreciated by the community, cannot be paid more under the unavoidable demands upon the budget. Never have the two forces been so strong in discipline, so loyal to their duties, so permeated with a fine esprit de corps as they are today. They are the pride of New York City.

The Budget Committee has also adopted the Mayor's recommendation for the addition of 255 policemen to the force and the promotion of 43 patrolmen to be Sergeants. The increased expenditure in the two departments will be $795,100. It is one of the notable achievements of Mayor MITCHEL's administration that by rigid and skillful economies in three years of rising prices, two of them years of jumping prices, the budgets of the departments generally under the Mayor's control have been reduced by $2,500,000. This represents a wise and brave policy, a real economy, of the Mayor. For the sake of keeping his departmental budget below the 1916 figures, as he might have done by not favoring these just increases for the uniformed men, he has not consented to be unjust either to the men or to the city. The increase both of pay and force will be approved by the community.

AVIATION LANGUAGE.

The invention and development of the automobile have placed many new words in the dictionaries. The word "automobile" itself aroused much hostility in the early days of self-moving cars, because it was an improper compound, because it was obviously an adjective rather than a noun, and because it was not English; but it has survived all opposition and is in the English dictionaries. So will "aeroplane" survive, though it may never be properly pronounced as a word of four syllables, the dieresis having been omitted, first by the printers, who always aim at simplification, and later by common consent. But the Aero Club is giving its attention to needful revision of the nomenclature of aeronautics, and Mr. HENRY WOODHOUSE directs attention to the report of the National Advisory Committee on Aeronautics, which contains 115 terms used in connection with air navigation. Mr. WOODHOUSE himself has accumulated a collection of 2,500 terms relating to this subject.

What is aimed at is simplification. It is desirable that the accepted terms relating to what we call aviation should be such as express their meaning to the common mind. It is well at the beginning not to leave the vocabulary entirely to usage. Mr. WOODHOUSE obviously prefers aeroplane to the often suggested airplane. We have aerodrome, aerostatics, hydroaeroplane. Air squadron might be as serviceable as aero squadron, but it is likely that in most of the already long established terms we shall stick to the "aer" even if we pronounce it as a single syllable. Air service, however, will always be acceptable, but Mr. WOODHOUSE objects to the employment in the army of the term "Aviation Section" to cover both the lighter and the heavier than air machines. The Signal Corps, he thinks, must have an Aeronautic Service, instead, with an aviation section and an aerostatic section.

Airman may be accounted a better word than aviator, but shall we say airwoman instead of aviatrix, or shall we get along without bothering about the sex of the aeronaut? Surely we shall never call a woman an airman, although we have noted that they have lady Chairmen at some suffragist meetings. This much merely to glance at the difficulties to be overcome in establishing a permanent glossary of terms relating to a rapidly developing science. It is to be hoped that "sky pilot" will not stick, but "volplaning" is a word that demands consideration and scrutiny.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

That He Is Alive Disproves It.

If even half of the statements ascribed by a Zurich paper to the German Socialist, LIEBKNECHT, were ever put on paper or made by him before the Reichstag Committee that tried him for treason, there is wonder only that he went to prison instead of to the gallows or the block. The fact that he escaped with his life is, indeed, an even stronger reason for doubting the authenticity of the document printed yesterday than is the general inaccuracy of news of this sort coming from Switzerland, for LIEBKNECHT, who is very far from lacking in intelligence, would know perfectly well that no Government, in a situation anything like as serious as is Germany's could be expected to refrain from taking the most effective of all measures permanently to silence such an enemy.

To tolerate the existence in its capital of a man who said that the war, so far as Germany is concerned, was a plot of the military and capitalistic classes to increase and confirm their power over the workers would be to abandon the right of self-defense which is inherent in every Government, no matter how bad it may be. But while it is questionable that LIEBKNECHT ever made the assertions credited to him, except possibly in a letter to, or a conversation with, a thoroughly trusted friend, it is not at all questionable that his view of the war is just about that set forth in the Zurich paper as translated by The Manchester Guardian.

That is because the view is in more than fair accord with the known facts. Presumably it errs in charging the Kaiser and his caste with having a conscious purpose to exploit the poor, but it remains true, as LIEBKNECHT is declared to have written, that Germany—that is, the part of Germany long the object of his antagonism—did start the war, and that a German victory would perpetuate the sort of rule against which, until they yielded to the delusion of attack from the outside, the other German Socialists fought with as much vigor as his own.

But no Government in arms allows its own subjects to accept and promulgate the accusations of its enemies—to declare its case a bad one, and in effect to say that it deserves to be beaten. Such statements may be true, and often have been, but only successful revolution can save the makers of them from the severest of punishments.

At Least Analogy Is Found.

Much that is said by the admirers of German efficiency and thoroughness is true, and there is foundation for the praises of her care for the material welfare of her working classes, but it is a mistake to assume, as so many do, that the methods by which truly remarkable effects, industrial and governmental, have been attained in Germany are either unknown or unutilized in this country. As a matter of fact, they are all illustrated daily in our State prisons of the older sort.

There, as in the Fatherland, men are subjected in all the activities of their lives to the supervision and control of a superior caste that has and exercises the power to decide just what the objects of its benevolent solicitude shall and shall not do. They are told when to get up and when to go to bed. Their food is selected and portioned out to them in accordance with their needs as determined by their masters, and their labor is co-ordinated and systematized in a way that produces goods far more cheaply than those made outside the prison walls. In brief, the prisoners are made to subordinate all individuality, all private tastes and preferences, to the State.

But in this country, curiously enough, people do not like this sort of guardianship, though they must admit that it protects them from many dangers, relieves them of heavy responsibilities, and prevents them from doing no end of foolish and wicked things to which in their unenlightenment they are lamentably inclined. Ungrateful that they are, they find it irksome that they cannot do as they please and take the consequences of their own unwisdom.

There used to be in Germany great numbers of men and women who shared this strange notion as to the delights of personal liberty for the private citizen. To escape from conditions they considered intolerable, crowds of them, in other days, came over to this rude and unregulated country and either never went back at all, or, if they did pay a visit to the old home before arriving at extreme old age, they hurried back to the land where, though garbage collections were made in a deplorably slipshod manner, and discipline was conspicuously weak or altogether absent, one could take a long breath without waiting to ascertain whether or not it was forbidden by competent authority.

The similarity of Germany to our prisons, of course, is not complete; perhaps it is analogy rather than similarity. But something of likeness does exist, and—well, the present American tendency is not to increase it.

The Effect of Hughes Speeches.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have frequently visited the Hughes Alliance Headquarters, at Broadway and Vesey Street, and have heard many speakers address the gatherings; and the more I hear, the more I am convinced that the citizens of this country should support President Wilson for re-election.

A. K.

Brooklyn, Oct. 26, 1916.

AUTUMN IN THE HILLS.

When blue haze drifts across the hills
Like solemn incense, and the trees
Are flaming altars, there is peace
More deep than dreaming Summer seas
Can bring, or the serene of Spring.

All day I love to wander there
Beneath the oaks and hear the wind
Among the leaves. And then, at dusk,
With the first star, I love to find
The welcome of my cottage light.

There, while the white frost mists the pane,
I lie at ease and hear the patter
Of chestnuts on the leaves, and the moon
Shines in. Oh, what does any duty matter,
Except to keep awake and stir the fire?

FLORENCE RIPLEY MASTIN.

WHEN ENGLAND HELPED US.

Poultney Bigelow Recalls Some Incidents in the Far East.

Malden-on-Hudson, Oct. 30, 1916.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It cannot be true that American naval officers assisted Prussian submarines in their dirty work outside of Newport. No doubt Washington will soon clear up this ambiguous affair. Meanwhile pray permit me to add my mite of testimony regarding the attitude of Great Britain in 1898 when Imperial Germany sided with Spain and sought to bully our gallant Dewey in Manila.

The tale of how the British Captain Chichester stood up with our Admiral against the German Admiral has been told before—and finally by Admiral Dewey himself. This story I checked step by step in Manila by conversation not merely with our own Admiral and his British colleague but by other participants in that memorable fight. Moreover, the British authorities in Hongkong, although legally neutral, interpreted their duties in the manner most favorable to the American ships, and Dewey found no difficulty in fitting out to the best advantage prior to steaming across to the enemy in the Philippines. And as the Yankee fleet steamed past that of England in Hongkong the British bluejackets manned the rigging and cheered us heartily—a most unneutral and yet most generous act.

After the war I found myself in Cheefoo waiting an answer from the Russian commander at Port Arthur, to whom I had applied for permission to cross Siberia. The Palace revolution was in full swing at Peking and the fleets of the great powers controlled every bucket of coal in the treaty ports.

Then it was that our Consul Fowler ran up and down the streets of Cheefoo wringing his hands and begging for a few tons of coal—but not a lump could he buy. He showed me the cable in which he was ordered to coal our cruiser, expected every moment, on a hurry call to protect American lives and property in Tien-tsin. He told me he could do nothing—money could not buy an ounce of coal.

"Nonsense," said I, "the British Admiral has plenty of coal!"

"True," said Consul Fowler, "but what of that?"

Our Consul, you see, was another of that strange species who think that good things can be got by money only. Then I told him to state his case to Admiral Seymour at Wei-hai-wei, forty miles to eastward. He sniffed suspiciously, but finally yielded and together we concocted the cable to which in an hour came the joyful news: "Certainly—help yourself—as much as you wish"—or words to that effect. I wonder if England has ever been paid for that coal, for I'm sure that no bill would ever be sent by John Bull.

This story is here printed for the first time—not because it is of importance by itself, but because it is typical of hundreds of cases familiar to many Americans.

POULTNEY BIGELOW.

WHOSE CANDIDATE IS HE?

The Puzzle of Ardent Pro-Allies and "Professional German-Americans."

New York, Oct. 30, 1916.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

One of the saddest spectacles in this Presidential election is the divergence of views among the American citizens with pro-ally sentiment.

L. L. Forman, in a letter to THE TIMES, states that he, a Democrat, will vote for Mr. Hughes because President Wilson is "not interested in their (the Allies') cause."

The gentleman who, as Secretary of the American Rights Association, has seen with intelligent eyes the pernicious activities for the Fatherland of those with whom he is going to vote claims that Mr. Hughes is his candidate and not the candidate of that element whom Theodore Roosevelt stigmatized as "the professional German-Americans who want the candidate for the Presidency to be a viceroy of a foreign Government."

The Colonel, I admit, is himself a fervent supporter of Mr. Hughes, but the Colonel is a politician who may or who may not see in the far horizon a possible Presidential nomination in 1920.

With all due respect to Mr. Hughes, he is, whether he wants it to be or not, the candidate of those who, quoting Roosevelt, "terrorized the Republican National Convention."

It passes my comprehension that men of the intellectual calibre of Mr. Forman can go hand in hand with those whom they so severely and so justly condemned once upon a time.

JONAS LIPPMANN.

The Armor-Piercing Bullet.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On Oct. 24 an article appeared in the issue of your paper entitled "Army Officer Discovers a Rifle Bullet That Can Pierce Armor at Fifty Yards." The article was very complimentary in its description of the effect of the bullet against armor plate, but it was indefinite in respect to the development thereof.

I am writing you, therefore, to acquaint you with the fact that this bullet was developed at the Frankford Arsenal by Captain Wallace L. Clay of the Ordnance Department of the army. He conducted the necessary experimental work along novel lines, but in accordance with the well-established principle of the increased penetration given to armor-piercing projectiles by the use of a soft cap. The novelty of his work has been recognized by the Patent Office, and it has issued him letters of patent, which authorize the free use by the Government of this very efficient armor-piercing bullet.

GEORGE MONTGOMERY,
Lieutenant Colonel, Ordnance Department, U. S. A.

Philadelphia, Oct. 30, 1916.

Two Truth Societies.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Being an ardent believer in President Wilson and a firm supporter of his re-election, I am distinctly disturbed over a misunderstanding which may easily arise in connection with the propaganda of the disloyalists against him. It is possible that some have confused the American Truth Society, the organization under which Jeremiah A. O'Leary and his aggregation are conducting part of their activities, with the Catholic Truth Society. This should not be. The former is pro-German propaganda pure and simple, while the Catholic Truth Society has a distinctly religious purpose in disseminating the truth concerning Catholic teaching.

JAMES MOREY.

Brooklyn, Nov. 1, 1916.

O'Leary Not Representative.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am occasionally astonished to note certain remarks which aim to convey the impression that the noisy J. A. O'Leary and his associates represent the sentiment of most citizens of Irish birth or ancestry. The ill-assorted combination which opposes the re-election of Mr. Wilson does not altogether consist of men who view the conflicting interests of a troubled world from the standpoint of a disinterested American. Money has been spent here to influence opinion, and the amount of eloquence and special pleading that is always openly on the market is practically unlimited. Nearly all the voters of Hibernian extraction whom the writer is acquainted with will vote for Wilson.

Astoria, N. Y., Oct. 28, 1916. R. C. O.

WATER COLORS ON VIEW.

Work of Wm. B. E. Ranken of Royal Institute in Knoedler Galleries.

An exhibition of water colors by William B. E. Ranken, at the Knoedler Galleries, has qualities to commend it both to artists and the public. Mr. Ranken is a member of the Royal Institute of Painters in Water Colors, a rival society to the Royal Society of Painters in Water Colors, which is to hold its exhibition shortly at the American Art Galleries. He paints for the most part in pure wash and thus achieves an effect of luminosity even where his architectural subjects are dark in color and ponderous in structure.

He paints interior scenes at Blenheim Palace and the Cabinet Meeting Room at 10 Downing Street with the same relish for character and he adds to the impression of accuracy and freshness that of ponderability, a quality highly characteristic of the fabric of aristocracy in England. His American subjects are Mrs. Havemeyer's drawing room, in Thirty-fourth Street, and her drawing room on Long Island; Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney's dining room, and a bedroom in the residence of W. K. Vanderbilt.

The most aesthetically successful of the water colors is the interior of the Mosque of St. Sophia at Constantinople, where the swimming light, coming from many windows, is the real theme of the picture and is gained without sacrifice of solidity in the architectural features.

EXPLAINS ABOUT BOY-ED.

British War Trade Minister Tells Why He Got Safe Conduct.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—In the House of Commons today Carlyon W. Bellairs asked Lord Robert Cecil, War Trade Minister, why the Foreign Office had granted a free conduct to Captain Karl Boy-Ed, formerly German Naval Attaché at Washington, at the time his withdrawal was requested by the American Government.

Mr. Bellairs also asked whether Lord Robert was aware that Captain Boy-Ed was "the head of an organization engaged in forgery, murder, and arson in the United States," and was "organizing occasional U-boat operations off the American coast from Lubeck."

Lord Robert replied that the safe conduct had been given to Captain Boy-Ed in deference to the officially expressed wish of the United States Government. The British Government felt that the Captain's capacity for injuring the interests of this country was at least not greater in Germany than in the United States. The Government had no reason to regret this view.

Regarding Mr. Bellairs's inquiry in regard to Captain Boy-Ed's present activities, Lord Robert said:

"I have no reason to doubt that all Mr. Bellairs says about Captain Boy-Ed is true. Some of it is officially known to be true, but I do not think anything would be gained by announcing that no further safe conducts would be granted."

EDISON CO. OPPOSES RATE.

Brooklyn Corporation May Appeal Against Commission's Order.

It was learned yesterday that the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Brooklyn had practically decided, at a conference held last Saturday, to ask the courts to set aside the order of the Public Service Commission reducing the company's rates from 11 cents per kilowatt hour to 8 cents. The company was directed to put the new rate into effect on Dec. 1 and to maintain it for one year, when the hearing might be reopened to determine whether the rate worked an injustice to the company or whether it should not be further reduced.

A representative of the company said last night that the Directors felt the order was unfair. That part of the commission's report which fixed the value of the company's property at $22,000,000, which is $16,000,000 less than the value placed upon it by the company, aroused much bitter comment on the part of those having a big financial interest in the company.

If the company decides to appeal to the courts, an application will be made to the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court to set aside the commission's order aside.

CECIL PRAISES GERARD.

Expresses Gratitude for His Work for British Captives.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of War Trade, announcing in the House of Commons today the transfer of the responsibility for matters relating to British prisoners in enemy countries from himself to Lord Newton, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, took occasion to express "in the strongest language at my command the deep debt of gratitude which, in my judgment, this country owes to Ambassador Gerard in securing better conditions for British prisoners." Lord Robert added:

"Whatever may have been true at the beginning of the war, I believe it is no longer true that British prisoners are treated worse than those of other nationalities, and this relative decency is due almost entirely to the exertions of the American Ambassador. At the same time, I should not like to conceal from the House that conditions in some of the camps in Germany and other countries are still very far from satisfactory."

POPE PRESENTS PICTURES.

Autographed Photographs for G. B. Baker and H. C. Hoover.

ROME, Oct. 31.—Pope Benedict today received in private audience George Barr Baker of New York, a member of the American Commission for Relief in Belgium. Wishing, he said, further to demonstrate his appreciation of the work of the American Relief Committee, the Pontiff presented to Mr. Baker two autographed photographs, one for himself and one for Herbert C. Hoover, the Chairman of the commission.

The Pope expressed the hope that the plan of the commission to provide a supplementary meal for the Belgium children to save them from starvation and disease could be a success, and added that it would give a new proof of American generosity. He recently addressed an apostolic letter to Cardinal Gibbons recommending that the Roman Catholic Episcopacy, clergy and laity in the United States support the plan.

RUSSIAN BLACKLIST NOW.

Heavy Penalties Provided for Trading with Proscribed Firms.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 31.—A "blacklist," similar to the one in force in Great Britain and including the names of most of the foreign firms trading with enemies of Russia, will soon be published by the Ministry of Trade and Industry in accordance with a decision of the Council of Ministers which needs only the signature of the Emperor to become a law.

The maximum penalty for infraction of this measure will be one year and four months imprisonment, or a fine of 25,000 rubles.

The new ruling, The Associated Press is informed by the Foreign Office, is aimed chiefly at firms masquerading under neutral names, but essentially belonging to enemy countries.

Honor for 50 Years' Work.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Thomas Griffin, stationery clerk of the Department of State, rounded out half a century of service in that department today, which was also his seventy-fifth birthday.

To commemorate this dual occasion, his friends in the department presented to him a gold watch bearing the inscription, "From Friends in the Department of State to Thomas Griffin, 1866-1916, Oct. 31, 1916."

WATER COLORS ON VIEW.

Work of Wm. B. E. Ranken of Royal Institute in Knoedler Galleries.

An exhibition of water colors by William B. E. Ranken, at the Knoedler Galleries, has qualities to commend it both to artists and the public. Mr. Ranken is a member of the Royal Institute of Painters in Water Colors, a rival society to the Royal Society of Painters in Water Colors, which is to hold its exhibition shortly at the American Art Galleries. He paints for the most part in pure wash and thus achieves an effect of luminosity even where his architectural subjects are dark in color and ponderous in structure.

He paints interior scenes at Blenheim Palace and the Cabinet Meeting Room at 10 Downing Street with the same relish for character and he adds to the impression of accuracy and freshness that of ponderability, a quality highly characteristic of the fabric of aristocracy in England. His American subjects are Mrs. Havemeyer's drawing room, in Thirty-fourth Street, and her drawing room on Long Island; Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney's dining room, and a bedroom in the residence of W. K. Vanderbilt.

The most aesthetically successful of the water colors is the interior of the Mosque of St. Sophia at Constantinople, where the swimming light, coming from many windows, is the real theme of the picture and is gained without sacrifice of solidity in the architectural features.

EXPLAINS ABOUT BOY-ED.

British War Trade Minister Tells Why He Got Safe Conduct.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—In the House of Commons today Carlyon W. Bellairs asked Lord Robert Cecil, War Trade Minister, why the Foreign Office had granted a free conduct to Captain Karl Boy-Ed, formerly German Naval Attaché at Washington, at the time his withdrawal was requested by the American Government.

Mr. Bellairs also asked whether Lord Robert was aware that Captain Boy-Ed was "the head of an organization engaged in forgery, murder, and arson in the United States," and was "organizing occasional U-boat operations off the American coast from Lubeck."

Lord Robert replied that the safe conduct had been given to Captain Boy-Ed in deference to the officially expressed wish of the United States Government. The British Government felt that the Captain's capacity for injuring the interests of this country was at least not greater in Germany than in the United States. The Government had no reason to regret this view.

Regarding Mr. Bellairs's inquiry in regard to Captain Boy-Ed's present activities, Lord Robert said:

"I have no reason to doubt that all Mr. Bellairs says about Captain Boy-Ed is true. Some of it is officially known to be true, but I do not think anything would be gained by announcing that no further safe conducts would be granted."

EDISON CO. OPPOSES RATE.

Brooklyn Corporation May Appeal Against Commission's Order.

It was learned yesterday that the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Brooklyn had practically decided, at a conference held last Saturday, to ask the courts to set aside the order of the Public Service Commission reducing the company's rates from 11 cents per kilowatt hour to 8 cents. The company was directed to put the new rate into effect on Dec. 1 and to maintain it for one year, when the hearing might be reopened to determine whether the rate worked an injustice to the company or whether it should not be further reduced.

A representative of the company said last night that the Directors felt the order was unfair. That part of the commission's report which fixed the value of the company's property at $22,000,000, which is $16,000,000 less than the value placed upon it by the company, aroused much bitter comment on the part of those having a big financial interest in the company.

If the company decides to appeal to the courts, an application will be made to the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court to set aside the commission's order aside.

CECIL PRAISES GERARD.

Expresses Gratitude for His Work for British Captives.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of War Trade, announcing in the House of Commons today the transfer of the responsibility for matters relating to British prisoners in enemy countries from himself to Lord Newton, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, took occasion to express "in the strongest language at my command the deep debt of gratitude which, in my judgment, this country owes to Ambassador Gerard in securing better condit

CARLSTROM HOPES TO START FRIDAY

Weather Bureau Warnings of Variable Winds Hold Up Times Flight.

ANOTHER SUCCESSFUL TRIAL

Machine Stands Up Well Under a Full Load—Will Carry a Message to General Wood.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—Once more the vagaries of the weather have caused the postponement of THE NEW YORK TIMES nonstop aeroplane flight from Chicago to New York. Today, as yesterday, the difficulty was the unreliability of the wind, on which Victor Carlstrom, THE TIMES aviator, is depending for twenty-five to thirty miles of the 100 odd miles an hour which he hopes to make on the flight.

The disappointment today was heightened by the fact that for the greater part of the afternoon the wind in Chicago was ideal for Carlstrom's purpose, and, despite the warnings of the Weather Bureau that this was only transitory, and that variable winds such as would be of little use to the aviator must be looked for tomorrow, Carlstrom and Charles B. Kirkhan, who is in charge of the aeroplane for the Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Company until its start, were hoping up to sunset that it might be possible to get away tomorrow. But at sunset the wind died away completely, and with no promise of more to follow immediately Carlstrom realized that the area over which the wind was favorable would be small, and that he would probably be flying through a calm or through choppy winds for most of his trip.

So the flight will not take place tomorrow, and probably not on Thursday. The weather forecasts given to Carlstrom by the local bureau indicate that fresh westerly winds will rise again on Thursday afternoon in the neighborhood of Chicago and will blow all day Friday. This means that if the aviator starts at sunrise on Friday he should have favorable winds all through his course, and there is as yet no reason to expect other than favorable weather. So when Carlstrom decided this evening that it would be impossible to fly tomorrow he fixed on Friday tentatively as the date, with the reservation that if conditions should appear more favorable tomorrow night he might decide on Thursday instead.

Result of a Storm in Alaska.

Officials of the Weather Bureau explain the conditions about Chicago this week as the result of a storm in Alaska, which has produced two auxiliary disturbances here. The first and smaller of these caused the fresh winds of today, which lasted only a few hours. Perhaps forty-eight hours behind this disturbance comes the second, which will bring the strong westerly winds of Thursday night and Friday, and will be followed by a cold wave. The lower temperature following on the Alaska blizzard is expected to reach the Northwestern States on Thursday and to be in Chicago by Friday or Saturday, but the aviator, getting away on Friday morning before the disturbance has produced any manifestations except the wind, will be favored by the air currents and will, in addition, be just ahead of the uncomfortably cold weather which might make his flying at a height of six or eight thousand feet extremely difficult.

Carlstrom visited the army aviation field at Ashburn, from which his flight will start, this afternoon, and flew for a short time with the full load that the machine will carry on the cross-country flights. As in the previous trials, it stood up without indicating any weaknesses, and, so far as can be seen now, only unfavorable weather conditions can prevent the successful conclusion of the flight. This is the conclusion of the judgment of outsiders, however; Carlstrom and Kirkham, used to the uncertainties of flying and realizing that in such an unparalleled strain there is always a chance of some unforeseen weakness making itself known, are too conservative to make confident assertions as to what will or will not happen. But Carlstrom stands by the statement which he made on the day of the announcement of the trial: "If I didn't think I could get away with it I wouldn't do it," and each day's delay, irksome though it is, is regarded as only another precaution to guarantee that the flight, when it actually takes place, will have every chance of success.

More Letters for Carlstrom.

Another of the special letters which Carlstrom will carry was given to THE TIMES correspondent today by Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry, commanding the Central Department of the United States Army. It was addressed to General Leonard Wood, commanding the Eastern Department, and will be delivered to General Wood at his headquarters on Governors Island, where the aviator will land at the end of his flight.

Governor Edward F. Dunne has also included in Carlstrom's cargo a letter to Governor Whitman and one to THE TIMES. The Governor's particular interest in the flight arises from the demonstration which its success will give of the possibility of the establishment of a commercially profitable aeroplane mail and express route between Chicago and New York.

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COUDERT MARVELS AT BRITISH EFFICIENCY

Says English Have 1,500,000 Soldiers in France and 3,000,000 at Home.

The Holland-America liner Noordam arrived yesterday from Rotterdam, Falmouth and Kirkwall, with 863 passengers.

Frederic R. Coudert returned from a nine weeks' visit to the front in France, where he was the guest of General Sir Douglas Haig and General Foch. He said that the wonderful organization of the British Army impressed him more than anything else on his French tour.

"Never before in the history of the world," Mr. Coudert said, "has there been such speedy preparation. The aviation, artillery, ammunition and commissary supplies of the British forces in France are miraculous when it is considered how they started with nothing when hostilities began. England will reach the acme of her preparation for war next Spring, when she will have five guns for every one she has in the field now. There are 1,500,000 troops in France now and 3,000,000 more training in England.

"The United States could learn a great lesson on preparedness by sending army officers to study the organization of the large base camps at Calais, Etaples, Boulogne and Rouen, which I visited. As the troops arrive from England they are sent to the finishing camps at Calais and Etaples for two or three weeks to get a touch of war experience to qualify them for active service. They are initiated into trench life, wearing gas masks against gas clouds and throwing and dodging hand bombs, which has become an essential feature of modern warfare. I put on a mask and entered a trench full of gas which was almost unendurable for any length of time.

The Commissary Department of the British Army is the best equipped in the world for feeding the soldiers in the field. The men get chocolate, bacon, jams, pies, mutton, beef, vegetables, bread, tea, coffee, fruit and all kinds of little luxuries, and the Canadian troops even have chewing gum served out to them.

"The British have bases for making aeroplanes in France and turn out hundreds of machines there in addition to instructing pilots. In one place near Etaples that I visited I saw more than one hundred aeroplanes of all descriptions. It was a wonderful sight to see the aviators arriving and departing continuously to make scout flights over the German lines.

"The German prisoners I saw looked happy, and are well fed. I spoke to some of them who had been at Contalmaison, and they described the fire of the British artillery as 'irresistibly hellish.' The battle was over just as I arrived on the scene, but I was in time to see the attack at Thiepval.

"It was wonderful to go through the German lines after they had been evacuated and see how the British gunners had destroyed what was considered the strongest fortification in Europe. The Curé of Contalmaison told me with tears in his eyes that he had been unable to find any traces of his old parish church on account of the deadly effect of the gunfire.

"When the war began the Germans were afraid to surrender to the British because they believed they would be slaughtered; but now that letters have been written home by prisoners telling how well they are treated and fed, the men give themselves up gladly, and are surrendering in hundreds daily, for the German soldiers are tired of the war.

"I was amused to read in THE NEW YORK TIMES that von Hindenburg had said that France was dying. Verdun has been won by the French forces, and deserters are coming over from the enemy's swarms daily. The French Army has reached its acme of efficiency and is organized to take full advantage of its victories and to minimize the effect of its losses. Germany is not beaten yet, and, if her defeat has to be effected by military force, officials of the Allies predict that the war may last another two years yet. No matter whether it is two, three or five years longer, the British Army will go on in the stubborn, steady, slow, sure way to the end which is so characteristic of the race."

DRESSMAKERS AT ODDS.

One Sues Other for "Copying" Models Eliciting an Unkind Retort.

The Boue Soeurs, a firm of French dressmakers with a branch at 13 West Fifty-sixth Street, filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday against Hickson, Inc., of 661 Fifth Avenue for $25,000 damages and an injunction to restrain the defendant from copying or exhibiting certain gowns alleged to have been obtained from their store by a woman posing as a customer.

The complaint states that the plaintiffs have been importing to this country exclusive models of gowns and capes designed by them in their Paris store at 10 Rue de la Paix, which bear their mark, "Boue Soeurs," and that Hickson, for the purpose of "palming off" the plaintiffs' importations as its own, caused a woman representing herself as Mrs. R. Bill to purchase certain gowns and a cape which she said she was buying for herself.

The plaintiffs allege that the buyer of the wearing apparel delivered it to the defendant, which took out the plaintiffs' marks and exhibited the articles as its own importations and the work of persons other than the plaintiffs. This, it is alleged, caused them $25,000 damage, and they seek an injunction to prevent any further exhibition of the articles.

It was denied last night on behalf of Hickson that there was any truth in the plaintiffs' charges. A representative of the defendant said the suit was the result of spite work because Mr. Hickson had declined to engage the plaintiffs in his business. Max D. Steuer, counsel for the defendant, said:

"The filing of the suit is an effort on the part of the plaintiffs to obtain advertising at the expense of Hickson. We do not regard the suit seriously. No injunction has been granted, and none will be."

MAILS ON A SPACE BASIS.

Change in System of Paying Railroads Went Into Effect at Midnight.

Transportation of mails on a space basis of pay instead of a weight basis was begun at midnight on most of the railroads throughout the country. E. M. Norris, Superintendent of the Railway Mail Service in the Second District, said that as the department had been working on the new schedules for weeks, he could see no reason why the mails should not be delivered as promptly as usual.

Mr. Norris had carefully estimated the amount of space needed on each mail-carrying train, and the contracts were made in Washington accordingly. Additional contracts will be made for extra space when it is required during the Christmas season. Supt. Norris said one advantage to the department of the new system would be the facilities offered for keeping records of the amount of mail handled in the different districts and over the various routes.

In order to handle the mails under the new space system, the Lackawanna Railroad has established a new bureau, known as the Mail Traffic Department, and has obtained as Mail Traffic Agent Henry Foulkes, now Chief Clerk to Supt. Norris.

Their 15th Wedding Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred P. Gardiner will celebrate their fifteenth wedding anniversary on Monday evening, Nov. 6, by giving a large reception and dance at their home, 14 West Eighty-sixth Street.

A Daughter to Mrs. Gordon Bunker.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Bunker of Summit, N. J., are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter. Mrs. Bunker was formerly Miss Caroline N. McFarlan, and is a niece of Dr. Louis Livingston Seaman.

Mt. Sinai Hospital Alliance Dances.

The Mt. Sinai Hospital Alliance gave a dance last night at the Hotel McAlpin. Hawaiian music was played throughout the evening, and there was general dancing. Among those in charge of the affair were Melvin J. Sackerman, Emil Landau, Samuel Reiner, and the Misses Ruth Davidson, Dora Marks, and Viola Levy.

$85,817,067 EARNED BY STEEL IN QUARTER

Year's Total to Oct. 1 $227,655,739, Compared with $79,118,508 in 1915.

1 PER CENT. EXTRA DIVIDEND

Corporation Earns in Record Quarter Enough to Pay Annual Rate of $49.80 on Common Stock.

The Steel Corporation earned $85,817,067 net in the quarter ended Sept. 30, $4,691,000 more than in the second quarter, which established a high record. The showing was considered satisfactory in the financial district when made public yesterday, although expectations were voiced a few weeks ago of at least $90,000,000. These extra-optimistic hopes were toned down in recent days through the receipt of information from the steel trade that mill operations in July and August had been considerably restricted by hot weather.

The Directors declared at their quarterly meeting yesterday an extra dividend of 1 per cent. on the common stock, the same as three months ago. This was in line with predictions in conservative Wall Street quarters. The usual disbursements of 1¼ per cent. on the common and of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred stocks were ordered, the former, together with the extra, being made payable Dec. 30 and the latter on Nov. 30.

The tremendous strides taken by the steel industry in recent months were illustrated by the earnings reported by months. In July the net income of the corporation was $25,650,000, smaller by $2,600,000 than in June, but nearly $8,000,000 greater than the best month of the first quarter. In August the figure advanced to $29,746,903 and in September to $30,420,038, far and away the best month in the corporation's history. September brought in more by nearly $8,150,000 than the entire third quarter of 1914 and about $18,000,000 more than the first quarter of that year.

In the following table the quarter's results are set forth, with comparisons, and the net earnings by quarters for three years to date:

	Quarter Ended Sept. 30, 1916.	Quarter Ended June 30, 1916.	Quarter Ended Sept. 30, 1915.
Net earn....	$85,817,067	$81,126,048	$38,710,644
Dep., f., &c.	10,614,659	9,745,826	8,664,853
Net. income.	75,202,408	71,380,222	30,045,791
Int., U. S. bds & prem	5,601,283	5,673,062	5,703,631
Balance	69,601,175	65,706,200	24,342,100
Div. pf.	6,364,919	6,364,919	6,364,919
Div. com.	5,583,781	5,583,781	.....
Extra div.	5,083,025	5,083,025	.....
Surplus	51,859,450	47,964,585	18,037,241

NET EARNINGS BY MONTHS.

	1916.	1915.	1914.
January	$19,794,912	$16,563,554	$1,687,150
February	31,190,926	18,990,998	6,638,378
March	22,722,816	17,677,966	7,132,081
1st q'ter.	$60,713,624	$51,232,518	$12,457,609
April	25,433,078	7,386,409	6,620,979
May	21,354,990	9,320,376	6,845,823
June	28,147,472	11,343,070	6,090,894
2d q'ter.	$81,126,048	$27,950,035	$20,457,396
Half year	141,839,672	40,407,884	38,451,377
July	25,650,006	12,048,218	7,475,998
August	29,746,913	12,860,099	7,384,920
September	30,420,158	13,795,327	7,215,085
3d q'ter.	$85,817,067	$38,710,644	$22,276,002
Nine months	227,656,739	79,118,508	60,727,979

The balance of $63,296,256 left for common stock dividends after the preferred dividend had been set aside was equal to 12.65 per cent. on the junior shares. This meant that the corporation produced a profit in the quarter which, if maintained for a full year, would amount to $49.80 for each of the 5,083,025 shares. In view of this imposing display, it is seen that the Directors were acting conservatively in keeping the common stock dividend rate on what amounts to an annual basis of $9 a share.

Heavier wear and tear on plants from the pressure of business than in other quarters was indicated in the statement made by the reservation of $10,614,659 for the depreciation account, compared with $9,745,826 in the June quarter, and $3,664,853 in the September quarter of last year. Apparently this appropriation represented the product of capacity operations in the second quarter, as the mills were not so active in July and August as in May and June. A number of plants in the early Summer, according to steel men, worked at 110 per cent. of rated capacity.

All of the eighteen Directors except J. P. Morgan and George F. Baker, attended the meeting, Mr. Morgan being in Europe. The meeting lasted only a quarter hour, the shortest session of the year.

NO EUROPEAN 'DUMPING.'

Dr. Pratt Says There Will Be No Flood of Low-Priced Goods.

The belief prevalent in many quarters that the United States will be flooded with low-priced European products at the close of the war was attacked last night by Dr. Edward E. Pratt, Chief of the Federal Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, at the annual banquet of the American Manufacturers' Export Association, held at the Hotel Biltmore. E. M. Herr, President of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company and President of the association, presided. With him at the guests' table were the members of the American Industrial Commission, headed by W. W. Nichols, Chairman of the commission and Assistant Chairman of the Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company; Chairman Edward N. Hurley of the Federal Trade Commission, and others.

Dr. Pratt said that he believed the dumping theory to be based on a worn-out and obsolete conception of American national economy and he presented the latest available statistics to prove this.

"As a matter of fact," said Dr. Pratt, "I believe that Europe will be less able to compete with the United States at the conclusion of the war than ever before. What are the actual conditions in Europe at the present time? Stocks of all kinds of goods are literally exhausted. I am informed that the shelves in wholesaid and retail establishments are stripped and that machinery of obsolete design is being pressed into service."

SOCIETY'S CHARITY SHOP.

"Zahrah" to be Opened for Trade Tomorrow at 1 East 49th Street.

A novel undertaking, unique in the annals of charity affairs and sponsored by society women, will be formally launched tomorrow when a fashion shop, to be known as "Zahrah," opens its doors for trade at 1 East Forty-ninth Street.

A company has been incorporated to run the establishment, and it is distinctly a charity organization, the proceeds to be divided among several American and European charities.

Mrs. Harry H. Duryea is President of the Company, Mrs. Benjamin S. Guinness Treasurer, and Mrs. Julian L'Estrange Vice President.

The shop is to be run on strictly business lines, and the idea is to give the public something for its money when contributing to the various charities. The profits are to be divided among the St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, Virginia Day Nursery, the Millicent Sutherland Ambulance, and the Three Arts Women's Employment Fund of London, and other organizations. The books are to be duly audited, and will be open to those interested in the work of the charities.

Tourists from Panama and Cuba.

Among those arriving yesterday from Panama and Cuba on the Pastores were:

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Bloch, Alfred Caldwell, Miss Sara Caldwell, Mrs. Martha Burrage, Mrs. E. Bonnefoy, Albey Bonnefoy, Mr. and Mrs. William Ferris, Mrs. G. Hull, Roy Ferguson, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Carrington, Charles Elder, Sumner Davenport, and Edward Chasteney.

GEN. HWANG SING KILLED.

Chinese Commander Who Was Prime Mover of Rebellion of 1911.

CHESTER, Pa., Oct. 31.—General Hwang Sing, commander of the First Army of the Chinese Republic, has been killed, according to a cablegram received here today.

General Hwang Sing was formerly Provincial Minister of War, Commander of the Southern Army, Military Chief of the Southern Fukien, and President of the National Senate. He was credited with being the moving spirit of the rebellion of 1911, but recognized Dr. Sun Yat-sen as head of the reform movement and accepted for himself the office of Vice-President of the new republic. Later General Hwang opposed Yuan Shi-kai, the President, who was reported to have put a price of $100,000 on his head.

General Hwang fled from China and came to New York in 1914, for the purpose, as he said, of studying American governmental methods. Later General Hwang returned to China. While in New York he was severely criticised by Professor Jeremiah W. Jenks of New York University, who said the General had come here to raise money. General Hwang replied to Professor Jenks, and for a time the controversy was of interest to those conversant with Chinese affairs.

General Hwang was active from his earliest years in opposition to the Manchus and was credited with having brought about the overthrow of that dynasty.

GEORGE HANDY BATES DEAD.

International Law Expert and Ex-Democratic Leader in Delaware.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 31.—George Handy Bates, expert on international and constitutional law, author of legal textbooks, and formerly Democratic leader in Delaware, died at his home here today in his seventy-third year. During the Cleveland Administration, in 1888, he was appointed special envoy in the negotiations with England and Germany over the ownership of the Island of Samoa.

Mr. Bates was a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania and the Harvard Law School, and was admitted to the bar in 1869, after which he opened his offices in Wilmington, Del. In 1881 he was elected to the Delaware Legislature and the year after was Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Silas G. Pratt, Composer.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 31.—Silas Gamaliel Pratt, a concert pianist and composer, who wrote the "Centennial Overture" and dedicated it to General U. S. Grant, is dead here in his seventy-first year. He was a native of Addison, Vt., and studied music in Chicago, later going abroad, where he spent two years at Weimar as a pupil of Liszt. Mr. Pratt's first completed symphony was produced in Berlin in 1871, and in the Winter of that year he returned to Chicago and organized the Apollo Club. He also organized and directed the Chicago grand opera festival. Later he removed to New York, and at the Columbian Exposition in Chicago was in charge of the American Day program, where he directed a chorus of several thousand voices.

Elting A. Fowler.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 31.—Elting A. Fowler, head of the Washington bureau of The New York Sun, died this afternoon in the Hahnemann Hospital here, in his thirty-seventh year. He was born in Caledonia, N. Y., and was a graduate of Princeton University. Mr. Fowler became connected with The Sun in 1904, and in 1910 was attached to the Washington office. He was a member of the Gridiron and University Clubs of Washington, the Princeton Club of New York, and the Columbia Country Club.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN OSLER FACKLER of 420 West Forty-fourth Street, who built organs for many churches in this city, died yesterday in St. Vincent's Hospital in his seventy-sixth year. He was born in Harrisburg, Penn. Three sisters survive him.

HENRY HERPERS, a retired member of Herpers Brothers, one of the oldest jewelry manufacturing firms in Newark, N. J., died yesterday at his home there in his sixty-seventh year. He retired ten years ago.

GEORGE A. BECHTEL, a resident of Staten Island for many years, died yesterday at his home in Rosebank in his seventy-sixth year. He was an organizer of the old Staten Island Fire Police, and left a widow and daughter.

ALEXANDER J. SUTHERLAND, a building contractor, and formerly for six years Deputy Superintendent of the Poor of Westchester County, died yesterday in St. Joseph's Hospital in Yonkers in his fifty-eighth year. He was a resident of Yonkers.

Major R. LIVINGSTON LUCKY, a member of the Old Guard for more than thirty years, died yesterday at his home, 550 West 157th Street. He was born in this city, and was connected with the Columbia Bank for thirty-two years.

HORACE HARRISON FRY, 75 years old, a civil war veteran, died on Sunday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Frank C. Thompson, Fry and Rollis, at 1,636 Atlantic Ave. in Philadelphia. For a quarter of a century he was with an iron concern in Philadelphia, and for thirty-five years he was manager of a department for Henry Frankenberg, a yarn and linen house.

Mrs. CATHERINE VIRGINIA KNOWLTON, widow of James A. Knowlton, who had a large engraving business in Manhattan, died of pneumonia on Saturday at her home, 852 Clinton Street, Brooklyn. She was 72 years old, and left a son.

HERMAN STEINICKE, a retired jeweler, for more than forty years in business in the Eastern District of Brooklyn, died on Sunday at his home, 26 Cooper Street, Brooklyn, aged 71 years.

WILLIAM H. BAUSHER, employed as bookkeeper for City Marshal John Wagner of Brooklyn, and himself at one time a City Marshal, died from heart disease on Sunday at his home, 344 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 65 years old, and was formerly active in Republican politics.

WILLIAM M. WHITE, 74 years old, a retired grocer, of Brooklyn, died at his home, 973 Greene Avenue Brooklyn, on Sunday.

Mrs. ELLA JANE COX, wife of George M. Cox, engineer of the Church Charity Foundation buildings for the last thirty years, died on Sunday at her home, 1,636 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 58 years.

CHARLES GOSLING, a retired jewelry manufacturer of Manhattan and long a resident of Brooklyn, died at his home in Milburn, N. J., on Sunday at the age of 65 years. Mr. Gosling was a native of London, England, and became a member of Plymouth Church, in Brooklyn, when Henry Ward Beecher was the pastor. He was one of the organizers of the old Pioneer Boat Club on Gowanus Creek. He left a widow, five sons, and three daughters.

WINCHESTER B. SMITH, 60 years old, a commission merchant in Manhattan, died on Monday at his home in Summit, N. J. Mr. Smith was formerly a resident of Brooklyn and is survived by his wife, three sons, and a daughter.

Mrs. EMMA BROWN NORTH, wife of Dr. Nelson L. North, and active in church work in Brooklyn, died on Monday at her home, 159 Hancock Street, that borough, in her fifty-fourth year. Besides her husband, she left a daughter, Miriam K., and two sons, Nelson L., Jr., a lawyer in Brooklyn, and Richard.

Mrs. MARY MONAGHAN, wife of Gilbert Monaghan, died yesterday at her home in Orange, leaving also two sons and a daughter.

Mrs. EMMA LOUISE EVANS, widow of Valentine Evans, a resident of the Oranges for many years, died on Monday at her home in East Orange, N. J., in her seventy-first year.

Mrs. MARGARET McCARTNEY, widow of Thomas McCartney, a resident of Bloomfield, N. J., for many years, died yesterday at her home there, leaving a son and daughter.

Mrs. KATHLEEN SILVERMAN, wife of Edward Silverman, and a resident of Carlstadt, N. J., died yesterday in St. Luke's Hospital, in this city, in her forty-second year.

FRANCIS C. DOHERTY, for many years owner of a furniture store here, is dead at his home in Rutherford, N. J., in his sixty-first year.

Mrs. ELIZABETH LAWSON ROCHESTER, wife of John H. Rochester, died on Sunday at her home in Rochester, N. Y., in her eighty-fourth year. She was born in Vicksburg, Miss., and was a daughter of the late Rev. George L. Moore, a Presbyterian clergyman. Mrs. Rochester is survived by a son, Paul A. Rochester, of this city.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE S. SEE, mother of the late Rev. Edwin F. See, formerly General Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association of Brooklyn, died on Sunday at her home, 348 Adelphi Street, in that borough. She was the widow of J. Benedict See.

Dr. BENTLEY JAY BONNELL, a dentist, died on last Saturday at his home in London, England, according to cable advices received by his sister, Mrs. Alexander McKirgan, of East Orange, N. J. He was a member of the Junior Constitutionalist Club of London.

PASTOR RUSSELL DIES IN TEXAS TRAIN

Brooklyn Tabernacle Divine Expires from Heart Disease on His Way to New York.

HIS CHURCHES WIDECAST

Minister's "Miracle Wheat," Which Was Supposed to Produce Wonderful Crops, Gave Him Publicity.

CANADIAN, Texas, Oct. 31.—Charles Taze Russell, pastor of the Brooklyn Tabernacle, and known all over the country as "Pastor Russell," died from heart disease at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon on an Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé train, en route from Los Angeles to New York. He complained of feeling ill after leaving Los Angeles, his secretary said, and gradually grew worse. The end come while the train was stopped at Pampa, Texas, near here. His body is being sent to Kansas City, Mo.

Pastor Russell, who was President of the Watch Tower Bible and Tract Society of Pennsylvania, of the International Bible Students' Association of London and the Peoples' Pulpit Association of New York, was in his sixty-fifth year. He was an independent minister, and was born in Pittsburgh, receiving his education from private tutors. Pastor Russell began his work as an independent minister in 1878, in Pittsburgh.

At the time of his death he was pastor of churches all over the country from Maine to California, devoting the greater part of his time to the Brooklyn Tabernacle. Pastor Russell traveled nearly 30,000 miles each year in pursuance of his pastoral duties, including a trip to London, Eng., in connection with the work of the London Tabernacle congregation, of which he was pastor.

He always disclaimed being the founder of a new religion and he interpreted the punishment of the Bible as eternal death and not eternal torture.

Pastor Russell first came to this city in 1900, when he removed from Philadelphia, and bought the old Bethel Chapel, at 17 Hicks Street, under the Brooklyn Bridge, in Brooklyn, and called it the People's Church. Not long after his congregations overflowed this little edifice and he rented the Brooklyn Academy of Music for his Sunday services.

In addition to being pastor of many congregations, Pastor Russell's Sunday sermons were published in about 2,000 newspapers. He was the author of a series of books of "Studies of the Scriptures," of which more than 700,000 copies were published each year since 1886. Pastor Russell was also editor of The Watch Tower and Herald of Christ's Presence, a semi-monthly journal of large circulation.

He received much publicity for several incidents of his life. One of these was in connection with the "Miracle Wheat," which was supposed to give wonderful crops and which was said to come out of the Tabernacle by some mysterious process. There was a certain amount of scandal connected with this, and Pastor Russell sued The Brooklyn Eagle for $100,000 damages for a story published about it in that paper. During this suit it was brought out that the millennium was due in the Fall of 1914—at about the time the European war started.

In addition to other things, Pastor Russell came into prominence when his wife sued him for divorce, and on June 8, 1909, he paid her $6,036 alimony following a court order handed down in Pittsburgh. When he first arrived in Brooklyn Pastor Russell attracted favorable attention by abolishing Hell. In this doctrine he said that he was only indorsing the belief of "Honest Abe" Lincoln, the martyred President.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born

GOLDBERG.—Mr. and Mrs. Mark E. Goldberg announce the birth of a son on Tuesday, Oct. 31, 1916.

KOHN.—Mr. and Mrs. R. V. Kohn of Cedarhurst, L. I., announce the birth of a daughter on Monday, Oct. 30.

Engaged.

LEWIS—APPLEMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Appleman of Kansas City, Mo., announce the engagement of their daughter, Sara, to Mr. Abram J. Lewis, son of Mrs. Joseph Oshinsky.

LOWY—PRESSLER.—Estelle Pressler to Florian Lowy.

Married.

MORRILL—ELLIOTT.—On Saturday, Oct. 28, at St. Bartholomew's Church, Brooklyn, by the Rev. Frank Townley, Dorothy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Elliott, to Amos Morrill of New York.

Brooklyn.

McINNES—DODGE.—Oct. 30, Helen Dodge to Hamilton McInnes, son of the late Rev. Hamilton McInnes.

MERKLEIN—KAY.—Oct. 30, Marie Kay to Ludwig Merklein.

Died.

AVERY.—James E., suddenly at St. Johnsland, Long Island, Oct. 30, aged 79. Interment at Woodlawn.

BARSE.—John Frederick Barse, son of William Barse and Rebecca Pixley Barse, in his 65th year, on Saturday, Oct. 28, 1916, at Spring Lake, N. J. Funeral services on Monday, Oct. 30, at 2 P. M., at Trinity Church, Asbury Park, N. J.

BECHTEL.—At his late residence, Clifton, S. I., Oct. 31, 1916, George J. Bechtel, in his 75th year. Funeral services from St. John's Church, Rosebank, S. I., Friday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

BELKNAP.—At Newburg, N. Y., Tuesday, Oct. 31, 1916, Helen Kerr, wife of William Cook Belknap. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 112 1st St., on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment at Cedar Hill Cemetery.

DURYEA.—Suddenly, on Monday, Oct. 30, 1916, Elise F., wife of Albert Van Duryea. Funeral services at her late residence, 114 South Broadway, Nyack, N. Y., Thursday, Nov. 2, at 3 P. M. Train leaves Jersey City, 1:29 P. M., via Erie Railroad.

EDGAR.—At West New Brighton, S. I., Alienetta Francis Edgar, youngest daughter of David A. and late Marietta Francis Edgar. Funeral services from her late residence, 371 Bement Av., Thursday, Nov. 2, at 2 P. M. Interment Moravian Cemetery.

FACKLER.—Oct. 30, at St. Vincent's Hospital, N. Y., John Osler Fackler, brother of Mrs. Harriet McCarthy and Mrs. John R. Nutt of Harrisburg, Penn., and Mrs. James C. Corbett of Rochester, N. Y. Remains at Funeral Parlor, 14 E. 59th. Interment at Harrisburg, Penn., Thursday, Nov. 2, at 3 P. M. Harrisburg, (Penn.,) papers please copy.

GRAVES.—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Sunday, Oct. 29, 1916, Artie Alta Graves, beloved wife of William P. Graves. Funeral services at her late residence, 62 Saratoga Av., Yonkers, N. Y., Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

GRINNELL.—On Tuesday, Oct. 31, 1916, Sophie Van Alen, daughter of the late James I. Van Alen and widow of the late Robert Minturn Grinnell of New York City. Funeral services at the Church of the Transfiguration, 29th St., between 5th and Madison Aves., on Thursday, Nov. 2, at 11 A. M. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery. Motor cortege. Paris and Boston Herald please copy.

HOLMES.—At East Orange, N. J., on Sunday, Oct. 29, 1916, Francis B. Holmes. Funeral service at Grace Church, Orange, N. J., Wednesday, Nov. 1, 3:30 P. M.

HUDSON.—Of pneumonia, Oct. 30, 1916, Sarah H. Hudson, widow of the late George Hudson, in her 76th year. Funeral service at her late residence, 8 East 129th St., Wednesday, Nov. 1, 1:15 P. M.

HUTTON.—Infant son of Dr. Lefferts and Esther Whitney, born Oct. 29, died Oct. 30, 1916.

JACOBS.—On Oct. 31, 1916, after a brief illness, Henry Jacobs, beloved father of Louis and Sidney Jacobs, Mrs. Milton Greenhall, and Mrs. Nathan Joseph. Funeral from his late residence, 600 West 116th St., Thursday morning, 10 o'clock.

JONES.—William A., aged 57 years, after a lingering illness. Funeral service under the auspices of Excelsior Lodge, No. 186, F. and A. M., at the funeral parlors of William J. Minor, 112 East 29th St., Wednesday, Nov. 1, at 2 P. M. Denver, Col., papers please copy.

JOSEPH.—Carrie R., on Oct. 30, 1916, beloved mother of Joseph H. and Ray Joseph and Mrs. B. S. Kahn. Funeral services from her late residence, 1,432 East 10th St., Brooklyn (Flatbush), on Wednesday, Nov. 1, at 11 A. M. Interment Cincinnati, Ohio. Tennessee and Cincinnati papers please copy.

LIPZKA.—On Tuesday, Oct. 31, 1916, Irma Lipzka, beloved aunt of Amy F. Hilska and Mrs. Henrietta H. Stanton. Funeral services at her late residence, 34 Dry Harbor Road, near Myrtle Av., Glendale, L. I., on Thursday, Nov. 2, at 3 o'clock P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

LUBY.—On Monday, Oct. 30, Emily Louise, wife of James Luby and daughter of the late John J. Huber. Funeral services at 30 Clifton Place, Jersey City, Wednesday, Nov. 1, at 11 A. M. Interment private.

LUCKY.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Oct. 31, 1916, at his residence, 550 West 157th, Major R. Livingston, beloved husband of E. Addie Duhalin.

MAITLAND-DOUGALL.—On Oct. 31, in Vancouver's Island, Frederick Herliot Maitland-Dougall, son of the late Admiral William Maitland-Dougall, R. N., and Elizabeth Stark Dougall, and husband of the late Bessie Hopkins of Savannah, Ga. Interment in Vancouver's Island.

MARKELL.—On Tuesday, Oct. 31, Emma Judd Markell, wife of the late Jacob Markell. Funeral services at her late residence, Greenport, L. I., Friday, Nov. 3, at 1:30 P. M.

MERRELL.—At Upper Montclair, N. J., Tuesday, Oct. 31, 1916, Mary B. Merrell. Private funeral services will be held at her home, 184 Bellevue Av.

MORRIS.—On Oct. 30, 1916, Francis Irving, son of the late James and Sarah Morris, age 72 years. Funeral services at St. Agnes Chapel, New York, 6th Av. near Columbus Av., Wednesday, Nov. 1, at 2 o'clock. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

MOSCHCOWITZ.—Oct. 30, Joseph, beloved husband of Pauline Moschcowitz (nee Cohn) and devoted father of Louis and Julia Moschcowitz. Funeral services at the Harlem Funeral Chapel, 208 Lenox Av., Wednesday, Nov. 1, at 2 P. M.

MULFORD.—On Sunday, Oct. 29, 1916, Armstrong Mulford, in his 64th year. Funeral services at his late home, 123 Netherwood Av., Plainfield, N. J., Wednesday, Nov. 1, at 2:30 o'clock. Interment in Hillside Cemetery.

MUNN.—On Sunday, Oct. 29, 1916, in the 83d year of her age, Mary A. Munn, wife of the late Benjamin Munn and mother of Adelene Munn. Funeral services at St. Michael's Church, West End Av. and 81st St., on Wednesday, Nov. 1, at 2:30 P. M.

NORTH.—On Monday, Oct. 30, 1916, Emma Brown, beloved wife of Dr. Nelson L. North, in her 53d year. Funeral from her late residence, 159 Hancock St., Brooklyn, at 2 P. M., Thursday, Nov. 2, 1916. Interment Cypress Hills Cemetery.

PAUL.—Oct. 31, after a lingering illness, Sarah, beloved wife of David A. and mother of Harry, Birdy, Rose Rogow, Hattie Weiss, Walter, and Grace. Funeral from her late residence, 38 West 113th, Thursday, Nov. 2, at 2 P. M. Interment Machpelah Cemetery, Cypress Hills.

PECKHAM.—On Oct. 30, 1916, Annie Aertsen Keasbey, widow of Wheeler H. Peckham. Funeral services at her late residence, 683 Madison Av., on Thursday, Nov. 2, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at Albany, N. Y.

PHELPS.—Suddenly, on Oct. 30, at Roosevelt Hospital, George Alexander Phelps, in the 44th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at 10:15 Thursday morning at the Huguenot Memorial Church, Pelham Manor, N. Y. Conveyances will meet train leaving Grand Central Depot at 9:15 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

QUORT.—On Tuesday, Oct. 31, 1916, Catherine, widow of Louis Quort and sister of the late Joshua Spedon, aged 91 years. Funeral services to be held at the home of her daughter, 494 Decatur Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday evening, Nov. 2, 1916, 9 o'

RADICAL CHANGES PROPOSED IN A. A. U. REGULATIONS BEARING ON AMATEURISM

A. A. U. CODE URGES PURE AMATEURISM

Striking Revisions in Constitution to be Submitted to Convention on Nov. 20.

MANY RADICAL PROVISIONS

Supervisors of Sports, as Well as Athletes, Affected—May Give Up Control of Women Swimmers.

Providing for a sweeping house cleaning of amateur athletics, which means practically every sport not controlled by any central body other than the Amateur Athletic Union, the Committee on Revision of the Constitution of that organization yesterday made public the new constitution which, with the report of the Legislation Committee, will be presented for adoption at the annual convention of the A. A. U. at the Waldorf-Astoria on Nov. 29.

Containing more radical provisions than even the most ardent amateur connected with track and field sports and other games controlled by the A. A. U. could hope for, the provisions of the proposed constitution go at least as far in the interest of clean and pure athletics as the stringent regulations adopted during the Winter and Spring by the pioneer Intercollegiate Association of Amateur Athletes of America, the United States National Lawn Tennis Association and the United States Golf Association.

In the sincerity of its efforts to eliminate every possible taint of professionalism from amateur sport, the A. A. U. Committee on Revision not only provides for "amateurism on the field of competition," but also for "the governing of athletics by amateurs." In other words, it would bar from handling the reins of amateur legislation or supervision any person not a strict amateur. It would keep from the A. A. U. conclaves any man designated as a delegate who was listed as a professional. This is one of the sternest regulations in the new code, and is probably one of the few about which a fight will be waged at the coming convention.

Lines Up with Previous Action.

In line with the sentiment expressed by the general sports conference called last December by the Intercollegiate Association, the Amateur Athletic Union Committee, of which Seward A. Simons is Chairman, has adopted the entire definition of an amateur, the acts of disbarment, and the pardoning power clauses which were ratified by the general convention. The entire act, changed only slightly to conform with its own needs, has been lifted bodily into the proposed A. A. U. constitution and designated as Article X.

Some of the most important new regulations proposed by the Committee on Revision, which have long been hoped for by lovers of true amateur sport and which were delayed until a wave of feeling recently swept the country, follow:

The barring from the councils of the Amateur Athletic Union of every delegate who cannot present a clean bill of amateurism.

The adoption of the following definition of an amateur, which was accepted by every organization represented at the I. C. A. A. A. A. conference: "An amateur sportsman is one who engages in sport solely for the pleasure and physical, mental, or social benefits he derives therefrom and to whom sport is nothing more than an avocation."

The acts of disbarment, which put under ban any athlete guilty of fraud, who competes for money, who coaches for money, the capitalization of athletic fame, and the engaging for financial benefit in any occupation in which an athlete's usefulness arises from publicity given to his reputation.

The adoption of the pardoning power clauses, which fit to the crime the punishment an athlete must suffer for being guilty of any act entailing disbarment.

This latter measure is ultra-radical from the A. A. U. viewpoint, for it will allow of the reinstatement of a professional coach after a period of five years beginning from the time he gives up the occupation, who heretofore has been ever under the ban of the Amateur Athletic Union.

The provision which will permit one member of the Board of Governors from any association to cast the full vote of that association—unless the other members decide against the action—in a letter to the Secretary.

The adoption of an additional provision which protects the right of college students to represent educational institutions in cases where the college term closes prior to June 1, and in instances where college attendance is not required in consecutive semesters.

Legislative Committee's Views.

The Legislative Committee of the A. A. U. of which Justice Bartow S. Weeks, also a member of the Revision Committee, is Chairman, has inspected the proposed code and has made several recommendations on its own part.

The most important of these is that the Amateur Athletic Union give up entire control of women's swimming, leaving the game where it was two years ago without a national organization. The code of the Committee on Revision provided for the continuance of supervision by the Amateur Athletic Union of swimming among women and for the registering of women swimmers, Justice Weeks's recommendation would do away with both.

The Legislation Committee also recommends that no member of the Board of Governors be allowed to cast more than one vote, which would nullify the suggestion of the Committee on Revision that any member be permitted to cast the full vote of his association.

One of the most important features of the proposed new code is that which would give to the Board of Governors, not the National Registration Committee, the power to reinstate any athlete who has lost his registration card through some violation of the rules, provided, of course, that he has done penance enough to be purged of his sin.

To many officials of the Amateur Athletic Union the question of barring as a delegate to the national convention any person other than a strict amateur is the most important and most radical provision made by the Simons committee. The regulation covering this point reads: "Every active member must elect annually six delegates to represent it at meetings of the union, and such delegates must be amateurs and members in good standing belonging to such member, and may also elect six alternates of such delegates, who must be amateurs and members of its own, or of any active member's clubs; except that no member of the Board of Governors shall be elected an alternate, and in no case shall any delegate or alternate represent more than one active or allied member."

Vexing Questions Would Arise.

This rule, which appears likely to raise a storm of disapproval from many A. A. U. quarters, would eliminate from the Amateur Athletic councils several of its most active workers. What will constitute an amateur when it comes to election of delegates is not prescribed, but the candidate will undoubtedly be subjected to the same stringent rules which will be applied to competing athletes. It is probable that most of the new code will be accepted, but not without opposition.

In practical terms, the proposed constitution would bar from the amateur ranks, temporarily or forever, as the act may warrant, any athlete coming under the following headings in respect to transgressions:

A. One who has competed in any competition under an assumed name, or who has been guilty of any fraud or other grossly unsportsmanlike action.

B. One who directly or indirectly derives pay or financial benefits as a reward or consideration for participating in any sport or in any public competition or exhibition, or who disposes of prizes for personal gain.

C. One who directly or indirectly receives pay or financial benefits for instructing or preparing any person for any exhibition or competition in any sport, when such act was not merely an incident to his main vocation or employment.

D. One who grants or sanctions the use of his name to advertise or promote the sale of, or to act as the personal solicitor for the sale, or as the actual salesman of sporting goods, prizes, trophies, or other commodities for use chiefly in or in connection with games or exhibitions in any sport.

Or, one who engages for financial benefit in any occupation wherein his usefulness or value arises chiefly from the publicity given or to be given to the reputation or fame which he has gained from his performances in any sport rather than from his ability to perform the usual duties incident to such occupation or transaction. This is capitalization of athletic fame.

This latter clause would put the ban on athletes who write signed articles for newspapers, who solicit trade for jewelry houses, and who hold various positions with sporting goods firms.

Clause Affecting Golf Players.

E. One who participates in an exhibition or competition as an individual and not merely as a member of a team against one or more ineligible persons, without having obtained special permission to do so from the organization governing such competition or exhibition, unless it is the general practice or custom in such sport for such character of competition or exhibition. (This means that an amateur golfer could compete in an open tournament against a professional, yet not bar himself from competition as an amateur on the cinderpath.)

One who competes on a team upon which there are one or more members who have received, do receive, or will receive money, directly or indirectly, for participating, without having before obtained the consent in writing from the National Registration Committee. (This refers to Summer baseball, a question which long has agitated and baffled amateur athletic authorities.)

One who participates in any competition or exhibition as a member of a team against another team one or more members of which are ineligible to compete as amateurs in the sport in which the participation occurred, unless the team competed against represents a well established organization, and also unless the contest or exhibition is in a generally recognized sport and either between groups or players participating at one time, or consists of a series of individual contests which, both as to the number and character thereof, constitute a generally recognized series of standard events.

The power of pardoning, which is wide in scope, is intrusted to the Board of Governors in the following terms: "The Board of Governors shall have the power to relieve a person of the effect of his commission of any of the acts by reason of which he would cease to be eligible to compete as an amateur, when it is shown to its satisfaction that such act was committed through ignorance (of the character, not the consequences, thereof) inadvertence, or excusable error, or was committed in a sport in which there was at the time of commission no general competition by amateurs, or was made obligatory by military authorities."

The Unforgivable Transgressions.

The most important point in connection with the pardoning power is that the bars will never be raised for any athlete who is guilty of fraud or who competes for money—in the latter case, in any sport over which the A. A. U. has jurisdiction. In instances where the infringement occurred in a sport not governed bythe A. A. U., the Board of Governors may reinstate after five years.

In the case of coaches, where it is satisfactorily shown that the breach did not occur in a sport controlled by the A. A. U., a man might be reinstated at the discretion of the governors, or if the act did occur in an A. A. U. sport the coach might be reinstated five years after he has agreed to violate the rules no longer.

One who has capitalized his athletic fame may get back into good standing after he has proved good faith in giving up the illegal pursuits—illegal so far as amateurism is concerned. For violations of Clause E penalties of a year's suspension will be inflicted.

The main outstanding feature of the recommendations made by the Legislation Committee is that calling for the abolition of control over women's swimming. This measure will not be put through without a fight, however, for there are many who believe the sport has been ably controlled by the Amateur Athletic Union.

Justice Weeks's committee, in its recommendations for changes in the regulations of competition, advises the return to the old drawing system in boxing and wrestling, inasmuch as the Boston method has proved a failure. The committee wants the draw to take place after all the preliminary and semi-final rounds.

The committee would also suspend any boxer or wrestler who enters a tournament and then fails to compete; would have the extra rounds in a boxing bout three minutes instead of two; would substitute a five-mile run for the hop, step, and jump on the indoor track championship program, and would add to the official championship program the pentathlon, decathlon, steeplechase, all-around, and relays at a quarter, half, mile, two miles, and three miles.

THIRTY-ONE GAMES LISTED.

Schedule of Intercollegiate Basket Ball League Announced.

Play for the Intercollegiate Basket Ball League championship will begin on Dec. 19, when Princeton meets Cornell at Ithaca, as revealed by the schedule for the coming season, announced yesterday. Thirty-one games in all have been listed by the Eastern Intercollegiate authorities, but only thirty will be included in the title round robin of home and home games. The extra contest will be an exhibition between Princeton and Yale at New Haven on Feb. 6. The season will close on March 14 with the playing of the Princeton and Yale game at New Haven.

The University of Pennsylvania five, which captured the title last season, will not go into action until Jan. 13, when Columbia will visit Philadelphia for the opening of Pan in Quakertown. The complete schedule is as follows:

Dec. 16, Princeton at Cornell; Jan. 6, Dartmouth at Pennsylvania; Jan. 9, Dartmouth at Yale; Jan. 9, Columbia at Cornell; Jan. 13, Cornell at Yale; Jan. 13, Columbia at Pennsylvania; Jan. 13, Princeton at Dartmouth; Jan. 15, Cornell at Dartmouth; Jan. 19, Yale at Columbia; Jan. 19, Pennsylvania at Princeton; Jan. 23, Yale at Princeton; Jan. 23, Pennsylvania at Cornell; Jan. 27, Cornell at Princeton; Feb. 6, Princeton at Yale, (exhibition and does not count in championship standing;) Feb. 10, Columbia at Dartmouth; Feb. 12, Dartmouth at Columbia; Feb. 12, Pennsylvania at Yale; Feb. 16, Cornell at Columbia; Feb. 17, Yale at Pennsylvania; Feb. 24, Princeton at Columbia; Feb. 24, Cornell at Pennsylvania; Feb. 27, Pennsylvania at Dartmouth; Feb. 27, Columbia at Yale.

March 2, Dartmouth at Princeton; March 2, Pennsylvania at Columbia; March 3, Yale at Cornell; March 5, Dartmouth at Cornell; March 6, Columbia at Princeton; March 10, Princeton at Pennsylvania; March 10, Yale at Dartmouth; March 14, Princeton at Yale.

The official basket ball guide, containing the joint rules which provide a uniform code under which collegiate, A. A. U., and Y. M. C. A. teams will play this season, will be issued today.

The rating of officials is being tried for the first time this year by the Officials Committee. Officials are rated at A and B grades, the former being the more competent and experienced. The B men will be rated higher as their work improves.

WILL START BASKET BALL.

Coach Merner Calls First Columbia Practice for Tonight.

Carl J. Merner, the new coach of the Columbia basket ball team, who succeeded Harry A. Fisher, has called the first practice for this evening. Manager Henry E. Hochette has practically completed his schedule, and the first game will come early in December. Two members of the squad, Captain-elect A. B. Wilber and J. A. Healy, both veterans, will not be able to report regularly until after the football season. Healy is Captain of the gridiron team. Other veterans are Latour and Roberts, forwards; Leonard, centre, and Littauer, guard.

NICK YOUNG, ONCE LEAGUE HEAD, DIES

Was Pioneer in Professional Ball and President of Older Circuit for 22 Years.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Nicholas E. Young, one of the pioneer figures of the national game of baseball in America, and from 1881 until 1903 President of the National League of professional baseball clubs, died this morning at the home in this city of his son, Robert H. Young, 1,626 Newton Street, Northwest. Mr. Young, who was 76 years old, had been an invalid for the past four years. He attended most of the games played here by the Washington Club of the American League until his health failed, and never relinquished his interest in the sport he had so greatly helped to develop. As "Uncle Nick" Young he was known to lovers of baseball the world over.

Mr. Young was the son of Almarin T. and Mary Miller Young, and was born in Amsterdam, N. Y., Sept. 12, 1840. He moved while still a small boy to Old Fort Johnson, the former baronial home of Sir William Johnson, at Aken, N. Y., and built before the French and Indian war by that famous colonist. While living there he attended the public school and academy at Amsterdam.

His father was a miller and contractor on a large scale, and with him the son worked until 1862, when he enlisted in the Thirty-second New York Infantry and with that regiment and later with the United States Signal Corps served until the end of the war and engaged in all the important battles of the Army of the Potomac.

His taste for athletics, which was later to bring him such well-deserved prominence, was developed at an early age. He showed unusual ability on the local cricket club, playing against Canadian organizations both in this country and in Canada, and was but 18 years of age when selected as a member of the New York State team picked to play against the New York City Club in 1858.

He was a member of the Olympics and Secretary and manager of the famous old Nationals, for whom the present American League team is named. In 1872 he managed the Lord Baltimore Club of Baltimore and two years later the Chicago National League team. In 1871 Mr. Young issued a call for the first meeting of professional clubs to be held March 17 in New York. The National Association was formed and he was elected its Secretary, which position he held until the National League superseded that organization. He then became Secretary of the latter, serving in that capacity throughout the Presidencies of Governor Bulckley, William A. Hulbert, and A. G. Mills.

In 1881 he was elected President of the National League, and served continuously until 1903, when he was succeeded by Harry Pulliam, then of the Pittsburgh Club. Mr. Young's Presidential term included the famous Brotherhood war of 1890, the conflict with the old American Association a year later, and the troubles incidental to the establishment of the present American League.

In 1872 Mr. Young married Mary E. Cross of this city. He is survived by her and by four children, as follows: Robert H. Young, Dr. Hulbert Young of Baltimore, Ford E. Young, and Mrs. Lee Crandall, Jr.

JOHNSON DISPUTES FULTZ.

Denies Players Are Not Paid When Incapacitated in Game.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—B. B. Johnson, President of the American League, today disputed the charge by David L. Fultz, President of the Baseball Players' Fraternity, that ball players in the American League were not paid while incapacitated through injuries received while playing. The charge was made by Mr. Fultz recently in his demands for new conditions made on the National Commission. Johnson today telegraphed Fultz to produce the contracts or retract the charges.

TO HONOR COLUMBIA NINE.

Dinner for Team Which Lost Only One in Nineteen Games Last Spring.

Recognition of Columbia's 1916 baseball team will be given by the Athletic Association on Nov. 22 at a complimentary dinner at the Columbia University Club, Gramercy Park. The nine last Spring went through a schedule of nineteen games with only one defeat and led all colleges in team averages.

Among the speakers will be Captain Robert W. Watt and George Smith, both of whom signed with big league teams after the close of the college season late in June. Smith is on the pitching staff of the New York Giants and Watt, the property of the Detroit Americans, was loaned to the Newport News club of the Virginia League.

ORDERED TO STAGE BOUT.

Boxing Commission Acts Forcefully in Moha-Weinert Case.

At a meeting in the offices of the New York State Athletic Commission at 41 Park Row yesterday afternoon, the Show Corporation, conducting boxing bouts in Madison Square Garden, was ordered to hold the match between Bob Moha and Charles Weinert before scheduling any other bouts, and to pay each of these boxers $500 in addition to what the original contract called for.

Chairman Wenck, Commissioner Dwyer, and Secretary Mathewson listened to long arguments by Harry Pollok, manager of Weinert, and Patsy Callahan, Moha's manager. Although every officer and employe of record in the Show Corporation had been requested to appear by Secretary Mathewson, none of them was in attendance.

Chairman Wenck said the State boxing law gave the commission all the powers of the Supreme Court in the matter of serving subpoenas and inflicting penalties for non-appearance. Mr. Wenck said he would discuss the failure of the Show Corporation officials to appear with the Attorney General's Office today before deciding what the commission's next move would be.

Edward E. McCall, receiver for Madison Square Garden, was also served with a notice to appear, but was not represented at the meeting.

The commission decided to award cards or badges to all former members of the State Athletic Commission, making them honorary inspectors for life, and entitling them to free admission to all boxing clubs.

COWLER WINS ON POINTS.

English Heavyweight Boxer Has Better of Brennan.

Tom Cowler, the big English boxer, upset all forecasts at the Broadway Sporting Club of Brooklyn last night when he hammered and battered his way to a victory over Bill Brennan, the Chicago heavyweight. His margin of victory at the final bell was slight, it is true, but it was there.

In the early rounds Cowler was slow in getting warmed up, and Brennan found him a comparatively easy mark for his stinging left hand jab. From the fourth to the sixth session honors were about even. In the seventh round, however, Brennan spurted and several times rocked Cowler's head with a right hand uppercut. He was slow in following up the advantage, and Cowler came back in the eighth and tenth rounds and earned the honors by his aggressiveness.

Columbia Cub Harriers Lose.

A. Schnars, formerly of the Hotchkiss School, finished first yesterday in the Columbia freshmen-St. Benedict's School cross-country run over a three-mile Riverside Drive course. He led all the way and finished thirteen seconds ahead of J. Nolte of St. Benedict's team. The school boys won on team points, scoring 30 to the freshmen's 55.

RUNES HEADS FAST FIELD.

Captures National Handicap on Getaway Day at Laurel Track.

LAUREL, Md., Oct. 31.—The most successful season of Autumn racing ever held at the Maryland State Fair track closed this afternoon with an excellent card, the feature of which was the National Handicap, to which the association added $2,500.

After the last race today Colonel Matt Winn was asked if he was satisfied with the sport and the way the patrons have supported his plant.

In reply the manager said: "Without exception this has been the finest season we have ever had since I have been connected with the Laurel track. The attendance has passed all previous records. As regards the racing, it has been better than we ever had before. The fields have been larger and the thoroughbreds of a higher class. The mutuel machines have proved entirely satisfactory, and the play at times simply astonishing."

The Mirasol Stable's Runes won the National Handicap, defeating James Butler's Spur and Harry Payne Whitney's Borrow, which came along in the order named.

The summaries, with straight, place, and show odds:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling, purse $700; one mile. Time—1:41 2-5.
Glory Belle, T. J. Smith's ch. f., 106 pounds, by Glorifier-Clara Belle, $9, $4.80, $3.50. (F. Robinson).....1
Lord Byron, C. K. Moore's b. c., 104, $5.90, $3.20. (W. Kelsay).....2
Kentucky Boy, W. W. Loney's ch. c., 104, $7.80 third. (C. Dishmon).....3
Napoleon, Burbank, Great Dolly, Sweeter Than Sugar, Highway, and Lady Bob also ran. Ponce De Leon, and Barbara B scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-olds; handicap; purse, $600; six furlongs. Time—1:13. Battle Abbey, A. Miller's b. c., 106 pounds, by Hastings-Busy Lass, $6.90, $3.20, $2.80. (A. Schuttinger).....1
Brooklyn, F. D. Docter's b. c., 113, $3.70, $3.10. (J. Butwell).....2
N. K. Beal, J. F. Cleaver's ch. c., 110, $5.50, third. (E. Ambrose).....3
Manokin, Keitz, and Ophelia W., also ran.

THIRD RACE.—For all ages; selling handicap; purse $700; one mile. Time—1:39.
Preston Lynn, M. Zimmer's ch. g., 5 years, 104 pounds, by Dick Wells-Animosity, $15.80, $6.10, $3.20. (R. Harrington).....1
Between Us, Camden's b. g., 4, 115, $3.80, $2.60. (C. Dishmon).....2
St. Charicote, S. Lewis's ch. g., 4, 110, $2.60 third. (F. Robinson).....3
Fair Helen, Hands Off, and Stalwart Helen also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; the National Handicap, with $2,500 added; one mile and a furlong. Time—1:50 2-5.
Runes, Mirasol Stable's br. c., 4 years, 109 pounds, by Voorhees-Chiffle, $32.20, $9.80, $4.50. (T. Parrington).....1
Spur, J. Butler's b. c., 3, 120, $3.10, $2.50. (A. Schuttinger).....2
Borrow, H. Whitney's b. g., 8, 120, $3.20 third. (F. Robinson).....3
Short Grass and Flittergold also ran. King Neptune, Daddy's Choice, and Goldcrest Boy scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For all ages; selling; purse, $700; one mile and twenty yards.
Pharaoh, W. T. Ryan's br. h., 8 years, 113 pounds, by Meddler-Hatasoo, $15.80, $6.30, $5.20. (W. Doyle).....1
Rose Juliette, L. M. Morris's ch. f., 3, 104, $6.20, $4.10. (F. Robinson).....2
Tie Pin, J. S. Ownbey's b. g., 4, 113, $5.20 third. (Lisa).....3
Young Emblem, Afterglow, Dinah Do, Orotund, Linda Payne, Tom Hancock, Sendel, and Scorpii also ran. Blackford, Southern Gold, and Life scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse $700; one mile and a sixteenth. me—1:45 3-5.
Nigel, R. F. Carman's b. g., 3 years, 108 pounds, by Sempronius-Alluda, $11.10, $4.90, $3.20. (J. Butwell).....1
Jem, B. Matheney's ch. g., 4, 108, $4.70, $2.90. (B. Kleeger).....2
Virile, Stajer's ch. g., 6, 117, $3 third. (F. Robinson).....3
Goldcrest Boy, Brave Cunarder, King's Oak, and Yodeling also ran. Ambrose scratched.

SEVENTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; selling; purse $700; one mile and a quarter. Time—2:08.
G. M. Miller, R. F. Carman's b. g., 9 years, 116 pounds, by Lisak-Subdue, $4.60, $3.20, $2.60. (J. Butwell).....1
High Tide, P. Duffy's ch. g., 6, 106, $5.20, $3.20. (A. Schuttinger).....2
Fairly, C. F. Brant's b. g., 5, 107, $4.20 third. (B. Kleeger).....3
Menlo Park, March Court, Armament, and Voluspa also ran.

RACING AT PIMLICO TODAY.

Seven Events, Including Steeplechase, to be Run Each Day.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 31.—Under the auspices of the Maryland Jockey Club, racing will start tomorrow at the historic Pimlico plant, which is situated well within the confines of the Monumental City. The course is the oldest in the State, and the meeting always attracts many spectators who do not visit the other tracks.

With the slogan, "No purse less than $700," there is every likelihood that the fixture will get away to a good start. In several of the races the added place of fourth will warrant horses being raced right up to the finish in order to gain that award, which is not usually forthcoming to any outside the money.

With the best interests of the sport at heart, officials of the Maryland Jockey Club have eliminted those forms of selling races which have given opportunity for some persons by reason of their greater wealth, influence, or other advantages to violate successfully the correct principles governing such races, and in lieu are offering a variety of free selling handicaps and claiming races, which it is hoped will afford equality of opportunity to all who enter their horses in these events.

There will be seven races each day, including a steeplechase, the latter course being one of the best in the country. All the races for tomorrow have filled well, and the class of horses which will run guarantees some fine contests.

The entries and weights follow:

FIRST RACE.—Maiden two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Mae Murray, 115; Scandent, 115; Howard Webber, 115; Daybreak, 112; Flora Finch, 112; Lottery, 115; Monomony, 115; Swoon, (imp.,) 115.

SECOND RACE.—Inaugural Steeplechase; four-year-olds and upward; claiming; two miles. Kenworthy, 131 pounds; Early Light, 152; Gloucester, 131; Frijolee, 152; Sixty Four, 139; New Haven, 152; Racebrobk, 152; Kilix, 136; Dom Moran, 131.

THIRD RACE.—The Arlington Purse; two-year-olds; six furlongs. Fairy Wand, 107 pounds; Berthier, 110; Night Owl, 110; Arnold, 115; Intriguer, 110; Courtship, (imp.,) 115; Reprobate, 115.

FOURTH RACE.—Maiden two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Onwa, 115 pounds; Bond, (imp.,) 115; Tyrant, (imp.,) 115; Dandy Dude, 115; Hickory Nut, 112; Hail Columbia, 115; Leading Lady, 112; Kalitan, 115.

FIFTH RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; six furlongs. Golden List, 108 pounds; Plummer, 108; Blue Cap, 106; Goodwood, 116; Alhena, 116; Thesiere, 116; Gloaming, 128; *Dervish, 114; Ting-a-Ling, 111.

SIXTH RACE.—The Wicomico Purse; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and an eighth. *Sand Hill, 114; Success, 106; *Golden Gate, 106; *Lady Teresa, 115; Rake Off, 108; Sky Pilot, 110.

SEVENTH RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and forty yards. Maxim's Choice, 120 pounds; Fonctionnaire, (imp.,) 93; *Buzz Around, 107; Handful, 106; Soldier, 120; *Repton, 98; *Peaceful Star, 95; *Gibraltar, 100; *If Coming, 93; Sandel, 103.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

SOREHEADS IN ELI CREW.

Seven of its Eight Skulls Bumped by Low Bridge.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 31.—While rowing at high speed up the harbor late today the coxswain of the second Yale freshman shell misjudged the unusually high tide and seven of the eight oars men struck their heads against one of the low arches of the Chapel Street bridge. The men were nearly knocked out of their seats, and the frail craft narrowly escaped capsizing. A medical examination disclosed that none of the injuries was serious.

Yorkville A. L. Reorganizes.

At a meeting held last night the Yorkville Athletic League, with ten clubs as members, was reorganized, and will resume activities during the coming cross-country season. The following officers were elected to serve until the first of next year: President—James F. O'Connor, New York A. C.; Vice President—W. D. Bunny, East Side Y. M. C. A.; Treasurer—S. Crino, St. Bartholomew A.C.; Secretary—J. Glasser, St. Thomas's Club. The first run of the league will be held on Sunday from the Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A.

TIGER THE TARGET FOR HARVARD'S AIM

Work of Crimson Eleven Is Now Directed Entirely Toward the Battle of Nov. 11.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 31.—The Harvard football forces were gathered in the Stadium again this afternoon and were pointed in earnest toward the Princeton game, to be played on Nov. 11. The unusual importance of this year's Cornell match made the coaches willing to prepare for it with a single mind, but now the team enters into the last four weeks of the campaign, and with regard only for Princeton and Yale.

The Tigers' poor showing against the Dartmouth team last week did not serve to make the Harvard football mentors underestimate the work they have before them in order to beat the Jerseymen again this year. Last year the teams were evenly matched at Princeton, and that the Tigers have a veteran team this Fall while Harvard has a green one is by no means forgotten. Harvard expects the Princeton team to pick up fast in the next week and a half, and also feels certain that Yale will have its best team in years this Fall.

The work in the Stadium today was entirely between the 'Varsity players and the substitutes. So far Harvard has shown very little variation in its play, although there was a slight shift from straightaway football against Cornell.

The fact that the coaches regard both Yale and Princeton more seriously than for the past few years naturally means that the team here will make every effort to have a game ready that is not built up along the usual lines. Harvard's plans for the two coming games will be guarded closely.

This afternoon the first-string players had some hard work, but with no idea of scoring. The scrubs, as usual, are getting ready to demonstrate Princeton's plays, and these will be tried out in due time. In the line-up today Sweetser was at right tackle instead of Caner, while, with Clark back in his regular place on the right wing, Snow was at left guard in Dadmun's place. The Harvard leader, however, will be back soon after a good rest. Murray had charge of the team at quarter in Robinson's absence, while Bond and Willcox were in the first set of backs.

CORNELL BARS ONLOOKERS.

Dread of Scouts Given as Reason—Changes in 'Varsity Line-Up.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Oct. 31.—None but the coaches and subs will be allowed in the Schoellkopf stadium for the remainder of the Cornell season, Dr. Sharpe announced today. This rule was put into effect for the first time this afternoon; and will be strictly enforced for the remainder of the season. The chief reason given for this drastic move is that there have been too many scouts hovering around the Cornell camp. In the Harvard game the Crimson team seemed to solve the Cornell formations with ridiculous ease.

The Varsity team this afternoon, with several changes, went through a tough scrimmage practice, and started the working out of the later season plays to be aimed at Michigan and Pennsylvania. Gillies, left tackle; Benedict, left half back, and Miller, left guard, were out of the line-up today. In Benedict's place Speers played; Sutton was at tackle, and Babe Taylor played at guard. These changes and others may become permanent as the result of the poor showing of a number of the regulars in the Harvard game.

NEW QUARTER AT PENN.

Jimmy Bryant Pilots 'Varsity with Snap During Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 31.—Fighting hard for a chance to direct the field play of the Penn eleven, little Jimmy Bryant, a sophomore, from Battle Creek, Mich., showed surprising ability when he was tried for the first time as 'Varsity quarterback, in practice, on Franklin Field this afternoon. Jimmy injected what his mentor, Bob Folwell, called pep, as he sent the Red and Blue warriors through their plays. So sooner was one manoeuvre completed than he started another, and the players were kept on the alert every second.

Folwell is now thinking seriously of using Bryant at quarter against Lafayette. Bell and Light have had chances in preference to the Westerner, who made good the few minutes he was in play against Pittsburgh last Saturday. Howard Berry was at full back in the praice. His punting was up to his average and he said he felt no effects from his injured leg.

ARMY TRIES NEW PLAYS.

Innovations for Notre Dame, However, Lack Smoothness.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, Oct. 31.—The Army resumed its heavy work on the gridiron today. Tacking and punting occupied the attention of Daly and his advisers in the early part of the matinée, and for an hour the team was sent driving up and down the field. During the scrimmage work the 'Varsity showed dash, but lapsed into raggedness on several occasions. Place and Vidal carried the ball most of the time. The new formations and plays designed for the Notre Dame game on Saturday were thoroughly tried out, but it was evident that they need some polish before they can be used effectively. An improvement in the interference for the runner was noticeable today, when the backfield man carrying the ball was taken well past the line of scrimmage each time in the brush with the scrubs.

AMHERST DEVELOPING LINE.

Perfection of Forward Pass Also Part of Work for Trinity.

Special to The New York Times.

AMHERST, Mass., Oct. 31.—Well satisfied with the showing against Wesleyan on Saturday, Coach Riley started his men on a hard week's work, which, it is hoped, will result in a defeat of Trinity, Amherst's next opponent. Perfecting the line play, developing a substitute backfield, and getting an effective forward pass into working order are expected to be the chief activities of the week.

Little scrimmage beyond dummy line work against the scrubs was on today's program. The line was coached carefully in the defensive game, and held its ground well. In practice in forward passing Forbes showed ability on the receiving end as well as hurling a number himself. Washburn and Dennis, a sub, caught Bodenhorn's fast throws in good style. In the backfield, Schmid, centre the early part of the season, has apparently cinched a place at half back, after playing that position in the Wesleyan game with only one day's practice. Captain Goodrich and Full Back Melcher were given a rest, and Perkins went through signal practice as a half back.

Mrs. Ryan Wins at Baltusrol.

Women golfers of the Baltusrol Golf Club held their weekly tournament on the club's links yesterday afternoon, competition for three prizes constituting the program. In a bogie contest Mrs. F. B. Ryan, Cranford, carried off the honors, finishing 1 up. Mrs. Roberts, Short Hills, accounted for the putting prize. The prize offered for the smallest number of putts on the various greens went to Mrs. S. F. Nash.

SIGNS OF FATIGUE AT YALE.

Legore and Galt Are Laid Off Because of Overwork.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 31.—Slight signs of overwork and fatigue were apparent in the condition of several members of the Yale eleven today, largely produced, it is believed, by the unseasonably hot weather. Galt and half back Legore were laid off, Alfred Rosener, the former end, replacing Galt, and Joe Neville filling Legore's place. Since half back Bob Bingham has not returned from his week's vacation, caused by an attack of sore throat, Harold Carey was at left half back.

Neville and Carey figured in the chief ground gaining exploits, Neville taking the ball across the goal line for the only two toucadowns scored, going through guard on both occasions for about ten yards. Carey broke through the line for one gain of twenty-five and another of fifteen yards, and Smith got around end for one fifteen-yard gain. Because of the players' tired condition only ten minutes' scrimmaging was ordered. During the first minute the 'Varsity, which was opposed by the third eleven, was held on downs, but after a lecture by Head Coach Tad Jones, they carried the ball fifty yards in consecutive small gains for the first touchdown, and ninety yards for the second.

Guard Galt went to the infirmary this afternoon, and either Rosener or John Callahan, the former centre, is expected to be tried out at right guard Saturday. It was learned that the case of water on the knee which sent full back Emil Jacques to the infirmary yesterday will prevent his playing before next week.

McCABE TRIED AT QUARTER.

Metcalf Testing Substitutes for Raimondo at Columbia.

Coach Metcalf tried out a substitute quarterback at the Columbia practice yesterday, initiating McCabe as a possible understudy for Raimondo, who was injured in the Williams game. Raimondo was on the field in uniform, but his damaged shoulder will not permit him to engage in hard practice for several days and perhaps not for the Stevens game on Election Day.

Metcalf also alternated Cochran, right half back, with Fred Dunn, the right end. Dunn played in the rear line last season on the Freshman eleven and Metcalf plans to continue the new combination for a thorough test for the next few days.

Van de Water, who was injured before the first game and who was out for three weeks, got his first assignment to the 'Varsity yesterday. There was no scrimmage, but Metcalf kept the entire squad out on South Field so late that a white ball had to be employed.

FORDHAM SHOWS POWER.

Strong Scrub Eleven Melts Before Attack by 'Varsity.

With its scrub team showing as much strength as any of the other college elevens it has met this year, even including Lafayette, the Fordham 'Varsity displayed a form yesterday that makes the Maroon chances look considerably brighter for its big game of the season against Georgetown at Fordham Field next Tuesday. Starting with the kick-off of the practice game, which took up most of the session, the regular team paraded down the field for a score. The second team men tried hard, but they seemed powerless before O'Connell, the Maroon full back, and Erwig and Sweetland, who rounded the ends almost at will.

After the first touchdown Gargan gave the 'Varsity the ball at the 15-yard mark, and again it was carried across on four plays. Six times the same tactics were used, and resulted in scores. In spots the scrub team went beyond the expectations of the coach, Paul Conklin at tackle showing up exceptionally well. It is probable that a change may take place by Tuesday. The 'Varsity used several of its new plays for telling gains. Before the practice game the squad was put through a secret drill in the inclosed Varsity field. Later in the afternoon experiments were tried in developing a goal kicker, the big need at Fordham. Dempsey and Corcoran both scored from the 45-yard mark.

N. Y. U. SUB BACKS SPEEDY.

Mackenzie Only Regular in Lineup, but Combination Gains Well.

Despite a backfield composed virtually of substitutes, the New York 'Varsity team yesterday found the scrubs no greater opposition in the short scrimmage held on Ohio Field. The regulars penetrated the second team's defense time and again for substantial gains. Ted Cann played a half back position on the 'Varsity, and made the first score on a line plunge from the 15-yard line. Here Coach Eustis had the 'Varsity work up the field. Before darkness ended the practice they crossed the scrubs' goal line again, when Carroll, the left end, fell on a fumble from a play on the 1-yard line, following a 10-yard plunge by Cann. The backfield lined up as follows: Hammerschlag, Horigan, Cann, and Mackenzie. Mackenzie was the only regular in the quartet. Howard Cann, the Violet's kicker and backfield mainstay, was in togs, but his injured shoulder prevented any participation in the practice.

WESLEYAN WORKOUT HARD.

Strenuous Preparations Begun for Game with Williams.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Oct. 31.—After the light workout of yesterday the Wesleyan University football team settled down to real work this afternoon in preparation for Williams. Practice this afternoon consisted of a hard dummy drill by the whole squad, where plays and formations of offense and defense were tried out. Coach Kenan has this year inaugurated a system of dummy drill, in which man-like dummies replace the men of the squad. In this way injuries have been kept at a minimum, and every man is in excellent shape.

Near the close of the afternoon a real live scrimmage was held with the freshman eleven. The 'Varsity showed the same fight which has been characteristic thus far this season, and made many gains through the line and around the ends. No new formations or plays will be developed for the Williams game, but every effort will be made to perfect those already on hand. Saturday's game revealed another drop-kicker in Captain Deetje when he booted the ball over from the thirty-five-yard mark.

New Head for Y. M. H. A. League.

After serving as the head of the Metropolitan League of Young Men's Hebrow Associations since the formation of the organization several years ago, Felix M. Warburg retired at the annual meeting held Monday night at the Ninety-second Street Branch Headquarters. As successor to Mr. Warburg as President the league elected Abraham Shiman of the Mount Vernon Division. Other officers chosen were: First Vice President, Cecil B. Ruskey; Manhattan; Second Vice President, William Sugarman, Borough Park; Treasurer

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(C) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—547—Rome Railway and Light Co. v. Floyd County, Ga., et al.—Motion to advance submitted for appellees.

46—Minerals Separation, Ltd., et al., petitioners, v. J. M. Hyde.—Argument concluded for petitioners.

48—Long Sault Development Co., plaintiff, v. H. D. Call, (as successor of J. J. Kennedy,) as Treasurer of the State of New York.—Reargued.

51—F. J. Kane, plaintiff, v. the State of New Jersey.—Argument commenced.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Nov. 1: Nos. 54, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 66, 68, and 70.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Room 227, 2d Floor, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

No day calendar.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Court Room 1, Woolworth Bldg., 12th Floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Equity: Kintner & Barrett<Atlantic Communication Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—Room 837, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury Calendar.

No day calendar.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Room 823, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar for argument.

Cutler Mail Chute<Am Mailing Device Corp.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 2 P. M. in Room 823, P. O. Bldg.—Motions.

Ebenig<Morris.
Weller Coal<Car Coast Fuel Co et al.
Remswich<Erie RR.
Nakasuka<same.
Namawich<same.
Carroll Towing Co<Barge Senator et al.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10 A. M. in Room 813, P. O. Building—Admiralty call calendar.

Ward<Ferryboat Washington.
O'Brien Bros<CNY et al. (2.)
Belefrid<CNY, Oren.
Michael et al<SS Farom.
Fox<Steamtug Stamford et al.
Robbins D D & B Co<Pierce Bros.
Auditore Stev Co<SS Malsey.
Plymouth Trans Co<Barge W N Bavier.
White Star Tow Co<Barge Kingdon.
Reckland & Rockport<NYC 29 et al.
Cosmo<SS V Constantinos.
D F Bush Co et al<SS Rosarance.
Re SS Bellagio.
Owen<Gov Brooks.
Cahligh V R Co<Trustee Transfer 17.
Doty<Margaret M.
Smith<Satellite, &c.
Coast Trans Co<CCNY.
Re Peerless.
Shewan & Son<Olympia et al.
Mansen<Compenalia, &c.
Bunker Con<Ninkerte, Atlantic Timberland<Gilbert.
Jordan<Cornell S'boat.
Bradley Imp<SS Tanadores.
Royal Dutch W IM<Sup Bowker 2.
White<Upper Hudson Stone Co.
M Heine & Sons<J Bernard.
Healey<P J T T.
Livingston et al<Louis Ruzga.
Miles<Hokendaqua et al.
Newtown Creek T Co<Milston.
Olsen<Anousla.
Brown D D Co<Barge L W Francis.
Same<Barge J R Newlin.
Atlantic & Caribbean<Caribbean Petrol Co.
Shotter<Com Chapin.
Shotter<Consuella.
Jensen<Zelandia.
Re Limitation of Coal Boat 32.
Johnson<Sullivan Rawin.
Rudolph Co<Downer.
Hughes, Jr<Kings Co Iron Fdy D Co<Kiki vessel.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 813, P. O. Building—Equity calendar.

Hageman<Weber.
Goldstein<Pellicano.
Standard Oil Photo Products Co.
Ebel Process Co<Tidewater P Mills.
Parsons, trust<Maul.
Taylor Printing et al.
Rioclardelli<Kohn.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

DECISIONS.

First National Bank of High Bridge, N. J., aplt., v. Hudson et al.—Motion to cancel undertaking denied on the ground that this court has no jurisdiction in the matter.

Re petition of Municipal Corps, et al., respts., relative acquiring title &c., for lyrees Avenue T and Avenue U, &c.<McLean and others, appellants, and others, defts. Onsonta Light and Power Co. v. Schwarzbaum et al., aplts.; Goldschmidt, aplt., v. Travis; re judicial settlement of account of Titus et al., exrs., &c., of Mich'l Farom.
Fox<Steamtug Stamford et al.
Robbins D D & B Co<Pierce Bros.
Auditore Stev Co<SS Malsey.
Plymouth Trans Co<Barge W N Bavier.
White Star Tow Co<Barge Kingdon.
Reckland & Rockport<NYC 29 et al.
Cosmo<SS V Constantinos.
D F Bush Co et al<SS Rosarance.
Re SS Bellagio.
Owen<Gov Brooks.
Cahligh V R Co<Trustee Transfer 17.
Doty<Margaret M.
Smith<Satellite, &c.
Coast Trans Co<CCNY.
Re Peerless.
Shewan & Son<Olympia et al.
Mansen<Compenalia, &c.
Bunker Con<Ninkerte, Atlantic Timberland<Gilbert.
Jordan<Cornell S'boat.
Bradley Imp<SS Tanadores.
Royal Dutch W IM<Sup Bowker 2.
White<Upper Hudson Stone Co.
M Heine & Sons<J Bernard.
Healey<P J T T.
Livingston et al<Louis Ruzga.
Miles<Hokendaqua et al.
Newtown Creek T Co<Milston.
Olsen<Anousla.
Brown D D Co<Barge L W Francis.
Same<Barge J R Newlin.
Atlantic & Caribbean<Caribbean Petrol Co.
Shotter<Com Chapin.
Shotter<Consuella.
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DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 813, P. O. Building—Equity calendar.

Hageman<Weber.
Goldstein<Pellicano.
Standard Oil Photo Products Co.
Ebel Process Co<Tidewater P Mills.
Parsons, trust<Maul.
Taylor Printing et al.
Rioclardelli<Kohn.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Clarke, P. J., Laughlin, Scott, Dowling and Page, JJ.—Enumerated motions at 2 P. M.

Douglass<Mordecai.
Re Leslie.
Marks<Cowdin.
Valentine<Williams.
Bystrom<Villard.
Edgar<Doyle.
Seymour<Dinning.
Clarke<A. Norton Co.

APPELLATE TERM—First Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Cohalan, J.—Litigated motions.

Robert Lewis<W J Rich Del Co, (2.)
Re Morse<Beau Site Co., Inc.
Bernstein<Columbia Ice Co.
Fernandez<Fernandez, Palm-Fechteler Co<Fechteler.
Farder<Horowitz.
Bell Print & Emg Co<Shubert Theatrical Co.
Verdicchio<McNab & Harlem Mfg Co.
Sheffield Farms-S-D Co<Dillon.
Williams<Hyde.
Treadwell<same, (2.)
Williams<same.
Treadwell<Hyde, (2.)
Rice<Henes, (2.)
List, Butcher & Ross, Inc<Kraft, (2.)
Ambrose<Mt Jasaup Coal Co.
Same<Kemmerer.
Same<Mt Jasaup Coal Co.
Bisgiolf<same.
Same<Kemmerer.
Bryan<Singer.
Little<Little.
Eder<Lindo.
Reinecke<McNeilly.
Shockley<Big Ledge Copper Co.
Fischer<Oestreicher Realty Co.
Egan<Powell, (2.)
Durham<Binghamton Cold Storage & Ice Co.
Emig Ind Sav Bank<Naughton.
CNY<Immerman.
Greenhut, Co, Inc<Tribune Assn.
Barber<Barber.
Levine<Rosenberg.
Nagle<Nagle.
Addemount<Philippine Embroidery Co.
Craven<Hicktkeff.
Robertson & Co<Cent Cuba Sugar Co.

Leavitt<Lemborn.
Enders Sales Co<A Penn, Inc.
Re Wilson.
Cukor<McFarian Motor Co.
Kaufman<Held.
Re Claussen.
Re Saldin<Ritzweb Mfg Co.
Hanus<Karsche.
Conklin<Fed Trust Co.
Bernstein<Bernsheim.
Blanchard<Johnson Bros. (2.)
Appell<Appell.
Connolly<Hessig.
Larendon<Ocean SS Co.
Guenther<Ridgway Co.
Mastriano<Mastriano.
Conklin<Fed Tr, (2.)
Painter<Fletcher.
Asche<Asche.
Shwitser<Defrey Rity.
Larendon<Ocean SS Co.
Richter<Gillette.
Cohen<Rinehardt.
Kernochan<Rosenthal.
Baron de Hirsch Fd<Berrick.

PART II.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions:

Anderson<Steinway.
Merrell<Emigrant Ind Sav Bank.
Verdicchio<McNab & Harlin Mfg.
Hale<Hale.
Ribnick<Ribnick.

Preferred causes:

Case on—Pollock<Sachs.
Case on—Phinney<Phinney.

PART IV.—No day calendar.

PART V.—Delahanty, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PART VI.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.

Harvey<Tilyou, White<Dobyns, Higgins<Aahker,

Everett<Carey. Case on.

PART III.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

Supplementary calendar.

Margolies<Cons Gas Co.
Bertolino<same.
Sheridan<King.
Cassell<NY Rys.
Winegarten<Flaum.
Susnick<P & D Weinraub.
Blanda<Steegmann.
Slavin (Masulso)<Kerrigan.

Day calendar called at 3:30 P. M. Cases to be sent to Parts IIB to XIII. for trial.

Phelan<Pere Marquette Brde<Columbia Rty.
Schlossberg<NY Rys.
Wihstutz<Saunders.

PART IV.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M.

Ampel<Rubin.

PART V.—Adjourned for the term.

PART VI.—Finch, J.—At 10 A. M.

Sullivan<Harnum.

PART VII.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M.

Murphy<Hudson & Man RR (2.)

PART VIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

Sendler<same.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Estate of:
Colly<Huntington.

Wills for probate:

Frank M Evans.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10 A. M. Case on—Ernest G W Woers.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—Litigated motions.

Shapiro<Hillquit.
Kenney<Fitzell.
Baggers<Brooks.
Barnard<Hershman.
Gluckman<Guttman.
Silberman<Gutman.
Sherrick<Adams W W Landon Co.
Harris<Landay Bros.
Hart<Slade.

PART II.—Strasbourger, J.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Ransom, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Argubnick<Rosenfeld.
Gildener<Frankel.
Shifrin<Silverstein.
Abrams<Chopak.
Epstein<Weinstein.
Kleigman<Schmidt.
Samelovitch<Nadler.
Bernstein<Malzman.
Edel<Kelmann.
Gradus<Second Ave Amusement Co.
Rosenstein<Sarnev.
Aaron<McCahill.
Zalkin<Keene.
Slavsky<Int R T.
Heath<Union Ry.
Abelow<Bradley Con.
Edelman<Weigel.
Sileo<Corsiglia.
Wishnack<Richman.
Malino<Domb.
Cooperman<Michelover, (2.)

Moffett, exr<Piel, exr.
Gilligan, trus<Decant.
Bliss, admr<Luts, impld.

The following cases will be called, but will be passed for the day, of course, if counsel on either side so requests. Applications for adjournment for more than one day should be made by affidavit in strict compliance with the rules of the court:

Neivert<Int R T Co.
Keating<3d Av Ry.
Hanley<Int R T Co.
Lipfeld<Greenberg.
Lefkowitz<William v Lustgarten & Co.
Alaimo<Calozzo.
Sternberg<Florshelmer
Stern<Gotthell.
Bergen<Hirsch.
Crew<Cent Vermont R R.
McElheny<Jackson.
Hall<Jennings.
Epstein<Finhal.
O'Hare<James Butler, Inc.
McKennis<Einstain.
Lask<Flynn.
Pfeffer<Bagdonowsky.
Epstein<Asinoff.
Peretz<Cleveland W W Laundry.

Pictorial Review Co<Oransky.
Levine<Greines.
Richmond<Sheffield Farms-S-D Co.
Hillman<Belt Line Ry
Levine<Greines.
Moskowitz<Int R T.
Zabludowsky<Henring.
Weisblatt<3d Av R R
Woodford<N Y Rys.
Maloney<Flow Rty Co
Lango<Stanley Hoisting Co.
Schoenfeld<S. Shapiro Mfg Co.
Baum<Cohen.
Parisen<Amend.
Drouilhan<Hochron, (2.)

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR.—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Lawler<Morosco.
Tru Fit System<Harry Marks Clothing Co.

Rose Costume Co<N Y Coat Co.
Case on.

PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART III.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.

Commercial calendar:

Stein<Singer.
Goldmuntz<Haskell.
Gerstenzang<Man.
Swiss Embroidery Co.

Goldstein<Devaney.
Keller<Levine.
Cornerman<State Bk, (2.)
Levy<Black.
Upper Rd Stone Co<Brady Gittarsh Con.
Gen Typewriter Exch, Inc<Schnee.
Longacre Land Co<Cohn.
Storm<Alpha Const Co.
Rothschild Rty Co<Jimod.

Hydraulic Press Buck (461 8th Av.
B. Crystal & Son<Landew Co.
J. Lein & Co<Michaelson.
Am Felt Co<Prudential Apt Co.
Esas<Lasky.
Kelly<Marinucci.
Hailey<J. J. Little & Ives Co.
Case on.

PART IV.—No day calendar.

PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VII.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A.M. Case on.

PART VIII.—McEvoy, J.—At 10 A.M. Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J.—Brown<Van Horn—Mark Goldberg.
Conner—Wallace B MacFarland.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.—McElroy<Roth—A Walker Otis.
Eugene L Bushe.
Leonard H Davidson.
R E—Theodore H Friend.
Mount-Binai—Joseph Ullman.
Mitchell—Stephen G Williams.

Bets<Berkowitz—Ireland<Gerard
Lauterbach<Moeller—Roth<Madison Av
Rankin<Cong
Karsh<

SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J.—Adams<McCready—Richard R Costello.
Raff Const—John J Lenehan.
Trust Co<Guthorn—John A Mullen.
McCreery—Mark Goldberg.
Trust Co<Pres, &c, of Bowdoin College—John J Dwyer

Schelder<Columbia

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J.—Elizabeth H Gates<Wallach—Meister Co.—Raymond Rogers. Geo Schaefer<Pauline Ledendorf—Jacob Katz. Arabella E Lewis<Chas T Wolfstein—Edward Keale. Angeline Combe<Ike Fleischer—John McGee. Hilda Worthington Smith<Marie Kuhrs—Harry Stellinger. Emma T Wagrich<Morris S Klein—Harry Keale. Wendham R Co<Peter J McCoy, (2.)—William L Walker. Excelsior Sav Bk<Clara B Fowler—Henry Keale. Same<Rose Israel—Chas A Hickey.

SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J.—Henry B Wolrych<Anthony C Brew—Benj H Irving.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM, (Chambers.)—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM.—Mullan, J.—Motion Calendar.

Frank<Connally.
Freedman<Freidman.
Remington<Galliani.
Schifer<F Williams Co.

Ruhl<Fischer.
Kaubert<Mackently.
German Sav Bank<Melzarge.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mullan, J.

Wade<Wade.
Josephson<Josephson.
Galliano<Galliano.
Siegel<Siegel.
Green<Green.

Finck<Finck.
Norman<Norman.
Angell<Angell.
Frank<Frank.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Giegerich, J.

Gevais<Hirschman & Bieler, (2.)
Dalton<McCormick.
Ryan<Heins Ex Co.
Oppenheimer<Lillenthal.
Amigrons<Amigrons.
Robinson<Banks.
O'Connor<Rodgers & Hagerty.
Tuscher<Thompson.
Pizzutello<Milligan.
Miller<Stuve, (2.)
Scotto<T Hogan.
Balke<Otis Elev Co.

Sussman<Market & Harlem Auto Tr.
Magnus<Royal Jewelry Mfg Co.
McPherson<Maluck.
Levington<Robitsek.
Galiana<Galiana.
Kelly<Bergold.
Mutner<Brown.
Curry<Con Un Gas Co.
Doherty<Terry & T.
Berizin<Polonsky.
Cottingham<Int R T.
Doll<Mash.
McIntyre<Five Boroughs Ray Co.

Highest number reached in regular order, 215.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schuls, S.—Ex parte business.

Motions:

Vincenzi Matrire.
Daniel Reynolds.
Margaret J Hebbel.
Howard T Martin.
Samuel G Dayton.
Rosa Stock.
David Breitzer.
Joseph Christoffel.

Wills for probate:

Henry P Mock.
Michael Lang.
George H Pickard.
Accountings:
James Gaffney.
Paul A Vallance.
Elisabeth Glein.

TRIAL TERM—Schuls, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM, (Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.

People<Oliver.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.

Lowenthal<Mereseo.

Lowenthal<Hilden.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J.—The Rectors, Church Wardens, and Vestrymen of St. Ann's Church<Cusack et al.—J. Philip Van Kirk.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J.—William H. Valentine<Bridget O'Rourke — Frederick Hughes.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Manning, J.—Motions at 10 A. M.

Ferguson<Meyers.
International Const Corp<NY Cons RR.
Esler<Kirsch.
Zoberg<Zoberg.
Keller<Cornell.
Bearns<Jantzen.
Lincoln Tr Co<Metropolitan Realty Co.
Landeck<Landeck.
Re White (Hirshberger.)
McCarty<Queens Land & Title Co.
Re Sterling Oper Co.
Columbia Trust Co.
Searle<Jueline.
Dingo Co Lt Co<CNY.

Peter<Lalance & Grosjean Mfg Co.
Birmingham<Birmingham.
Seitz<Granite Secur Corp. (2.)
J P Duff<Co<Boyd Realty Co.
Rogers<Leavitt.
Hession<Jobson-Clifford Co.
Eagle Savs & Loan Co<Meistrel.
Gross<Gross.
Vire<Drake.
Tobin<Tobin.
White<CNY.

PART II.—Garretson, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

Undefended divorces:

Reichstein.
O'Brien.
Traub.
Young.
Heise.
Rudinsky.
Goldinger.
Smith.

Blount.
Blauvelt.
Robinson.
Puchalski.
Langer.
Sloan.
Wilson.
Meyers.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Part III.—Kelly, J.—No day calendar.

Case on—Rubel Bros, Inc<Eichson.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Blackmar, J.; Part II., Van Siclen, J.; Part III., Crossley, J.; Part V., Platt, J.

Raymond-Hadley Co<Kessel Co.
Page<CNY.
Jackman<Am Sugar Refining Co et al.
Silver<CNY.
Nelson<same.
O'Donnell<D'Albora.
Armstrong<NY Quebracho Extract Co.
McConnell<Schultis Bread Co.
Rosengren<Schwallis.
Ganung<No Am Bwg.
Russo<Glover.
McKenney<McKenney.
Fellows<Fellows.
Pierson<Bolack Co.
Consellar<Schultz Bread Co.
Sakatauckas<Voltman.
Glavina<U S Rubber Co.
Gibbons<Zimmerman.

Martin<NY Con RR.
Pharo<B H RR.
Sprouks<B H RR.
Hodgson<Globe Indemnity Co.
Bateman<C I & B RR.
Fakouri<3d Av. Ry et al.
Parshelsky Bros<Kennedy.
Jackman<Am Sugar Refining Co et al.
Page<CNY.
Silver<CNY.
Nelson<same.
O'Donnell<D'Albora.
Armstrong<NY Quebracho Extract Co.
McConnell<Schultis Bread Co.
Rosengren<Schwallis.
Ganung<No Am Bwg.
Russo<Glover.
McKenney<McKenney.
Fellows<Fellows.
Pierson<Bolack Co.
Consellar<Schultz Bread Co.
Sakatauckas<Voltman.
Glavina<U S Rubber Co.
Gibbons<Zimmerman.

The balance of the day calendar stands over until Nov. 2.

Highest number reached on regular call, 6304.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of:

Elizabeth Bowers.
Acangela Pasquerella.
Edith Clark.
Abraham Berger.

Accounting of:

Michael Cooperman.
William Boy.
Charles Lindstrand.
Mary Healy.
Lena V Happel.
Leonard J Brown.

Otto Bochman.
Florence Bynner.
Robert Pirie.
John H Knowenhoven
Sarah E Clark.
Isabella Kerrill.

Estates of:

Ellen McCauley.
Jane Buckley.
Florence Bynner.
Cecelia Haft.

County Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Kelby, J.—At 10 A. M.

Ziolkowski<Lutheran Cemetery.
Furlong<CNY.
Bosche, as admr.<Acker, Merrall & C.
Fallon<Englander.

Hollander<Frank.
McWeeney, as admr.<Long Island RR Co.
Cladel, an infant<N Y & Queens Ry Co.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 1,262.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Japan, Korea, and China, (via Seattle)—Tamba Maru ..... Nov. 1

Guam and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport.... Nov. 1

Hawaii, Philippine Islands, Samoan Islands, Australia, (except west), and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—Ventura ..... Nov. 2

Hawaii, (via San Francisco)—Great Northern ..... Nov. 2

Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except west), (via San Francisco)—Noana ..... Nov. 3

Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed,) via Seattle—Protesilaus. Nov. 5

Japan, Korea and China, (via Seattle)—Hawaii Maru ..... Nov. 5

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—Tenyo Maru ..... Nov. 6

Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except west), (via Vancouver)—Makura ..... Nov. 17

$255 FOR "PICKWICK CLUB."

Day's Receipts for Books at Anderson Galleries $6,950.

L. M. Thompson paid $455 for Catalogue No. 458 at a sale yesterday in the Anderson Galleries. It consisted of John Bach McMaster's and James Ford Rhodes's histories of the United States, both extra-illustrated. J. W. Bullock gave $255 for No. 359, the Saint Dunstan edition of Charles Dickens's "Pickwick Club," of which only fifteen copies were issued, printed and illuminated on vellum, Trautz-Bauzonnet binding.

G. A. Baker & Co. obtained for $120 No. 400, a complete set of Goupil's British historical monographs, of which only a limited number of copies were printed. E. Weyhe paid $90 for No. 405, Richard Hakluyt's "Principal Navigations" and Samuel Purchas's "Hakluytus Posthumous," "editions de luxe on hand-made paper. A fine and complete set of the historical and biographical writings of John Heneage Jesse, all first editions, No. 429, went to R. Thompson for $142.50.

Gabriel Wels gave $130 for No. 434, "The Earthly Paradise," by William Morris, Kelmscott Press, one of 225 copies, in binding by Riviere, and $142.50 for No. 441, a fine set of the first editions of Charles Lamb's "Elia" and "The Last Essays of Elia," both volumes with the half titles. J. M. Patterson bought for $127.50 No. 455, one of the few copies of the first edition of Longfellow's "Evangeline," struck off a large paper and used for presentation purposes. This copy is inscribed "Isaac McLellan, from his friend the Author, Nov. 6, 1848."

R. Wilkins paid $145 for No. 483, two unpublished letters of George Meredith to Robert Louis Stevenson, 1884 and 1885. Dr. Joseph Martini gave $100 for No. 484, a first edition of John Milton's "Eikondtiastis." Walter M. Hill of Chicago obtained for $385 No. 490, the holograph manuscript of the chapter which was originally intended to form part of George Moore's "Memoirs of My Dead Life." James F. Drake paid $135 for No. 491, the original revised page proofs of the first version of George Moore's "Elizabeth Cooper." George D. Smith gave $135 for No. 492, the original manuscript of George Moore's "Essay on Shakespeare and Balzac." E. F. Sprague paid $180 for No. 500, a complete set of first editions of Francis Parkman, and $385 for No. 528, a complete set of first editions of Scott's "Waverley Novels." Robert Jackson gave $106 for a manuscript note book of Robert Louis Stevenson, written in 1884-85.

The day's sale amounted to $6,950.50.

ASKS GARRIE FOR DETAILS.

Consolidated Exchange Gets Court Order in $100,000 Suit Against It.

Supreme Court Justice Pendleton signed an order yesterday directing that a bill of particulars be filed by Daniel T. Garrie in a suit for $100,000 against the Consolidated Stock Exchange, in which Garrie alleges that members of the Exchange entered into a "wicked and malicious conspiracy" to expel him from the Exchange, and found him guilty on charges of "bucketing" an order given by his firm. Garrie also asks $5,000 damages because his next of kin have lost their interest in the Exchange's gratuity fund.

Miguel E. de Aguerro, President of the Exchange, in asking for the particulars, requested that Garrie be compelled to furnish details of his allegation that he didn't have a fair trial before the Board of Governors, the precise nature of "certain heinous crimes other than larceny" of which the plaintiff alleged he was accused, the names of the Governors who made the accusations against him, and then acted as judges and voted to sustain the charges, and the names of witnesses whose examination was hindered and from whom testimony was excluded which would have shown the falsity of the charges against the plaintiff.

Court Takes German Name Away.

Supreme Court Justice Pendleton signed an order yesterday permitting the Misses Nathalie Estelle Grumbach and Marguerite Grumbach of 536 West 113th Street to change their name to Grenbar. The petitioners said that their parents were French, and that they had been subjected to ridicule from persons with whom the associate because they bore a German name. Miss Marguerite Grumbach said that she was a French teacher, and that bearing a German name had been a source of financial loss to her.

South and Central America Mails.

South Brazil, (State of Rio Grande do Sul must be specially addressed for dispatch by this steamer,) via Bahia, Rio Janeiro, and Santos, at 12 M.)—Nov. 1

Nicaragua, (except East Coast,) Salvador, (prints, &c.,) Amapala, Chelutecа, and prints, &c., for Nacaome, Tegucigalpa, and Yuscaran (Honduras,) Salvador, (printed matter, &c.,) Panama, Canal Zone, Cauca, and Narino Departments of Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, (except Iquitos,) Bolivia, and Chile, via Cristobal, (other parts of Honduras and letter mail for Salvador must be specially addressed for dispatch by this steamer,) at 11:30 A. M., (supplementary, 12:30 P. M.,) (sea post) —Advance ..... Nov. 2

Argentina, Uruguay, and State of Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil, (specially addressed only,) via Montevideo, Buenos Aires, and Rosario, at 12 M.—Hesperides..... Nov. 3

South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay, and Paraguay, via Bahia, Rio Janeiro, Montevideo, and Buenos Aires, at 12 M.—Byron..... Nov. 4

French and Dutch Guiana, via Cayenne and St. Laurent du Maroni, at 9:30 A. M.—Fagersand..... Nov. 4

Panama Canal Zone, Ecuador, Peru, (except Iquitos,) Bolivia, Chile, Bocas del Toro, and Costa Rica, via Cristobal, Bocas del Toro, and Port Limon, Cuba, via Havana, must be specially addressed for dispatch by this steamer,) at 12 M.—Havana..... Nov. 4

Cuba, (specially addressed only,) via Havana, at 8 A. M.—Mexico..... Nov. 4

Porto Rico, St. Thomas, St. Croix, La Romana, San Pedro de Macoris, and Santo Domingo City, via San Juan, at 8:30 A. M., (sea post)—Coamo ..... Nov. 4

Jamaica, via Kingston, Cuba, via Santiago, must be specially addressed for dispatch by this steamer,) at 9:30 A. M.—Sama..... Nov. 4

Transatlantic Mails.

Great Britain, Ireland, (letter mail only,) and South Africa, (also specially addressed correspondence for other countries except Germany, Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, Turkey, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, and Denmark,) via Liverpool, at 8:30 A. M., (supplementary, 10 A. M.)—Celtic..... Nov. 2

Italy, Switzerland, and Greece, (specially addressed only, via Genoa, at 10 A. M., (supplementary, 11:30 A. M.)—Giuseppi Verdi..... Nov. 2

Gibraltar and Greece, (specially addressed only,) via Gibraltar and Patras, at 12 M.—Ioannina..... Nov. 2

Netherlands, via Falmouth and Rotterdam, at 8:30 A. M., (supplementary, 10 A. M.)—Noordam..... Nov. 3

Europe, (except Germany, Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, Turkey, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, and Denmark,) Africa, West Asia, and East Indies, via Liverpool, Spain and Portugal must be specially addressed for dispatch by this steamer,) at 8:30 A. M., (supplementary, 10 A. M.,) (sea post)—Philadelphia..... Nov. 4

France, Switzerland, Italy, Egypt, Greece, British India, British East Africa, Siam, Malta, Gibraltar, Cayton, Straits Settlements, Dutch East Indies, West Australia, and Persia, via Bordeaux, at 12 M., (supplementary, 1:30 P. M.,) (sea post)—Chicago..... Nov. 4

Great Britain, Ireland, Belgium, Russia, and South Africa, (also specially addressed correspondence for other countries except Germany, Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, Turkey, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, and Denmark,) via Liverpool, at 1:30 P. M., (supplementary, 3 P. M.)—Carpathia..... Nov. 4

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..6:28|Sun sets..4:54|Moon sets..10:16

THE TIDES.

	High Water.		Low Water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	12:41	12:59	6:24	6:39
Governors Island	11:51	12:09	5:56	6:08
Hell Gate	1:37	1:57	7:37	8:39

Arrived—Tuesday, Oct. 31.

SS Noordam, Rotterdam, Oct. 11.
SS Anwern, Rotterdam, Oct. 11.
SS Oristano, Boston, Oct. 28.
SS Tokiwa Maru, Cristobal, Oct. 23.
SS Panama, Cristobal, Oct. 25.
SS Pastores, Cristobal, Oct. 23.
SS Minerva, Amsterdam, Oct. 4.
SS D. N. Luckenbach, Santos, Oct. 4.
SS San Juan, San Juan, Oct. 25.
SS City of Everitt, Sabine, Oct. 18.
SS Rochester, London, Oct. 12.
SS Comus, New Orleans, Oct. 25.
SS Avellaneda, Bordeaux, Oct. 26.
SS El Occidente, Galveston, Oct. 24.
SS City of Columbus, Savannah, Oct. 18.
SS Catherine Cuneo, Jamaica, Oct. 24.
SS Arpa Castle, Baltimore, Oct. 26.
SS P. L. M. No. 5, Detroit, Oct. 17.
SS Lena, Almeria, Oct. 7.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

*Oscar II	Copenhagen	Oct. 19
*Patria	Naples	Oct. 17
Sibiria	Plymouth	Oct. 10
Procyon	Rotterdam	Oct. 12
Dorington Court	Cardiff	Oct. 12
Mexico	Havre	Oct. 15
Millinocket	Havana	Oct. 26
Arthur Balfour	Porto Rico	Oct. 24
A. A. Raven	Naples	Oct. 11
Belgian Prince	Rotterdam	Oct. 14
Cloughton	Santos	Oct. 7
Marchioness of Bute	London	Oct. 16
Alicante	Barry	Oct. 16
Sanuki Maru	Cadiz	Oct. 20
Sama	London	Oct. 16
El Sol	Jamaica	Oct. 27
	Galveston	Oct. 26

DUE TOMORROW.

*Carpathia	Liverpool	Oct. 25
*Baltic	Liverpool	Oct. 25
Strathgarry	Havre	Oct. 18
Halifrid	New York	Oct. 15
Sargipe	Rio Janeiro	Oct. 9
Zacapa	Kingston	Oct. 28
Momus	New Orleans	Oct. 28
Seapoint	Jacksonville	Oct. 30

DUE FRIDAY.

Taxandrier	Brest	Oct. 18
Madonna	Bordeaux	Oct. 22
Harpagus	Almeria	Oct. 18
Palermo	Almeria	Oct. 18
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Oct. 28
El Cid	Galveston	Oct. 28
San Marcos	Galveston	Oct. 28
Cherokee	Georgetown	Oct. 30
Montevideo	Havana	Oct. 31

DUE SATURDAY.

Finland	Liverpool	Oct. 26
St. Louis	Liverpool	Oct. 28
Sarnia	Havre	Oct. 29
Duca degli Abruzzi	Gibraltar	Oct. 26

DUE SUNDAY.

*California	Glasgow	Oct. 27
*Saramanca	Jamaica	Oct. 31
*Philadelphia	San Juan	Oct. 31
*Morro Castle	Havana	Nov. 2

DUE MONDAY.

*Espagna	Bordeaux	Oct. 29
Bermudian	Bermuda	Oct. 4
Branco	San Juan	Nov. 1
Virginian	St. Nazaire	Oct. 28
Basse Terre	Bordeaux	Oct. 22
Calamares	Havana	Oct. 3

DUE TUESDAY.

Ameland	Kirkwall	Oct. 24
Tambre	Almeria	Oct. 19
Sommelsdyk	Kirkwall	Oct. 24
Manhattan	London	Oct. 24
Rina	Almeria	Oct. 19
Northern	Havre	Oct. 22

*Carries mails. †Carries German mails.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Curacao, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Olinda, Glasgow	——	1:00 P.M.
Tunas, Havana	——	12:00 M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Creole, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
Medina, Tampico	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mexico II., Salina Cruz	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Maraval, Grenada	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Caitte, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Giuseppi Verdi, Naples	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.

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1916 Calendar of Approximate Dividend Dates

Shows Dividend Meetings; Ex-dividend Dates; Dividend Payable Dates of Shares listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Trading Slows Down, with Irregular Price Changes—Steel Earnings Below Expectations.

There were more gains than losses at the closing of the market yesterday afternoon, but there was a marked falling off in speculative activity, and a pronounced tendency on the part of traders to proceed more cautiously. Ordinarily, sinking of the Marina, with the indications pointing to the raising of fresh complications owing to the presence of Americans on board, would have sufficed for a sharp break in prices. That it brought about only a moderate decline is evidence that the public has taken a lesson from previous submarine scares, and refuses to be stampeded.

Nevertheless, the latest attack could by no possible twist of the facts be construed as a bullish argument, and with the election so near at hand the market was left more to the hands of professional operators. It was the first five-hour session in some weeks to show a total under a million shares, and the spectacular advances of specialties was less noticeable. The more conservative Stock Exchange leaders have been advising their customers to make sure of at least half of their profits and to limit their purchases to such a point ths' they will not have to sacrifice stocks if a severe break should take place. There is, as a matter of fact, little over-extension in this market, owing to the uncertainties of the situation and the refusal of most houses to carry buyers except on very wide margins.

The Street talked of little else yesterday but the forthcoming Steel quarterly statement, and by cutting down the optimistic forecasts that had been accepted last week got itself into a frame of mind where it was prepared for a moderate showing. Net earnings for the September quarter were $35,517,067, an increase of less than $5,000,000 over the preceding quarter. This was near the lowest estimate given credence in the preliminary discussions, which had not taken into account the contraction in output during the hot weather. The fact that September showed a balance of $30,420,000, against $29,747,000 in August and $25,650,000 in July, points to a considerably larger total for the current quarter. As it was, the surplus after charges, depreciation, and bond interest, was four times the $17,741,000 required for the payment of the regular quarterly dividends of both classes of stock, and the 1 per cent. extra declared for the second time on the common.

The Assay Office was in receipt of the usual $5,000,000 in gold, bringing the total for the year up to $477,000,000. Yesterday's consignment was bought by the Federal Reserve Bank, making $15,000,000 taken into its vaults in the past few days, with $10,000,000 more to be purchased.

Hepburn on Great Northern Board.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 31.—A. Barton Hepburn, Chairman of the Chase National Bank of New York, was elected a member of the Board of Directors of the Great Northern Railroad at a meeting of the board here today. He succeeds R. A. Jackson, resigned.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	Days. 10 or Less.	Over 10. up to 30.	Over 30. up to 60.	Over 60. up to 90.
Boston	3	3½	4	4
New York	3	4	4	4
Philadelphia	3½	4	4½	4½
Cleveland	3½	4	4	4
Richmond	3½	4	4	4
Atlanta	4	4	4	4½
Chicago	3½	4	4	4½
St. Louis	3	4	4	4½
Minneapolis		4½	4½	4½
Kansas City	4½	4	4	4½
Dallas	4	4½	4½	4½
S. Francisco	3			

Trade Acceptances.

	Agricul. Over 60.	Up to 60.	60 to 90.	Com- modity.
Boston	5	3½	3½	3½
New York	5	3½	3½	3½
Philadelphia	4½	3½	4	
Cleveland	5	3½	4	3½
Richmond	4½	3½	3½	
Atlanta	4	3½		
Chicago	5		3½	3
St. Louis	5	3	3½	3½
Minneapolis	5	3½	4	4
Kansas City	5	4	3½	3½
Dallas	4½	4	3½	3½
S. Francisco	5½	3	3½	

*Up to 30 days; over 30 to 60, 4 per cent.; over 60 to 90, 4½ per cent., and over 90, 6 per cent.

COLLATERAL LOANS.

High.	Low.	Last.	Renewal Rate.
2½	2¼	2¼	2½

Time.

60 days	3	5 months	3½@3¾
90 days	3	6 months	3¾@3¾
4 months	3½@3¾		

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	2½@2¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	3 @3½

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best-Known Names.	
30 to 90 days	3 @3½
4 to 6 months	3½@3¾
Other Names.	
4 to 6 months	3½@4

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Chge.
Sterling— Demand	4.75⅛	4.75⅛	4.75⅛	+.00⅛
Cables	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	
Francs— Demand	5.84⅝	5.84⅛	5.84⅜	+.00⅛
Cables	5.83⅞	5.83⅛	5.83⅜	+.00⅛
Marks— Demand	70.31¼	70.31¼	70.31¼	
Cables	70.37½	70.37¼	70.37¼	

Closing Rates.

Following are yesterday's closing rates, compared with the normal rates of exchange based on the mint par of exchange adapted to the customary way of quoting the several exchanges. Sterling is quoted at so many dollars to the pound, German exchange so many cents to four marks, and French, Italian, and Swiss exchanges so many francs or lire to the dollar. The other exchanges in this list are quoted so many cents to the units of currency in the several countries.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close Demand or Check.	Cable.
4.8665	London	4.75⅛	4.76⅛
5.1826	Paris	5.83⅞	5.83⅞
95.28	Berlin	70.31¼	70.37½
5.1826	Switzerland	5.84⅜	5.84⅛
19.295	Greece	6.70½	6.70½
5.1826	Italy	5.90	5.90
20.26	Austria	50.55	50.60
51.45	Russia		
26.73	Scandinavia	27.10	
	Copenhagen	27.05	28.50
	Stockholm	28.40	27.80
	Christiania	27.70	20.30
19.20	Spain	20.25	40.93⅝
40.14	Holland	40.87½	
	China—		53.85
	Hongkong	53.25	70.87½
	Peking	70.75	75.12½
	Shanghai	75.00	
	India—	32.25	32.87½
88.44	Bombay	32.25	32.87½
32.44	Calcutta	32.25	
	Japan—		50.87½
49.84	Kobe	50.75	50.87½
49.84	Yokohama	50.75	
	Philippine Islands—		50.62½
50.00	Manila	50.50	
	South America—		43.25
42.44	Buenos Aires	43.15	23.35
32.46	Rio	23.75	

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71⅜	$4.69⅝	$4.70⅜	$4.68⅝

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $730,817,795; balance $20,640,960; Sub-Treasury debit balance $2,065,419.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c. discount; St. Louis, 100-15c. discount; San Francisco, 10c. premium; Montreal, 15-16c. premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London 32½d., up ⅛d.; in New York, 68⅛c., up ⅛c.; Mexican dollars, 50½c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, OCT. 31, 1916.

	Shares.
Total sales	942,236
Same day last year	Holiday.
Same day two years ago	Ex. closed.
Year to date	168,656,171
Same period last year	142,141,732
Same period in 1914	41,989,158

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
62	62⅜	300	Acme Tea	61⅞	62	61⅞	62	+ ⅛
16	17⅛	2,200	Advance Rumely	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16½	
68½	69	200	Ajax Rubber	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	+ ⅛
12	12¼	1,300	Alaska Gold Mines	7	7	6⅞	7	+ ⅛
6⅞	7	1,900	Alaska Juneau	25⅝	25⅞	25⅛	25½	+ ⅜
25	25⅛	400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	81⅜	81⅞	81⅛	81⅝	+2
81½	82¼	6,200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	82⅝	83	82⅛	82½	
85¼	86	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	102	102	102	102	+ ⅛
101	102	100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	52⅜	52⅜	52⅜	52⅜	
51½	53½	300	Am. Bank Note pf.	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	+ ⅛
102⅝	103	100	Am. Beet Sugar	199	199	199	199	
99¾	100¼	2,800	Am. B. S.& F.pf.tr.	61⅞	62¾	61⅞	61⅞	
61¼	62	100	Am. Can	118¾	118¾	118¼	118¼	
112¾	113	2,600	Am. Can pf	67	67⅛	67	67⅛	
67½	67¾	100	Am. Car & Fdry	118¼	118¾	118¼	118¼	+ ⅛
117½	118¾	1,600	Am. Car & Fdry pf.	56¼	57	56¼	56¾	
55⅝	56⅛	2,800	Am. Cotton Oil	16	16⅜	16	16⅛	
16	16⅝	1,000	Am. H. & Leather	69⅞	69⅞	69	69½	
69	69½	300	Am. H. & Leath. pf.	28	28	28	28	+ ⅛
28	28¼	21,850	Am. Ice Securities	24½	26	24½	26¼	+ ⅛
26¼	26⅜	6,950	Am. Linseed	57¼	58⅞	57¼	58¼	+ ⅛
59¼	59⅝	7,000	Am. Linseed pf.	82	82⅝	82	82⅛	+ ⅛
82⅛	82½	100	Am. Locomotive	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞	
106	107	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	47	47	47	47	
47	49	100	Am. Malt pf.	112¼	112¾	112	112	+ ⅛
112	112½	18,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	117¼	117½	116¾	116½	+ ⅛
116½	117½	450	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	99¼	99¼	99	99½	+ ⅛
99	99½	2,636	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A.	61⅞	64⅞	61⅞	64½	+ ⅜
64½	64⅞	7,500	Am. Steel Fdries	120¾	121¾	120	120¾	+ ⅛
120½	121	5,200	Am. Sugar Ref.	133	133	133	133	
133	133½	400	Am. Tel. & Tel.	225	225	225	225	
225	226	100	Am. Tobacco	51⅝	52	51⅝	51⅝	+ ⅛
51½	52	300	Am. Woolen	47¾	51¾	47	49⅝	+2
49⅝	50	22,800	Am. Writing P. pf.	52½	53⅜	52½	52⅝	+ ⅛
52⅜	53	12,300	Am. Zinc L. S.	80	81⅞	79½	81	+ ⅛
81	81½	17,800	Am. Zinc L. S. pf.	93¼	94¼	93¼	95	
94½	96	110	Anaconda Cop. Co.	21	21	21	21	
20	107⅞	1,200	Asso. C. Dry Goods	107¼	107¾	107	107¼	
121	123	50	Atch., Top. & S. F.	121¼	121¾	121¼	121½	+ ⅛
104⅝	105¼	2,200	Atlantic Coast Line	106½	106⅞	106½	106½	+ ⅛
69½	70	1,900	At., Gulf & W. I.	70½	70½	69½	69½	+ ⅛
84½	84½	11,400	At., Gulf & W. I. pf.	85½	85½	85	84½	+ ⅛
100¾	107	900	Baldwin Loco	106	106	106	106	+ ⅛
87½	87⅞	1,400	Baldwin Loco. pf.	87¾	88¼	87¼	87¼	+ ⅛
157½	159½	200	Baltimore & Ohio	160	160	159	159	+ ⅛
1⅝	1⅞	100	Barrett Co	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
		100	Batopilas Mining	81½	81⅝	81½	81½	+ ⅛
		300	Burns Brothers	66¾	66¾	65½	65½	+ ⅛
		5,800	Butte & Superior	51¾	51¾	51⅛	51⅛	
		200	California Pet. pf.	173	173¼	172½	172½	+ ⅛
		1,200	Canadian Pacific	94¾	98	94¾	96½	+ ⅛
		36,100	Central Leather Co.	115⅞	115⅞	115⅞	115⅞	+ ⅛
		100	Central Leather pf.	68½	69¼	68½	68½	+ ⅛
		2,800	Chesapeake & Ohio	14¾	14¾	14	14	+ ⅛
		800	Chicago & Alton	14⅝	15	14⅝	14⅝	+ ⅛
		800	Chi. Great Western	45½	46¼	45½	45½	+ ⅛
		7,500	Chi. Gt. West. pf.	45½	46¼	45½	45⅝	+ ⅛
		880	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	95	95	94⅝	94⅞	+ ⅛
		100	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	126¾	126¾	126¾	126¾	+ ⅛
		90	Do., odd lot	126¾	126¾	126¾	126¾	+ ⅛
		41,500	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	85¾	86⅛	84	84⅝	+ ⅛
		900	Chile Copper	22	23	22¼	23	
		9,000	Chino Copper	61	62	61	61	
		100	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	60⅞	61¼	60⅞	60⅞	+ ⅛
		2,000	Col. Fuel & Iron	52⅝	53	52⅝	52⅝	+ ⅛
		300	Col. & Southern	35	36	35	35	
		900	Columbia Gas & El.	39	39¼	38¾	38¾	+ ⅛
		700	Comput. Tab. Rec.	47	47	47	47	
		300	Con. Int. Cal. Min.	24	24¼	23¾	23¾	+ ⅛
		1,250	Consol. Gas, N. Y.	138¼	138¾	138¼	138¼	+ ⅛
		100	Consol. Gas, Balt.	124½	125⅞	124½	125⅝	+ ⅛
		200	Con.Gas, Balt., rgts.	2	2	2	2	
		100	Continental Can	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼	+ ⅛
		29,900	Corn Products Ref.	17⅛	19¼	17⅛	19¼	+ ⅛
		1,300	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	90¾	92	90¾	91¾	+ ⅛
		87,200	Crucible Steel	87½	89¼	87½	89¼	+ ⅛
		22,600	Cuba Cane Sugar	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	+ ⅛
		2,800	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	73½	74½	73½	74½	+ ⅛
		100	Cuban-Am. Sugar	237	237	237	237	+2
		200	Den. & Rio Grande	21	21	21	21	
		1,400	Den. & Rio Gr. pf.	46¼	46¾	46	46¾	+2
		1,000	Diamond Match	122	122	122	122	
		5,700	Distillers' Secur.	45¼	45¼	45	45	
		800	Erie	39	39	38⅝	38⅝	
		200	Erie 1st pf.	53⅝	53⅝	53⅛	53⅛	+⅛
		500	Federal M. & S. pf.	40	42	40	42	
		200	Gaston, Wms. & W.	45¾	46	45¾	46	
		500	Gen. Chemical pf.	116	116	116	116	
		100	General Electric	182	183	182	182	
		2,300	General Motors pf.	126¼	126¾	125¾	126¼	
		500	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	72¼	72¼	72¼	72¼	
		4,900	Goodrich (B. F.) pf.	118¼	118¾	118	118¼	+ ⅛
		1,100	G. N. Ore Ctfs.	43¾	43¾	43	43¾	
		1,100	Gulf States Steel	95¼	95¾	95¼	95¼	+ ⅛
		400	Illinois Central	108¼	108¾	108¼	108¾	+ ⅛
		100	Inspiration Copper	66¾	67¼	66¾	67	+ ⅛
		10,300	Interboro Consol.	10¼	10¾	10¼	10¾	+ ⅛
		4,600	Interboro Con. pf	25¾	27¾	25¾	26¼	+ ⅛
		10,800	Int. Agricultural	24¾	25	24¾	24¾	
		8,400	Int. Agricultural pf.	61	61	61	61	
		200	Int. Harvester, N. J.	120	120	119½	119½	
		100	Int. Harv. J. pf.	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	
		3,000	Int. Mer. Mar. pf.	118¼	121¾	118¼	114	+ ⅛
		8,400	Int. Mer. Mar.pf.tr.	50¾	50¾	50¾	50¾	
		4,900	Int. Nickel	62¾	64	62¾	62¾	+ ⅛
		53,800	Int. Paper	106¾	107¼	105	105	+ ⅛
		15,000	Int. Paper pf.	28	28	27⅞	27⅞	+ ⅛
		200	Kansas City Southern	61	61¼	61	61¼	+ ⅛
		200	Kan. City Southern pf.	75	75	74½	74½	
		600	Kelly Spring Tire	54½	54½	53⅝	53⅝	
		100	Kennecott Copper	88	89	88	88¼	+ ⅛
		8,100	Lackawanna Steel	24¾	25¾	24¾	25¼	+ ⅛
		3,700	Lake Erie & West	52¾	53½	52¾	52¾	+ ⅛
		1,000	Lake Erie & W. pf.	40½	40½	40½	40½	
		200	Lee Rubber & Tire	83¾	84⅝	83¾	83¾	+ ⅛
		1,400	Lehigh Valley	25	27⅜	25	27⅛	+1⅛
		2,100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	136¼	136¾	136¼	136¾	+ ⅛
		700	Louis. & Nash	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾	+ ⅛
		100	Maxwell Motors	55¾	55¾	55¾	55¾	+ ⅛
		5,600	Max. Motors 2d pf.	67⅜	68⅝	67⅜	67⅝	+ ⅛
		300	May Dept. Stores	108	108¾	108	108¾	+ ⅛
		1,500	Mexican Petroleum	40¼	40¾	40¼	40¾	+ ⅛
		4,000	Miami Copper	35	35	34⅝	34⅝	
		600	M. & St. L. new	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
		600	Mo., Kan. & Texas	19¼	19¾	19¼	19¼	+ ⅛
		100	Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	
		1,200	Missouri Pacific	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	
		1,700	Mo. Pacific t r	26⅝	26⅞	26⅝	26⅞	
		5,100	Mo. Pacific w i	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	
		200	Mo., Pacific pf. w i	57¾	57¾	57	57	
		100	Nat. Biscuit	125¾	125¾	125¾	125¾	+ ⅛
		200	Nat. Cloak & Suit	84½	84½	84½	84½	+ ⅛
		100	Nat. Enameling & St. Co	28	28⅜	28	28⅛	+ ⅛
		600	Nat. Lead Co	68¾	69	68¾	68¾	+ ⅛
		1,400	Nevada Con. Cop	23¾	23¾	23¼	23¼	+ ⅛
		100	N. Y. Air Brake	157	158	157	157	
		2,700	N. Y. Central	106¾	108	106¾	107¾	+ ⅛
		100	N. Y., N. H. & H.	61¼	61¾	61¼	61¾	+ ⅛
		6,700	N. Y., Ont. & West	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾	+ ⅛
		3,500	Norfolk & Western	112¼	113¾	112	113¼	+ ⅛
		1,900	Northern Pacific	83¾	84¾	83¾	83¾	
		1,100	Ohio Cities Gas	6	6	6	6	
		300	Ontario Mining	26	26	26	26	
		200	Pacific Mail	58¾	58¾	58¾	58¾	+ ⅛
		2,800	Penn. R. R.	112¾	113¼	112¾	112¾	+ ⅛
		200	People's Gas, Chi.	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	+ ⅛
		200	Peoria & Eastern	40¾	40¾	40¾	40¾	+ ⅛
		100	Philadelphia Co.	42¾	44	42¾	43¾	+ ⅛
		200	Pittsburgh Coal	44¼	44¾	44¼	44¾	+ ⅛
		25,400	Pitts. Coal cfs. of d.	100¾	101¼	100¾	100¾	+ ⅛
		100	Pitts.C. pf. cfs. of d.	72	73½	72	73½	+ ⅛
		1,900	Pressed Steel Car	52¾	53¼	52¾	53	
		1,600	Railway Steel Sp.	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	
		7,800	Ray Con. Copper	110¾	110¾	107¾	107¾	+ ⅛
		17,400	Reading	46¼	46¾	45¾	46¼	+ ⅛
		200	Reading 2d pf.	77¾	78¾	77¾	77¾	+ ⅛
		12,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	114	114	114	114	+ ⅛
		100	Rep. Iron & S. pf.	23½	23½	23½	23½	
		5,800	St. L. & S. F. w i	46¾	47¾	45¾	47	+ ⅛
		200	St. L. Southw. pf.	17	17	17	17	
		100	Seaboard Air Line	39	39	39	39	+ ⅛
		100	Seab. Air Line pf.	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾	
		200	Sears, R. & Co. x d.	29¾	29¾	29¼	29¼	
		900	Shattuck-Arizona	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	
		1,500	Southern Pacific	219¼	219¾	219¼	219¾	+ ⅛
		50	So. Porto Rico Sug.	28¾	29	28¾	28¾	
		3,800	Southern Railway	67¼	67¾	67¼	67¾	+ ⅛
		100	Southern Ry. Mot.	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¾	+ ⅛
		100	Standard Milling	123¾	126¾	123¾	126¾	+ ⅛
		100	Studebaker Co.	66¼	66¼	66¼	66¼	
		12,000	Stutz Motor	22¼	23¼	22¼	23¼	+ ⅛
		400	Tennessee Copper	22¾	23¼	22¾	23¼	+ ⅛
		900	Texas Co.	225¼	225¾	224½	225¼	+ ⅛
		3,300	Texas & Pacific	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	+ ⅛
		100	Third Avenue	54½	54½	54½	54½	+ ⅛
		500	Tobacco Products	53¼	53¼	53¼	53¼	+ ⅛
		300	Tol., St. L. & West.	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
		100	T., St.L. & W.pf. tr.	12	12	12	12	
		100	Underwood Typew.	100½	100½	100½	100½	
		100	Underw. Typew. pf.	117	117	117	117	+ ⅛
		6,200	Union Bag & P. Co.	15	15½	14¾	14¾	
		900	Union Bag & P. Co. new	101¼	101¾	101	101¼	+ ⅛
		400	U. B. & P. Co. pf.	72¼	73¼	72¼	73¼	+ ⅛
		12,050	Union Pacific	150¼	151¾	150¼	150¼	+ ⅛
		100	Union Pacific pf.	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾	+ ⅛
		100	United Cigar Stores	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	+ ⅛
		300	United Fruit Co.	161¼	161¾	161¼	161¾	+ ⅛
		400	United Rys. Invest.	10¼	10¾	10	10	
		100	United Rys. Inv. pf.	21¼	21¾	21¼	21¼	
		400	U.S.C. I. P. & F.	25¾	26¾	25¾	25¾	+ ⅛
		100	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf.	62¾	63¼	62¾	63¼	+ ⅛
		400	U. S. Indus. Alco	140¼	148	140	140¼	+ ⅛
		4,600	U. S. Rubber	59¾	59¾	59	59¾	+ ⅛
		600	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	77	77	77	77	-1
		200	U. S. Smelt. & M.	51¼	51¼	51¼	51¼	+ ⅛
		1,700	U. S. Smelt. & M. pf.	118¾	119¾	117¾	118¾	+ ⅛
		132,000	U. S. Steel	121¾	121¾	121¾	121¾	+ ⅛
		1,700	U. S. Steel pf.	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	+ ⅛
		9,100	Utah Copper	184¼	184¾	184¼	184¾	+ ⅛
		100	Utah Securities	46¼	47¾	46¼	46¾	
		4,500	Va.-Car. Chemical	55¼	57	55¼	56½	+2
		1,000	Va. Iron, Coal & C.	15¾	15¾	15	15	
		5,000	Wabash	56¼	56¾	56¼	56¼	
		2,000	Wabash pf. A	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾	+ ⅛
		2,800	Wabash pf. B	29	29	28¾	29	
		400	Western Maryland	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	
		13,700	Western Union Tel.	57	57¼	57	57	
		300	Westingh. E. & M.	125¾	125¾	125¾	125¾	+ ⅛
		200	Wheeling & L. E.	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	
		100	Wheeling & L. E. 2d pf.	28	28	28	28	
		2,000	White Motor	84½	84½	84½	84½	+ ⅛
		9,500	Willys-Overland	68¼	68¾	68¼	68¼	+ ⅛
		100	Willys-Overland pf.	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼	
		700	Wisconsin Central	157	157	157	157	
		200	Woolw., F. W., Co	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾	+ ⅛
		100	Woolworth (F. W.) Co	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾	+ ⅛
		100	Worthington Pump	141¾	141¾	141¾	141¾	+ ⅛
		100	Worth. Pump pf. B	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	

Mott Vice President of Irving Bank.

Howard S. Mott has been elected a Vice President of the Irving National Bank, and will act as consultant on investment matters for the bank's customers. Mr. Mott has been acting as analytical consultant for some time. Before coming to the Irving Bank he was in charge of the investigation of securities for the Bankers Trust Company, and previously had been a member of the firm of Carleton & Mott.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Mo.	Fiscal Year.
Customs receipts	$15,087,804	$87,030,576
Ord. internal rev.	18,107,278	135,406,179
Income tax	1,420,949	13,824,067
Miscellaneous	4,239,258	24,767,958
Total receipts	$56,854,131	$241,352,882
Exc. of ord. receipts over ord. receipts	25,027,681	76,121,007
Exc. of total disburse. over total receipts	27,115,661	86,416,501
Expenditures	$29,781,813	$317,475,350

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
25 railroads	94.74	93.88	94.17	+ .02
25 industrials	112.44	111.15	111.82	+ .33
50 stocks	98.49	97.51	97.99	+ .15

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
Oct. 31	98.49	97.51	97.99	+ .15
Oct. 30	98.56

Investment Impressions

Impressions of investment value are not enough; you must have facts, to make certain the wisdom of your buying.

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100 Marlin Arms Pfd.
100 Kensico Cemetery
100 Childs Co. Pfd.
100 Am. Piano Pfd.
100 Singer Mfg. Pfd.
50 D., L. & W. Coal
100 H.W. Johns-Man. Com.
100 Remington Type. 1st
50 Celluloid Co.
100 West Va. Pulp & Paper
25 Irving Nat'l Bank
100 Am. Seed. Mach. Pfd.
100 A. D. T. of N. Y.

American Brass
American Lgt. & Trac.
Babcock & Wilcox
Central Aguirre Sugar
Fajardo Sugar
Federal Sugar
Ingersoll-Rand
Marlin Arms
National Fuel Gas
National Sugar Refining
New Jersey Zinc
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PUBLIC UTILITIES

Transactions in Stocks and Bonds—Quotations for Railway, Light and Power Issues.

The following range of prices and closing quotations were reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES by dealers in public utility securities. The trading in these securities is done privately over the counter, and this record gives only those trades which are reported by the dealers making them.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Asked.
50	Amer. L. & T.	386	384	382	385
475	Am. W. W. & E.	9¾	9¼	9¼	9¾
180	Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	70	68¾	69½	70
80	Amer. Pub. U.	75¼	74¾	74½	76
240	Cities Service	522	517	518	522
620	Cities Service pf.	91	90¾	90¾	91
645	C'wealth P.	63	61	61	63
2,300	C'wealth P. pf.	85¼	84¾	84½	85¼
75	Empire D. & P. pf.	93	91	91	94
350	Gen. Ry. & L.	91	90	90¼	91
75	Hep. Ry. & L. pf.	80	79¾	79¾	79½

Closing quotations for issues not included in the table of transactions above were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Electric Power	13	15¼
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	82	86
American Cities	7	14
American Cities pf.	40	47½
American Gas Co.	130	135
American Gas & Electric	100	105
†American Gas & Electric pf.	49	51
†American Light & Traction pf.	111	113
American Power & Light	75	79
American Power & Light pf.	74	76
American Pub. Utilities pf.	74½	76
American W. W. & E. part. pf.	25	26
Aulanse P. & P. pf.	95	..
Baton Rouge El. pf.	85	..
Baton Rouge Hotel	99¼	..
Carolina Power & Light pf.	28	31
Carolina Power & Light pf.	97	100
Central Miss. Valley Prop. pf.	72	78
Central States Electric pf.	81¾	..
Colorado Power	29	30
Colorado Power pf.	100	101½
Columbus Electric pf.	90	..
Consumers' Power pf.	97	99
Connecticut Power pf.	95	..
Eastern Texas Electric	59	61
Eastern Texas Electric pf.	89¼	92
El Paso Electric	120	125
El Paso Electric pf.	100	..
†Electric B. & S. pf.	99¼	100
Federal Light & Traction	18	20
Federal Light & Traction pf.	50	59
Galveston-Houston Electric	29	32
Galveston-Houston Electric pf.	77	80
Gas & Electric Securities	300	310
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	98	100
Illinois Traction	43	46
International Traction	29	32
International Traction pf.	90	92
Interstate Electric	30	35
Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Mississippi River Power	33	38
Mississippi River Power pf.	90	93
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power	14	17
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power pf.	58	61
Northern States Power	103	103
Northern States Power pf.	100	101
Northern States Electric	..	52
Northern Texas Electric pf.	81	84½
Ohio Power	14	18
Ozark P. & W.	..	5
Pacific G. & E.	58¾	59¼
†Pacific G. & E. pf.	90	90½
Puget Sound Traction	18	..
Puget Sound Traction pf.	54¾	..
Pennsylvania Light Co.	38	40
Pennsylvania Light Co. pf.	75	80
Securities Corp. General	18	22
Securities Corp. General pf.	80	85
Southern California Edison	97½	97¾
Southern California Edison pf.	106	108
Southwestern Power & Light pf.	97½	100
Standard G. & E.	15¾	15¾
Standard G. & E. pf.	42¾	43
Tampa Electric	33	135
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P.	13	13¼
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf.	54	56
Toledo Traction	53½	55
United Gas & Electric	8	12
United Gas & Electric 2d pf.	11	15
United G. & E. 1st pf.	69	71
†United Light & Railways	50	51
†United Light & Railways pf.	79	81
†Western Power	18¾	20
†Western Power pf.	69	71
West. Penn. pf.	103	100

BONDS.

American Power & Light 6s, 1921.	99¼	100½		
American W. W. collateral 5s.	74	77		
Baton Rouge 1st 5s.	90	92¼		
Central Illinois Light 5s.	95	97		
Cinn. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, 1956.	100¼	101		
Columbia G. & E. 1st 5s, 1927.	87	90		
Columbia G. & E. deb. 5s, 1927.	78	..		
Connecticut Power 1st 5s.	90	..		
Cumberl'd Co.P.& L. 1st & ref. 5s, '42	93½	98½		
Dallas Electric 5s, 1917.	90	..		
Defiance Gas & Elec. 5s, 1942.	91	94		
Denver Gas & Elec. gen. 5s.	96	98		
East Ohio Gas 1st 5s, 1939.	100½	102		
Eastern Texas Elec. 6s, 1918.	99½	..		
Eastern Texas Elec. col. 5s.	92	96		
Empire Gas Fuel 5s, 1926.	98¾	100		
Galveston Electric 1st 5s.	89	93		
Great Lakes Power 6s, 1921-28.	99	101		
Great Western Power 5s, 1946.	89½	90½		
Great Western Power 6s, 1925.	97½	99½		
Houston Electric 1st 5s.	98	100		
Interm. R., L. & P. 1st 6s, '42.	99	102		
Knoxville Gas 1st 5s, 1933.	90	92		
Lincoln G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, 1941.	91	95		
Middle West U. 6s, 1926.	97½	99		
Manoning & Shen. R. & L. 5s.	98½	99		
Miss. River Power Co. 1st 5s.	76½	78		
Miss. Valley G. & E. 5s, 1922.	94½	95¾		
Northern States Power 6s, 1926.	99¾	100		
Northern States Power 5s, 1941.	97	99		
North. Texas Elec. col. trust 5s.	90	94		
Omaha & C. B. Ry. 1st 5s, 1928.	96½	98		
Pensacola Elec. 1st 5s.	87½	..		
Roanoke W. W. 1st 6s.	99	99		
Seattle Electric con. 5s.	93	96		
Standard G. & E. conv. 6s, 1926.	99¾	100		
Tampa Electric 1st 5s.	98	..		
U. G. & E. R. & M. 6s, 1926.	111	113		
W. West. Light 6s, 1925.	99	98		
Western States G. & E. 1st 5s.	91½	93¾		
West. Penn. Power 1st 5s, 1946.	97½	98		

†Ex dividend.

STANDARD OIL QUOTATIONS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American	16	16½	16	17
Atlantic Refining	845	855	845	855
Borne-Scrymser	390	410	390	410
Buckeye Pipe Line	100	102	100	103
Chesebrough Mfg.	465	475	465	475
Colonial Oil	50	70	50	70
Continental Oil	540	560	550	570
Crescent Pipe Line	40	43	40	43
Cumberland P. L.	110	120	110	120
Eureka Pipe Line	230	240	230	240
Helena-Signal Oil	171	174	172	176
Galent-Signal Oil pf.	138	143	138	144
Illinois Pipe Line	217	220	218	221
Indiana Pipe Line	100	103	102	105
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	11¼	..	11¼	11½
National Transit	18	20	18	20
N. Y. Transit	210	215	210	215
Northern Pipe Line	103	108	105	108
Ohio Oil	343	350	343	347
Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co.	67	70	67	70
Pierce Oil	15¾	16	15¾	16¼
Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '24.	85	87	85	87
Prairie O. & G.	470	475	475	480
Prairie Pipe Line	290	293	290	293
Solar Refining	370	380	370	380
Southern Pipe Line	215	220	215	220
South. Penn. Oil	440	450	440	450
Southwest. Penn.	113	118	113	118
Stand. Oil of Cal.	345	350	347	350
Stand. Oil of Ind.	780	790	780	790
Stand. Oil of Kan.	530	540	535	545
Stand. Oil of Ky.	615	625	615	625
Stand. Oil of Neb.	550	560	550	550
Stand. Oil of N. J.	595	598	597	600
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	237	240	238	240
Stand. Oil of Ohio	425	435	425	435
Swan & Finch	110	120	110	120
Union Tank	89	92	89	92
Vacuum Oil	297	300	298	301
Washington Oil	37	43	37	43

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	112	115	112	115
American Cigar pf.	98	100	98	100
Conley Foil	300	350	300	350
J. S. Young	150	160	150	160
J. S. Young pf.	105	110	105	110
Johnson T. F. & M.	100	150	100	150
MacAndrews & F.	203	208	205	210
MacAndrews & F. pf.	100	..	100	..
Porto Rican Am. Tob.	265	275	265	275
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	610	630	610	630
R. J. Reyn. Tob. pf.	122	124	122	123

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
6s	Sept., 1917	102⅛	..	102⅛	102¼
4½s	June, 1963	109⅛	..	109⅛	110⅛
4½s	Mar., 1963	109⅛	109⅜	109⅛	109⅜
4½s	Nov., 1957	109⅛	109⅜	109⅛	109⅜
4½s	May., 1957	109⅛	109⅜	109⅛	109⅜
4½s	Apr., 1966	104⅝	104⅞	104⅝	104⅞
4½s	Mar., 1964	104½	104¾	104½	104¾
4½s	Mar., 1963	104⅜	104⅝	104⅜	104⅝
4½s	Sept., 1957	104⅜	104⅝	104⅜	104⅝
4½s	Mar., 1960-1930	103⅛	103⅜	103⅛	103⅜
4s	May, 1959	101	101¼	101	101¼
4s	Nov., 1958	101¼	101½	101¼	101½
4s	May, 1957	101¼	101½	101¼	101½
4s	Nov., 1957	100⅝	101	100⅝	101
4s	Nov., 1956	100⅜	101	100⅜	101
4s	Nov., 1936	100¼	..	100¼	..
3½s	Nov., 1955	93½	..	93½	..
3½s	Nov., 1954	93½	..	93½	..
3½s	May, 1954	93¾	..	93¾	..

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	1924-1960	3.97	3.90	3.97	3.90
4½s	1918-1928	3.97	3.90	3.97	3.90
4½s	Nov., 1917	3.75	..	3.75	..
4½s	June, 1917	3.40	..	3.40	..
4½s	May, 1917	3.35	..	3.35	..
4½s	1924-1931	3.95	3.90	3.95	3.90
4½s	1921-1923	3.95	3.87	3.95	3.87
4½s	Apr., 1920	3.95	3.80	3.95	3.80
4½s	1917-1919	3.90	3.75	3.90	3.75
4s	May, 1919	4.00	..	4.00	..
4s	Nov., 1918	3.90	..	3.90	..
4s	May, 1917	3.90	..	3.90	..
3½s	1940-1952	3.90	3.80	3.90	3.80
3½s	1930-1939	3.95	3.85	3.95	3.85
3½s	1922-1929	3.95	3.85	3.95	3.85
3½s	1919-1921	3.95	..	3.95	..
3½s	1917-1918	3.85	..	3.85	..
3s	1940-1952	3.90	3.80	3.90	3.80
3s	1926-1936	4.00	..	4.00	..
3s	1918-1925	3.90	3.85	3.90	3.85
2s	1916-1917	3.60	..	3.60	..

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930.	99½	100
2s, c, 1930.	99½	..
3s, r, 1918.	100⅝	101¼
3s, c, 1918.	100⅝	..
3s, 1941.	101½	102
4s, r, 1925.	110	110⅝
4s, c, 1925.	110⅛	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Acme Tea		
1st pf.	97¼	98
Adams Ex.	140	150
Am B'knote	43	44½
Am B Sug.	99¼	100¼
Am B S &		
Fdy.	106½	106
Am Coal.	95¾	..
Am Cot Oil		
pf.	101	102
Am Exp.	133	136
Am Malt.	9¾	10¼
Am em pf		
B.	92	94
Am Snuff.	138	145
Do pf.	109	110
Am Sug		
pf.	121½	123
Am T & C.	62	65
Am Tob pf.	108	110
Am Woolen		
pf.	98	98¼
Anaconda	33	34
Assets R.	3	3¼
Asso Oil	87	87½
A. S & S P		
pf.	100⅜	100⅞
Asso Dry G		
1st pf.	65	..
Do 2d pf.	40	..
B & O pf.	75½	76
Barrett Co		
pf.	119	121
Beth steel.	640	645
Do pf.	135	151
Bkyn R T.	84¾	85¼
Bn Un Gas.	131	133
Brown Bh.	69	71½
Do pf.	98	100
Brun's T.	8½	9
B. R. & P.	97	100
Do pf.	110	115
Bush Ter.	110	115
Butt'k Co.	27¾	29¼
Calif Pet.	29½	29¾
Canada Pac.	157½	160
Cas. (J. I.)		
pf.	87½	88
C. R. I. &		
P.	300	350
C. R. I. &	140	144
Chandler M.	104	106
Chi. & Alt		
pf.	20	24
C. & N. W.	128	129
Do pf.	170	176
Pan Am. Pet.	80	80
Do pf.	110	111
Pan Ss. r, 1936	99¼	100
Pan Ss. c, 1936	99¼	100
Pan Ss. r, 1938	102	..
Pan Ss. r, 1961	102	..
Pan Ss. c, 1961	102	..

	Bid.	Asked.
Jewel Tea.	80	90
Do pf.	110	111
K. C. P. &		
M. pf.	73	75
Kayser (J)		
& Co.	95	98
Do 1st pf.	114	118
Kelly Sp T		
pf.	97	100
K. & D. M.	5	6
Do pf.		35
Kings Co El	106	106¼
L. & P.	127	128
Laclede G.	108	109
Lig't & M.	290	300
Do pf.	124	125
Long Isl'd.	33	35
Lo W Bls		
1st pf.	82	86
Do 2d pf.	60	70
Lorill'd Co.	222½	230
Do pf.	118	121
M'kay Cos.	86	86¾
Do pf.	90¾	90¾
Man Beach	1¾	3¼
Man Elev.	130	132
Man Shirt.	62	68
Do pf.	112	120
Maxwell M		
1st pf.	85½	86½
May D Stre		
pf.	106	106½
Mex Pet pf.	96	97½
Mid. Steel.	135	150
M. St. P. &		
S. M.	124	126
Do pf.	153¼	156
Do 1.	73	76
Mon Power.	90	93
Do pf.	117	..
Mont W pf.	113½	..
Mor & Es.	81¼	140
N. C. & St. L.	123	140
Nat Bis pf.	127½	128½
Nat En pf.	95½	96½
Nat L. pf.	113¼	115
Nat Refining		
pf.	92	95
N. Y. L. &		
W.	113¼	123
Nort Sou.	25½	27½
Nort & W		
Ry. pf.	85	90
North Am.	69¼	71
N. W. Tel.	52½	60
Owens B M	94	95
Do pf.	116	121
Pabst B.	87	90
Pac Coast.	58	65
Do 1st pf.	70	90
Do 2d pf.	70	80
Pac T. & T.	37	40
Do pf.	90½	97

	Bid.	Asked.
Pattib-Mul.	..	50
Do 1st pf.	..	90
Pitts. C. G.		
& St. L.	81	82
Do pf.	..	98
Pitts C. pf.	110	115
Pitts. Ft. W		
& C.	158	..
Do spec'l.	45½	..
Pitts S. pf.	104½	106
Prod. & Ref.		
Co pf.	106	106¼
P. S. N. J.	182	184
P'm'n Co		
pf.	167	170
Quicksilver	2¾	3¼
Do pf.	3½	3¾
Ry. Stl. Spg		
pf.	100⅞	102
Rdg 1st pf.	43	44½
Rutland pf.	28	..
St. L. & S. F		
pf.	38	50
St. L. S. W.	23¾	25
Saxon Mot.	77	78½
Sears-R. pf.	120½	126¼
Sloss S. & I.	61	62¼
Do pf.	97	99
S. P. R. Sup		
pf.	116	118
So Ry. M &		
Ohio cifs.	64	75
Stand Milli		
pf.	90¼	94½
Studebaker		
Co pf.	110¾	112
T. P. L. Tr.	135	142
Tob. Pr. pf.	104	105
Tol. St. R. &		
W. ctfs.	2¾	7
Do pf.	12	15
Twin City		
R. T.	96	97
Do pf.	137	155
U. C. Mfrs.	45	49
Do pf.	107	108½
U. C. Stores		
pf.	119½	120
U. S. Cast	30	31
U. S. I. Alco		
pf.	102	105
U. S. R. &	31	33
U. S. H. & H.	2	3¼
U. S. Rubber		
1st pf.	110¼	110¾
Va-Car Ch		
pf.	111¼	112
Wells F. E.	155	157
W. Md. pf.	47	51
W. E. & M.		
1st pf.	72	75
Wes. Pac.	72	73
Western Md.	23	24
Do pf.	116	118
Wheel. & L. E.		
1st pf.	70	80
2d pf.	20	30
Wor. Pump		
pf. A.	96	100

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
928	Arundel S. & G.	86½	90¾	86½	90
105	Alabama Co.	80	80	80	80
10	Ala. Co. 2d pf.	44½	44½	44½	44½
15	Balt. Elec. pf.	47	47	47	47
45	Balt. Tube.	125½	126½	125½	126½
50	Balt. Trust.	100½	100½	100	100
65	Chalmers Oil.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
225	Cons. Coal.	100¼	100½	100¼	100½
757	Cons. Power.	124	125	124	125
1,093	Cons. Power rights	1¾	2¼	1¾	2
21	C. Power pf.	120½	120½	120½	120¾
10	Comm'l Credit	40	40	40	40
50	C. Credit pf. B	26½	26½	26½	26½
1,100	Cosden Ref'g.	17¾	18	17¾	17¾
1,810	Cosden O.	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
400	Cos. O. & G. pf.	4¾	5	4¾	5
821	Davison Chem.	44¼	44½	44	44⅜
275	Elkhorn Fuel.	18	19	18	19
105	Fidelity D.	102	102	101½	101½
45	Houston Oil.	19	19	19	19
115	Houston O. pf.	62¼	62¾	62¼	62¾
20	Int. Cor. Mills.	14	14	14	14
280	Penn. W. & P.	83½	83½	83½	83¾
85	Poole Engine.	112¾	113¾	112¾	113¾
150	M. & M. Bank.	207	210	207	210
51	Mt. Vernon M.	15	15	15	15
35	Mt. Ver. M. pf.	93½	93½	93½	93½
100	Patapsco Nav.	10¼	10¾	10	10
15	U. S. Fid. & G.	100½	100½	100½	100½
40	U.S.F. & G. rts.	81	81½	81	81¼
1,000	Un. Rys. & El.	82	82¼	81¾	82¼
25	Wayland Oil.	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼

BONDS.

$5,000	A. C. L. cv. 4s	94¼	..	94¼	94¼
2,000	Ala. C. & I. 5s	86	..	86	86
1,400	Ala. Co. gen. 6s	82	82	82	82
2,000	Balt., Spar Pt. & C. 4½s.	97	97	97	97
5,000	Balt. Elec. 5s, stamped	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	Canton Co. 5s.	100	100	100	100
2,000	Cham. Elec. 5s	97½	97½	97½	97½
1,000	Caro. Cent. 4s.	85	85	85	85
21,000	C. Power notes.	100¾	100¾	100¾	101¼
5,000	C. Power 4½s.	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾
2,000	Cons. Coal 6s.	104	104	104	104
1,000	City 3½s.	90½	90½	90½	90½
5,000	City 3½s, 1961.	90	90	90	90
600	City 4s, 1961.	..	..	..	..
	St. L.	101	101	101	101
80,000	Cosden & Co. 6s, new.	104	104¼	104	104
74,000	Cons. C. & C.	104¾	104¾	104¼	104¾
3,000	Equit. Mort. Tr. 5s.	100	100	100	100
5,000	G. B. S. Brew. Co. 5s.	2¾	2¾	2¼	2¼
2,000	Kirby Lum. 6s.	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
3,000	Maryl'd Elec. 5s.	99½	99½	99½	99¾
5,000	Mt. Ver. notes.	100½	100½	100½	100¾
25,000	Penn. W. & P. 5s.	96¼	96¼	96	96
4,800	Un. Rys. & El. fdg. 5s.	89¾	89¾	89½	89½
10,000	Un. Rys. & El. 1st 4s.	85	85¼	86	85
52,000	Un. Rys. & El. inc. 4s.	66¾	67	66½	67

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
15	Ahmeek	106	106	106	106
210	Alaska	12	12¼	12	12
210	Algomah	1	1	1	1
150	Allouez	80	80¼	80	80
7,000	Am. Zinc	52½	53½	51	52½
600	Am. Zinc pf.	81	81	80	81
3,475	Ariz. Com'l.	14¼	14¼	13¾	14¼
650	Butte & Bal.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
460	Butte & Sup.	66¾	66¾	65¼	65¾
614	Cal. & Ariz.	79¾	79¾	78½	78¾
15	Cal. & Hecla.	575	580	575	580
210	Chino	61½	62	61¼	61¾
780	Copper Range.	70¾	71¼	70¾	71
425	East Butte	14	14	13¾	13¾
5	Franklin	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
110	Granby	90	90	89	89
20	Greene Can	51	51	51	51
25	Hancock	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
20	Inspiration	67	67	67	67
3,830	Island Creek	52¾	53¼	52	53¼
65	Isl. Creek pf.	92¼	92¾	92	92¾
100	Isle Royale	33	33½	33	33½
100	Kerr Lake	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
400	Keweenaw	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
10	Lake	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
40	Lasalle	4½	5	4½	5
110	Mason Valley	5	5¼	5	5¼
200	Mass. Con	16¼	16½	15¼	15¾
105	Miami	39¾	40¼	39¾	40
870	Michigan				4
10	Mohawk	96	96	96	96
28	Nevada Con.	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼
85	New Arcadian	6½	6¾	6¾	6¾
75	New Idria	13	13	13	13
757	Nipissing	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼
790	North Butte	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
150	North Lake	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
315	Old Dominion	72	72½	71¾	72½
25	Osceola	91	91	91	91
4,775	Pond Creek	18	19¼	17¾	19¼
5	Quincy	92	92	92	92
25	Ray Con.	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼
310	Santa Fe	2¼	2¼	2	2
185	Shannon	8¾	9	8¾	8¾
50	South Lake	5½	5½	5½	5½
1	St. Mary's	90	90	90	90
14,025	Sup. & Bost.	7	8¾	7	8¼
90	Tamarack	44	44¼	43¾	44¼
80	Trinity	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
200	Tuolumne	69c	69c	69c	69c
265	U. S. Smelters	71¾	71¾	71¼	71¾
380	U. S. Smelt. pf.	51	51	51	51
265	Utah Apex.	3¾	3¾	3¼	3¼
25	Utah Con.	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
70	Utah Copper.	105¼	105¾	105¼	105¾
1,845	Utah Metals.	7¼	7¼	6¾	6¾
810	Victoria	6¼	6¼	6	6¼
55	Winona	4¾	5	4¾	5
15	Wolverine	45	45	45	45

RAILROADS.

219	Boston Elev.	82	83	82	83
19	Boston & Low.	125	125	125	125
123	Boston & Me.	46½	46½	45¾	46½
5	C. J. & S. Y. pf.	106	106	106	106
110

PLAN TO REORGANIZE PERE MARQUETTE

Readjustment Calls for Reduction of $8,340,000 Capital and $2,439,000 Fixed Charges.

$16,000,000 TO BE RAISED

Project Expected to Preserve Road as a System and to Safeguard Rights of Security Holders.

The Pere Marquette, in receivership since April, 1912, will soon be reorganized and started off afresh, if a plan announced last night is accepted by security holders. This is the second reorganization for the property, which went through a readjustment without foreclosure in 1907.

J. & W. Seligman & Co., Robert Winthrop & Co., and Eugene V. R. Thayer, as reorganization managers, have obtained approval for the plan of the several protective committees, with twenty-eight members. The managers were assisted in formulating a new plan by L. F. Loree, President of the Delaware & Hudson, and J. W. Kendrick. The readjustment of securities provides for a decrease of $8,340,000 in capitalization, from $113,840,000 to $105,000,000, and a decrease in fixed interest charges of $2,489,000, from $4,127,000 to $1,687,000.

The new plan is expected to accomplish these things:

The preservation of the railroad as a system and such control for the reorganized property as shall safeguard the rights of security holders.

Reduction of fixed charges to a limit believed, under all conditions, to be safely within the net earning capacity of the reorganized property.

Adequate capital provision for present and future requirements.

Payment or adjustment of all debts and provision for existing equipment trust obligations.

The plan provides for the sale under foreclosure of various mortgages of all the property of the company. The new company will have an authorized issue of $75,000,000 first mortgage bonds; $11,200,000 5 per cent. cumulative prior preference stock; $12,429,000 6 per cent. preferred stock, cumulative after Jan. 1, 1919, and $45,046,000 common stock. All three classes of stock will be held for five years by a voting trust consisting of James S. Alexander, Francis R. Hart, Frederick Strauss, Eugene V. R. Thayer, Robert Winsor, and Beekman Winthrop.

The estimated cash requirements under the plan are $16,000,000, to provide for which a purchase syndicate consisting of J. & W. Seligman & Co., Robert Winthrop & Co., and Kidder, Peabody & Co. will purchase $6,000,000 first mortgage Series A 5 per cent. bonds, $11,200,000 5 per cent. prior preference stock trust certificates, and $25,875,400 common stock trust certificates. The syndicate will pay for these securities $16,000,000 and accrued interest on the bonds and will receive a commission of 6 per cent. on the maximum syndicate obligation of $16,000,000. No provision has been made for underwriting the cash required for payment to nonassenting holders of bonds or of any of the issues provided for in the plan.

The Guaranty Trust Company will form a loan syndicate of which it will be the manager. This syndicate will advance to the purchase syndicate funds up to 80 per cent. of the par amount of prior preference stock and common stock not subscribed for by security holders. It is expected that these advances will be payable not later than Jan. 1, 1919.

The reorganization managers will receive as compensation three-quarters of 1 per cent. on the aggregate principal amount of the new bonds about to be issued and one-half of 1 per cent. upon the aggregate par value of the three classes of new stock. The reorganization managers may participate in any of the syndicates.

Connecticut Brass Corporation Sold

John E. Liggett of the banking house of Liggett-Hichbbrn & Co.; Russell A. Cowles, Vice President of the Buffalo Brass and Rolling Mills; A. J. Skinner of the Commercial Trust Company, Springfield, Mass; eGorge R. Walker, New York, and E. B. Schoemaker of the Coe Stapley Manufacturing Company, Bridgeport, have acquired through purchase the control of the Connecticut Brass Corporation, whose mills are at Cheshire, Conn. The company does a large business. The bankers in the transaction were Boughton & Co., 120 Broadway.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Early in the day the market on the Consolidated Exchange appeared to be readily able to throw off the unsettling influence of the overnight advices regarding the possible loss of Americans on the latest ships sunk by submarines. Prices dipped a little, but, in many cases, rallied with vigor later on. In the final dealings, however, there was a degree of irregularity. There were a number of special movements in various stocks.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
20	Alaska Gold	12	12	@2	12
40	Allis-Chalmers	25½	25½	25½	25½
40	Am. Ag. Chem.	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾
20	Am. Beet Sugar	102½	102½	102½	102½
220	American Can	62⅝	62½	61¾	62
140	Am. Car & F.	67⅞	67⅞	67¼	67¼
50	Am. Ice Sec.	28½	28½	28½	28½
470	Am. Linseed	26½	27⅛	26	26⅝
480	Am. Locomotive	83	83¼	82½	82⅝
2,690	Am. Smelting	112⅜	112⅝	110⅝	111⅜
90	Am. Sugar	120½	121½	120½	121
20	Am. W. P. pf.	50⅞	51	50⅞	51
190	American Zinc	52½	53⅜	51¼	52⅜
3,150	Anaconda Cop.	94⅜	95¼	94⅜	95⅛
1,810	Baldwin Loco.	83⅝	86¼	83⅝	84½
80	Balt. & Ohio	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝
120	Butte & Sup.	66¼	66⅜	66¼	66⅜
2,420	Cent. Leather	95⅛	98¾	95½	96⅞
210	Ches. & Ohio	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝
60	C., M. & St. P.	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼
6,360	C., R. I. & P.	35	35⅝	34	34
120	Chino Copper	61⅜	62	61¼	61¼
190	Col. Fuel & I.	52¼	53	52¼	53
780	Corn Products	17⅛	19¼	17⅛	19⅝
14,120	Crucible Steel	87½	91⅝	87½	89⅝
500	Cuba Cane	74¼	75¼	73⅞	74¼
60	Dist. Securities	45¼	45¼	45	45
1,050	Erie	38⅜	39½	38¼	38⅞
120	Goodrich Co.	72¼	72¾	71¾	71¾
50	Gt. North'n ore	43	43	43	43
480	Insp. Cop.	66⅝	67	66¼	66¼
60	Int. Agr.	25⅜	26	24⅝	26
50	Int. Mer. Mar.	39¼	39¼	39¼	39¼
790	Int. M. M. pf.	113	114¼	112⅜	114⅛
150	Int. Nickel	50⅜	50⅞	50⅜	50⅜
1,970	Int. Paper	60	64⅛	59½	62⅜
250	Interbor. Com.	19¼	19⅜	19⅛	19½
840	Kennecott Cop.	54	54¼	53⅜	53⅝
40	Lack. Steel	88	88	88	88
140	Lehigh Valley	83½	84¼	83½	84¼
290	Maxwell Motor	85⅜	85⅜	83⅜	85
150	Mexican Pet.	108½	108⅝	108⅛	108¼
270	Miami Cop.	40	40¼	40	40⅜
40	Mo. Pacific	9⅜	9⅜	9⅛	9⅜
60	Mo. Pac. t. r.	9⅜	9⅜	9⅛	9⅜
110	Nevada Con.	23¼	23⅞	23⅜	23⅝
250	N. Y. Cent.	107⅞	108¼	107⅞	108¼
50	N.Y., N.H.&H.	61	61¼	61	61¼
40	N. Y., O. & W.	29¼	29¼	29¼	29⅛
70	Northern Pac.	108½	108½	108⅜	108⅜
140	Ontario Silver	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
10	Pacific Mail	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜
470	Pennsylvania	58⅛	58⅝	58⅛	58⅜
20	Pitts. Coal	42¼	42¼	42¼	42¼
100	Pitts. C. c. dp.	42½	44½	42½	44
40	Pressed S. Car	72⅝	72⅝	71¼	71½
80	Ray Consol.	20¼	26⅝	26½	26⅝
4,600	Reading	108⅛	110	107⅝	109⅝
480	Rep. I. & S.	77⅜	79⅜	77	78¼
120	Southern Pac.	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,240	Studebaker	128⅜	129	127¼	128¼
90	Tenn. Copper	23⅝	23⅝	23⅜	23½
270	Union Bag	15⅞	15½	14⅝	15¼
3,370	Union Pac.	150⅜	151½	150⅜	150⅝
50	United Fruit	161⅜	161⅜	161¼	161⅜
620	U. S. In. Alco.	140¼	142½	140¼	141⅜
120	U. S. Rubber	50⅞	50⅞	59⅜	59⅜
28,780	U. S. Steel	118⅝	119¼	117⅝	118⅞
450	Utah Copper	105¾	107	105¾	105⅞
20	Va. Car Chem.	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜
40	Wabash	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼
450	Wes'house El.	63⅜	64⅜	63⅜	63⅜
370	Willys O'land.	42¼	42¼	42	42¼
	MINING STOCKS.				
1,200	Dis'fid B. B.	.06¼	.06¼	.06¼	.06¼
400	Goldfield Cons.	.56	.57	.56	.57
1,000	Great Bend	.13¼	.13¼	.13¼	.13¼
600	Jim Butler	.95	.95	.95	.95
400	Jumbo Ex. L.	.25	.25	.25	.25
2,000	Lone Star	.03	.03	.03	.03
1,000	Monarch Pitts.	.12½	.12½	.12¼	.12½
400	Nevada Hills	.23	.23	.23	.23
400	Ophir	.27	.27	.27	.27
500	Rescue Eula	.24	.24	.24	.24

OCTOBER TRANSACTIONS.

Transactions in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange for the month of October aggregated 27,980,554 shares, a decrease of 1,870,145 shares as compared with the previous month, but an increase of 1,841,473 shares as compared with the corresponding month last year. Last month's total was the second largest of any October on record, the tendency in that month in 1904 reaching 32,479,568 shares. There were eighteen million shares days, of which the total of 1,908,875 shares on the 9th was heaviest. The smallest total for any full day was 918,164 shares on the 13th. For the Saturday half holiday the maximum total was 748,485 shares on the 21st and the minimum 441,225 shares on the 14th.

The following table gives the total transactions in stocks for October and the ten months of this year as compared with the corresponding periods of each year back to 1889:

STOCKS, (SHARES.)	October.	Jan. 1 to Oct. 31.
1916	27,980,554	168,656,171
1915	26,639,081	142,141,732
1914	Stock Exchange closed.	
1913	7,410,980	72,360,884
1912	14,149,781	109,745,849
1911	11,052,834	102,546,305
1910	13,420,219	143,182,364
1909	21,708,379	175,597,695
1908	14,266,285	148,886,205
1907	17,310,181	173,231,532
1906	21,802,145	244,867,281
1905	17,743,434	204,747,926
1904	32,479,568	126,894,005
1903	12,071,051	134,827,469
1902	16,348,669	155,484,128
1901	14,023,147	220,644,352
1900	10,900,985	92,287,742
1899	10,797,600	144,149,100
1898	7,415,785	86,003,822
1897	8,995,144	65,010,296
1896	4,895,645	44,038,087
1895	6,387,326	55,390,808
1894	4,530,800	41,406,968
1893	6,001,195	68,588,862
1892	7,015,250	68,527,310
1891	6,577,563	55,824,825
1890	7,045,893	49,378,340
1889	7,562,555	55,112,822

The sales of railroad and miscellaneous bonds amounted to a par value of $109,707,000, in foreign bonds to $42,663,000, in Government bonds to $117,000, and in State bonds to $1,388,500, a total in all classes of bonds of $144,875,500, an increase of $47,500,500 as compared with the previous month and of $40,385,500 as compared with the corresponding month last year. Only in October, 1904, has this total been exceeded in the corresponding month in any year, and it was also the largest total of any month since December, 1908, when the dealings aggregated $165,000,500, the heaviest total for any full day was $10,065,500, which was also the maximum total since June 4, 1910, when the dealings were $10,358,600. The smallest full day's total was $4,380,500, on the 9th. For the Saturday half holiday the maximum total was $5,220,000, on the 21st, and the minimum total $2,420,000, on the 14th.

Bond dealings for October and the ten months of this year make the following showing, as compared with preceding years:

BONDS, (PAR VALUE.)	October.	Jan. 1 to Oct. 31.
1916	$144,875,500	$933,336,060
1915	104,490,000	710,891,700
1914	Stock Exchange closed.	
1913	41,068,500	422,937,420
1912	46,324,800	591,754,300
1911	73,293,400	710,463,900
1910	56,802,500	539,031,500
1909	91,400,500	1,117,209,200
1908	90,746,500	782,258,820
1907	62,637,500	392,660,000
1906	76,900,900	560,154,700
1905	74,015,720	867,181,920
1904	140,978,500	701,804,060
1903	73,584,000	589,780,950
1902	68,632,000	776,151,850
1901	64,954,000	832,932,120
1900	42,297,900	324,776,480
1899	47,325,000	734,762,390
1898	59,747,980	636,910,720
1897	39,921,800	449,630,240
1896	28,701,200	305,965,200
1895	37,561,200	429,725,370
1894	33,062,000	295,526,970
1893	55,039,000	500,275,600
1892	28,382,550	426,524,400
1891	34,889,300	296,954,700
1890	27,891,000	283,939,980
1889	24,859,000	302,416,024

The War Week by Week.

THE NEW YORK TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL war pictures form a record of the European conflict unequaled by any other publication. Ten cents everywhere; $5 a year. Handsomely bound volume for $1 by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

Municipal Bonds

EXEMPT FROM FEDERAL INCOME TAX

For the investment of

November Funds

Our present attractive list of bonds includes:

AMOUNT	ISSUE	RATE	MATURITY	YIELD
*$102,000	State of California Har. Imp.	4%	1985 opt. 1950	3.80%
* 225,000	City of Baltimore, Md., Reg.	4%	1951 to 1961	3.875%
†* 9,000	City of Cortland, N. Y., W. Wks.	4%	1940	3.90%
* 89,000	City of Columbus, Ohio, Pub. Imp.	4½%	1934-35	3.90%
* 10,000	City of Paterson, N. J., Funding	4%	1939	3.95%
* 20,000	City of Pawtucket, R. I., Reg. Sewer	4½%	1952	4.00%
* 20,000	City of Portland, Ore., W. W.	4%	1936	4.00%
†* 98,000	New York City (New Loan)	4½%	1966	4.02%
* 49,000	State of Louisiana Port. Com.	5%	1928 to 1950	4.20%
* 25,000	City of San Diego, Cal., Har. Imp.	4½%	1927 to 1945	4.25%
* 100,000	City of El Paso, Tex., School	5%	1954 opt. 1934	4.25%
* 58,000	City of Tyler, Tex., W. Wks.	5%	1932 to 1949	4.50%
* 44,000	Warren County, Miss., Rd. & Bdge.	5%	1955 opt. 1935	4.50%
* 25,000	City of Sherman, Tex., Mun. Imp.	5%	1921 to 1926	4.375%
* 12,000	City of Sherman, Tex., Mun. Imp.	5%	1937 to 1946	4.45%
*105,000	City of Sherman, Tex., Mun. Imp.	5%	1950 to 1956	4.50%
* 145,000	Lawrence County, Tenn., Rd.	5%	1946 to 1956	4.50%
9,000	City of Galveston, Tex., Mun. Imp.	5%	1920	4.50%
53,000	City of Galveston, Tex., Mun. Imp.	5%	1921 to 1926	4.625%
400,000	City of Galvestoh, Tex., Mun. Imp.	5%	1930 to 1956	4.70%
42,000	Clayton, New Mexico, Mun. Imp.	5½%	1936 opt. 1926	4.80%

†Tax-free in New York State.
*Eligible to secure Postal Savings Deposits.

Write for our extensive Municipal Bond List No. 60, and also our instructive booklet on Municipal Bonds, "The Premier Investment."

William R. Compton Company

Municipal Bonds

"Over a Quarter Century in this Business."

14 Wall Street, New York

St. Louis Cincinnati Chicago

EXEMPT FROM FEDERAL INCOME TAX

Municipal Bonds For November Investment

		Rate.	Maturity.	Yield.
*$25,000	City of Rochester, N. Y., reg.	4½%	1933	3.80%
*150,000	State of Georgia	4¼	1943 - 45	3.85
* 45,000	City of Cincinnati, Ohio	4½	1926	3.85
*330,000	City of Columbus, Ohio	4½	1935 & 45	3.90
* 85,000	State of Mississippi	4¼	1932 - 35	3.90
* 30,000	City of Paterson, N. J.	4½	1943	3.95
* 25,000	City of Atlantic City, N. J.	4½	1933 & 41	4.00
100,000	City of Portland, Ore.	4	1935	4.00
25,000	City of Salt Lake City, Utah	4½	1934	4.05
275,000	King County, Wash.	4½	1936	4.10
115,000	City of Ventnor City, N. J.	5	1938 - 41	4.20
85,000	City of Memphis, Tenn.	4½	1922 - 50	4.25
375,000	Cityof SanAntonio,Tex.Sc.Dis.	5	1956 - 36	4.30
50,000	City of Montgomery, Ala.	4½	1946	4.30
75,000	City of Birmingham, Ala.	5	1941	4.375

*Legal investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York State

All of the above bonds are eligible to secure postal savings deposits.

November circular on application.

R. M. GRANT & CO.

BOSTON 31 Nassau St., New York CHICAGO

Exempt from Federal Income Tax and no certificate of ownership is required in collecting the interest on these bonds.

$310,000

County of Greenville, S. C.

4½% Coupon Road Bonds

Dated July 1, 1915 Denomination $1000.

Principal and Semi-Annual Interest payable January 1st and July 1st in New York City.

Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

Eligible to secure U. S. Postal Savings Deposits up to 90% of par value and for the investments of Insurance Co.

MATURITIES

$15,000	July 1,	1923 @ 102.02	$25,000	July 1,	1929 @	103.15
20,000	" 1,	1924 @ 102.23	25,000	" 1,	1930 @	103.31
25,000	" 1,	1925 @ 102.43	25,000	" 1,	1931 @	103.47
25,000	" 1,	1926 @ 102.62	25,000	" 1,	1932 @	103.62
25,000	" 1,	1927 @ 102.81	25,000	" 1,	1933 @	103.76
25,000	" 1,	1928 @ 102.98	25,000	" 1,	1934 @	103.90

$25,000 July 1, 1935 @ 104.03

Price—To Yield 4.20%

Descriptive Circular on Request.

HORNBLOWER & WEEKS

42 Broadway, New York

Boston Providence Portland Chicago Detroit

$300,000,000

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland

5½% SECURED LOAN GOLD NOTES

Dated November 1, 1916 *Interest payable May 1 and November 1*

$150,000,000 Three-Year Notes due November 1, 1919

$150,000,000 Five-Year Notes due November 1, 1921

DIRECT OBLIGATIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT

Principal and interest payable in United States gold coin, at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., or, at the option of the holder, in London in sterling at the fixed rate of $4.86½ to the pound.

Principal and interest payable without deduction for any British taxes, present or future.

Coupon Notes of $1,000, $5,000 and $10,000

Redeemable at the option of the Government, in whole or in part, on thirty (30) days notice, as follows:

	Three-Year Notes	Five-Year Notes
From November 1, 1916 to October 31, 1917 inclusive	103 and interest	105 and interest
" " 1, 1917 " 31, 1918 "	102 and interest	104 and interest
" " 1, 1918 " 31, 1919 "	101 and interest	103 and interest
" " 1, 1919 " 31, 1920 "		102 and interest
" " 1, 1920 " 31, 1921 "		101 and interest

To be secured by pledge with Guaranty Trust Company of New York, under a pledge agreement executed by the Government, of securities approved by J. P. Morgan & Co., of an aggregate value of not less than $360,000,000, calculated on the basis of then prevailing market prices, sterling securities being valued in dollars at the prevailing rate of exchange, viz.:

Group I. Stocks, bonds and / or other securities of American corporations (including the Canadian Pacific Railway Company) and bonds and / or other obligations (either as maker or guarantor) of the Government of the Dominion of Canada, the Colony of Newfoundland, and / or provinces of the Dominion of Canada, and / or Canadian municipalities: Aggregate value not less than $180,000,000

(Of the foregoing there will be somewhat over $100,000,000 in aggregate value of securities of corporations of the United States and of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.)

Group II. Bonds and / or other obligations (either as maker or guarantor) of any or all of the several following Governments, to wit: Commonwealth of Australia, Union of South Africa, New Zealand, Argentina, Chile, Cuba, Japan, Egypt, and India, and / or approximately $25 000,000 value in bonds or other obligations of dividend-paying British railway companies: Aggregate value not less than $180,000,000

Total $360,000,000

Pending the arrival and deposit of definitive securities as above, the Government is to deposit temporarily with the Trust Company either approved New York Stock Exchange collateral or cash.

If the pledged securities depreciate in value, the Government is to deposit additional securities to maintain the 20% margin.

The Government is to reserve the right from time to time to sell for cash any of the pledged securities, the proceeds of sale to be applied to the retirement of notes by purchase or by redemption by lot.

Upon the retirement of the three-year notes, a proportionate amount of the collateral may be withdrawn approximately ratably from each class.

The Government also from time to time may make substitutions of securities, but such substitutions are not to vary the then relative amounts in value of the groups. All substitutions, withdrawals and valuations of securities are to be approved by J. P. Morgan & Co.

This offering is made subject to the approval by our Counsel of necessary formalities.

WE OFFER THE ABOVE NOTES FOR SUBSCRIPTION AS FOLLOWS:

The Three-Year Notes at 99¼ and interest, yielding over 5.75 per cent.

The Five-Year Notes at 98½ and interest, yielding about 5.85 per cent.

Subscription books will be opened at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., at 10 o'clock, A.M., October 31, 1916, and will be closed at 10 o'clock, A.M., November 8, 1916, or earlier, in their discretion.

THE RIGHT IS RESERVED TO REJECT ANY AND ALL APPLICATIONS, AND ALSO, IN ANY EVENT, TO AWARD A SMALLER AMOUNT THAN APPLIED FOR.

AMOUNTS DUE ON ALLOTMENTS WILL BE PAYABLE AT THE OFFICE OF J. P. MORGAN & CO., IN NEW YORK FUNDS, TO THEIR ORDER, AND THE DATE OF PAYMENT WILL BE GIVEN IN THE NOTICES OF ALLOTMENT.

Temporary certificates will be delivered pending the engraving of the definitive notes.

J. P. MORGAN & CO.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK New York City — *NATIONAL CITY COMPANY* New York City

HARRIS, FORBES & CO.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO. — *WM. A. READ & CO.*

J. & W. SELIGMAN & CO.

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO. — *LEE, HIGGINSON & CO.*

LAZARD FRÈRES

KISSEL, KINNICUTT & CO. — *WHITE, WELD & CO.*

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY of New York

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY New York City — *FARMERS LOAN & TRUST COMPANY* New York City

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF ILLINOIS Chicago — *UNION TRUST COMPANY* Pittsburgh

CONTINENTAL AND COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, Chicago

MARINE NATIONAL BANK Buffalo — *FIRST & OLD DETROIT NATIONAL BANK* Detroit

New York, October 30, 1916.

We execute orders in

National Motor Car and Vehicle Co.

(when issued)

Hallowell & Henry

John 3456. 27 Pine St.

LAKE TORPEDO BOAT.

The bids for 20 submarines, to cost $17,001,040, will open today. Last year on the opening of the bids Lake stock rose from 14 to 28¼.

I am informed that a foreign Government has opened negotiations with the Lake Company to build a fleet of submarines.

Well defined rumors are circulating in Bridgeport that the issue of $6,000 shares of new 1st preferred stock, last June, increasing the capital to $4,200,000, were taken by a subsidiary of the U. S. Steel Corporation.

I am informed from another source that the 30,000 shares of 1st preferred stock was taken by the E. W. Bliss Co., as an investment, and that they have since added to their holdings in the open market.

Heavy concentrated buying took place in the preferred stock yesterday, one house taking over 2,000 shares from 11¾ to 13¾.

Special Lake letter mailed on request.

F. D. L. PRENTISS,
81 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Western Union

Its Earning Power and Prospects

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124TH CASH DIVIDEND.
ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) in cash, payable December 1, 1916, to the holders of the Capital Stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company as registered at the close of business Thursday, November 9, 1916.

D. R. BURBANK, Secretary.

Chicago, October 18, 1916.

American Brass

Bought—Sold—Quoted

Hoit & McWilliam

71 Broadway, N. Y. 'Phone 3109 Rector

We take pleasure in announcing that

MR. HENRY B. SMITH

has this day been admitted to membership in our firm.

SARTORIUS & EINSTEIN

Members New York Stock Exchange

New York, November 1, 1916. 20 Broad St.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

100 Aluminum Co. of America
100 Atlas Port'd Cement Com. & Pfd.
10 Autosales Gum 6s
25 Bankers Trust
25 By-Products Coke
250 Cent. Coal of St. Louis
50 Childs (Rest.) Co. Pfd.
15 Commonwealth Insurance
50 Continental Insurance
100 Del., Lack. & Western Coal
10 Eastern Steel 6s
100 Eastern Steel Com.
100 E. W. Bliss Pfd.
25 Franklin Insurance
100 Great Northern Paper
50 Geo. W. Helme Com.
10 Globe & Rutgers Insurance
100 General Manifold & Ptg.
20 Goldschmidt Detinning Com.
100 H. W. Johns-Manville Com.
10 Harriman National Bank
25 Home Insurance
300 International Salt
20 Lord & Taylor 1st Pfd.
100 Midland Securities
100 Mathieson Alkali Com.
25 National Fuel Gas
100 New York Shipbuilding
100 New York State Railways
25 Phelps, Dodge & Co.
100 Remington Typewr. (All Issues)
100 Standard Chemical Com.
50 Singer Manufacturing
2 Winchester Repeating Arms
100 Woodward Iron Com.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

25 American Hawaiian S. S.
50 American Chicle Com. & Pfd.
100 Aluminum Co. of America
15 Acme White L. & Col. Com. & Pfd.
5 Auto Sales Gum 6s
300 Auto Sales Gum
25 Bond & Mortgage Guarantee
50 Babcock & Wilcox
100 Childs (Rest.) Co. Pfd.
15 Chs. Gas Transportation
100 Eastern Steel 1st Pfd.
50 E. W. Bliss Com.
25 Freeport Texas Co.
50 Freeport & Tampico Fuel Oil
25 Fidelity-Phenix Insurance
10 Franklin Insurance
100 Federal Sugar Com.
10 General Baking 6s
100 Green Bay & Western R. R.
100 Great Northern Paper
50 German American Insurance
25 Germania Insurance
50 Hale & Kilburn Com.
50 Ingersoll-Rand Pfd. & Com.
100 International Salt
50 Manati Sugar Pfd.
100 New York Shipbuilding
10 Niagara Insurance
50 Niles-Bement-Pond Com.
75 Pocahontas Cons. Coll. Com.
25 Singer Manufacturing
100 Thompson-Starrett Pfd.
15 Victor Talking Machine
5 Winchester Repeating Arms
50 Wash. Steel & Ordnance
75 Westchester Fire Insurance

We have good markets in Unlisted and Inactive Securities and respectfully invite inquiries.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
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WILL GUARD TRADE WITH THE AMERICAS

Both Britain and France Are Taking Precautions, John Barrett Reports.

AIDING NEW INDUSTRIES

General Desire to Co-operate with Us in Commercial Efforts in the Southern Continent.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—In an advance statement issued today, John Barrett, Director General of the Pan American Union, who recently returned from England and France, where he went to study the European viewpoint of the influence of the war upon Pan American commerce, gives a summary of the report which he has prepared. While abroad he conferred with leading officials and representative financiers and manufacturers connected with foreign trade. By invitation of the British and French authorities he also spent a week at the battlefront in France, from Verdun to the Somme. The report reaches the following conclusions of concern to the commercial and financial interests of the United States and Latin America:

1. Not a Government official, banker, general business man, or army officer would express a positive opinion as to the duration or end of the war, except that the majority plainly believed that it would last well into 1918 or even longer.

2. A most powerful semi-official organization and movement has been quietly but effectively started in both England and France, not only to make now an extraordinary effort to maintain their present trade with the Americas and regain what may have been lost during the first two years of the war, but to prepare ahead for a greater effort after the war in building up this trade than they ever made before.

3. Under conditions which amount to encouragement and almost to actual Government aid, a large variety of industries heretofore little developed, and hence figuring slightly in the foreign trade of these countries, is being rapidly developed, and will surely play a prominent part in their future commerce and in competition with the United States and other countries.

4. A vast practical army of very skilled but reasonably paid labor is being trained and developed all over Great Britain and France in the form of women workers, who will increase immensely the efficiency of manufacture and the volume of output of foreign commerce, despite the loss of male and skilled labor resulting from the war.

5. Notwithstanding the extraordinary financial burdens of the war, the British and French financial and commercial interests, recognizing the plainly injurious effect upon their foreign commerce of their present withdrawal from financing Government loans and private undertakings in Latin America, and that the United States is rapidly supplanting them in this respect, are now planning to co-operate in caring for this field in the future as they have done in the past.

6. Everywhere, however, in both official and private circles, there is not only an expressed belief that there is abundant room in South and Central America for the financial and commercial efforts both of the United States and of England and France, but a sincere desire to co-operate as far as possible with the commercial and financial interests of the United States in order to avoid a ruinous competition that would be harmful to all concerned. Everywhere, moreover, strange as it may seem, there is decided optimism rather than pessimism about the effect of the war on the capacity of England and France to carry successfully for their foreign trade under war conditions, and again under the conditions which will follow the war.

Reserve Bank Governors Meet.

An informal conference of five Federal Reserve Bank governors was held at the New York Reserve Bank yesterday. It was said that the check collection problem, among other subjects, had been considered. Those present were Deputy Governor Robert H. Treman of New York, Governor C. J. Seay of Richmond, Governor Alfred L. Aiken of Boston, Governor J. R. McDougal of Chicago, and Governor E. R. Fancher of Cleveland. James F. Curtis, general counsel of the New York Reserve Bank, and Assistant Cashier E. R. Kenzel were called into consultation.

BOND AVERAGES.

OCTOBER, 1916.

FORTY BONDS.

Oct. 2	87.42	—.02	Oct. 17	88.11	+.01
Oct. 3	87.46	+.04	Oct. 18	88.18	+.07
Oct. 4	87.54	+.08	Oct. 19	88.27	+.09
Oct. 5	87.80	+.26	Oct. 20	88.38	+.00
Oct. 6	87.83	+.03	Oct. 21	88.27	—.06
Oct. 7	87.88	+.05	Oct. 23	88.31	+.04
Oct. 9	87.82	—.06	Oct. 24	88.37	+.06
Oct. 10	87.98	+.16	Oct. 25	88.48	+.18
Oct. 11	88.07	+.25	Oct. 26	88.66	+.11
Oct. 12	Holiday		Oct. 27	88.65	—.01
Oct. 18	88.01	—.06	Oct. 28	88.64	—.01
Oct. 14	88.07	+.06	Oct. 30	88.70	+.06
Oct. 16	88.10	+.03	Oct. 31	88.70	..

RANGE FOR OCTOBER.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
1916	88.80	30	87.42	2	88.70
1915	88.26	30	82.90	5	88.25
1914	Exchange closed.				
1913	87.79	4	86.79	21	87.08

YEAR'S RANGE.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
*1916	88.80	Oct. 30	86.10	Apr. 28	88.70
1915	87.62	Nov. 24	81.51	Jan. 2	86.67
1914	89.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2	81.90
1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18	86.34

*To date.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 639,874 shares of stocks and $585,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 113,096; oils, 167,528, and mining, 359,255. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,500	†Aetna Exp..	10⅝	11	10⅝	10⅝
400	Am. Sum. Tob.	24½	25	24½	25
5,420	†Am. W. Pap.	8¾	9¼	8¾	9⅛
100	A. & P. T. pf.	103½	103½	103½	103½
100	Br.-Am. Tob. Co., Ord..	19	19	19	19
100	Br.-Am. Tob. Co., Ord. B.	20	20	20	20
200	†Butler Chem	3½	3½	3½	3½
100	†But. Judson.	75½	75½	75½	75½
260	†Cal. P. Carp	30¾	37¼	30¾	37¼
400	†Cal. Ship..	16	16	16	16
1,600	†Car L. & P..	4¼	4½	4¼	4¼
1,200	Carwen Steel	12	12¾	12	12¾
400	†Cent. Found	17¼	17½	17	17
400	†Cent. Pr. pf.	85	85¼	85¼	85¼
1,000	C. J. Co. Am.	8	8¼	8	8¼
1,500	C.I.Co.Am.pf.	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
400	Chev. Motor.	188	190	188	190
800	†Emer. Mot..	4	4	4	4
260	Emer. Phono.	10¼	10¾	10¼	10¾
800	Enger M. Car	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
100	†F. B. Corp.	89½	89½	89½	89½
400	†Gen. M., w.i.	162	165	162	164½
800	†G.M.pf.,w.i..	95¼	96¼	94¾	94¾
112	Guan. Sugar	78	78	77½	77½
2,100	†Hart Boll Co.	3¾	4	3¾	3¾
60	†Haskell & Barker Car Co.	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼
500	Holly Sugar..	58	*59	57	57
100	Holly Sug. pf.	98	98¾	98	98¾
5,670	†Imp. Carbon Chaser	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
600	Intercont. Rub.	15½	15½	15½	15½
3,640	†Joplin Ore Spelter, (new)	45	45	44	45
1,200	Kelly Ht. pf. (10%-8)	10⅜	9⅞	9⅞	10¼
200	Keystone Tire & Rubber..	15⅜	15⅜	15¼	15¼
4,000	†Lake Tor. Boat	13⅝	14½	13	13½
400	†Lake Tor. Boat 1st pf	13	13⅜	13	13⅜
500	Man. Elec. Sup., w. i	39¼	39¾	39¼	39¾
3,560	Marlin Arms	68	68	68	70
209	Marlin Arms v. t. ctfs. pf.	98	98	98	98
100	Marconi of Am.	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
3,700	†Maxim Mtnl.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
200	†Mex. Petrol. Export Co..	19¾	20	19¾	20
5,800	†Midvale Steel	68¼	69¼	68¾	68¼
200	†Mitchell Mot., when reiss.	66	68	66	68
5,000	†Nat. Auto ..	42¾	44	42¼	46½
6,000	†N.Y. Cent. rts.	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
600	N. Am. Pulp & Paper	12¼	13⅜	12½	13⅜
28	†Poole Eng. & Machine Co.	112	112	112	112
1,200	†Pugh Stores Corp., w. i..	10	10¼	10	10¼
1,100	†Pull. V. Cor.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛
300	†Pull. V. C.pf.	5¼	5⅜	5¼	5⅜
100	Reab. S. & M.	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾
60	†A. O. Smith Corp.	45	45	42¾	42¾
400	†A. O. Smith Corp. pf. ..	98	98	97¼	97¼
200	Smith & Terry Trans. pf....	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
3,000	†Spicer Mfg..	47¾	48	47¾	48
200	†Spicer M. pf.	103¼	103½	103¼	103½
400	†Steel A. Cor.	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼
5,000	Subma. Boat, v. t. ctfs....	42¾	43¾	42¾	43¼
8,000	†Transue, W. Steel Forg..	43	45¼	44¼	44⅝
6,800	U. S. S. Co..	7	7¼	7	7¼
7,400	†U. S. Tungs.	23	28	28	29
4,000	†Uni. Motors	62¾	63¾	62	62¾
2,825	†Uni. Al. S.C.	46	48	47¼	47¾
8,000	Uni. Pr. Shar.	1¼	1¾	1¼	1¾
800	†U. S. Light & H. Corp..	2¼	2¾	2¼	2¾
100	†Wh. & L. E.	19	19	19	19
800	†W. & L. E. pf.	49	50	49	50
1,500	White Pr. Car, v. t. ctfs....	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
3,700	†Wright-Mar. Aircr't Cor.	23¼	23¾	23¼	23¾
100	†Zinc Cons. Co.	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
23	Illinois P. L.	220	219	219	— 2
200	Ohio Oil Co.	345	345	345	— 7
10	S. O., (N. Y.).	238	238	238	— 2

OTHER OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	†Alberta Pet., Ltd., (a pr.)	67	67	67	67
400	†Bern. O. & G.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
2,500	†Cos. (Oil R.)	17½	17½	17½	17½
2,500	†Cos. O. & G.	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝
11,000	†Federal Oil..	3	3¼	2¾	2¾
1,800	Kenova Oil, (a prospect)	⅛	¼	⅛	⅛
1,600	Metro. Petrol.	12¼	12⅝	11	11
3,000	†MIdwest Oil	42	43	41	41
800	†Oil & Expl..	¾	¾	¾	¾
18,800	†Okla. Oil...	10	10¾	10	10¼
5,200	†Okla. Oil pf.	⅞	1	⅞	1
2,600	Okla. Pr. & R.	10⅝	10⅝	10¼	10⅝
1,800	†Omar O. & G.	62	66	63	66
100	Savoy Oil..	12¼	12¾	12¼	12¾
2,800	Sequoy. O. & R.	1½	1½	1½	1½
2,500	†Sinclair Oil..	54⅜	54⅝	54	54¼
6,400	Sin. Oil Tran.	8	8¾	8	8¾
1,000	†U. West. Oil	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
1,600	†Utah Petrol. Co., (a pros.)	42	42	42	42
60,000	†Vac. O. & G.	¼	¼	¼	¼
2,500	Victoria Oil..	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
100	Way. O. & G.	5	5	5	5
43,000	†W.E.O.& G.	40	40	36	36

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,900	†Ala.-Bn. Co. M. (a pros.).	¼	¼	¼	¼
8,900	†Alas. Mines..	85	86	85	86
400	†Alaska Y....	¾	¾	¾	¾
6,000	†Ariz. Chl...	41	44	41	44
1,600	†Ariz. C'fields	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
1,000	†Atlanta	10	10	10	10
8,700	Big Jim.....	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
4,000	Big L. Copper	7½	7½	7½	7½
6,000	Bos. & Mon...	78	81	78	79
3,200	Butte Cop. & Z., v. t. ctfs..	8¾	9¼	8¾	9
1,100	Butte Detroit.	90	93	91	91
400	Calav. Cop....	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
2,500	†Caledonia	48	48	45	46
1,700	†Cal.-Tr. G'ld (a. prospect)	78	79	77	78
7,100	†Chl. & Ar....	2¼	2⅜	2	2⅛
5,000	Can. Copper..	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
7,000	Cr. de P. Cop.	42	48	40⅝	42
500	Con. Cop. M..	2¼	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
8,500	†Cob.-Home ..	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
5,800	Con. Ariz. S..	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
1,250	Cresson C. G.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
900	Darwin La. & S. M. & D..	11	11¾	11	11¾
1,215	Dundee-A. C., (a prospect).	1⅞	1⅞	*1¾	1⅞
2,010	†Emma Cop..	2¾	2⅞	2½	2⅝
750	First Nat. C..	4⅝	4⅝	4¼	4¼
7,000	†Dome Ext..	31	31	30	30
1,300	†Goldfield Con	57	58	57	58
3,500	†G. C. Gold..	10	12	10	11
10,000	†Green. Min..	4¼	4¾	4¼	4¾
1,000	†G. F. G. M..	53	55	53	55
5,000	†Hull Cop...	50	50	47	47
1,550	Hecla Mining.	8	8	7¾	7¾
10,000	†Ind. Lead..	11	11¼	10	10
8,900	Ins. Nel. C., (a prospect).	1¼	1⅞	1¼	1⅞
200	†Iron Blossom	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
5,000	Ju. (a pros)	*1¾	2	1¾	1¾
800	†Jerome V. E. (a prospect).	2⅝	2⅝	1⅝	2⅜
725	†Jim Butler.	90	95	92	92
300	†Jumbo Ext..	90	95	95	95
500	†Kewanaa ..	10	10	10	10
7,000	Louisiana Con.	48	48	45	45
5,000	Magma Cop..	45	47	44⅝	47
1,700	M. C. M. Co..	1¼	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	†McKinley-D.	58	58	58	58
200	Mines of Am..	2	2	2	2
400	†Mon. Gold M.	80	80	80	80
625	Monitor Silver	1¼	*2	1¼	1¾
20,000	†Mother Lode	37	37¼	36½	37
1,500	†Newray M..	74	74	74	74
100	xN. Y. & Jl. Roy'te M.Co.	14½	14½	14¾	14½
600	Nip. Mines..	8¼	8¾	8¼	8¾
1,700	†Oat. Gold Key (a prospect).	15	16	15	16
1,900	†Old Emma Leasing	38	40	37	39
1,000	†Ore	4	4	4	4
700	†Peer. Jennie	76	76	76	76
5,500	†Pitts.-Jerome Cop. (a pros.)	2¼	2¼	2	2¼
5,000	†Progress M. & Milling..	⅝	¾	⅝	⅝
5,800	†Ray Hercules Mining ..	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
18,000	†Rex Con. M.	31	35	30	32
5,500	†Rochester M.	57	58	57	58
550	†Sac'mento V. Copper	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
500	†San Toy....	17½	18	17½	18
7,500	†Santa Rita Pwr.	1¼	1⅝	1¼	1⅝
1,720	†Silver Pick	20	20	10	10
1,100	Stand. S.-L..	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
8,400	†Success M..	85	86	85	86
12,000	†Sup. & Bos..	7	9	7	8¾
400	†Tenn. C. & C.	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
22,300	T. Burns G.pf.	84	86	83	84
150	†Ton. Belmont	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
1,500	†Ton. Exten.	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
300	†Ton. Mining..	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
400	Unit. Eastern.	4	4	3⅞	3⅞
4,000	†U.S.C. Mine	0	0¼	0	0¼
5,000	Un. V. Ext..	40	40	39½	39½
1,200	Unity G.M.Co.	8¼	8¾	8¼	8¾
300	†W. End Con.	71	72	71	71
17,000	†White C.M.C.	38	41	38	40
8,000	†W. Cross C.	1	1	1	1
500	†W.K. Cop.pf.	2¾	2¾	2½	2½
100	W. Oake Min.	4½	4½	4¼	4½
500	†Yuc. Cons..	1½	1½	1½	1½

BONDS.

$7,000	†Con. Ar. 8.5s	58	59	58	59
80,000	†Cosden & Co. new 6s....	104¼	104½	104¼	104½
80,000	†Cos. Oil 6s..	104½	104½	104½	104½
85,000	†M.S. Steel 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾
5,000	†Russian Gov. 6½s, w.i..	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
200,000	†Sinc. Oil 6s..	99¾	100¾	99¾	100¼
78,000	†W. Pac. new 5s	87	87	86¾	86¾

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted. xEx dividend.

Note.—Monday 500 Corporation of R. & H. sold at 5⅛ and 5,000 West. Pacific 5s at 86½.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Monday.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Corp. R. & H.	5¾	6¼	5¾	6¼
Gen. Am. Tank Car.	50¾	62	50¾	62
Hall Signal	8	10	8	10
Hall Signal pf....	20	23	20	23
Enger Motor Car..	7¾	8	7¾	8
Hupp Motor Car..	6¾	7¼	6¾	7¼
Int. Arms & Fuse..	22½	25	22¾	23¾
Manhattan Transit..	1¼	1⅝	⅞	1⅛
Springfield Body	91	95	91	95
Times Sq. Auto Sup..	40	41	40	41
Triangle Film	2	2¼	2	2¼
Western Pacific	20¾	21	20¾	21
Western Pacific pf...	45¾	49	45¾	49
United Drug	78	80	78	80
United Drug 1st pf..	83½	84¼	83½	84¼
United Drug 2d pf...	90	93	90	93

OIL STOCKS.

Cosden Oil & Gas pf.	4¾	5	4¾	5
Gen. Ref. & Prod....	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
Houston Oil	18½	19½	18½	19½
New York & Ok. Oil.	¾	1	¾	1
Pierce Oil	15	16	15⅜	16¼
Tide Water Oil.....	180	185	183	185
Ventura Con.	10	10½	10	10½

MINING STOCKS.

Butte Cop. & Zinc...	8¾	9	8¾	9
Fortuna Independent.	22	28	22	28
Marsh Mining	8	9	8	9
Mojave Tungsten ...	2¼	2	2¼	2
Inter. Mines	10	12	10	12
Nome Alaska Dredge.	⅛	1¼	⅛	1¼
Portland Cons. Cop..	55	60	55	60
Superstition Mining..	34	37	34	37

BONDS.

Pierce Oil 6s.....	85	87	85	87
Victoria Oil 6s	103	108	103	108

MUNITIONS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Explosives pf..	56	60	56	60
American Brass	372	375	370	375
Atlas Powder	175	180	175	180
Atlas Powder pf.....	98	100	98	100
Babcock & Wilcox....	127	129	127	129
Bliss (E. W.)	750	790	750	790
Bliss (E. W.) pf....	75	84	76	80
Can. Fdy. & Forg....	185	195	185	195
Canadian Explosives..	380	400	380	400
Can. Explosives pf....	100	110	100	110
Colt's Arms	865	875	865	875
Du Pont Pow., new..	285	290	285	290
Du Pont Pow. deb....	103	104	103	104½
Hercules Powder	353	358	355	365
Hercules Powder pf..	116	117	116	117
International Arms..	20	25	20	25
Niles-Bement-Pond...	217	220	220	224
Niles-Bement-P. pf...	105	108	105	108
Scovill Mfg. Co.....	740	750	720	740
Winch. Rptg. Arms..	1300	1350	1300	1350

We own and offer subject to prior sale and advance in price

$221,000

Seven Per Cent. Cumulative Preferred Stock
OF THE

Gryphon Rubber and Tire Corporation

(Incorporated under the Laws of New York, July 9th, 1915)

Preferred as to Assets and Dividends and protected by liberal Sinking Fund Provisions.
Dividends payable by check to stockholders March 1st and September 1st.
Redeemable at 114 and accrued dividends.
Registrar: Metropolitan Trust Company, New York City.
Transfer Agent: Empire Trust Company, New York City.
Par Value: $100.

CAPITALIZATION

Capital Stock:	Authorized
Common Stock	$650,000
Preferred Stock	350,000

OFFICERS

JOSEPH W. JONES	President
PERCIVAL S. JONES	Vice-President
SAMUEL A. CUNNINGHAM	Treasurer
JUNIOR A. STRAUSSMAN	Secretary
ALBERT E. GORDON	General Manager

DIRECTORS (all of New York City)

SAMUEL A. CUNNINGHAM, Prest. of Bankers' Safe Deposit Co.
CHARLES W. HUNT, Sec'y American Society of Civil Engineers
JOSEPH W. JONES, Prest. of The Jones Speedometer Co., Inc.
PERCIVAL S. JONES, Attorney, 27 Pine Street
RAYMOND M. OWEN, Prest. of R. M. Owen & Co. (Owen Magnetic Cars)
NORMAN W. PETERS, Capitalist, 74 Broadway
ROBERT W. SCHUETTE, Rolls-Royce (Automobiles)
PAUL STARRETT, Prest. of George A. Fuller Co.
HICKS ARNOLD WEATHERBEE, Prest. of Arnold, Constable & Co., Inc.
DORRIS W. WHIPPLE, Consulting Chemist

BUSINESS

The following is based on statements taken from a letter of Joseph W. Jones, President Gryphon Rubber and Tire Corporation, and from other sources which we regard as reliable.

The Company manufactures Standard High Grade Automobile Tires and Inner Tubes. The tires are guaranteed for 5,000 miles service and are to be offered for sale at a medium price. The market demand to-day for such an article is greater than the supply. A well defined sales policy is in force that creates a business of assured profits.

PROPERTY

A newly built factory, modern in equipment and arrangements, erected at a cost of about $150,000, is located at 192nd Street and Bailey Avenue, New York City. The building is exceptionally well placed on high ground adjoining the tracks of the New York Central Railroad and overlooking the Harlem River at Kingsbridge. It represents at the present time the only tire factory in the City of New York. The advantages that obtain ir a business location like this are unsurpassed; ideal shipping facilities, cheap electric power, large area for free advertising purposes, suitable housing for labor, readiest access to markets for raw materials required, and enviable position for sale of its manufactured products. Its real estate holdings are such as will enable the Company at any time to increase its capacity consistent with the market demands.

MARKET

No doubt exists as to the value in this day of rubber stocks. The demand is everywhere unprecedented. Statistics of eighteen (18) well known tire Companies show without exception that Rubber is a sound and attractive investment. Attention is called to the fact that the car registration in the United States for the year 1915 exceeded 2,000,000, and that the production of new cars for 1916 is estimated at 1,250,000. Estimating the average yearly consumption of tires at six for each car, means that 19,500,000 complete tires will be required to meet the market demand for the coming year.

ESTIMATED ANNUAL EARNINGS

Gross Earnings	$1,856,280.40
Operating Expenses, including taxes, etc.	1,312,279.80
Surplus applicable to dividends	$544,000.60

It will be noted from the above statements that the Company's estimated earnings are equivalent to about twenty-two times the Preferred Stock dividend requirement.

In conclusion we desire to state that we believe the Preferred and Common Stock of the Gryphon Rubber and Tire Corporation offers exceptional investment opportunities and we recommend the same to conservative investors for income and appreciation.

LEGALITY

George R. Walker, Counsellor at Law, 59 Wall Street, New York City, has passed on the legality of this issue.

PRICE

10 Shares 7% Cumulative Preferred Stock (par value $100 each) } for the sum of $1,000
2 Shares Common Stock (par value $100 each).
Orders for stock may be sent to us by telegraph at our expense.

Application will be made to list this stock in due course.

The foregoing information has been compiled from statements and statistics which we do not guarantee, but believe to be correct.

BOUGHTON & COMPANY
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
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Industrial Stocks

American Thread Pfd.
American Hawaiian S. S.
Burns Bros. Coal Com. & Pfd.
Burns Bros. Ice 1st Pfd.
Freeport & Tampico Fuel Oil
Marlin Arms Com. & Pfd.
Wilson & Co. Pfd.

Public Utility Stocks

Appalachian Power Com.
American Gas & Elec. Pfd.
American Power & Lt. Com. & Pfd.
Carolina Power & Light Com.
Colorado Power Com.
Federal Light & Tract. Com.
Nor. States Pr. Com. Pfd. & Warrants
Portland Ry., Lt. & Pr. Com.
Puget Sound Traction Com.
Republic Railway & L

THE SITUATION IN SUGAR

¶ Next to Steel, Copper and Oil, Sugar rules, as the war has created in this industry a parallel situation to that prevailing in the others.

¶ This product's enormous demand, and resultant sale at war-time prices, has meant greatly increased revenues for sugar companies. And among those which have prospered most is

Guantanamo Sugar

¶ The current issue of our fortnightly publication, *"Investment Opportunities,"* contains complete analysis of Guantanamo and present sugar situation. Write for 32-T.

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Penn Seaboard Steel
Book Value Approximately $75 per share
Latest Reported Earnings over $16 per share
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Price $60 per share
Yield over 6 2-3%
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WILL BUY & SELL
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Western Pacific Undep. 5s
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Western Pacific Com. & Pfd.
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Common, 1st and 2nd Pfd.
Electing & Non-electing Ctfs.
5% Notes, 6% Notes
New Preferred, When Issued
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Carbon Steel
J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co.
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NEW DIMES OUT, 2 FOR 25.

Little Speculators Do Big Business in Wall Street.

Street vendors did a thriving business downtown yesterday selling the newly minted dimes at two for 25 cents. The coins were issued for the first time by the Sub-Treasury and from the moment the door opened at 10 o'clock until noon a line of people extended far down Pine Street, awaiting turns at the Cashier's window. The speculators obtained the dimes in amounts varying from $2 to $10 and immediately began to cry their wares in Wall Street.

Wesley S. Twiddle, Chief Clerk, said at the end of the day that $50,000 of the new coins had been distributed. No intimation came from Washington that the issue might be recalled because the initials of Adolph A. Weinman, the designer, adorned the face. A limit of $100 was put upon the amount which one person or insntitution might take at face value, but only a bank called for such large amounts.

Many customers of the retailers were willing to pay the heavy premium because of the chance that the issue might be recalled, or limited as to the number put out with the initials. A considerable lot of Lincoln pennies, issued a few years ago, were similarly marked, but the Treasury made no effort to get them back.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Prov. of. Alb.	5	May, 1926	97	98½	5.20
Am. For. Sec.	5	Aug., 1919	98A	98½	5.61
Anglo-Fr	5	Oct. 15, '20	94½	94½	6.47
Argen. Govt.	5	Dic. Feb. 21, '17	98	98¼	4.50
Argen. Govt.	5	May 15, '17	101	101¼	4.80
Argen. Govt.	5	May 15, '20	100¼	101¼	5.67
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	100¼	100¾	4.80
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	100¼	100¾	4.57
City of Paris	6	Oct. 15, '21	98½	98½	6.30
City of Q'bec.	5	Apr., 1920	99½	100¼	4.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	99¼	100¼	4.83
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1917	100¼	100¾	4.00
Dom. of Can.	5	Apr. 1, '21	100¼	100¾	4.90
Italian Govt.	6	Oct. 15, '17	99¾	100¼	5.85
Prov. of Man.	5	Feb., 1920	99	99¾	5.10
Norweg. Govt.	6	Oct. 15, '17	101	102	5.90
Norweg. Govt.	8	Feb., 1923	103	106	4.87
Prov. of Ont.	5	Feb., 1920	99¼	100¼	4.88
Prov. of N. B.		Dec., 1910	99½	100	5.00
Govt. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	98¼	98½	5.40
Russian Govt.	6½	July, 1919	100	100¾	6.15
Do. rubles	5½	Aug. 14, '26	300	302	...
Prov. of Sask.	5	May, 1921	97½	99.21	5.20
Prov. of Sask.	5	May, 1928	97	98¼	5.20
Swedish Govt.	6	Dec., 1918	100	100¼	2.00
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1918	99½	100¼	4.70
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	99¾	100¼	4.93

Company Issues.

Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Nov., 1917	100¼	101¼	3.90
Am. Locomo.	5	July, 1918	100¼	100¾	4.82
Am. F. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	100	102	5.73
Am. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1918	100¼	100¾	4.03
Am. Thread.	4	Jan., 1919	99	99¼	4.34
Anacon. Cop.	5	Mar., 1917	100¾	100¾	3.12
A., T. & S. F.	6	June, 1917	101	101¼	2.87
A.Y.R.& A. P.	5	July 1, '19	99	100¾	6.00
Ath. & Pac. T.	6	June, 1921	102¾	102¾	5.40
B'klyn R. T.	5	Sep., 1917	100¾	100¾	4.43
C. F. R. & L.	6	May, 1918	102	102¾	4.30
C., R. & Q.	4	July, 1921	98¼	98¾	4.35
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1917	100¼	100¾	4.80
Cuba-Am. Sug.	6	Apr., 1918	102¾	102¾	4.35
Can. North.	6	Sep., 1917	99¾	100¾	5.70
Can. North.	6	July 10, '17	100¼	100¾	5.15
Can. North.	6	July 10, '18	100	100¾	5.65
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2, '24	108	108¾	5.45
Driggs-Seaby.	6	Dec., 1918	98	100	6.00
Driggs-Seaby.	6	Dec., 1919	98	100	6.00
Driggs-Seaby.	6	Dec., 1920	98	100	6.00
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1, '18	96½	99	6.12½
Erie R. R.	4	Apr., 1917	100¾	101	3.10
Gen. Rubber.	5	Nov., 1918	100¼	101¼	4.45
G. T. of Can.	5	Nov., 1917	99½	100¾	4.55
G. T. of Can.	3	Aug., 1918	98¼	100	5.00
Hocking Val.	5	Nov., 1917	100¾	101¼	3.90
Inter. Harv.	5	Feb. 15, '18	101¾	101¾	3.95
L. Gas & El.		Apr., 1918	100¼	101¼	5.37½
Mich. Ry.	6	June, 1919	100¾	101½	5.40
Minn. Gen. E.	6	June, 1917	101	...	3.00
Mo. Pacific.	6	June, 1916	99¼	99¼	6.55
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1917	....	98¼	8.55
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	100¾	100¾	4.81
N.Y., N.H. & H.	4½	May, 1917	100¼	100¾	4.00
N. Eng. Nav.	6	May, 1917	100¼	100¾	3.15
Otis Elevator.	5	Apr., 1920	100	101	4.55
Penn. Co.	4½	June 5, '21	100¼	101¼	4.23
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	100¾	101¼	4.55
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb. 1, '19	88½	90	10.25
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	100¾	100¾	3.12
U. R. G. & E.	5	Apr., 1919	97¾	98½	5.40
United Fruit.	6	May, 1918	101	101¼	4.15
Whouse El. & Mfg. Co.	5	Oct., 1917	100¼	101	3.80
W. P. Trac.	6	Mar., 1917	100	100¼	1.00
Win. R. Arms.	5	Mar., 1918	98	98¼	6.05
W. V. Pulp.	6	June, 1917	99½	100¼	5.37½
W. S. G. & E.	6	Oct., 1917	100¼	101¼	5.00
Win. E. Ry.	6	Jan. 15, '18	100¼	101	5.45

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

OCTOBER, 1916.

RAILROADS, (25 STOCKS.)

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
Oct. 2	83.00	82.30	82.58	+.07
Oct. 3	83.49	82.38	83.13	+.55
Oct. 4	84.52	83.04	84.34	+1.21
Oct. 5	85.81	84.14	84.53	+.19
Oct. 6	85.45	83.85	83.59	—.94
Oct. 7	84.15	83.18	83.90	+.31
Oct. 9	82.96	81.33	82.46	—1.44
Oct. 10	84.20	82.53	83.54	+1.08
Oct. 11	83.81	82.17	82.56	—.98
Oct. 12	Holiday			
Oct. 13	83.37	82.13	82.23	—.33
Oct. 14	82.87	82.06	82.61	+.38
Oct. 16	83.63	82.67	83.38	+1.07
Oct. 17	83.91	83.12	83.26	—.12
Oct. 18	83.90	82.79	83.40	+.14
Oct. 19	84.10	83.25	83.42	+.02
Oct. 20	83.80	83.40	83.57	+.15
Oct. 21	83.80	83.44	83.70	+.13
Oct. 23	84.45	83.68	84.15	+.45
Oct. 24	84.55	83.62	83.91	—.24
Oct. 25	84.61	83.32	84.11	+.20
Oct. 26	84.39	83.62	84.09	+.02
Oct. 27	84.82	83.89	84.32	+.23
Oct. 28	84.60	83.93	84.08	—.24
Oct. 30	84.47	83.78	84.15	+.07
Oct. 31	84.54	83.88	84.17	+.02

INDUSTRIALS, (25 STOCKS.)

Oct. 2	109.08	107.01	108.04	—.19
Oct. 3	108.90	107.50	108.28	+.24
Oct. 4	108.82	107.68	108.15	+.18
Oct. 5	109.48	107.87	108.73	+.58
Oct. 6	109.35	106.82	107.01	—1.72
Oct. 7	107.82	106.44	107.44	+.43
Oct. 9	105.19	101.37	104.09	—3.35
Oct. 10	105.63	104.02	104.73	+.64
Oct. 11	106.21	102.53	103.14	—1.59
Oct. 12	Holiday.			
Oct. 13	104.83	102.00	102.65	—.49
Oct. 14	102.74	101.94	102.34	—.31
Oct. 16	105.51	102.95	105.40	+3.06
Oct. 17	107.10	105.38	106.15	+.75
Oct. 18	107.01	105.79	106.41	+.26
Oct. 19	107.94	105.96	106.58	+.17
Oct. 20	108.28	106.81	107.61	+1.03
Oct. 21	108.51	107.20	108.12	+.51
Oct. 23	112.97	108.60	110.97	+2.85
Oct. 24	112.72	109.50	111.15	+1.18
Oct. 25	112.25	110.23	110.55	—.60
Oct. 26	112.21	109.25	111.70	+1.15
Oct. 27	113.40	111.19	112.63	+.93
Oct. 28	113.12	111.92	112.17	—.46
Oct. 30	112.65	111.07	111.54	—.63
Oct. 31	112.44	111.15	111.82	+.28

COMBINED AVERAGE (50 STOCKS.)

Oct. 2	96.06	94.65	95.31	—.06
Oct. 3	96.19	94.94	95.70	+.39
Oct. 4	96.17	95.23	96.24	+.54
Oct. 5	97.39	96.00	96.63	+.39
Oct. 6	97.23	95.13	95.30	—1.33
Oct. 7	95.98	94.81	95.67	+.37
Oct. 9	94.07	91.45	93.27	—2.40
Oct. 10	94.91	93.28	94.13	+.80
Oct. 11	94.51	92.35	92.85	—1.28
Oct. 12	Holiday.			
Oct. 13	94.10	92.06	92.44	—.41
Oct. 14	92.65	92.00	92.32	—.12
Oct. 16	94.37	92.81	94.39	+2.07
Oct. 17	95.50	94.28	94.70	+.31
Oct. 18	95.45	94.29	94.90	+.20
Oct. 19	96.02	94.60	95.00	+.10
Oct. 20	96.06	95.10	95.59	+.59
Oct. 21	96.15	95.36	95.91	+.32
Oct. 23	97.71	96.14	97.06	+1.15
Oct. 24	98.83	96.59	97.35	+.47
Oct. 25	98.43	96.87	97.33	—.20
Oct. 26	98.30	96.43	97.89	+.56
Oct. 27	99.11	97.71	98.47	+.58
Oct. 28	98.86	97.92	98.12	—.35
Oct. 30	98.56	97.40	97.84	—.28
Oct. 31	98.49	97.51	97.99	+.15

Range for October.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
1916	84.82	27	81.33	9	84.17
1915	81.44	30	74.19	4	81.18
1914	Exchange closed.				
1913	83.53	3	77.76	17	79.48
1912	87.28	4	82.85	30	86.75
1911	89.80	16	86.12	4	89.50

INDUSTRIALS.

1916	113.40	27	101.37	9	111.82
1915	109.97	23	91.88	6	104.67
1914	Exchange closed.				
1913	59.04	2	54.64	17	55.99
1912	74.24	4	70.07	30	70.86
1911	60.86	16	57.55	27	58.29

COMBINED AVERAGE.

1916	99.11	27	91.45	9	97.99
1915	94.12	22	82.93	6	92.92
1914	Exchange closed.				
1913	70.79	2	66.20	17	67.73
1912	85.76	4	81.47	30	82.30
1911	75.33	16	72.01	4	73.89

Year's Range.

RAILROADS.

*1916	84.82	Oct. 27	84.33	Apr. 22	84.17
1915	82.84	Mar. 4	84.40	Feb. 1	82.33
1914	84.84	Jan. 22	68.35	July 30	84.04
1913	91.41	Jan. 9	75.92	June 10	79.79
1912	97.28	Oct. 4	83.39	Dec. 16	90.27
1911	99.61	June 28	84.40	Sept. 25	91.37

INDUSTRIALS.

*1916	113.40	Oct. 27	86.60	July 18	111.82
1915	100.87	Oct. 22	51.85	Feb. 24	100.78
1914	81.63	Jan. 31	43.43	July 30	80.30
1913	87.08	Jan. 9	50.27	June 10	56.34
1912	74.50	Sept. 30	61.74	Feb. 1	66.18
1911	69.21	June 5	54.75	Sept. 25	63.53

COMBINED.

*1916	99.11	Oct. 27	80.91	Apr. 22	97.99
1915	94.14	Oct. 22	58.99	Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	60.30
1913	79.10	Jan. 9	66.00	June 10	66.06
1912	85.82	Sept. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41	June 26	69.57	Sept. 25	77.60

*To date.

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REORGANIZATION
OF
Pere Marquette Railroad Company.

To Holders of the Bonds, Coupons, Obligations and Stock hereinafter mentioned:

A Plan and Agreement dated October 30, 1916 for the Reorganization of Pere Marquette Railroad Company has been prepared under which the undersigned have undertaken to act as Reorganization Managers.

Holders of certificates of deposit, issued under the Agreement dated April 6, 1914, as amended, between the depositors of securities who should become parties thereto in the manner therein provided and the Committee thereby constituted for **First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds of Flint & Pere Marquette Railroad Company, First Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of Flint & Pere Marquette Railroad Company, First Mortgage (Toledo Division) Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of Flint & Pere Marquette Railroad Company, First Mortgage (Port Huron Division) Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of Flint & Pere Marquette Railroad Company, First Consolidated Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of Flint & Pere Marquette Railroad Company, First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds of Chicago & West Michigan Railway Company, First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds of Chicago & North Michigan Railroad Company, First Consolidated Mortgage Four Per Cent. Bonds of Detroit, Grand Rapids & Western Railroad Company, First Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of Saginaw, Tuscola & Huron Railroad Company, First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of Grand Rapids, Belding & Saginaw Railroad Company and First Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of Pere Marquette Railroad Company of Indiana** (hereinafter collectively termed Divisional Bonds) who shall not exercise the right of withdrawal under the Agreement dated April 6, 1914, as amended, become parties to said Plan and Agreement without the issue of new certificates of deposit.

Holders of certificates of deposit issued under the Agreement dated June 3, 1912 between the Committee thereby constituted and holders of **Consolidated Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of Pere Marquette Railroad Company,** unless the holders of more than one third in amount of the certificates of deposit outstanding under said Agreement dated June 3, 1912, within the time limited in accordance therewith, shall file written notice of dissent from said Plan and Agreement, become parties to said Plan and Agreement without the issue of new certificates of deposit.

Holders of certificates of deposit issued under the Agreement dated April 8, 1912, between the Committee thereby constituted and holders of **Refunding Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of Pere Marquette Railroad Company** who shall not exercise the right of withdrawal under the Agreement dated April 8, 1912, become parties to said Plan and Agreement without the issue of new certificates of deposit.

Holders of undeposited **Divisional Bonds, Consolidated Mortgage Bonds and Refunding Mortgage Bonds** may become parties to said Plan and Agreement by depositing their bonds, accompanied by the required coupons, with the Depositaries (or Agents of Depositaries) for bonds of the respective issues under the respective Agreements dated April 6, 1914 as amended, June 3, 1912 and April 8, 1912, receiving therefor certificates of deposit issued under said respective Agreements.

Holders of **Short Term (Old Colony) Six Per Cent. Notes dated February 9, 1912 and February 26, 1912 of Pere Marquette Railroad Company; Detached Coupons due April 1, 1912 pertaining to First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds of Flint & Pere Marquette Railroad Company, due April 1, 1912 pertaining to First Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of Flint & Pere Marquette Railroad Company, due April 1, 1912 pertaining to First Consolidated Mortgage Four Per Cent. Bonds of Detroit, Grand Rapids & Western Railroad Company, and due July 1, 1912, January 1, 1913, July 1, 1913, and January 1, 1914 pertaining to Refunding Mortgage Bonds of Pere Marquette Railroad Company,** may become parties to said Plan and Agreement by depositing the same under said Plan and Agreement receiving therefor certificates of deposit. **Short Term (Old Colony) Six Per Cent. Notes** must be accompanied by **Improvement and Refunding General Mortgage Bonds of Pere Marquette Railroad Company and Certificates of Interest of Bankers Trust Company, Depositary, in Refunding Mortgage Bonds** subject to prior lien of Equipment Trust Agreements, to the extent respectively acquired by the holders of said Short Term (Old Colony) Six Per Cent. Notes at the sales of February 17, 1913 and December 6, 1915.

Holders of **Six Per Cent. Collateral Trust Gold Notes, Six Per Cent. Five Year Gold Debentures and First Preferred Stock, Second Preferred Stock and Common Stock of Pere Marquette Railroad Company** in order to obtain the rights of purchase offered under said Plan and Agreement by the Purchase Syndicate therein mentioned must deposit their securities under said Plan and Agreement, receiving therefor certificates of deposit, and at the time of deposit there must be paid in cash for account of the Purchase Syndicate, in respect of each $1000 principal or par amount thereof deposited in the case of (a) **Collateral Trust Notes,** the sum of $70 (b) **Debentures,** the sum of **$66.50** and (c) **First Preferred Stock, Second Preferred Stock and Common Stock** the sum of **$17.50** and at the same rates for other principal or par amounts. **Collateral Trust Notes** must be accompanied by coupons of September 1, 1912 and subsequent coupons and **Participation Certificates of Bankers Trust Company, Depositary for interests in Improvement and Refunding General Mortgage Bonds of Pere Marquette Railroad Company and Certificates of Interest of Bankers Trust Company, Depositary, for interests in Refunding Mortgage Bonds** subject to prior lien of Equipment Trust Agreements, to the extent respectively received by the holders of Collateral Trust Notes in the distribution of securities by the Committee constituted under the Agreement dated May 3, 1912 of holders of Collateral Trust Notes upon the termination of the affairs of said Committee. Debentures must be accompanied by the coupons of July 1, 1912.

RIGHTS OF PURCHASE.

Depositors of Collateral Trust Notes, Debentures and Stock making the aforesaid payment will be entitled, as provided in said Plan and Agreement, to receive Subscription Warrants, either Series A or Series B as they shall elect at the time of making such deposit and payment, and also will be entitled to receive Application Certificates.

Holders of certificates of deposit for Refunding Mortgage Bonds of Pere Marquette Railroad Company stamped as assenting to said Plan and Agreement upon presentation of their certificates of deposit for appropriate stamping and upon payment at the rate of $43.75 for each $1000 principal amount of Refunding Mortgage Bonds, represented by their certificates of deposit, will be entitled as provided in said Plan and Agreement to receive Subscription Warrants either Series A or Series B as they shall elect at the time of making such payment and also will be entitled to receive Application Certificates.

Holders of Certificates of Deposit for Divisional Bonds and Consolidated Mortgage Bonds stamped as assenting to said Plan and Agreement upon presentation of their certificates of deposit for appropriate stamping will be entitled to receive Application Certificates only.

Holders of Application Certificates in order to avail of the offer of the Purchase Syndicate set forth in said Plan and Agreement must detach the Application Forms annexed thereto, properly fill out and file the same accompanied by a payment in cash equal in amount to $17.50 in respect of each share of Prior Preference Stock applied for. Application Certificates in case of allotment and as soon thereafter as practicable will be exchangeable for Subscription Warrants.

All deposits of securities under the Plan and Agreement and payments required in connection therewith must be made on or before DECEMBER 4, 1916.

Holders of Certificates of Deposit of Astor Trust Company issued under the Agreement dated June 21, 1916 between the Committee thereby constituted and holders of Collateral Trust Notes and other securities, and Certificates of Deposit of Guaranty Trust Company of New York issued under the Agreement dated April 8, 1912 between the Committee thereby constituted and holders of Debentures, who desire to accept the benefits of said Plan and Agreement, may deliver their Certificates of Deposit, properly endorsed for transfer, if registered, to the Depositary under said Plan and Agreement for Collateral Trust Notes and Debentures, who will for their account surrender the same against the delivery under the Plan and Agreement of the securities represented thereby without requiring the payment by such holders of their share of the expenses and compensation of the respective Committees constituted by the respective agreements under which their said certificates of deposit were issued.

All payments required of holders of certificates of deposit for Refunding Mortgage Bonds as a condition of receiving Subscription Warrants must be made on or before the close of business on DECEMBER 4, 1916.

On or before the close of business on DECEMBER 18, 1916, Application Forms must be filed accompanied by the required payment in respect thereof.

The Reorganization Managers give notice that all deposits and payments must be made promptly on or before the days specified.

All deposits and payments under the Plan and Agreement must be made to the appropriate Depositary thereunder as follows:

Depositary for all Divisional Bonds:
OLD COLONY TRUST COMPANY
17 Court Street, Boston, Mass.

Depositary also for
Flint & Pere Marquette Port Huron Division First Mortgage Gold Bonds:
Flint & Pere Marquette First Consolidated Mortgage Gold Bonds:
CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
54 Wall Street, New York.

Depositary also for
Saginaw, Tuscola & Huron First Mortgage Gold Bonds:
THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY
24 Broad Street, New York.

Depositary for Consolidated Mortgage Bonds:
THE FARMERS LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY
22 William Street, New York City.

Depositary for Refunding Mortgage Bonds:
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY
14 Wall Street, New York.

Depositary for Short Term Six Per Cent. Notes:
OLD COLONY TRUST COMPANY
17 Court Street, Boston, Mass.

Depositary for all other Securities and for Stock:
CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
54 Wall Street, New York.

All payments made under the Plan and Agreement as a condition of Deposit, or in respect of Subscripiton Warrants or Application Forms must be made to
All Subscription Warrants and Application Certificates will be issued by
All Application Forms must be filed with
} CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Depositary, 54 Wall Street, New York City.

Copies of said Plan and Agreement to which reference is hereby made for a full statement of the terms, conditions and provisions thereof, may be obtained from the undersigned or from any of the Depositaries under said Plan and Agreement.

Dated New York, October 30, 1916.

J. & W. SELIGMAN & CO. ROBERT WINTHROP & CO. EUGENE V. R. THAYER
Reorganization Managers.

To Holders of Certificates of Deposit issued under the Underlying Bonds Protective Agreement, dated 6th April 1914, as amended, between the Committee therein named and the holders of bonds who should become parties thereto, for the following bonds:

Flint and Pere Marquette Railroad Company First Mortgage 6 per cent. Gold Bonds, due October 1, 1920;

Flint and Pere Marquette Railroad Company First Mortgage 4 per cent. Gold Bonds, due October 1, 1920;

Chicago and West Michigan Railway Company First Mortgage 5 per cent. Bonds, due December 1, 1921;

Flint & Pere Marquette Railroad Company (Port Huron Division) First Mortgage 5 per cent. Fifty Year Gold Bonds, due April 1, 1939;

Flint and Pere Marquette Railroad Company First Consolidated Mortgage 5 per cent. Gold Bonds, due May 1, 1939;

Chicago & North Michigan Railroad Company First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds, due May 1, 1931;

Detroit, Grand Rapids & Western Railroad Company First Consolidated Mortgage Bonds, due April 1, 1945;

Flint & Pere Marquette Railroad Company (Toledo Division) First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Forty Year Gold Bonds, due July 1, 1937;

Grand Rapids Belding & Saginaw Railroad Company First Mortgage Gold Bonds, due March 1, 1924;

Saginaw, Tuscola & Huron Railroad Company First Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds, due August 1, 1931;

Pere Marquette Railroad Company of Indiana First Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds, due May 1, 1943.

Notice is hereby given that a Plan and Agreement dated October 30, 1916, for the reorganization of Pere Marquette Railroad Company has been prepared and adopted by the undersigned Committee and a copy of said Plan and Agreement has been filed with Old Colony Trust Company, Central Trust Company of New York and The New York Trust Company, the Depositaries under said Agreement dated the 6th April, 1914, as amended.

Any holder of a Certificate of Deposit issued under said Agreement dated the 6th April, 1914, as amended, who does not approve the said Plan and Agreement may on or before December 14, 1916, surrender his respective Certificates of Deposit and withdraw the bonds represented thereby upon payment of an amount equal to 1% of the principal amount of the said bonds as his *pro rata* share of the expenses and compensation of the Committee, as provided in said Agreement dated the 6th April, 1914, as amended.

Dated at Boston, October 30, 1916.

E. V. R. THAYER, Chairman.
ARTHUR ADAMS,
R. T. CRAPO,
FREDERICK H. ECKER,
FRANCIS R. HART,
HENRY R. HOYT,
R. WALTER LEIGH,
OLIVER PRESCOTT,
H. P. WHITCOMB,
ALBERT H. WIGGIN.

JOHN G. MILBURN,
STOREY, THORNDIKE, PALMER & DODGE,
Counsel.

To Holders of Certificates of Deposit for Pere Marquette Railroad Company Consolidated Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds, due 1951, issued under the Agreement dated June 3, 1912, between holders of said bonds who should become parties thereto and the Committee therein named;

NOTICE is hereby given that a Plan and Agreement dated October 30, 1916, for the reorganization of Pere Marquette Railroad Company has been prepared and adopted by the undersigned Committee, and that a copy of said Plan and Agreement has been filed with The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, the Depositary under said Agreement of June 3, 1912.

Any holder of a certificate of deposit issued under said Agreement of June 3, 1912, may, within the thirty day period prescribed by said Agreement, file with The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, the Depositary, at its office, 22 William Street, New York City, a written notice of dissent from said Plan and Agreement specifying the date or dates and the number or numbers of certificates held by him. Unless holders of outstanding cerificates issued under said Agreement of June 3, 1912, for more than one-third in amount of bonds deposited under said Agreement shall file such written notice of dissent from said Plan and Agreement in the manner and within the period in said agreement of June 3, 1912 prescribed, said Plan and Agreement shall be effective and binding on all holders of certificates of deposit issued under said Agreement of June 3, 1912.

Dated, New York, October 30, 1916.

EDWIN S. MARSTON, Chairman.
CHARLES W. COX,
WILLIAM W. CRAPO,
A. R. KUSER,
THOMAS N. McCARTER,
C. MINOT WELD,
BEEKMAN WINTHROP,
Committee.
CADWALADER, WICKERSHAM & TAFT, Counsel.

To Holders of Certificates of Deposit for Pere Marquette Railroad Company Refunding Mortgage Four Per Cent. Bonds, due 1955, issued under the Agreement dated April 8, 1912, between holders of said bonds who should become parties thereto and the Committee therein named:

Notice is hereby given that a Plan and Agreement dated October 30, 1916, for the reorganization of Pere Marquette Railroad Company has been prepared and adopted by the undersigned Committee, and that a copy of said Plan and Agreement has been filed with Bankers Trust Company, the Depositary, and with Old Colony Trust Company, the Agent of the Depositary under said Agreement, dated April 8, 1912.

Any holder of a Certificate of Deposit issued under said Agreement, dated April 8, 1912, may at any time before December 1, 1916, upon surrender to the Depositary, Bankers Trust Company, at its office, 14 Wall Street, New York City, of his Certificate of Deposit, with a properly executed transfer thereof if registered, withdraw from said Agreement dated April 8, 1912, Refunding Mortgage Four Per Cent. Bonds to the amount and of the character represented by his Certificate of Deposit upon payment of an amount equal to 1% of the principal amount of the said bonds as his *pro rata* share of the expenses and compensation of the Committee, as provided in said Agreement dated April 8, 1912.

Dated, New York, October 30, 1916.

FREDERICK STRAUSS, Chairman,
GORDON ABBOTT,
FRANKLIN Q. BROWN,
F. N. B. CLOSE,
COLGATE HOYT,
F. J. LISMAN,
Committee.
JOLINE, LARKIN & RATHBONE, Counsel.

To Holders of Certificates of Deposit for Five year Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Notes of Pere Marquette Railroad Company, and other securities, issued under the Agreement dated June 21, 1916, between the Committee therein named and the holders of said notes and securities who should become parties thereto:

The undersigned Committee recommends to Holders of Certificates of Deposit above mentioned, the acceptance by them, so far as their interests are concerned, of the Plan and Agreement for the Reorganization of Pere Marquette Railroad Company, dated October 30, 1916, a copy of which has been filed with Astor Trust Company the Depositary under said Agreement dated June 21, 1916. To facilitate the deposit of securities under said Plan

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BANKS SHOW GAINS WITHOUT PARALLEL

Increases in Three Years, Controller Williams Says, Aggregate 25.51 Per Cent.

DEPOSITS MAKE A RECORD

Growth Is Confined to No One Section, the Federal Official Points Out.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Under the conditions of business throughout the United States and the operation of the Federal Reserve Bank Act, the aggregate resources of the national banks, State banks, and trust companies have increased 25.51 per cent., according to a statement issued tonight by John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency.

The comparison is made from the returns showing the condition of all banks on June 30, 1916, and those for June 30, 1913, which was a few months before the Federal Reserve Act went into effect. The Controller points out that the increase surpasses all records and has no parallel in the financial history of this or any other country.

"The increase is," he says, "greater than the total resources of the national banks in January, 1904. A distinguishing feature of the returns is the widespread and general distribution of the money and available capital and credit of the people. The growth and increase in banking resources are confined to no particular district or section of the country, but have been universal.

"The resources of the 25,993 banks and trust companies in the United States in July, 1913, a few months before the passage of the Federal Reserve Act, were reported at $25,712,000,000. On July 1, 1916, there were 27,513 banks and trust companies whose aggregate resources counted $32,277,000,000. Increase, $6,559,000,000, or 25.51 per cent.

Business Activity.

"This stupendous increase in banking assets and available capital has been accompanied by an unprecedented quickening, which has amounted in many places to an outburst of business activity in every State and in practically every part of every State. Coincidentally, there has been marked reduction in interest charges in every section, and especially in the distant and more remote regions, where the interest charges in the past have been heaviest and where the farmer and small business man especially experienced the greatest difficulty in obtaining the funds required for their legitimate operations and actual needs.

"The banks and trust companies are now lending to the people $3,243,060,000 more money than they were lending three years ago before the inauguration of the new currency system.

"During these three years the deposits in all the banks of the country increased $6,242,000,000; the increase in the national banks was 33.50 per cent., and the increase in the State banking institutions, including State banks, savings banks, and trust companies, was 29.26 per cent.

"The percentage of increase in the resources of all reporting banks in this three-year period was 25.51 per cent. The New England States increased 21 per cent., the Eastern States 32 per cent., the Southern States 12 per cent., the Middle States 32 per cent., the Western States 31 per cent.

"The growth of the deposits of all banks and trust companies since July, 1913, was only $318,000,000 less than the huge increase shown in their total resources, and amounted to $6,241,000,000, or 31 per cent.

"The increase in deposits in the New England States was 23 per cent., in the Eastern States 39 per cent., in the Southern States 18 per cent., in the Middle States 26 per cent., in the Western States 37 per cent., and in the Pacific States 19 per cent.

"Although the banking resources of the Eastern States increased in these three years $5,347,000,000, or 22 per cent., and although the resources of the banks in the New England States increased $667,000,000, or 21 per cent., there has been a distinct and growing tendency, especially in recent months, toward decentralization and toward the distribution throughout the country of the excessive reserves which have heretofore been piled up in Eastern centres.

"In the last four and a half months, or from May 1, 1916, to Sept. 12, 1916, the deposits of the banks in New York City showed an actual reduction of $222,000,000, and the national banks of Boston a reduction of $36,000,000, and in Philadelphia a reduction of $13,000,000, while in the same period in the country banks and in the banks of the interior Reserve cities, deposits increased heavily.

"In the Eastern States the largest increase was in New York State, $2,646,000,000, 41 per cent., followed by Pennsylvania, $467,000,000, or 17 per cent.; New Jersey, $130,000,000, or 17 per cent., and Maryland, $65,000,000, or 17 per cent.

"It is interesting to note that every State in the Union shows a material increase in the deposits in its national banks. The only three States which show a reduction in the deposits of their State banking institutions are Alabama, Mississippi, and Oregon. In Alabama the State banks' deposits declined 11 per cent., while the deposits of the national banks for the same period increased 23 per cent. In Mississippi State bank deposits showed a reduction of about 3 per cent., while the deposits of the national banks in the same State increased over 34 per cent. In Oregon the reduction in deposits of the State banks and trust companies was 14.70 per cent., while the national banks of Oregon for the same period increased their deposits 11.66 per cent.

"The four States showing the highest percentages of increase in deposits were Oklahoma, 54 per cent.; Arizona, 53 per cent.; North Dakota, 52 per cent., and Wyoming, 49 per cent."

Bonds Worth $20,000 Stolen.

Acting on a request of the Boston police, the Police Department of this city yesterday informed banking circles to watch for the sale of twenty $1,000 bonds, issued by the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway, which are reported to have been stolen in Boston on Oct. 27, according to the information forwarded by the Boston police. The bonds mature in twenty-five years and yield 4 per cent. No particulars of the robbery were given to the New York police except the serial numbers of eighteen of the bonds, which are as follows: 166, 167, 168, 6,845, 14,507, 15,755, 15,760, 15,761, 15,764, 20,504, 20,771, 20,773, 25,048, 33,338, 48,477, 48,748, 48,479, 48,481.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1916-'26	4	4¼	4.20
Buff., Roch. & P.	1916-'20	4½	4.35	4.25
Canadian Pacific	1916-'28	4½	4.50	4.35
Ches. & Ohio	1916-'26	4½	4.50	4.30
Chicago & N. W.	1916-'23	4½	4.25	4.00
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1916-'27	4½	5.00	4.80
Chi., St. L. & N. O.	1916-'24	5	4.40	4.30
C., C., C. & St. L.	1916-'29	5	4.60	4.40
Del. & Hudson	1916-'22	4½	4.25	4.10
Erie Railroad	1916-'26	4½	4.50	4.35
Grand Trunk	1916-'24	4½	4.25	4.00
Illinois Central	1916-'26	4½	4.30	4.20
Louis. & Nash.	1916-'23	5	4.25	4.10
Michigan Central	1916-'30	5	4.45	4.25
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1916-'28	5	5.30	4.75
Missouri Pacific	1916-'22	5	5.10	4.70
Mobile & Ohio	1916-'24	4½	4.60	4.40
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1916-'28	4½	4.45	4.30
Norfolk & West	1916-'24	4½	4.25	4.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1916-'28	4½	4.50	4.25
Penn. Gen. Frght.	1916-'23	4	4¼	4.25
St. L., I. M. & So.	1916-'24	5	5.10	4.80
Seaboard Air Line	1916-'26	5	4.60	4.40
Southern Pacific	1916-'28	4½	4.30	4.20
Southern Railway	1916-'24	4½	4.50	4.30

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 31.—Forty-two corporations having aggregate capitalization of $2,338,000 were chartered today. They include:

San Joaquin Sugar Estates, Inc., sugar, alcohol, farmers, contractors, cattle, livestock, butchering, mining, quarrying, timbering, manufacturing, 50,000 shares no par value, 10,000 shares at $100 each, redeemable at not less than $110, carry on business with $1,250,000. (tax paid $3,000;) G. B. Fraser, J. A. McManus, F. Holman, 711 7 Av., College Point.

Latin-American Bankers' Corporation of New York, merchandise, commission, stocks, bonds, mortgages, other securities, 3,000 shares no par value, carry on business with $300,000; Directors have power to authorise execution of bonds of corporation not to exceed $2,000,000; F. B. Holden, C. C. Gates, R. E. Reid, Elmhurst.

Ferdinand Kuhn & Co., Inc., clothing, wearing apparel, $100,000; A. Tully, M. Rosenblatt, F. Kuhn, 124 5 Av.

A. G. Fontana Productions, Inc., theatrical, motion pictures, variety, athletic, other performances, $150,000; W. S. Sinclair, F. L. Randall, A. G. Fontana, Produce Exchange Building.

Fleming, O'Brien & McEntegart, Inc., realty, construction, contracting, $75,000; T. J. McEntegart, C. O'Brien, A. J. Fleming, 116 Broad St.

Elliott Rim Chain and Tread Corporation, Kenosha, autos, parts, accessories, $100,000; J. J. Miller, W. L. Perley, D. K. Elnfurer, 1,491 E. 10 St., Brooklyn.

William J. Rountree Co., Inc., steamship agency, ship brokerage, commission, selling agents, $25,000; W. J. and J. Rountree, 4 J. Gould, 74 1 St, New Dorp.

Joscalm Devolny, Inc., trucking, storage, $20,000; Z. H. and J. Devolny, 248 W. 27 St.

The Fore Trading Co., Inc., merchandise, land, realty development, $20,000; F. Faulsep, H. S. Rymes, A. J. Jurgensen, 700 W. 179 St.

August Anderson & Co., Inc., auto vehicles, motors, $20,000; A. Anderson, R. Graves, Jr., J. J. Faye, 215 W. 88 St.

The S. and W. Tobacco Co., Inc., Syracuse, tobacconists, $15,000; G. L. Gridley, S. L. Welsaberg, S. J. Shimberg, 105 Comstock Av., Syracuse.

Aero Costume Co., Inc., costumes, materials, trimmings, $40,000; N. Silverman, L. Syrup, S. A. Bass, 940 Simpson St., Bronx.

American Wood Pulp Corpn., wood pulp manufacture, $25,000; L. A. Tanzer, H. J. Corwin, L. W. Baumohl, 140 Nassau St.

Marshall & Wellheimer, Inc., auto accessories, motor cars, $15,000; A. J. Nathan, B. Wilheimer, G. B. Marshall, 161 Murray Av., Larchmont.

Cohen & Shapiro, Inc., Brooklyn, paper boxes, $10,000; A. Shapiro, M. and B. Cohen, 59 Liberty St., Brooklyn.

New Section Realty Co., Inc., Brooklyn, realty, construction, $10,000; M. Center, H. Center, S. Sauter, 836 Cleveland St., Brooklyn.

Hirshbach & Smith, Inc., customs, brokerage, $5,000; L. Livingston, H. B. Smith, S. Stern, 938 St. Nicholas Av.

Ell & Eff Doll Co., Inc., dolls, toys, $5,000; H. Brill, P. R. Feig, A. L. Kenney, 67 Meadow Lane, New Rochelle.

Edmund Breese Production, Inc., theatrical, $10,000; H. A. Jacobson, C. A. Welton, S. Bernheim, 35 Nassau St.

Prime Specialty Mfg. Co., Inc., Esopus, auto, motor cycle fabric supplies, leggings, sporting goods, $10,000; A. E. Lubbie, J. J. Geiger, H. Cohen, 932 38th St., Brooklyn.

Kennedy Garage Corp., Brooklyn, garages, $10,000; W. N. J. N. McLean, G. H. Kennedy, Jr., 398 Coney Island Av., Brooklyn.

Newland-Delaney Motors, Inc., Brooklyn, garages, repair motor vehicles, tires, $10,000; A. W. Delaney, N. D. Biddison, A. Newland, 55 Hansel Place, Brooklyn.

Birkett-Jones Corp., lands, realty, construction, merchandise, chattels, $10,000; W. W. Walter, G. W. Jones, C. T. Birkett, 91 William St.

John Hahn, Inc., grocery, vegetables, meats, provisions, $10,000; M. T. C. and J. Hahn, 2,089 Amsterdam Av.

Bodine Chemical and Color Co., Inc., Queens, chemicals, colors, dyes, $10,000; B. G. Feinberg, E. D. Holland, A. C. Horn, Hancock and Bodine Sts., Queens Borough.

Thorndyke Operating Co., Inc., hotel, restaurant, theatres, $10,000; J. D. Ross, G. Lynn, J. A. Isner, 2,544 Palmetto St., Brooklyn.

S. and D. Express Co., Inc., express, transfer, $5,000; W. F. Deegan, H. J. and F. A. Steinroder, 297 Evergreen Av., Brooklyn.

Atlas Photo Play Co., Inc., moving pictures, vaudeville, amusement places, $5,000; L. Bass, A. J. Halprin, J. Butler, 970 Prospect Av.

Piquet and Jaccard, Inc., Queens, hotels, realty, agency, brokerage, insurance, adjustment, $5,000; L. F. Jaccard, A. W. and E. A. Piquet, 48 Union Park Av., Jamaica.

Buffalo Picture Playhouse Directory Co. of Buffalo, N. Y., Inc., Buffalo, advertising, motion picture theatres, $5,000; P. R. Cant, I. M. Mosher, V. F. Vieregg, Buffalo.

A. Cohen Mfg. Co., Inc., outer garments, wearing apparel, $5,000; M. Cohen, S. Sobelsohn, M. Gold, 90 East 105th St.

Vallie, Star & Hicks, Inc., mail order business, $5,000; L. MacGregor, V. M. and M. F. Hellen, 39 Claremont Av.

Brown Bros., Linotypes, Inc., linotype slugs, $10,000; W. P., W. B., and E. C. Brown, 563 West 159th St.

Strategy Realty Co., Inc., realty, $5,000; H. Fish, L. and R. Slutnik, 879 Elsmere Place, Bronx.

K. W. Realty Co., Inc., Queens, realty, agency, brokerage, managerial, $5,000; H. Fajans, W. A. McLaughlin, Jr., J. Kaiser, Jamaica.

Raymond Hirt Co., Inc., feathers, $5,000; I. Elsner, R. Hirt, I. Goldberg, 185 2d Av.

Authorizations: National Pearl Works, Inc., Newark, N. J., pearl button-making, pearl novelties, $75,000; representative, Ludwig Engel, 30 East 23d St., New York.

W. Ralston & Co. Ltd., Manchester, England, waterproof cloth, paper merchants, mfrs., $35,000; representative, G. Chadwick, Niagara Falls.

Wah Chang Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd., Changshai District, Hunan Province, China; representative, H. T. Liang, 223 Broadway, Manhattan.

International Brokerage and Clearing Co., Inc., St. Louis, Mo., merchandise, agents, factors, brokers, commission, plants, warehouses, $200,000; representative, G. B. Hersig, 39 West 29th St., Manhattan.

Capital reduction: Mohawk Hotel Co., Schenectady, $50,000 to $10,000.

Voluntary dissolutions: Armstrong Rubber Co., Inc., Manhattan; Wantagh Estates Corp'n, Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 31.—Charters filed: John A. Ackley Auction Company, Vineland, real estate and brokerage, $100,000; John A. Ackley, Antha V. Ackley, J. Mary L. Ackley, Charles W. Ackley, J. Alfred Ackley, Vineland.

James Coyle, Inc., Jersey City, deal in coal, ice, hay, and wood, $25,000; John W. Coyle, Jr., George H. Donaldson, Elizabeth C. Donaldson, Jersey City.

Mendel & Gans, Inc., Newark, real estate and development, $50,000; Max Mendel, Manuel Gans, Bernard Goldsmith, Newark.

Wichmoss Poultry Farm, Demarest, Bergen County, farming and farm products, $10,000; Sol C. Bernstein, Samuel Pinkus, Lucy Gottmann, Bergen County.

Wolff Kaufman Company, Paterson, manufacture and deal in silk wool and other textile fabrics, $10,000; Wolff Kaufman, Joseph Hirschhorn, Etta Hirschhorn, Isidor J. Kaufman, Paterson.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Net income of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad Company for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, has been sufficient to pay in full the interest from July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916, on both the adjustment and income mortgage bonds to be issued in the reorganization. Bonds of said issues deliverable under the plan and agreement to holders of certificates of deposit for refunding mortgages and general lien bonds of the Frisco will carry coupons for fixed interest for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.

Republic Railway and Light Company has drawn for redemption at par and accrued interest, Dec. 1, $484,000 of its three-year 5 per cent. secured notes, payment to be made by the Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia. Interest on the notes drawn for redemption will cease on Dec. 1.

The Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Company, Trustees' deed will be delivered to the months of 1916 a gross business of $31,174,449, which is an increase in sales of $11,882,851 compared with the same period in 1915.

Sartorius & Einstein, members of the New York Stock Exchange, announce that they have admitted Henry B. Smith to membership in their firm.

W. O. Johnson, receivar for the Chicago & Milwaukee Electric Railroad Company, has transferred all assets of the company to the Chicago, North Shore & Milwaukee Company, the reorganized corporation, for a consideration of $2,500,000.

Stockholders of the corporation for Riker & Hegeman stock voted to dissolve the corporation at a special meeting yesterday. Corporation for R. & H. stockholders will receive $100 United Drug common stock and $44 United Drug second preferred stock and about $1 in cash for each $100 share of R. & H.

Van Emburgh & Atterbury have opened a branch office at 74 Fifth Avenue with J. B. Chaffee as manager.

George J. Reardon of Garden City, L. I., has become associated with Edey, Leslie & Sloan.

Offering of Cosden & Co. $5,755,000 ten-year 6 per cent. convertible first mortgage bonds to the stockholders at 99 and interest has been nearly all taken. These bonds were underwritten by Hallgarten & Co. and Eugene Meyer, Jr., & Co.

Eugene Meyer & Co. have bought from the original holders a block of voting trust certificates of Wilson & Co., Inc., which they are placing at $57.50 a share.

W. P. G. Harding, Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, will speak tonight on "The Present Position and Future Development of the Federal Reserve System" before the Forum of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Banking.

Rutherford Hopkins, formerly with H. N. Whitney & Sons, has become associated with the banking firm of Abbott, Johnson & Co. as a specialist in local public utility bonds.

BULLS FORCE COTTON OVER 19-CENT LEVEL

Trading Not on Broad Scale, but Undertone Is Very Stiff, with Limited Offerings.

GAIN OF $3 PER BALE

Buying Encouraged by Report That Germany Would Continue to Adhere to Submarine Pledges.

Bulls took hold of the cotton market yesterday and gave such strong support that the local short interest was forced to cover in competition with active buying for long account. Trading was not on a broad scale, but the undertone was very stiff and offerings were limited until prices had worked up practically $3 a bale over Monday's closing. Every active option on the list was forced across the 19c level, and around the high point of the day prices had scored a maximum recovery of 80 points, or $4 a bale, from the extreme of Monday's depression. Final prices represented a net gain of 53 to 59 points.

Buying was encouraged by the report that Germany would continue to adhere to her pledges regarding submarine operations, as well as by the general apprehension of crop shortage. The estimate of Clement, Curtis & Co. of Chicago on the size of the crop was not issued yesterday, but is expected today. Advices from the South are practically unanimous in respect to the stubbornness with which farmers are holding and the phenomenal strength of the spot situation.

The monthly canvass of the Journal of Commerce indicates a poor prospect for a top crop in Arkansas, Tennessee and Florida. The weather is said to have been ideal for picking, but very little cotton is being held. The Texas traveler of Weld & Co. estimates that about 80 per cent. of the Texas crop has been ginned and 60 per cent. of the Oklahoma production.

Houston, Texas, wired that spots had not met the decline in futures and that actual cotton was hard to buy.

The next report from the Census Bureau on the ginning of cotton will carry operations up to the close of business yesterday and will be issued at 10 o'clock on the morning of Nov. 8.

Market closed firm.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Dec.	18.85	19.10	18.50	19.08@19.10	18.83@18.85
Jan.	18.35	19.15	18.40	19.08@19.10	18.48@18.50
Mar.	18.61	19.28	18.58	19.20@19.23	18.64@18.66
May	18.70	19.41	18.69	19.35@19.37	18.77@18.79
July	18.71	19.42	18.70	19.36@19.38	18.79@18.81

The local market for spot cotton was steady, 80 points advance; middling, 19.15c. Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged, 18 to 40 points advance. New Orleans, 18.18c; Galveston, 18.60c; Savannah, 18¾c; Memphis, 18.75c; Augusta, 18.75c.; Houston, 18.75c.

New Orleans market closed very steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Dec.	17.88	18.52	17.79	18.45@18.47	17.85@17.87
Jan.	17.97	18.70	17.96	18.59@18.61	18.02@18.03
Mar.	18.20	18.91	18.19	18.88@18.89	18.23@18.24
May	18.38	19.07	18.35	19.00@19.03	18.40@18.41
July	18.51	19.21	18.51	19.13@19.15	18.51@18.52

The Liverpool market opened quiet but steady. There was a fair business in spot cotton, with middling 5 points decline at 10.77d. Sales, 8,000 bales; receipts, 17,000, including 9,000 American. Closed firm.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Prev. Close.
Oct.-Nov.	10.67	10.67	10.65	...	10.68½
Jan.-Feb.	10.67	10.77	10.02½	10.77	10.69
Mar.-Apr.	10.73	10.80	10.69	10.85½	10.75½
May-June	10.80	10.81	10.78	10.92	10.84
July-Aug.	10.80	10.85	10.77	10.92	10.85½

The 11 A. M. bids to Liverpool were: January, 18.63c; March, 18.78c; May, 18.89c; July, 18.91c. The market there was due to open today 21 to 28 points advance.

PORT RECEIPTS AND STOCKS.

	Receipts.	Last Year.	Stocks.	Last Year.
Galveston	25,166	23,784	362,319	295,361
New Orleans	29,258	10,480	...	232,322
Mobile	1,016	176	13,861	18,151
Savannah	9,461	7,493	175,325	205,740
Charleston	1,217	2,036	65,067	90,267
Wilmington	431	478	33,471	33,107
Norfolk	3,103	2,823	97,099	77,159

INTERIOR RECEIPTS AND STOCKS.

Augusta	2,513	6,043	138,079	169,682
Memphis	8,500	8,419	196,800	170,521
St. Louis	1,908	3,954	18,904	7,058
Houston	29,060	14,422	270,437	175,632

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

	Today.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	18,000 to 19,500	17,746	13,558
New Orleans	11,000 to 12,500	5,294	8,148

Exports yesterday were 20,942 bales. Total thus far for this season, 1,659,895 bales. Total last season, 1,351,136 bales.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The wheat market showed a nervous undertone and at times prices were heavy under liquidation. There was active switching from December to the later months, and this brought about a loss in the December premium. It was said that the pressure in December was due largely to the fact that elevator interests in Chicago were having difficulty in getting insurance on their wheat, which has increased so rapidly in value, and that, consequently, longs in December were disposed to transfer their interest into May and July. This action was largely responsible for the irregular price movement, and at the close December was 1¾c lower, May was down 1c, and July was ¼c higher. In the local cash market No. 2 durum was quoted at $2.17; No. 2 hard, $2.03; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $2.09; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $2.00¾, all free on board, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	$1.90	$1.87½	$1.88⅝	$1.90⅝
May	1.86⅝	1.84	1.85⅜	1.83⅛
July	1.49⅝	1.47⅜	1.49⅜	1.49⅛

CORN.

Contrary to the action of the wheat market, corn was rather firm early in the day, selling up about half a cent over the previous night. Heavier receipts of new corn at the interior had some effect on the cash article, and in the latter there was a decline of about a cent a bushel from the early high point, a part of which, however, was finally recovered, the close being ¾@1c net higher to 1c lower. Late Liverpool cables were reported firm. The cash market here was steady, with new No. 2 yellow quoted at $1.12½ to arrive, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	87¼	86¾	87¼	87
May	89¼	88⅝	89	88¾
July	89¼	88⅝	88⅝	89

OATS.

There was rather a narrow market in oats, with the undertone easy and prices at one time about half a cent net lower. Spot oats here were firm and higher, as follows: Standard, 59@59½c; No. 2 white, 59½@60c; No. 3 white, 58½@59c; No. 4 white, 58@58½c; fancy clipped white, 62@64c; ordinary clipped white, 61@62c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	54⅝	54⅛	54⅝	54⅛
May	58⅛	57⅝	58	58¼

PROVISIONS.

Net price changes in the provision market were compared with narrow, but after showing some heaviness early, the market rallied, and at the close was at about the best of the day. The hog movement in the West was heavy, and hog prices were lower, but this was offset by a fairly good cash demand, and reports that the Belgian order will be placed within the next day or two. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 35,000; estimated for Wednesday, 45,000. Kansas City received 22,000 and Omaha 8,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	16.45	16.35	16.45	16.45
January	15.50	15.37	15.47	15.45
Ribs—				
January	13.90	13.80	13.90	13.85
Pork—				
December	...	...	26.35	26.15
January	26.05	25.87	26.05	26.00

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was very nervous throughout the day and price changes were very irregular. There was a good deal of liquidation early in the day, which carried the market down 5 to 13 points for the active positions, but toward the close a firmer tone prevailed, and final quotations were 7 points lower to 8 points net higher. Total sales were 57,100 barrels. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	...	...	12.40@	12.15
November	12.40	12.30	12.40@12.45	12.47
December	12.34	12.25	12.32@12.34	12.31
January	12.34	12.24	12.33@12.34	12.38
February	12.37	12.37	12.33@12.38	12.33
March	12.45	12.25	12.41@12.42	12.38
April	12.43	12.40	12.42@12.43	12.34
May	12.47	12.30	12.43@12.45	12.36
June	...	...	12.43@12.50	12.39

COFFEE.

The action of the coffee market again suggested the presence of cotton trade interests, for an opening decline was followed by an advance which seemed to develop coincidently with the sharp upward movement in cotton. After selling at 8.55c during the early trading, May contracts worked up to 8.62c, and the market closed steady at a net advance of 5 to 8 points for the day. Sales were reported of 40,750 bags. The local spot market was quiet, with quotations on the basis of 9¼c for Rio 7s and 10¾c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	...	...	8.28@8.30	8.20
December	8.36	8.21	8.33@8.35	8.26
January	...	...	8.39@8.40	8.32
February	...	...	8.45@8.46	8.38
March	8.51	8.40	8.51@8.52	8.43
April	...	...	8.56@8.57	8.49
May	8.62	8.50	8.61@8.62	8.54
June	...	...	8.66@8.67	8.59
July	8.70	8.60	8.70@8.72	8.64
August	...	...	8.74@8.75	8.68
September	8.75	8.70	8.78@8.80	8.73
October	...	...	8.85@8.85	...

SUGAR.

An easier spot sugar market caused rather free offerings in the futures market, and on general trade and Wall Street selling prices declined sharply, the closing figures ranging 17@22 points net lower, with transactions for the day 9,150 tons. Range of prices.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	5.30	5.30	5.21@5.26	5.48
December	5.10	4.95	4.96@4.98	5.17
January	4.39	4.39	4.39@4.40	4.59
February	4.23	4.13	4.13@4.14	4.33
March	4.20	4.14	4.10@4.12	4.30
April	...	...	4.15@4.17	4.33
May	4.25	4.23	4.20@4.22	4.37
June	...	...	4.23@4.25	4.40
July	4.26	4.26	4.26@4.28	4.43
August	...	...	4.29@4.31	4.46
September	...	...	4.33@4.33	4.49

The local market for refined sugar was unchanged, fine granulated being listed at 7.50@7.75c. There were fair withdrawals on old contract, but new business was light, and there were no important sales reported for export account. Raw sugar was nominally unchanged at the close of the market, with refiners showing less interest in offerings. Early in the day a local refiner bought about 40,000 bags Cubas, first half November shipment, at 4½c cost and freight basis, and also took 1,500 tons of Brazilian sugars, prompt clearance, at 5¼c, equal to about 5¾c cost and freight for Cubas. The market was a little easier, with offerings in accommodate way of sugars at 5½c cost and freight. Nominal quotations follow: Centrifugals, 6.32c; molasses, 5.65c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 17,096 packages. There was active trading on the Exchanges and prices were advanced 2c to 3c on nearly all grades of creamery. Buyers are following the rise fairly well, though there is a more conservative feeling in some quarters. Renovated up a little, and there is a very firm market for ladles and packing stock. Creamery, higher scoring than extras, per lb, 36¼@37½c; extras, 92 score,) 36@36½c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 34½@35¾c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 33¼@34¼c; thirds, 32@33c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 38@38½c; extras, 37@37½c; firsts, 35¼@36¼c; seconds, 34@35c; creamery, held, higher than extras, 35¼@36c; extras, 35c; firsts, 34@34½c; seconds, 33@33¾c; thirds, 31@32c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 35¼@36c; good to prime, 33½@ 35c; common to fair, 30@32c; renovated, extras, 32½@33c; firsts, 31¼@32c; lower grades, 29½@31c; imitation creamery, firsts, 31@32c; ladles, June make, firsts, 31@31½c; current make, firsts, 30½@31c; seconds, 29@29½c; lower grades, 28@28½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 29@29½c; No. 2, 28½c; lower grades, 27@28c.

EGGS.—Receipts today, 10,732 cases. The scarcity of new-laid eggs continues, and lots showing a good to large proportion of such are meeting a good demand at advancing prices. The medium and lower qualities, which comprise a large part of the supply, are still plentiful and meeting only a very moderate demand at very irregular prices. Storage eggs are quiet, but generally held with confidence. Nearby white eggs continue in light supply, and most of the receipts are mixed with more or less shrunken held stock; this makes a wide range of values, and there is only a small part of the supply for which top quotation can be realized; a large part of the business is ranging from 55c downward. Fresh gathered, extra fine, per dozen, 60@62c; extra firsts, 58@59c; firsts, 55@57c; seconds, 51@54c; thirds and pewee, 49@50c; dirties, No. 1, 29@30c; No. 2 and poorer, 27@28½c; checks, good to choice, dry, 28@ 30c; undergrades, 25@27½c; refrigerator special marks, fancy, storage and inspected, paid, 32c; firsts, 31½@31¾c; seconds, 30@31c; lower grades, 29@29½c; refrigerator, State, 33@35c; firsts, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 58@65c; ordinary to good, 40@55c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 38@50c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 39@ 50c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 43@50c; gathered, brown and mixed colors, 36@42c.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Forecast:

N. Car.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; gentle to moderate n. and n. e. winds on coast.

S. Car. and Ga.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; gentle shifting winds.

Fla.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; gentle to moderate n. and n. e. winds.

Ala.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; gentle n. to n. e. winds.

Miss.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; gentle n. e. to e. winds.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Ind.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.; gentle to moderate winds, becoming s.

Lower Mich.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.; moderate w. winds, becoming variable.

Upper Mich.—Fair Wed., warmer in w. Thurs., cloudy; moderate w. winds, becoming variable.

Ohio.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; gentle to moderate w. winds, becoming variable.

Wis.—Fair and warmer Wed. Thurs., fair.

La., Ark., E. and W. Tex.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Ill. and Wis.—Fair and warmer Wed. Thurs. fair.

Mo.—Fair and warmer Wed. Thurs. fair, cooler in n.

Minn.—Fair Wed., warmer in e. and s. Thurs. probably fair and colder.

Iowa—Fair and warmer Wed. Thurs. fair, colder in w. and cen.

N. Dak.—Fair Wed. and Thurs. colder Wed. S. Dak.—Fair Wed. and Thurs., colder in w. Wed.

Neb.—Fair Wed. and Thurs., colder in w. Wed. and in e. Thurs.

Kan.—Fair Wed. and Thurs., warmer Wed. in e. and s.;

REPLOGLE ACQUIRES WHARTON ORE LANDS

Northern New Jersey Tracts with 60,000,000-Ton Content Figure in Steel Co. Deal.

MILLIONS TO BE EXPENDED

Rapid Decrease in Visible Supply of Iron Seen as Reason for Huge Transaction.

The Wharton Steel Company, which owns iron ore lands in Northern New Jersey with an estimated content of 60,000,000 tons, has been bought by J. Leonard Replogle, Vice President of the American Vanadium Company, according to information current yesterday in steel market circles. The transaction was put through in behalf of Mr. Replogle by Ernest Hillman of the coal and coke firm of J. H. Hillman & Co. of Pittsburgh, the papers being signed by representatives of the estate of the late Joseph Wharton in Philadelphia on Monday. The company has $10,000,000 capital stock, all of which will come into the hands of the buyer, as it is owned in entirety by the Wharton estate.

Steel men have predicted of late that the vast iron ore deposits of the Lake Superior region would be exhausted in a few years at the present rate of mining. There is only a comparatively small acreage of ore lands in this country outside the holdings of the large corporations, and it is believed that Mr. Replogle made his investment in the Wharton Company with an eye far into the future of the steel industry.

He declined yesterday to discuss the deal. It was learned in other quarters that a corps of engineers will shortly begin work on the property at Wharton, N. J., drilling test borings to determine the actual amount of ore in the 5,000 acres held by the company, and selecting sites for a number of new by-product coke ovens and an open hearth steel plant. Mr. Replogle will have associates in expanding the company's operations, and it is understood that between $8,000,000 and $10,000,000 will be spent on additions and improvements.

The valuable mineral holdings of the company, it was learned, formed the foundation upon which the transaction was built. In addition to the large acreage of magnetite ore in New Jersey, the Wharton Company owns lands near Sprague ville, N. Y., with an estimated content nearly as great as the New Jersey deposit. Also, 7,500 acres of coking coal property in Indiana County, Penn., is included among the assets. The company's mines and mills at Wharton are on the main line of the Lackawanna Railroad, and are connected with the Jersey Central, the Erie, and the New York, Susquehanna & Western Railroads by the Wharton & Northern, a twenty-two-mile private line.

This is the third important transaction the young steel man has had part in within the last eighteen months. He entered the limelight in the Summer of last year, when he and a number of friends bought 210,000 shares of Cambria Steel Company stock owned by the Pennsylvania Railroad at $60 a share and later turned them over to the Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company at $81 a share. Last August he participated in a syndicate which bought the American Vanadium Company, and at about the same time he became associated with the du Pont interests in the formation of the Sun Shipbuilding Company.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

AMERICAN, 544 pieces or less; also ends coatings, 1 yard. Chelsea 7974.

CHEVIOT.—Open for quantity Stursberg shell cheviot. Call Greeley 5653.

COATS, Suits and Dresses.—Jobbers placing orders for immediate delivery. J. Schwartz Co., Room 2,015, 15 East 26th.

COATS.—Ladies', misses', and children's jobs wanted for trade sales. 2359 Farragut.

COATS.—Jobber now looking at Spring coats, from 9 to 12 A. M. Room 608, 306 5th Av.

CREPE DE CHINE wanted at 80c. William Filene's Sons Co., 116 West 32d. King, Madison Square 9210.

CREPES.—We are open for 500 pieces three-thread and 500 pieces four-thread crepe de chine at a price for spot cash. Shapiro Bros., 516 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Contractors wanted on Spring taffeta de chine dresses. Samples looked at between 9 and 10 and 4:30 to 6, 9th floor, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Jobber is placing orders on silk and serge dresses for Spring for misses and ladies. 129 West 29th St., 4th floor.

DRESSES.—Jobber is placing orders on silk and serge dresses for Spring; junior sizes only. 129 West 29th St., 4th floor.

DRESSES, COATS, AND SUITS.—Open for job; dresses, coats, and suits, spot cash. Handels, 336 6th Av.

GEORGETTE.—Will buy quantity of Georgette and crepe de chine for cash. C 84 Times.

PLUSH.—Will buy large quantity for cash. Morris Jaffe, 40 West 25th.

PLUSHES.—Will pay cash for seal plushes. Gramercy 5016.

SERGE, Amoskeag.—Will buy Amoskeag 7301 serge spot cash; price must be right. C 94 Times.

SERGES.—Open for quantity 6301-7301 Amoskeag, shade 783. Phone Spring 1858.

SKIRTS.—Large jobber is placing orders on wash skirts. Call with samples, between 9 and 12, 37 West 26th, first floor.

SUITS and DRESSES, Spring and Summer, wanted by exporter; job lots preferred. Blanco & Co., 17 Battery Place.

VELOUR.—Open for green coating, 544 preferred. Lasker, 122 West 26th St.

VELOURS.—American, 544, brown and green. Phone Madison Square 2815.

VELOURS.—Coating and suiting, all colors. Mr. Panosh, Greeley 4379.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

BABY LAMB, Salt's, for immediate delivery. Telephone Farr. 3614.

CHAIN HANGERS.—Different makes for immediate delivery. Chelsea 959.

CHIFFON VELVETS.—Immediate delivery. Raskind & Soloff, 1,150 Broadway.

COATS.—Over 3,000 on the racks and many more in work; bolivias, wool velours, kittens' ear, and other popular materials. J. P. Slater, 114 West 26th St.

COATS.—Bolivias, velours, broadcloths, plushes, matelam, other pile fabrics and mixtures. Lindeman, Gross & Hindes, 150 West 22d St.

COATS that are different and prices that are right make our show rooms headquarters for buyers from all over the country. J. P. Slater, 114 West 26th St.

COATS.—See the coats that have helped make this our biggest season in 30 years; they are on the racks ready to ship. J. P. Slater, 114 West 26th.

COATS.—An early morning call, when the racks are full, assures a better selection. Lindeman, Gross & Hindes, 150 West 22d St.

COATS.—Big values, better grade plush, silk, velour, and broadcloths; fur trimmed. I. Novick, 40 West 28th St. 5143 Mad. Square.

COATS.—Bolivias in all colors, and burgandy velour coats for immediate delivery. Cohen & Edelman, 11 East 21st.

COATS.—250 infants' and children's coats to close out, all materials. J. & E. Silverman Co., 1,239 Broadway.

COATS.—Prompt deliveries on wool velours, broadcloths, Bolivias. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St. 6 floors.

COATS.—Plush coats, mixtures; immediate delivery; good values. Joe Kirostoff, 36 West 20th.

COATS.—Infants', children's, and ladies' cloth and sport coats. Hutner, 60 East 11th St.

COATS.—Velours, Bolivias, plush coats; immediate delivery. Slater Bros., 1,239 Broadway.

COATS.—Your entire needs in coats can be supplied by Lindeman, Gross & Hindes, 150 West 22d St.

COATS.—1,000 ladies', children's coats on account dissolution partnership; sacrifice. 589 Broadway.

COATS.—Plush, bolivia and other coats in stock, $1 to $5 cheaper. Merit Co., 22 West 27th.

COATS.—Salts, Esquimette, plush coats for today's delivery. Hutner, 60 East 11th St.

COATS.—American velours, plush trimmed, to close out. J. Lasser, 47 West 34th.

COATS.—Silk, plush coats, trimmed, $10. National Coat Co., 40 West 27th.

COATS and SUITS for immediate delivery. Max Lempert, 120 West 18th.

CORDUROY and all wool serge, also gingham children's dresses, sizes 2 to 6 and 6 to 14, to close out. F. Rosenman & Co., 18 West 21st.

DRESSES. — Afternoon dresses in silks, Georgette crepe and chiffon velvet for immediate delivery; also fine assortments of evening dresses. Ginsberg Bros., 5 West 35th St.

DRESSES.—Latest styles in serge and silk dresses for immediate delivery. Joseph Rosenberg & Co., 141 West 36th St.

DRESSES.—500 snappy serge dresses for immediate delivery. International Dress Skirt Co., 138 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—Snappy serge dresses for immediate delivery. International Dress Skirt Co., 138 West 25th St.

DRESSES. — Job of 150, all wool serge dresses, at $3.75. Hoffman Garment Co., 40 West 28th.

DRESSES.—Job of serge and silk dresses to close out at a price. Princess Dress House, 19-21 W. 24th.

DRESSES.—300 serge and wool jersey, to close out. Gross Leibowitz, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES.—100 serge and velvet; job; reasonable. National Costume, 146 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Job in silk and serge plushes at a sacrifice. Senner Co., 7 West 31st St.

DRESSES.—Serges and silks to close out. Balsom Dress Co., 19 West 21st.

DRESSES.—6,500 French serge, all wool. Schlang & Co., 151 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—50 party dresses to close out. Subin, 32 West 24th St.

ERMINE.—100,000 ermine tails by the hundred or thousand; will sell the lot cheap. Forest 18 East 16th St.

FRENCH SERGE.—A. D. Juilliard & Co., 54,274, 4,408, 3,904, crepe. Joseph Berg & Co., 36 Union Square, Stuyvesant 1247.

FURS.—Closing out; Hudson seal buttons; all sizes, in edgings, all widths; at a very low price. A. Megrin, 164 West 25th. Far. 9473.

FURS.—Red fox sets, Hudson seal sets, Coney sets and misses' sets. D. Berger, 19 East 8th St.

JUILLIARDS.—9,000 Copen brown and navy at 46c; 3% cash; also 613. Gram. 2871.

PLUSHES.—Mercerized and cotton, black and colors, corduroys and silk fabrics, for immediate delivery. Chas. Feldman & Sons, 50 Bond St. Spring 3536-7.

PLUSH COATS.—Immediate delivery. Bernard Bloom & Bro., 14 East 33d St.

POPLINS.—Black Amoskeag poplins 8158, $1.15 net, cash. Mad. Sq. 3940.

SAFE, cutting table, wall case, desk, for sale. 90 West 24th St., first floor.

SALTS' PLUSH.—6100 black and beaver, $4.50; yarn, dyed satin black and colors, 67½, 0661 cheviot, $1.47½; 09010 cheviot, $2; 4281 black velours, $1.25; Chase wool plush, $2. Phone Madison Square 2815.

SERGES.—Amoskeag, 7301, 87½c., and 6301, 82½c.; net cash; all colors; immediate delivery. Goldstein, Telephone Spring 6106.

SERGES.—Julliards 54274 and Gera Mills 787. Madison Square 9658.

SERGES.—French serge, Julliards No. 4300 navy. Mad. Sq. 4544.

SERGE DRESSES for immediate delivery, $5.50 up. Globe Dress Co., 19 West 27th.

SHIRTWAISTS.—Waist contractor on popular-priced shirtwaists can get early quantity business; must furnish styles. Quantity, Box 300 Times.

SILK or cotton, or silk and cotton mixtures, suitable for ladies' motor caps; either regular or jobs; full information and samples. C 100 Times Sq.

SILKS, Taffetas, plain, fancies; all colors. C. M. Goldberg, 1,239 Broadway. 5240 Mad. Sq.

SILK WAISTS.—300 dozen, all materials, to close out. Maxwell Waist, 22 West 15th.

SNAP FASTENERS.—Carded, boxed, white and black, size 00; imported; $5.25 net cash. L. Federman & Son, 257 Canal St.

STRIPS.—1¼ inch, 3 inch, beaver trimming. Gramercy 3016.

SUITS.—500 suits; latest materials and styles, to close out cheap. Julius Pollack, 36 West 25th.

SUITS.—150, most of them fur-trimmed, to close out at a price. J. P. Slater, 114 West 26th St.

SUITS.—70 fur-trimmed broadcloth poplin and velour. B. Lasker, 122 West 26th St.

SUITS.—F. & H. broadcloth suits to close out. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St.

SUITS, fur trimmed, to close out; latest styles. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d.

SUITS.—Broadcloths, velours, poplins, to close out at $6.50. J. Lasser, 47 West 34th.

SUITS.—100 to close out at a price. Jacob Bernstein. Greeley 1156.

SUITS.—Job better grade to sacrifice. Kaplan & Alper, 51 West 24th.

SUITS. Coats to close out, ladies, misses. 45 West 34th, Room 806.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

SWEATERS.—100 dozen ladies' worsted brushed coats for immediate delivery. E 97 Times.

THROW SCARFS, in Hudson seal (plush), and block mole. Frankel, 56 W. 24th St.

TRIANGLE COAT CO., 13 West 20th St. Coats and Suits for Immediate Delivery.

VELOUR COATINGS in Burgundy, taupe, brown, green, for immediate delivery. Louis Livingston, 79 5th Av. Stuyvesant 3469-3781.

VELVETEENS, corduroys, and Fersatman & Hoffman's bolivias, velours, and broadcloths, in all shades. 16 West 32d St., tenth floor.

VELVETEENS.—Twill back, all shades, prompt delivery. Barg & Co., Stuyvesant 1247.

VELVETEEN for sale, 27-inch, twill back, 95 cents. Madison Square 9660.

VELVETEEN SUITS.—Twill black, all latest colors, to close out. Lee, Hexter & Co., 7 East 16th St.

VELVETEENS.—Imported black and navy, 22 inches wide. Mr. Rothman, Farragut 604.

VELVETEENS.—Navy and brown, for sale cheap. Phone 1896 Chelsea.

WOOL PLUSH, black and navy; cheap. Gramercy 1908.

YARN.—Mercerized cotton, 60's or 70's, single, about 3,000 pounds on cones; lot Nos. 10,143 and 10,144. Chas. W. Becker, Commission Merchant, Amsterdam, N. Y.

Help and Situations Wanted.

DRESS CONTRACTOR, good references, with a plant of 24 machines, wants to connect with big house of silk poplin and serge dresses. R. Masteen, 23 W. 19th St. Telephone Chelsea 3504.

MANUFACTURERS.—Selling wholesale trade only; cheapest lines ladies' neckwear, caps, tea aprons, fancy handbags, stamped goods, novelties. Address M. J. Teller, 460 West 147th St.

SALESMAN, ladies' silk underwear, wanted with established trade; exceptional opportunity; correspondence confidential; commission basis. Box 4, 352 6th Av.

SALESMEN for popular-priced wash skirts; commission. P 850 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday 5M@6% per cent. for the best names Monday... 5½@5¾ " " " " "

The quotations are for six months' paper.

The Coat Salesman's Trouble.

Overprosperity is the main trouble at present of the salesmen for the coat and dress concerns. They are in the ticklish situation of being able to sell almost any quantity of merchandise, but some of the orders have to be refused because the capacity of the factories is taxed now to their utmost. The salesmen, to quote one of their number, have to be "not only salesmen but diplomats" to hold eager customers in check.

Collective Buying of Materials.

A plan to purchase together many of the materials needed in their business has been taken up by a group of thirty manufacturers in the coat and suit trade. A meeting has been held to discuss the scheme, and another conference will take place this evening. Opinion in the trade is somewhat divided over the benefits to be derived from collective buying. Some of the larger manufacturers believe that the plan, if adopted, would tend to destroy initiative in the industry. Representative mill agents do not take the proposition seriously.

Furniture Sells Well at Retail.

One of the features of current retail business in this city is said to be the unusually good demand for furniture of various kinds. While unable to account for the amount of buying that is being done by consumers, an executive of one big store said yesterday its furniture department was so busy that it was practically impossible to get sufficient experienced salesmen to handle the business. In addition to this, he asserted that deliveries of furniture already sold were being delayed somewhat as a result of a scarcity of cabinet makers, polishers, and other skilled workers needed in this department.

Goods Cannot Be Redyed.

While the dress goods mills that took up the manufacturing of wool velours when it seemed they would be good have enjoyed a very active business on those fabrics, there is a "fly in the ointment." The switch in colors found quite a few of the mills with shades that were not so much in demand. Ordinarily it would be a simple matter to have the goods redyed to the colors desired. With wool velours, it is explained, the construction and finish of the fabric make any attempt to redye the goods unsatisfactory. In some way or other, it is said, the finish is spoiled.

Woolens Continue to Advance.

Advances are almost a daily occurrence in the local piece goods trade. This is a rather unusual condition in view of the fact that it is the dull period for the mills. Most of the mill agents, however, are working on the theory that it is better to move up prices in anticipation of business than to put them up after the production has been largely sold up. One of the features of present operations that serves especially to give the market a strong turn is the free movement in stock goods. Anything that is at all adapted to present needs is grabbed up by buyers.

Spring Shoe Buying Active.

Spring buying of shoes has so far been very heavy, though confined in good part to staple or semi-staple styles. The fast selling models to date have been men's shoes in dark tans and blacks, women's eight-inch boots in solid colors, and with black vamps and colored ooze tops, plenty of white shoes in kid and buck, and children's shoes in solid black, white, and tan. Light, dainty pumps with circular vamps and small tongues are selling well in solid colors, though a few are being sampled with dark brown or black vamps and white quarters. White sport oxfords with rubber or leather soles are moving well for men, women and children.

Coal Prices Jump Sharply.

The Coal Trade Journel will say today that in the anthracite trade buyers are seeking the sellers with greater earnestness as cold weather draws nearer. This is resulting in a series of price advances the like of which has seldom, if ever, been equaled, even in strike years. Within the last few days sales of domestic sizes have been made at $11 per ton f. o. b. New York harbor ports, which is equivalent to $9.60 at the mines, and coal has been sold for line shipment on nearly as high a basis. The whole range of quotations on speculative coal is up from $2 to $3 as compared with a week ago. The most violent advances have occurred at tidewater, where the tonnage in the hands of middle-houses is very small. Bituminous prices have also advanced sharply in the last week.

Gray Goods Sales Limited.

Trading continued small in the local gray goods market yesterday in spite of the recovery in cotton and the chances that cloth prices might advance again as a result. Most of the print-cloth business taken was for this year's delivery, and it included some 80 squares at 10½ cents and 68-72s at 9 cents. Other printcloth sales were more or less scattered and featureless. Among the sheeting sales recorded were 40-inch 2.85s, which moved at 11¼ cents for November-January shipment. There was little in the other coarse goods business done to warrant special mention. Closing printcloth figures were:

39-inch, 80-80s..	10¾c	38½-inch, 64-60s..	8c
39-inch, 72-76s..	9¾c	38½-inch, 64-56s..	7¾c
39-inch, 65-72s..	9c	38½-inch, 60-52s..	7c
39-inch, 56-44s..	8¼c	38½-inch, 60-48s..	6¼c
38½-inch, 64-64s	8¼c	27-inch, 64-60s....	5¼c

*Asked.

He Should Have Accepted Them.

A certain jewelry manufacturer in this city is of the opinion that every wholesale seller of goods should think twice before refusing to accept merchandise returned to him by a retail customer. This is the reason why he thinks so: A few years ago this jeweler sold a bill of rings to a well-rated retailer in a Southern State. Not very long afterward the rings were returned with no explanation. The manufacturer verified the firm's rating, reshipped the rings, and wrote a rather hot letter in which he took the buying house to task for sending the goods back, and cited the smallness of the profit in the transaction for him as a reason why they should be retained. The letter had the desired effect, and the rings were kept when received the second time by the retailer. The hard part was that the retail firm failed badly very soon afterward, and the manufacturer neither got his rings back nor his pay for them.

GERMAN POTASH SALES.

Syndicate Reports the Trade Far in Excess of Last Year.

BERLIN, Oct. 31, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Potash Syndicate, President Kempner said that the shipments of potash during the first nine months of 1916 surpassed by 230,000 tons, or 43,000,000 marks, those of the preceding year. The total shipments for this year are calculated to reach 900,000 tons, with a valuation of 160,000,000 marks.

Shipments in 1913, which included great amounts for exportation, totaled 1,100,000 tons. During the first nine months of this year German farmers were provided with 1,760,000 tons of kainite hardbalt and 870,000 tons of potash fertilising salts.

ROOSEVELT, JR., IN OIL DEAL.

Helps to Buy Control of an Oklahoma Company.

ARDMORE, Okla., Oct. 31.—Harry F. Sinclair, President of the Sinclair Oil Corporation; Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., and associates have bought a three-fourths interest in the Crystal Oil Company for $1,500,000, it was announced here today, following a visit to the Healdton fields by the buyers.

No plans regarding the future operations of the company were announced.

Inquiries were made last night at Mr. Roosevelt's home, 165 East Seventy-fourth Street, regarding his plans in the purchase of an interest in the Crystal Company. Mrs. Roosevelt said that her husband was in Oklahoma, and that she had heard no details of the transaction.

Crossbreds Sell at Full Prices.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The 7,500 bales offered at the wool sales today were mostly crossbreds, which were readily absorbed at full prices. A few Victorian scoured merinos sold at 3s. 11d.

Speyer Pays $150 for Auto Accident

James Speyer, the banker, settled yesterday for $150 a suit brought against him by Andrew Dewan, 17 years old, who was knocked down by Mr. Speyer's automobile and his chest injured. Dewan's attorney got permission from Justice Pendleton to compromise the suit because it was a question for the jury whether the boy had been guilty of contributory negligence.

SLINGSBY HEARING PUT OFF.

Appeal in Celebrated British Case to be Argued Dec. 1.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The House of Lords today granted postponement until Dec. 1 of the hearing of the appeal of the Slingsby legitimacy case from the judgment of the Court of Appeals. The application for postponement was made on the ground that the appellant is not in possession of the necessary funds to prosecute the appeal.

The Slingsby case involves the question whether an infant born in San Francisco and declared to be the lawful son of Charles R. Slingsby and his wife Dorothy is the rightful heir to the Slingsby estate in England. A Californian court ruled that the child was the legitimate heir, and a court in England upheld the decision. The Court of Appeals, however, reversed this ruling in a decision handed down last March. It sustained the contention of Charles Slingsby's brothers, who introduced evidence to show that "Teddy" Slingsby was not the child of Charles and Dorothy Slingsby, but was obtained by them after an advertisement had been inserted in a San Francisco newspaper for a newborn male infant.

The Slingsby property, in Yorkshire, is valued at about $500,000.

Dutch Liner Drops Kirkwall Stop.

ROTTERDAM, Oct. 31.—The Holland-America liner Nieuw Amsterdam, which sailed for New York early today, is the first steamer from this port to make the trip without a compulsory call at Kirkwall, Scotland. The change in course, however, does not materially shorten the voyage, as the new course is northward to the Shetland Islands, around the Hebrides, and then to Falmouth, England. The reason given for the change is that the rocky coast of North Scotland is most dangerous in the Winter season and that the British authorities will be satisfied with one inspection of the liner's cargo and passengers at Falmouth.

Reserve Bank Takes $5,000,000 Gold

J. P. Morgan & Co., imported from Ottawa yesterday $5,000,000, more gold bars, which were bought by the Federal Reserve Bank and lodged in the Bank's vaults. Since last Thursday the Federal Reserve Bank has bought $15,000,000 gold and further consignments are expected to go to the Government institution. So far $84,500,000 has been imported this month and $477,000,000 during the year.

BUSINESS NOTES.

John C. Welwood, importer and commission merchant, 209 Fourth Avenue, has sent this notice to the trade: "Owing to the continued advance in the cost of all materials necessary to the manufacturing of ribbons, we are compelled to advance all of our prices 5 to 10 per cent., taking effect immediately."

The Wamsutta Mills, through their selling agents, Watts, Stebbins & Co. of this city, announce an advance of half a cent a yard on these goods: OXX-SF, WS, OXB, Wamsutta cambric, nainsook and longcloth, ICT bookfold, ICT longfold, Wamsutta jeans, and Burleigh longcloth.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

JAMES A. ROGERS, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against James A. Rogers, Inc., printer, 65 Cliff St., by J. E. Linde Paper Co., $396; Thomas H. Crosley Co., $572, and Paul E. Vernon & Co., $20. He is assigned on Oct. 30.

VERNON H. BERRICK, salesman, 183 E. 93d St., has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $1,591 and no assets.

H. L. HERBERT & CO. (corporation) coal, 1,457-1,461 Broadway, has filed schedules showing liabilities $135,422 and assets $875,649.

DORA M. WEIL, 104 W. 70th St., has been discharged in bankruptcy.

HYMAN SCHNITZER, clerk, 225 W. 110th St., has been discharged in bankruptcy.

REFLEXOPHONE, INC., phonographs, 114 5th Ave., with offices at 900 Market St., Wilmington, Del., has assigned to Lawrence K. Brown. It is a Delaware corporation, incorporated in Oct., 1915, with capital stock $40,000. John Reynolds is President.

JACK LINSKY, stationer, 220 W. 42d St., has assigned to Herbert Ascher.

JAY C. WEMPLE CO.—Judge Mayer has authorized Job E. Hedges and Edward J. W. Kaysel, receivers of Jay C. Wemple Co., manufacturers of window shades at 55 E. 20th St., with factory in Brooklyn and branch at Chicago, to liquidate the business in order to take advantage of favorable market conditions and obviate the necessity for a forced sale and consequent sacrifice of assets. Creditors will be notified to file claims with the receivers within sixty days.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 31.—Involuntary bankruptcy proceedings were instituted today against the Schelder Furniture Company of North Milwaukee, chiefly through out-of-town creditors. In the petition for a receiver it is stated that the firm has $20,000 unsecured liabilities and $12,000 secured, with assets of $9,000, value contracts and the furniture factory itself.

Noelck & Paus of Sturgeon Bay, Wis., filed voluntary bankruptcy proceedings, with liabilities of $17,088.97 and assets of $8,334.88.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Amounts $100 and over.)

Broadedge Corp.—John Wanamaker, New York.....$332.79
Rinaldi, Stefano, guardian—A. Blumenthal, costs.....100.88
Bernstein, Barnett—E. H. McKee.....576.56
Bondy, Charles E.—Edgewater State Bank.....1,072.69
Baker, Pauline E.—A. S. Bass.....1,076.31
Burke, Walter J.—N. Y. Lubricating Oil Co.....153.76
Charles H. Heer Dry Goods Co.—J. Strauss.....2,338.24
Cosmas, Constan G.—D. Tusconas.....508.41
Cook, Chas. E.—Speda Studio, Inc.....240.55
Cleary, James F.—J. C. Goode.....101.06
Davidson, Arthur M.—F. L. Randall.....287.74
Same—Same.....2,548.78
Ellanar Realty Co., Inc.—E. I. Wilson.....1,060.40
Easttly, Frank S., and Willard—G. A. Zabriskie.....388.86
F. S. Ferguson's Sons, Inc.—A. Gluck.....114.77
Folsom, John L.—Rider & Driver Publishing Co.....145.85
George S. Dundon Co., Inc.—E. V. Harman.....114.24
Gibraltar Realty Co.—J. F. Ahrens.....3,146.53
Hyman, Carl—J. Dubertsien.....270.12
Holst, Christ—G. H. Geraertis.....161.97
Harmony Supply Co.—James Talcott.....881.14
Hennessey, Elizabeth—Empire City Subway Co., Ltd., costs.....110.58
Hart, Lorren M.—Manhattan Collecting Co.....141.
H. Sumner Sternberg Co., Inc.—W. H. Axmacher et al.....123.61
Juffet, David A.—M. Schwarz.....150.27
James F. Lavery & Co.—N. Y. Electric Lamp Co.....373.17
Kean, Frank M.—E. Gillick et al.....277.19
Kohlepp, Frederick B.—Borough Realty Co.....978.58
Lookstein, Max F.—Burns Bros.....122.01
Locke, Chas. E.—J. T. Beals.....312.16
Metropolitan & Suburban Real Estate Co.—A. Boero.....446.21
Meyer, John H.—Martinson.....652.39
Mather, James—H. Mosh.....121.80
Manhattan Folding Box Co.—Samuel Vernon Estate, Inc.....130.25
Michaels, Geo. E.—H. J. Thompson.....822.31
McIntyre, Iamay P.—A. Kats.....114.18
Meserole, Wm. H. and Archibald K. V. S. Lippe.....3,875.61
Moriarty, Mary A. and John J.—Union Trust Co. of N. Y.....16,246.15
McNeille, Perry R.—M. S. Hyland.....250.00
Manhattan Bandeau Co., Inc.—H. Bresler.....376.74
Mortizen, Julius—G. F. Putnam's Sons.....353.84
Michel, Herman, and Wm. A. Basler—United Wine and Trading Co.....118.77
O'Donnell, George—J. I. Peyser.....213.61
Norris, Benjamin F.—John Wanamaker, N. Y.....202.26
Nassaro, Joseph, and National Surety Co.—People, &c.....1,500.00
Nisbett, Chas. W.—Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railway Co.....619.78
Pratt, Theresa—James McCreery & Co.....129.11
Philipps, Walter A.—Edward David, Inc.....206.70
Peerless Light Co.—International Battery Co., Inc.....6,862.68
Rosenfeld, Sydney, &c.—Guardian Finance & Trading Corp.....244.88
Pellettieri, Lorito—David Mayer Brewing Co.....1,138.72
Philippe, Inc.—Hudson Trust Co.....146.91
Swiss Talking Machine Co.—H. Cohen..278.40
Same—Same.....178.20
Schmidt, Dierk—H. H. Reiners of Brooklyn, N. Y., U. S. A.....432.95
Stiefel, Charles—Procter & Gamble Distributing Co.....177.81
Vederber, Josephine—N. Stine.....570.88
Stout, Ralph—H. Hagen.....131.99
Van Hoesen, Lillian F.—R. H. Noble..150.00
Shershoff, Julius, and Samuel Jacobs—Eugation Realty and Construction Co..114.26
Weiss, Leo F.—Samuel Hopper Co.....116.00
Wilemette Construction Co., Inc.—A. Schneider.....278.91
W. S. W. Hat Works, Inc.—J. Elishewits.....100.46
Yoss, Ralph—J. J. McSorley.....125.61
Zacharos, Yanos & Dionyssios—M. D. Zavakos.....245.11
Auto Sectional Leather Tire Co.—City of New York.....130.29
Automobile Trade Exchange—Same..130.92
Artell Co.—Same.....130.92
Atlas Core Drill Co.—Same.....243.45
Anglo-American Distributing Syndicate—Same.....130.92
American Grand Rapids Furniture Co.—Same.....243.45
Acetylene Lamp Co.—Same.....130.92
Alco Gas Appliance Co.—Same.....130.92
American Burial Co.—Same.....130.92
American Basinette and Baby Carriage Co.—Same.....130.92
American Joxy Co.—Same.....243.45
Bankers National Realty Corp.—Same..130.92
Bankers and Merchants Agency Co.—Same.....130.92
Baldner, Samuel—Same.....243.45
Braunstein, Samuel—Same.....130.92
Bell, Sarah H.—Same.....243.45
Bagge, Thomas—Same.....130.92
Crown Feature Film Co.—Same.....130.92
Colonial Mfg. Co.—Same.....130.92
Crystal & Graff Co.—Same.....130.92
Credit Office—Same.....130.92
Consolidated Provision Co.—Same.....130.92
Christie Iron Works—Same.....130.92
Continental Food Products Co.—Same..243.45
Caffier & Co., Inc.—Same.....243.45
Edward J. Carroll Co.—Same.....243.45
E. A. Condax & Co.—Same.....130.92

In Bronx County.

BREITENFELD, Karl von Baur—H. Acker.....$268.47
Brennan, Katheryne—D. Coffey et al..106.88
Dickstein, Samuel—A. Kasman.....40.15
Davis, Hyman—A. Hodes.....12.72
Elbach, Benno—P. Magyar.....1,248.91
Goldberger, Bernard—E. Schlein.....201.99
Hyman, Carl—J. Dubertsien.....270.12
Hoffstedt, Robert—J. Archer.....485.77
Hoffstedt, Henrietta—W. J. Archer..124.88
Kreilberg, Samuel M.—J. V. Bond.....44.86
Lemeln, Anthony—R. Wright.....47.92
Murphy, Robert J.—Rufus Darrow's Son, Inc.....502.16
Markowitts, Isidor—J. G. Realty Co., Inc.....136.17
Pettinati, Emilio, and Hugo Goeben—S. Aronstein.....462.83
Polsky, Harry—N. Y. Telephone Co.....26.78
Rabinowitz, Samuel—M. Davidson.....32.24
Szydlowsky, Wanda and Edmund—Germania Bank.....434.01
Valley Stream House and Home Co.—J. Carroll.....737.70
Wolff, Marks—East Side Iron Works, Inc.....388.84
Willemette Const. Co., Inc.—A. Schneider.....278.91
Same—W. S. Schneider.....77.41

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Isaacs, Ralph and Abraham—Montauk Brewing Co., April 11, 1906.....$396.84
Isaacs, Ralph and Jane—Same, April 11, 1906.....270.11
Mensch, William—Church E. Gates & Co., Sept. 19, 1916.....1,982.73
Josephson, Jacob and Lena—M. Griffler, Oct. 11, 1910.....264.40
Mirsky, Leon—B. D. Shapiro, May 6, 1913.....536.78
Rohl, Frederick R.—Commercial Cable Co., Dec. 5, 1907.....197.42
Schwartz, Max—R. Shapiro, March 17, 1916.....1,841.15
Seidell, Chas. F.F. H. Dodd et al., June 9, 1915.....122.91
York Building Co.—Wm. A. Thomas Co., Oct. 6, 1916.....693.16
Warren, John—L. Latsen, June 2, 1915.....1,542.62
National Surety Co.—J. Breuchaud, Aug. 8, 1916, vacated.....162.57
Empire Gypsum Co.—R. S. Kaufman, Oct. 24, 1916, vacated.....2,504.41
Redman, Henry—R. Kaufman, June 5, 1915, cancelled.....2,514.64
Hawes, Gilbert R.—D. Time, June 9, 1916, reversed.....1,092.03

In Bronx County.

French Feather Novelty and Hat Co., Inc.—H. Nelson et al., June 6, 1916...$98.66
Hawes, Gilbert R.—D. Time, June 9, 1916.....1,092.03

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neill & Co.; J. J. Fender, upholstery goods; 37 W. 26th.
AKRON, Ohio—L. G. Federman; Mr. Federman, furs, children's coats, ladies' plush coats, ladies' dresses, boys' mackenals, ladies' gloves; 1,140 B'way.
ATLANTA, Ga.—J. S. Field & Co.; Mrs. Emily Pitt, women's wear, coats, suits, dresses, furs; McAlpin.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Hochschild-Kohn Co.; F. Robinson, notions, stationery; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Baltimore Bargain House; S. Trautman, millinery; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Baltimore Bargain House; F. Lansburgh, general merchandise; Mr. Kirchenbaum, spring, Summer dresses; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Stewart Co.; William H. Reed, rugs and upholstery; 18 W. 35th; Prince George.
BALTIMORE—E. G. Freiburger, cotton goods, Broatell.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Brothers; M. Oppenheimer, notions, linings; New Strand.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; C. A. Miller, women's, children's wear; W. A. Applewaite, hosiery, underwear; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; Miss M. Campbell, laces, dress trimmings; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; Miss K. Baker, muslin underwear; Breslin.
BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co.; H. L. McLanahan, hats; 397 B'way.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; G. Freandlich, jewelry; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; H. J. Rone, Mrs. J. B. Nelson, millinery; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Schloss Bros. & Co.; N. Schloss, woolens; 848 B'way.
BALTIMORE—Blankenberg & Lavinson; J. Blankenberg, notions, hosiery, underwear; Herald Square.
BATESVILLE, Ark.—Hall D. G. Co.; J. C. Hall, dry goods; 256 Church.
BOSTON, Mass.—Jordan-Marsh Co.; H. Owens, ribbons; E. J. Pendergast, silks, velvets; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON, Mass.—H. White Co.; L. F. Hill, girls' coats, dresses, factory made dresses; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON, Mass.—Gilchrist Co.; Miss C. Town, handkerchiefs; 315 5th Av.
BOSTON, Mass.—R. H. Stearnson Co.; Mrs. A. Hogan, waists; 11 West 25th
BOSTON, Mass.—S. Shapiro & Co.; J. S. Shapiro, manufacturers ladies', misses' dresses; Brostell.
BOSTON, Mass.—R. H. White Co.; Miss A. G. Tarpy, misses' coats, suits; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; P. A. O'Connell; general mdse.; 25 W. 38d.
BOSTON, Mass.—William Filenes Sons Co.; Mr. Lazares, men's clothing; Mrs. Nudd, toys; Mr. King, machine-made dresses; Mr. Bradley, men's, boys' furnishing goods, basement; Mr. Levy, waists; Mr. Silberman, skirts; Mr. Fanning, men's, boys' furnishing goods; Mr. Schroeder, musl

RUGS ARE SOLD AT GOOD PRICES

Feature at Continuation of the Trade Auction Sale in This City Yesterday.

PUBLIC IS BEHIND BUYERS

Goods Needed to Fill "Empty Shelves"—Yesterday's Total Sales About $600,000.

The second day's auction of rugs and carpets by the Alexander Smith & Sons Carpet Company yesterday totaled about $600,000. The sale was characterized by sustained buying at prices which, while comparatively high when measured by the standards of less than six months ago, appeared to be accepted in a more or less matter of fact way at this time of uncertainty and advancing values.

Before the auctioneer started the day's proceeding, and at the luncheon hour, the talk of the buyers was centred on the "empty" shelves in their respective sections, and of the need to replenish stocks in order to keep up with the increasing purchasing power of the American public. "These wonderfully prosperous times," said one out-of-town buyer, "are making it possible for every home to have more and better floor coverings than ever before. Thus, the bigger demand on the part of the people for rugs and carpets makes it imperative that merchants maintain adequate stocks. The present auction was well-timed to meet the requirements of distributers. Prices are very high, but we've got to have goods. The public simply will have rugs and carpets regardless of cost."

R. F. Goulder, of the Sterling & Welch Company, Cleveland, who is 83 years old and generally recognized as the dean of the buyers at all New York rug and carpet auctions, said yesterday that the present sale was the greatest in his recollection. He has been attending Smith auctions since 1886. "It's a good thing for the company," he said. "They are making tremendous sales at the highest prices I have ever witnessed. The explanation is to be had in the fact that dealers need the goods, and the public is standing solidly back of the distributers."

Yesterday's sale started off with 8-4 Smith Axminster rugs. A big variety of this class of goods went under the hammer in a hurry, while the other offerings of the day included Palisades, Colonials, Wilton Velvets, Arabsley, Saxony and mats. Prices fell somewhat on the larger sizes of rugs, while complaint was general that there were not enough of the smaller rugs to go around. This scarcity was demonstrated by the small difference between the high and low prices paid.

Taken altogether, the strength in prices paid for goods continued to be a matter of surprise to many. It seemed that many of the lines were selling at practically the new advanced prices named on Monday. The fact that a few of the larger sizes showed slumps was attributed to the circumstance that the larger sizes are unsuitable for city use, demand for these particular goods being accordingly limited.

Yesterday's range of prices, from choice to quantities and balances, on the classes of rugs auctioned off yesterday, was as follows:

	Highest.	Lowest
8-4 Smith Axminster 9x9	$13.00	$12.00
8-4 Smith Axminster, 4.6x6.6	7.00	6.50
10-4 Smith Axminster, 11.3x12	29.75	25.25
12-4 Smith Axminster, 10.6x13.6	31.50	28.50
12x13 Smith Axminster, 12x13.6	38.50	32.75
16-4 Smith Axminster, 12x15	43.50	38.75
12-4 Palisade Velvet, 9x12	17.75	16.50
9 Palisade Velvet, .36x.72	2.75	2.60
9 Palisade Velvet, .27x.54	1.45	1.67½
12-4 Colonial Velvet, 9x12	22.00	19.50
11-4 Colonial Velvet, 8.3x10.6	19.75	18.50
10-4 Colonial Velvet, 7.6x9	15.75	14.75
9-4 Colonial Velvet, 6.6x9	13.50	12.06
E. Colonial Velvet, .27x.54	2.15	1.97½
12-4 Wilton Velvet, 9x12	30.00	25.50
11-4 Wilton, 8.9x10.6	26.25	24.50
9-4 Wilton Velvet, 6.6x9	20.25	18.50
E. Wilton Velvet, .27x.54	3.00	2.75
12-4 Alpine Axminster, 9x12	16.50	15.75
9 Ardsley Axminster, .27x.54	1.40	1.37½
9 Ardsley Axminster, .36x.63	2.50	2.40
Mat Ardsley Axminster, .18x.34	.95	.90
E. Saxony Axminster, .27x.54	1.90	1.75

One of the interesting developments of the day was the volume of buying by the Canadian contingent. Several of the largest houses in Canada were represented and these firms, as well as factors from all sections of the Dominion, bought heavily all day. They paid good prices, and made it plain that their stocks were badly depleted, and must be replenished at this auction.

Today's sale begins at 9 o'clock, the first goods to be offered being J Saxony rugs. The visiting buyers tonight will attend the annual dinner to be given by the Carpet Association of America at the Waldorf-Astoria.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Crude Rubber and Button Shanks Among Things Classified.

Lunham & Moore were sustained yesterday by the Board of General Appraisers in the claim that crude rubber in sheets was entitled to free entry under the provision in the tariff law for crude India rubber. The Collector was reversed in taking duty at 15 per cent. as unenumerated manufactured articles.

Accofding to a decision by Judge Fischer, button shanks composed of brass and plated with silver come under the tariff provision for "parts of buttons and button molds or blanks." This was the contention made by Edward Benneche & Brother in a protest filed with the board. The Collector held that, as the articles were plated with silver, they were dutiable at 50 per cent. The decision said that the provision for "parts of buttons" was absolutely unlimited and unrestricted, and took precedence over the plated article paragraph.

Samstag & Hilder Brothers, Strauss Brothers & Co., and A. Steinhardt & Brother protested the Collector's return on steel pins with tops of plate glass. The Collector assessed the articles with duty as manufactures of which paste was the component material of chief value, the calling for a tax of 30 per cent. Testimony was taken in Germany, the manufacturers of the goods testifying, which showed that metal predominated in the makeup of the pins. Under these circumstances, Judge Sullivan in his decision for the board sustained the claim for entry at 20 per cent. as manufactures in chief value of metal.

After testimony had been taken in Switzerland at the factory of Richard Dreyger & Co. of Zurich the board reversed the Collector at Chicago in his assessment of duty on signs composed of tin, celluloid and cardboard. He classified the articles as in chief value of celluloid and took 40 per cent. duty. The evidence given by the manufacturer abroad convinced the board that a mistake had been made in the classification. The Collector was reversed, and a reliquidation ordered, giving entry at 20 per cent. under the metal paragraph.

P. H. Shallus, Baltimore, lost in a contention relating to the duty rate on steel ingots. Duty was levied at 15 per cent. under the provision for "steel ingots made by the crucible process." The importer claimed free entry as for steel ingots made by the Bessemer or open-hearth process without the use of alloys. The protestant failed to submit testimony in support of his claim, and, as the record put in evidence from the Customs House showed no error on the part of the classifying officials, their return of duty was affirmed.

Kronfeld, Saunders & Co. were sustained in a claim that certain oxidised bag frames were dutiable at 20 per cent. under the plain metal provision. As to some of the goods, the Collector was reversed in levying 50 per cent. as plated metal articles. He was affirmed as to the balance.

THE TEACHING STAFF.

Eligibles for Positions in High and Elementary Schools.

Licenses as teacher-in-training to teach in high schools the subjects respectively indicated have been granted to the following under date of Oct. 27: Latin, Harry W. Schachter; mathematics, Henry H. Shanholt.

Substitute licenses to teach in high schools the subjects indicated have been granted to the following:

ACCOUNTING AND BUSINESS PRACTICE—Israel Feinbaum.

BUSINESS ENGLISH—Mary A. Lehmann.

CLERICAL ASSISTANT—Richard G. Stableford.

ECONOMICS—James J. Cunningham.

ENGLISH—Roy Leitch, Maxwell Popkin, Agnes M. Conklin, Edwina H. Corey, Alice R. Cranch, Eva M. Parels, Georgiana M. Wood, and Dorothy Zehner.

FREEHAND DRAWING—Joseph L. Grosse, Mrs. Elizabeth M. Kirkup, and Adele J. Lay.

FRENCH—Florence Dalton.

GERMAN—Helen E. Fischhofer and Lina Kahn.

HISTORY—Boutelle E. Lowe, Jeannette Armstrong, Almira F. Belknap, and Althea E. Wettlaufer.

LATIN—Ralph S. Boots.

MATHEMATICS—Julius Zimmerman, Edith W. Isles, Frances Selman, and Nina Washburn.

MUSIC—Lillian E. Busch.

SEWING AND DRESSMAKING—Mary B. Himmelmann.

SPANISH—Carolina Marcial-Dorado.

GREGG STENOGRAPHY—John A. Leiash.

I. P. STENOGRAPHY—Nellie M. Shea.

There have been placed, as of Oct. 27, upon the eligible list of men holding licenses for the season of 1916-1917 as teacher of automobile repairing in evening high schools, the names of the following: Richard Wolkenstein, 90.8; John C. W. Schneider, 76.2, and Delbine Blumberger, 72.

A license as substitute teacher of monotype machine operating in a vocational school has been granted to Robert H. Freeman.

Licenses as substitute teachers of common branches in elementary schools have been granted to the following applicants, who have completed the work of the theory department at the training schools respectively indicated:

Brooklyn Training School—Helen G. Burgtorf, Loretta R. Gannon, and Agnes C. O'Brien.

New York Training School—Agnes M. Cahill, Florence Goldstein, and Anna H. Robinson.

Licenses as substitute teacher of common branches in elementary schools have been granted to the following:

MEN.

James J. Dourney,	Samuel Kaufman,
David Elsbel,	Edwin R. Klein,
William J. Fordrung,	Quentin R. Lorie,
Louis Frutkin,	Herman Moskowitz,
Charles A. Gramet,	Alexander J. O'Neil,
Jacob S. Handelman,	David Wechsler,
Abraham Kabeck,	Harry Weisman,
Samuel Kanner,	Jacob J. Wodraska.
C. G. Kassenbrock,	

WOMEN.

Rosalie Appell,	Mrs. G. L. Kissam,
Catherine Ball,	Anna C. Laughlin,
Mrs. Kate F. Berry,	Mrs. Lila E. Locke,
Margaret M. S. Bergin,	Therese M. Looby,
Adele Brady,	Dorothy Lynch,
Florence R. Breen,	Mrs. Lenore I. Maher,
Mrs. A. E. Brennan,	Florence S. Martin,
Mrs. M. R. Cohen,	Edith Z. Mathews,
Ella T. Conlon,	Jane M. Maxcy,
Florence Dalton,	Anna B. Minifie,
Anna M. De Paul,	Teresa Moriarty,
Cora M. Derby,	Mrs. Mary E. Mulvey,
Marcella M. Digman,	Gertrude F. Murphy,
Rosalie A. Domila,	Julia J. O'Connor,
Edith A. Dorsey,	Rosalie W. Ormont,
Mabel E. Drew,	Adele C. Packert,
Florence L. Duffy,	Mrs. Anna Patterson,
Madeline D. Faria,	Sarah D. Peterson,
Sophie H. Filber,	Mrs. M. W. Washburn
Esther B. Enselberg,	Frances M. Petty,
Millicent Flannery,	Clara J. Powell,
Anna Flynn,	Mrs. Suzanne Punnett,
Nana B. Freund,	Mildred Regetti,
Leontine Friedman,	Mrs. Elsie Rosenbaum,
Florence Gazzolo,	Beatrice Rosenthal,
Anne F. Hamilton,	A. M. Rossoman,
Eunice H. Hanhart,	Alice F. Ryan,
G. V. Harrington,	Harriet C. Salant,
Mrs. Z. B. Hartsfeld,	Mary F. Sheehy,
Grace C. Holland,	Sarah Weinraub,
Anne Hynes,	Margaret E. Wiemuth,
Mrs. M. E. Jessup,	Annette W. Wood,
Eleanor Kieran,	May Wochinski.
Marie Kieran,	

Substitute licenses as teacher of shop mathematics, shop drawing, technical English, and applied mechanics in continuation classes have been granted to the following: Harry C. Purphy and Samuel Valentine.

Substitute licenses to teach in elementary schools the subjects indicated have been granted to the following:

GERMAN.

Emilie E. Bruning,	Lina Kahn,
Edna H. Davidson,	Lillie Stelly,
Dorothy Dietsch,	Edith L. Tulman,
Rebecca Goldstein,	Julia A. Wagner.

PHYSICAL TRAINING.

Francis E. Brannan,	Beatrice F. Levy,
Jacob Gusick,	Necia S. Londen,
Abraham Istrick,	Mildred I. McCarthy,
Herbert T. Lehmuth,	Irene M. McGlue,
Amasa A. Marks,	Genevieve McGuinness,
Harry Miklowitz,	Mary De S. Meade,
Max Pincus,	Edith L. Meuser,
E. S. von Meschow,	Gertrude Miller,
Nellie Barbash,	Loina V. Nash,
Dorothea M. Beck,	Katharine O'Connell,
Alice M. Chaffee,	Harriet Press,
Lillian B. Clinman,	Hazel J. Punzelt,
Elsie L. Doncourt,	Flora L. Sheen,
Jessie Feinberg,	Gertrude W. Syme,
Tessie Feinberg,	Carol A. Tappen,
Julia V. Hawkins,	Ruth C. Tiffany,
Mary L. Johnson,	Cecilia Toop,
Hannah D. Kirkpatrick,	Helen Van Houten.

SEWING—Mary B. Himmelmann and Bertha H. Wood.

SHOPWORK—Samuel W. Ettinger, Noel J. Forrest, George Rae, Karl Ramet, and Russell Trumbull.

SPANISH—Jose Garcia, Graciela Mandujano, Joseph H. Morales, Theresius Di Mingo, and Carolina Marcial-Dorado.

Licenses as substitute teacher of kindergarten in elementary schools have been granted to the following: Helen C. Cornwell, Gretchen Hawkins, Mrs. Catherine E. Helbig, Mrs. Mae Kelly, Helen E. Lane, Elfriede Leimbacher, and Pauline J. Yuells.

There have been placed, as of Oct. 27, upon the eligible list of men holding licenses as supervisor of commercial subjects in evening schools the names of the following: Edwin Boiger, 94.2; Edward J. McNamara, 85.03, and Albert G. Belding, 83.8.

HELPS PARALYSIS CRIPPLES.

Thursday Hospital Circle to Give Bazaar at Delmonico's.

The Thursday Hospital After Care Circle, which has for seven years provided after treatment and help for crippled patients at the Post Graduate Hospital, has opened a new annex at Twenty-first Street, between First and Second Avenues, where children crippled by infantile paralysis are provided with braces and other necessaries and treated free times a week.

The circle will hold a bazaar and entertainment at Delmonico's on the afternoons and evenings of Dec. 15 and 16 to raise the additional funds necessary to continue the increased work due to assuming the care of paralysis victims.

Four-year-old Ellen Anderson of 43 Manhasset Place, Brooklyn, a victim of infantile paralysis, broke a bottle of milk in City Hall Park yesterday on a new ambulance of the Militia of Mercy to name it before it is sent to Boston to aid in carrying specialists to aid paralysis victims there. The Militia of Mercy, of which Mrs. John Hays Hammond is President, has purchased four ambulances, three of which are in use in this city.

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

ALLEN ST, 55, store; Louis Sackin to Jacob Brown, on premises, 2 years from May 1, 1916; attorney, Nathan Natelson, 149 Broadway 750

WEST END AV, 758, all; Samuel Rosoff to William H. Winters, Port Washington, L. I., 3 5-12 years from May 1, 1916; attorney, L. Z. M. Boyajian, 140 Broadway $11,000

3D AV, 870-872, s w corner of 27th St, (166-8 East,) 48.4x112 to alley, with rear to 13-ft alley from 27th to 26th St; Augustus P. Day to M. R. Holding Co., 225 5th Av, 21 years from May 1, 1916; attorney, H. W. McLeans, then, 165 Broadway, taxes, &c., and $5,000 and $6,000

3D AV, 1,156, n store floor and basement; Bella Glaser to Thomas Gaffney, 1,156 3d Av, 5 years from May 1, 1916; attorney, Edward M. Burghard, 111 Broadway $1,500

12TH AV at 130th St, all, same as present lease; William Sheehan to Morris & Co., on premises, extension of lease, 5 years from May 1, 1917; attorneys, Yankauer & Davidson, 261 Broadway $3,000

145TH ST, 507 WEST, stand in window; Hyman Fochse to Paul Chalif, 506 West 146th St, 3 9-12 years and 12 days from Aug. 15, 1916 ..... $480

Bronx.

PARK AV, 4,585 to 4,589, two buildings; Hamilton Securities Co. to Carl W. Wilmar, 153 East 184th St, 2 11-12 years from Nov. 1, 1915; attorney, Carl W. Wilmar, 153 East 184th St $6,700

PARK AV, 4,595 to 4,607, four buildings; same to same, 2 years from Oct. 1, 1916; attorney, same $9,500

TREMONT AV, 909, east half store, &c.; George E. Poulson to Wendel Kirsch, 2,220 Honeywell Av, 5 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, Wendel Kirsch, 909 Tremont Av ..... $240 to $780

171ST ST, 411, East, corner apartment on first floor; Sol Lowenfeld to A. Monash, 14 West 115th St, 1 year from Nov. 1, 1916; attorney, A. Monash, 14 West 115th St $240

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Hotel Essex Deal Pending—Builders Buy East Seventy-fourth Street Apartment House Site—Tower Hill $175,000 Estate of the Late Andrew Freedman Sold to Uzal H. McCarter.

Negotiations are practically closed, it was said yesterday, for the sale of the Hotel Essex, on the northwest corner of Madison Avenue and Fifty-sixth Street, by the heirs of the Francis S. Kinney estate. The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company is trustee for the estate, but the latter office declined to confirm the deal. The property has been under the management of Francis G. Cart since 1908 under lease from the Kinney estate and the lease still has some time to run. The sale will occasion no immediate change, Mr. Cart said yesterday, in the management.

The Hotel Essex is a twelve-story building erected several years ago and has always been conducted as a high-grade apartment hotel. It covers a plot 75.5 on Madison Avenue by 75 on the street and is assessed at $525,000, of which $235,000 is land value. The remainder of the Madison Avenue block frontage, including the Fifty-seventh Street corner, is owned by Henry H. Rogers, the corner dwelling having been the home of the late H. H. Rogers. Last week Mr. Rogers took title to the adjoining house at 24 East Fifty-seventh Street.

East Seventy-fourth Street Purchase for Apartment.

An upper east side deal which will result in the erection of another nine-story apartment house in the Park Avenue section has been closed in the purchase of the four old dwellings from 112 to 118 East Seventy-fourth Street, a plot 72 by 100, between Park and Lexington Avenues. The buyer is the 112 East Seventy-fourth Street Corporation, composed of S. Morrill Banner and H. B. Miller, and they are having plans prepared to improve the property with a nine-story apartment house.

The sellers were Jesse I. Straus of 112 and 114, S. Rosenblatt of 116 and Mrs. F. Haider of 118. The plot is opposite the Episcopal Church of the Resurrection and at 101 to 105 a nine-story apartment has recently been completed.

N. A. Berwin & Co. were the brokers in the transaction.

Charles MacVeagh Sells 40 East Seventy-fourth Street.

Charles MacVeagh sold to a client of William B. May & Co., 40 East Seventy-fourth Street, a five-story American basement dwelling, on a lot 20 by 102.2. The seller built the house several years ago for his own occupancy. Assessed for taxation purposes at $65,000.

El Dorado Apartment Sold to Operators, Who Will Remodel.

El Dorado, an eight-story apartment house, occupying a plot 100 by 100 at Central Park West and Ninety-first Street, has been sold by Albert L. Neumann to Goldberg & Kramer.

The purchasers are preparing plans to alter the building into apartments containing two and three rooms and bath. The total operation, including the alteration, amounts to $800,000. Sharp & Co. and F. V. Calder negotiated the sale.

Andrew Freedman Estate Sold.

The country residence of the late Andrew Freedman, known as Tower Hill, at Red Bank, N. J., has been sold to Uzal H. McCarter, President of the Fidelity Trust Company of Newark, N. J. The property comprises over 100 acres, and a residence situated on the top of a hill, the highest point in Monmouth County.

The architecture of the main building is of Spanish and French Renaissance design, with Spanish tile roof. The property was held at $175,000, and it is said that close to this figure was paid for it. Joseph P. Day and Allaire & Son were the brokers in the transaction.

Private Dwelling Sales.

The estate of Mary Hudson Budd sold to a client of Pease & Elliman 56 West Eighty-fifth Street, a four-story dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100.

Kimball C. Atwood bought from G. K. Hodge 316 West 108th Street, a five-story dwelling, on lot 19.1 by 100.11, adjoining the southwest corner of Broadway.

Investors Buying Tenements.

Ennis & Sinnott, operators, resold to B. Mainzer and John Wittig 976 First Avenue, a five-story tenement on a lot 25 by 95. Ennis & Sinnott and Leonard Weil resold to Bernard Freund 305 and 307 West 127th Street, two five-story tenements with stores, plot 50.6 by 99.11. The sellers recently acquired the properties in a foreclosure for $11,625 each.

Louis Kreaner sold to an investor 177 Bleecker Street, a five-story tenement on a lot 25 by 100.

Bernard Freund purchased from John F. Leo, Jr., 305 and 307 West 127th Street, two five-story tenements, each on lot 25.3 by 99.11, near Eighth Avenue.

Park Row Taxpayer Sold.

Daniel H. Jackson, operator, bought from A. Kornmell the one-story taxpayer, 223 Park Row, running through to New Bowery, covering a plot 22 by 101.10 by 39.8. The property is located 50 feet north of James Street.

Bronx Sales.

The Wightman Estate sold to Claribel F. Lawton a large residence occuping a plot 50 by 100 feet on Mayflower Avenue and 100 by 100 on Pilgrim Avenue. Helen S. Lauba and Frank Breunig negotiated the sale.

An investing client of Charles F. Dosher purchased from the Ensign Improvement Company 2,855 Valentine Avenue, a new five-story 50-foot flat in the Fordham section. The buyer gave forty lots in the Clason Point section fronting on Noble and Rosedale Avenues.

Brooklyn.

Henry P. Hamilton of Brooklyn has purchased for occupancy the recently completed three-story brick dwelling occupying a plot 66 by 120 feet at the corner of Albermarle and Westminster Roads. It was held at about $35,000.

The Realty Associates sold the northeast corner of Third Avenue and Thirtieth Street, a plot 100 by 100.2, to Morris Bienenstock, who will improve with three-story stores and flats. The Kruse-Abramson Realty Company was the broker.

I. Salsberg sold for J. E. Sawyer to L. Webber a plot 100 by 100 ft. on the northeast corner of Fifty-second Street and Fifteenth Avenue, Bore.

Tuthno & Cerny sold for William Sturrock to a client for investment the two two-story and cellar brick two-family dwellings on a plot 20 by 100 each, known as 719-721 Forty-fifth Street.

$100,000 Block Front Deal in Flatbush.

Joseph M. May has purchased in Flatbush a block fronting on the north side of Foster Avenue, from Newkirk Avenue station to East Sixteenth Street, giving in exchange twenty-one lots at Forty-eighth and Fifty-ninth Streets, between First and Second Avenues, South Brooklyn.

Modern buildings for nine retail shops will be erected immediately on the Flatbush property. The stores and basements will have frontages on the Newkirk Avenue station platform and on East Sixteenth Street. The transaction was negotiated by F. C. McCurdy, and involves $100,000.

New Jersey.

Meister Builders, Inc., sold to Frank Feniello an eight-room house on a plot 25 by 100 at Highland Park, New Brunswick, N. J.

Suburban Deals.

Harry A. Gordon of Manhattan has purchased the estate of Mrs. Hilda M. Gardiner, consisting of about twenty acres of land, dwelling, and outbuildings, on McCord Avenue, Ossining, N. Y. The property was held at $20,000. George Howe and R. P. Ayles negotiated the sale.

George Howe sold a plot of land, situated at the corner of Van Cortlandt Park Avenue and Prospect Drive, Park Hill, Yonkers, to Joseph De Wyckoff. The buyer plans to build a Georgian Colonial home on the property.

2,700 Springfield, L. I., Lots Transferred.

As a result of the foreclosure sale of 2,700 lots of the Laurelton Land Company at Springfield, Laurelton, and Rosedale, the property has been conveyed to the Laurelton Development Company, a reorganization syndicate, for $180,000, two mortgages aggregating $110,000 being given to the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, as Trustee.

The conveyance was made by Frank L. Stiles, as referee, in a suit of Clifford S. Kelsey and Philip A. Benson, as Trustees, against the Laureiton Land Company, Realty Associates, James H. Griffith, Jr., the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, as Trustee, and others.

Commercial Leases.

Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., & Co. have leased the entire store, basement, subbasement, and first floor in 17 and 19 Waverley Place to the Valentine Hat Company of Kansas City, Mo.

Manning & Trunk have leased for the Brett Realty Company at 16 West Fifty-first Street the ground floor store for a term of five years to Mrs. J. C. Wilson's Studio and the parlor floor store, with two apartments above, for a term of ten years to Mme. L. Prevot, dressmaker. The aggregate rentals approximate $50,000.

M. Just has leased the recently completed garage, 50 by 100, at 422 and 424 West 209th Street to E. Black for a period of years.

Huberth & Huberth have leased for Cammann, Vorhees & Floyd the store 238 West Fifty-sixth Street to the Bearings Service Company for a term of years.

The real estate firm of Snowber & Smith has leased for a term of years from the Woodcock estate the four-story building 880 Sixth Avenue, north of Forty-eighth Street. Extensive alterations are completed they will locate their offices in the lower part of the building.

Pease & Elliman have leased for Walter J. Salomon the store in the building 500 Fifth Avenue, at the northwest corner of Forty-second Street, to Tyson & Brother, of which Wesley A. Tyson is President.

Realty Notes.

Thomas J. O'Reilly has placed through the Title Guarantee and Trust Company a mortgage of $9,000, for three years, at 5 per cent. on the premises 435 West Forty-eighth Street, for Mrs. Mary Quinn.

At the annual election of the Harlem Property Owners' Association the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President—Dr. Abraham Korn; First Vice President—John Scully; Second Vice President—Henry Rieger; Treasurer—Frederick Schildwachter; Financial Secretary—S. L. Kahn; Secretary—Fred Kraus.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

West 173d St., 52, s s, 95 ft e of Audubon Av., 37.6x100, 5-story tenement; Henry F. Schwartz, trustee, against Ellen L. Finn et al.; Rounds, Hatch, Dillingham & Debevoise, attorneys; Timothy A. Leary, referee; due, $34,875.54; to Charles H. Newcomb for $35,600.

Madison Av., 1,473, e s, 25.5 ft n of 101st St, 25.2x75, 7x2.6x79.2, five-story tenement and stores; Tillie S. Cann, &c., et al. against Charles Hanschke et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; John E. Brady, referee; due, $19,412.82; taxes, &c., $260; to the Bernard Investment Co. for $21,000.

East 104th St, 115 to 121, n s, 135 ft e of Park Av, 65x100, two six-story tenements and stores; William De F. Gibson against Lena Kannensohn; Sproull, Hammer & Sproull, attorneys; William L. O'Conor, referee; due, $5,292.38; taxes, &c., $80.61; to the G. G. Realty Co. for $68,200.

East Houston St, 110, and Chrystie St, 332, store, leasehold; Henry Elias Brewing Co. against Morris Mintzer et al.; Louis W. Cornwell, attorney; Lorenzen Doughertv, referee; due, $4,009.47; to the plaintiff for $1,000.

East 96th St, 208, s s, 181.3 ft e of Third Av, 18x100.2, five-story tenement; Harlem Savings Bank against Peter Walsh et al.; Edward S. Clinch, attorney; George Z. Medale, referee; due, $16,051.88; taxes, &c., $234.60; to the plaintiff for $16,000.

East 96th St, 206, s s, 154.6 ft e of Third Av, 27x100.8, five-story tenement; Harlem Savings Bank against Peter Kierans et al.; Edward S. Clinch, attorney; George Z. Medale, referee; due, $16,056.88; taxes, &c., $234.80; to the plaintiff for $15,000.

By M. Morgenthau Jr. Co.

East 2d Pl., 138, n s, 120.2 ft w of Avenue A, 20.2x100, three-story hospital; adjourned sine die.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Amsterdam Av., 2,588, e s, 25 ft s of 179th St, 75x100, six-story tenement and stores; Farmers Loan and Trust Co., as agent and sub-tenant, against T. McGuire Construction Co. et al.; Geller, Holston & Horan, attorneys; William B. Roulstone, referee; due, $88,804.18; taxes, &c., $6,020.44; to the plaintiff for $87,000.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

By Henry Brady.

96th St, 211 East, n s, 175 ft e of 3d Av, 28.6x100.11, five-story tenement; Frank W. Matteson et al. against Fredy Schmid et al.; Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft, attorneys; Elek J. Ludvigh, referee; due, $15,776.83; taxes, &c., $1,172.

96th St, 213 East, n s, 203.6 ft e of 3d Av, 28x100.11, five-story tenement; Frank W. Matteson et al. against Issac Steinberg et al.; Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft, attorneys; Elek J. Ludvigh, referee; due, $15,778.53; taxes, &c., $1,152.

96th St, 215 East, n s, 231.6 ft e of 3d Av, 28x100.11, five-story tenement; Frank W. Matteson against Nathan Spark et al.; Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft, attorneys; Elek J. Ludvigh, referee; due, $15,780.14; taxes, &c., $1,152.

96th St, 217 East, n s, 259.6 ft e of 3d Av, 28x100.11, five-story tenement; Natalie B. Brown against Nathan Spark et al.; Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft, attorneys; Elek J. Ludvigh, referee; due, $15,780.88; taxes, &c., $1,152.

96th St, 219 East, n s, 287.6 ft e of 3d Av, 28x100.11, five-story tenement; Natalie B. Brown against Nathan Spark et al.; Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft, attorneys; Elek J. Ludvigh, referee; due, $15,780.88; taxes, &c., $1,152.

9th Av, 334, e s, 20.9 ft n of 29th St, 21x70.1, four-story brick tenement and stores; Charles A. Sherman, trustee, &c., against Watts A. Ahlfeld & Sands, attorneys; Wilbur Larremore, referee; due, $11,497.44; taxes, &c., $454.87.

96th St, 219 East, n s, 287.6 ft e of 3d Av, 28x100.11, five-story tenement; Natalie B. Brown against Myer Simon et al.; Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft, attorneys; Elek J. Ludvigh, referee; due, $15,777.51; taxes, &c., $1,152.

96th St, 221 East, n s, 315.6 ft e of 3d Av, 28x100.11, five-story tenement; Natalie B. Brown against Thomas Smith et al.; Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft, attorneys; Elek J. Ludvigh, referee; due, $15,780.47; taxes, &c., $1,152.

By Joseph P. Day.

West 62d St, 212, s s, 200 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement and stores; Joseph Weidenfeld et al. against Abraham A. Silberberg et al.; Myron Sulsberger, attorney; John J. Mooney, referee; due, $8,382.38; taxes, &c., $857.76; subject to first mtg of $18,000.

West 62d St, 214, s s, 225 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement and stores; Jacob Regenberg et al. against Sun Mtg. Co. et al.; Myron Sulsberger, attorney; Edward A. Carr, referee, due, $8,380.87; taxes, &c., $658.38; subject to a mtg of $14,000.

West 77th St, 170, s s, 100 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18x102.2, three and four story dwelling; Germania Life Ins. Co. against Charles F. Burley et al.; Dulon & Roe, attorneys; Eugene Frayer, referee; due, $15,989.75; taxes, &c., $1,060.94.

By Samuel Marx.

West 134th St, 57-61, n s, 197.6 ft e of Lenox Av, 18x100.2, three five-story tenements and three-story dwelling; N. Y. Life Ins. Co. against Fannie M. Porter et al.; George W. Hubbell, attorney; Charles Eno, referee; due, $75,828.15; taxes, &c., $1,787.18.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

60th St, 32 and 34 West, for a five-story garage, 80.5x100.8; West 60th Street Garage, Inc., 34 West 60th St, owner; Shape & Braaby, Inc., 220 West 42d St, architects; cost, $100,000.

Sedgwick Av., w s, opposite 165th St, for a one-story steel and concrete coal pocket, 80x20; New York Central Railroad Co., 70 East 45th St, owner; A. F. Halderman, 70 East 45th St, architect; cost, $5,500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, OCT. 31.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,624, w s, 49.11 ft s of 141st St, 20x100; Maximilian Weinstein et al to Josephine Weinstein, 226 West 97th St, all liens, Oct. 10; attorney, M. J. Weinstein, 37 Nassau St $1

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,626, w s, 24.11 ft s of 141st St, 26x100; same to same, all liens, Oct. 10; attorney, same $1

DELANCEY ST, 304, n s, 75 ft e of Ridge St, 20x100; Rena Glick to Frances Myers, 21 East 129th St, mtg $25,000, b. and s., c. a, e. Oct. 31 ..... $1

NORTHERN AV, e s, 349.6 ft n of 181st St, runs e 240.8 to w s of Pinehurst Av x n 39.4 x 62.1 x w 230 to Northern Av x s 100 to beginning; Pinehurst Av, w s, 330.4 ft n of 181st St, runs n 100.9 to n s of proposed street x w 30.3 x s 105.9 to beginning, gore, contains 1,051 square feet; Northern Av, e s, 656.2 ft n of 181st St, 101.8x200.6x196.9x114.4, conveying strip n w corner of Parcel 3, extending 1.8 along Northern Av x s 50.6, party of the first part conveys only right, title, and interest, with all title to spring and land around same, contains .644 of an acre; also a semi-circular piece of land forming the entrance of gateway of the Kingsbridge Road; also dock and private roads known as Northern and Southern Avs; American Real Estate Co. to Paterno Investing Co., 383 Madison Av, mtg $25,000, Oct. 30; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway $100

PARK AV, w s, 25 ft n of 117th St, 25.5x73, mtg $9,000; Park Av, n w corner of 117th St, 26x72, mtg $14,500; 117th St, n s, 72 ft w of Park Av, 18x50.5, mtg $6,000; Charles H. Leimbacher to Delta Holding Corporation, 217 Broadway, Oct. 24; attorney, H. Zieser, 217 Broadway $100

SHERMAN AV, n w s, 100 ft w of Isham St, 75x100; Sherman Avenue Construction Co. to Newport Holding Co., 2 Beekman St, all liens, March 11; attorney, Harold B. Straus, 2 Beekman St $100

THOMPSON ST, 63, w s, 172.6 ft n of Broome St, 37.4x100; Leonidas Realty Corporation to Lawrence Holding Co., 30 6th Av, mtg $46,000, b. and s., Oct. 30; attorney, Louis Manheim, 302 Broadway $100

WATER ST, 896, n corner of Catharine Slip, or St, 20x40.6; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Martin Garone, 54 Oak St, Oct. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway

Broadway, 89th to 90th Streets

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monthly; new house, 6 rooms and bath; everything the finest; built on similar plan and order as latest $10,000 and $15,000 homes, only 30 minutes out, in best section; fine, large plot; must sell; a big sacrifice; possession at once; $350 cash. Owner, Room 424, 47 West 34th St.

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57 acres, level, fertile, productive soil, 40 miles New York, 1½ miles to station, long road frontage, good 9-room house, two barns, one 40x60, shade trees; some fruit; $16,000; owner will divide. Edwin N. Rowley, Northport, Long Island.

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Suitable for Engineering or Manufacturing Business.

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200 acres, finely watered; 40 miles New York; seventy minutes; near station; superb land; can drive auto or tractor over every acre; 20 acres fine alfalfa. Very attractive stream. Beautiful house, 16 spacious rooms (living room 20x30), 3 bathrooms; hot water heat; house worth $25,000; double tenant house with bath; large barns; village of outbuildings. Gentleman's profit farm. Sacrificed at $32,000. Unequaled opportunity.

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Furnished, $20 extra
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One apartment, 5 rooms and 1 bath. Every room an outside room. Southern exposure. $42 per month.
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W. ALANSON ALEXANDER,
508 5TH AV. TEL. 2718—MURRAY HILL

WILBRAHAM, N. W. Corner 5th Av. at 30th Street.—Choice Apartments, 2, 4, or more rooms, with bath. Annual rental $600 to $1,500, including maid's services. Superintendent on premises, or
FRED'K FOX & CO., 14 West 40th St.

HIGH CLIFF,
227 Audubon Avenue,
SOUTHEAST CORNER 177TH ST.
High-class elevator apartment, one five room apartment, $40. Superintendent on premises.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

HEVER CHAMBERS
13 East 65th St. at 5th Avenue, New Bldg. Now Ready.
2-3 Rooms—Bath
Rents $1,000 to $2,000
Maid service included.
Meals optional.
Doctor's 4 Rooms and Bath, $2,200.
Douglas L. Elliman & Co.,
414 Madison Ave. at 48th St.
Tel. Murray Hill 5600.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS
44 EAST 34TH ST., at Madison Ave.
Two rooms, bath, maid and valet service; breakfast if desired; rents $900 to $1,500.
Ames & Company, 26 W. 31st.

61-69 EAST 86TH ST.
Upper Park Av. Section.
6-7 & 8 ROOMS—BATH $50 to $80
All Modern Improvements & Conveniences.
Superintendent on premises, or
EDWARD WILLMAN, 165 Broadway.

BROOKLYN

New Modern 1 & 2 Room & Bath Apartments.

Just Completed

Park Slope section, 12 minutes to Atlantic Ave. Subway, half block Prospect Park. Near five car lines. Rooms large, light and airy; plenty of closets; every improvement. Rent includes maid service and electric light.

Apply on premises.

The Brunswick,
574 7th St.,
Between 8th & 9th Aves.
Tel. South 2852.

BRONX.

JUST COMPLETED
UNIVERSITY AV.,
MOORADA APT.,
Corner 190th Street,
One Block North of Fordham Road.
Near N. Y. Central University Hts. Sts.
One block from St. James & Devoe Parks.
4-5-6 Rooms,
$32 to $55
H. A. DOUGLAS & CO.
Agent on Premises.
157th Street and Grand Concourse.
Garage accommodation nearby, $6 per Mo.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Mortgage—Wanted, $9,500 as first mortgage on Queehs County property, value $16,000; principal only. Crane, 130 West 34th St.

When in need of money see us.
Grant Co., 500 5th Av., Room 424.

REAL ESTATE.

Real Estate at Auction.

ESTABLISHED JULY, 1847.
BRYAN L. KENNELLY,
Real Estate Broker,
Appraiser & Auctioneer,
156 Broadway. Telephone 1547 Cortlandt.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

To close an estate, 348 West 36th St., four-story brick building, lot 20x98.9, and a choice lot on Nelson Av., Great Kills, S. I., 50 by over 200 feet. Particulars, H. von Dohln, 408 Charles St., West Hoboken, N. J.

Three-story brown stone, extension, 9 rooms, butler's pantry, 2 baths, needle shower, 3 toilets; thoroughly modern, beautifully decorated; no better house of its size in New York; price and terms reasonable. Owner, 65 W. 89th St., N. Y. C. Tel. Riverside 706.

$3,000 cash, balance mortgage, buys five-story double flat, 25.6x125, facing St. Nicholas Park; net income about $1,200; savings bank mortgage. W. Alanson Alexander, 508 5th Av.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

Handsome home of six rooms and bath; water, gas, electric light, heat, and every modern improvement; spacious veranda; nice large plot; near trolley, station, and school; easy terms, and no reasonable offer refused from good party wanting to make this a permanent home. B Home, Box 141 Times Downtown.

Beautiful Lots at Little Neck.—High and healthful; near water and station; $400 each; easy monthly payments. Joseph P. Day, 31 Nassau St., N. Y. City. Phone Cortlandt 744.

KEW GARDENS.—New house, 9 rooms; 2 baths. 6028 Murray Hill. 39 Richmond Hill

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

LARCHMONT MANOR.—Big bargain; 10 rooms, 2 baths; all improvements; large corner plot; old shade; near Sound; high-class neighborhood; worth $14,000; will sell for $8,750 to settle estate. H. M. OLCOTT, 51 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 2326.

HOMES AND ESTATES
FOR SALE OR RENT.
ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Artistic 5-room bungalow, with connecting bath to 2 large bedrooms; finished in Al style; hardwood finish, open tapestry brick fireplace, steam heat, and every modern convenience; large porch; lawn hedged in and flowers; nice location, not far from water, schools, and trolley; $300 cash and easy monthly payments, or terms to suit purchaser; will decorate to suit. B. Bryan, Box 174 Times Downtown.

$10 a month buys fine, well-located chicken farm; just the place for party to make a nice living; within easy distance of city; good house and enough land for poultry and vegetables. Further information, write Farm, Box 135 Times Downtown.

If you are looking for a little house and large plot of ground near station and trolley, stores, and churches, $675 for all, $50 down, $7 monthly; answer at once. B., store, 193 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE, to immediate purchaser, at sacrifice, three lots in restricted section Neponsit, Long Island. Crane, 130 West 34th St.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.
Suburban Homes—Farms—Estates.
Complete information, photos, maps.
S. D. WALDRUM-GORDON & FORTMAN, 1546 Equitable Bldg., N. Y. (Rector 7713.) Opp. Station, Ridgewood, N. J. (Tel. 555.)

$25 per month buys new home, near Mountain Station, Lackawanna Railroad; 5 rooms and bath; steam, electric; lot 31x135; 40 mins. N. Y.; immediate possession. W. S. Macintosh, Builder, 15 Meeker St., W. Orange.

Homes in East Orange, N. J. Address Philip T. Bowers & Co., Newark, N. J.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.
Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Secs. 3,082, 2,865, and 2,802, R. S., U. S., I have seized and hold 34 long chains, 24 necklaces, 4 lavalieres, 4 brooches, 65 charms, 6 pair earrings, 3 bracelets, 4 rings, 2 scarfpins, 12 stickpins, 36 watch chains, 2 fobs, 48 pair cuff buttons. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on November 6, 1916, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated Oct. 20, 1916.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.
Southern District of New York.
At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture under the provisions of 2,865 and 3,082 R. S. U. S. I have seized and hold 4 pkgs. lace, 1 cameo, 12 pieces wool underwear, 1 piece bleached cotton cloth, 91 pieces bleached cloth, 482 cigarettes, 50 cigars. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on November 6, 1916, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated October 20, 1916.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL,
U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.
Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold 762 necklaces, 12 lavalieres, 8 bracelets, 1 brooch, 5 pairs earrings, 17 watch chains. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on November 6, 1916, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated October 20, 1916.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL,
U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.
Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold nine bags of wormy and mouldy chestnuts. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on November 6, 1916, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated October 20, 1916.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL,
U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.
Southern District of New York.
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Dated October 25, 1916.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL,
U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.
Southern District of New York.
At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold three bags wormy and mouldy chestnuts.
Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on November 13, 1916, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated October 26, 1916.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL,
U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.
Southern District of New York.
At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold nine bags of wormy and mouldy chestnuts. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on November 6, 1916, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated October 25, 1916.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL,
U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.
Southern District of New York.
At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold 34 long chains, 24 necklaces, 4 lavalieres, 4 brooches, 65 charms, 6 pair earrings, 3 bracelets, 4 rings, 2 scarfpins, 12 stickpins, 36 watch chains, 2 fobs, 48 pair cuff buttons. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on November 6, 1916, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated Oct. 20, 1916.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

REAL ESTATE.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

$25 per month buys new home, near Mountain Station, Lackawanna Railroad; 5 rooms and bath; steam, electric; lot 81x135; 40 mins. N. Y.; immediate possession. W. S. Macintosh, Builder, 15 Meeker St., W. Orange.

HANDSOME COMMUTER'S SHORE FRONT to settle estate; magnificent residence; 300 ft. shore front; 6 master's rooms; half original cost. (I. J. AUERBACH,) LOUIS KAMM, INC., 16 Clinton St., Newark, N. J.

MAPLEWOOD, N. J.—
Prettiest restricted section of "Oranges." House, 9 rooms, 3 baths; must be sold; reasonable offer; worth $13,000; write for full particulars. Box 424 Maplewood, N. J.

PALISADE, N. J.—Let us show you an exceptionally fine home; every improvement. Building sites far below actual values; easy terms. Call and see us. REID & LOWERY, Palisade. Tel. 260 Cliffside.

AT TENAFLY.—Twelve-room residence, all improvements, best location, half acre; sacrifice $11,000; very easy terms; might rent. Address L. B., P. O. Box 1,385, New York City.

SPRING LAKE.—Vroom Av., 12 rooms, 2 toilets, electricity; garage; furnished; $8,500. Schenck, 20 Clinton St., Newark, N. J. Tel. Market 6248.

Nutley.—$300 cash, balance terms; new bungalow, 5 rooms, bath; all improvements; lot 50x170; handy to car. Orben, 786 Broad St., Newark.

Real Estate Wanted.

Do you want to sell your house? Let us explain our plan. Realty In Word and Picture, 220 5th Av.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICES and LOFTS, large or small, to sublet at saving in rental. All parts of city; long or short periods; furnished or unfurnished. We save you both time and money in locating just what you want. No charge for the service. THE SUB-LEASING CO., 1,476 Broadway, (cor. 42d.) Bryant 5786.

IDEAL SITE
FOR MANUFACTURING CONCERN.
Switch on main line railroad, 20 miles from New York City. Every inducement. Apply O. W. Messimer, 101 Park Av.

DESK ROOM or part of office; mahogany furniture; telephone service; rent $25 per month from Nov. 1. Suite 832, 52 Broadway.

FINE LOFT, 11 EAST 22D ST.
Light; 27x100; adjoining Broadway; $1,300. AMES, 26 West 31st St. Brokers protected.

Desk room in large office. Every convenience, including bulletin listing. Concession. 23 West 31st St.

STORE, northwest corner 85th St. and Columbus Av. Phone 4774 Schuyler.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

OFFICE with separations; downtown; B'way or Wall St.; furnished or unfurnished; $30-$50. F 329 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Office, desk, two chairs, by month; give lowest rate. C 109 Times.

HOUSES TO LET.

City—Furnished.

Long term lease and household furnishings for sale; block from 72d St. subway, west of Broadway; fifteen rooms, six baths, hardwood floors, newly decorated throughout, splendidly furnished, electricity. C 89 Times.

Eight-room house, 384 Audubon Av., near 181st St. subway. Apply premises 9 to 1.

City—Unfurnished.

34 WEST 75TH ST.

Four-story and basement private dwelling, 16 rooms and 3 baths, to let, unfurnished, at a very reasonable rental; oak floors, electric lights, open fireplaces. Apply to
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
46 Cedar St.
Telephone 5700—John.

259 West 93d St.—5-story American basement, 13 rooms, 3 baths, 4 toilets; electric light; superior house in every particular; caretaker in house. ERICKSON, 1,476 B'way. Tel. 8953 Columbus.

Out of Town.

For rent to family adults on or before Dec. 1, for about six months, finely furnished 12-room house, 3 baths, 90 North Mountain Av., Montclair. Telephone 5046 John, New York.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

17TH, 122 EAST.—Two studios, furnished or unfurnished; one six-room apartment, one seven-room apartment; all conveniences; unusual; $30, $100; leases; morning only.

418T, 11 EAST—Large, bright, comfortable room, adjoining bath; large closets; heat.

52D, 55 EAST.—Large, unusual and interesting apartment, 3 rooms and bath.

52D, 55 EAST.—Small 2-room bachelor apartment in most attractive house.

81ST, 75 East, (nortnwest corner Park Av.)—An elegantly furnished seven-room apt.

APARTMENTS, 2 rooms and bath; attractively furnished; sunshine all day; one block from subway; $10.50 to $15 weekly. HOTEL SENTON, 35 East 27th St.

APARTMENTS, attractively furnished. THE PAL-CO., 505 5th Av. Mur. Hill 4383.

Attractive apartments, parlor, bedroom, and bath, handsomely furnished; one block from subway; restaurant; full hotel service; $12 to $15 weekly; 3-room apartments, $12.50 to $21; investigate. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

Duplex apartment, $350-$400 monthly; 3 master's, 2 large maid's bedrooms. Whelen, 48 West 59th. Telephone 7464 Plaza.

EAST FIFTIES.—Attractively furnished 6-room apartment; immediate possession; 3 months, longer; $200 month. Tel. Vanderbilt 1450.

EAST FORTIES.—Beautifully furnished 4-room apartment; new building; $125 month. Vanderbilt 1450.

MADISON AV., 222, (36th.)—Bachelor's apartment, two or three large rooms, bath.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY. Everett M. Seixas Co., 507 5th Av. 4520 Murray Hill.

Furnished—West Side.

56TH ST., 342 WEST.—Three rooms, housekeeping, elevator apartment; attractively furnished, near subway, elevator; bargain to responsible party. Mason.

58TH ST., 49 WEST.—Entire floor, two very large rooms, private bath, electric light, parquet floors, kitchenette, one flight; completely furnished, mahogany; best references required. Plaza 8751.

81ST, 251 WEST.—Newly decorated 6-room apt.; all rooms facing Broadway; $200 per month. Apt. 2E.

88TH, 215 WEST.—Furnished five-room apartment to rent until October, 1919; immediate possession; fine appointments; rent $200 per month. Inquire superintendent, or Libman, 130 West 46th.

98TH, 243 WEST.—Attractively furnished, 7 large, sunny rooms; modern; elevator. Apartment 6B.

100TH, 216 WEST.—7 rooms and 2 baths, southern exposure; modern building; every room sunny. S. E. Cor. Broadway. Apt. 12C. S. H. Hurt.

118TH ST., 507 WEST.—Exquisitely furnished; very high-class apartment; unique in style and complete in every detail, including silver and linen; 4 and 5 rooms and bath. Phone Morningside 8240.

113TH, 536 WEST.—7 large, light rooms; well furnished; season or longer.

A. A.—Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments.
$30, $40, $50, $60 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions lease or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

APARTMENT HUNTING unnecessary. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 176 West 72d, Room 106.

Apartments HANDSOMELY Furnished. CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42. Vanderbilt 1450.

COMPLETELY furnished, eight large, light rooms, two baths; moderate rent. La Mont, 306 West 93d St. Telephone 5148 River.

ELEGANT APARTMENT AT BARGAIN. Riverside Drive.—Seven rooms, two baths, all outside; responsible persons. Audubon 5756.

FOR ten months, with privilege of renewal, handsomely furnished, seven-room apartment, with three baths; high-class apartment building, centrally located, small family only; best of references required; no other need apply. C 115 Times.

FURNISHED 3 TO 12 ROOMS FOR WINTER SEASON OR YEARLY LEASE, $75 TO $1,000 MONTHLY. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS, $125-$500. Fred'k L. Hurt, Aeolian Hall, Bryant 4185.

FURNISHED, $200; sublet; West 50's; 8 rooms, 2 baths. Phone Morningside 1066.

GOING WEST.
Will sacrifice handsomely furnished S. W. cor., 10th floor apartment; 2 or 3 master's chambers, 2 master's baths.
F. L. Hurt, Aeolian Hall, Bryant 4185.

EIGHTIES.—Beautifully furnished apartment, 8 rooms, 3 baths; newly decorated; immediate possession; season, longer. Particulars Tel. Vanderbilt 1451.

OPPORTUNITIES, furnished sublet apartments, long, short leases, $125 upwards. J. Wickliffe Gray, Specialist, 269 West 73d. Columbus 8974.

REFINED GENTLEMAN wanted for companionship, to share rooms in bachelor apt. on Riverside Drive; terms very moderate; references exchanged. Write Cecil Jackson, 630 5th Av.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550.—Splendidly furnished 6-room apt. facing Hudson. Morningside 620.

SEVEN rooms, 3 baths, exclusive residential district, extensive view, unusually handsome furnishings, season, longer. Gray, Columbus 8974.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

SUBLET, beautiful outside, 9 rooms, lower 70s; modern building, unusual furnishings and decorations; season or longer. Columbus 3974.

SUBLET, exquisite 5-room apartment, 70s, new building, handsomely and artistically furnished, 6 months, longer. Gray, Columbus 3974.

THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway.
3 rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $60 and up.
SPOTLESSLY FRESH AND CLEAN.
No questionable or objectionable tenants; phone, elevator service; maid service optional, near subway, "L," 5th Av. bus, street cars; references absolutely essential.

7 ROOMS, 3 BATHS, Park Av., seventies; beautifully furnished; five hundred dollars per month.

10 ROOMS, 3 BATHS, corner apartment; unusually well furnished, in most attractive house on drive; may be had for 3 months.

5 ROOMS, 1 BATH, Chippendale and Sheraton furniture; just north of Washington Square, $125 per month.
THE FAL-CO,
Murray Hill 4383. 505 Fifth Av.

Unfurnished—East Side.

81ST ST., 120 EAST, (Between 4th and Lexington Avs.)—8-room housekeeping apartment, fireproof building, with elevator; all outside rooms; $1,400; also 7-room apartment, first floor, $1,200. Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co., 10 East 45th St.

34TH, 140 EAST.
Two rooms, bath; service; southern exposure.

173 MADISON AV., between 33d and 34th Sts., non-housekeeping apartment of 2 and 3 rooms and bath; elevator, steam heat, electric light, telephone; rental, $60, with service. Apply on premises or to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, Real Estate, 46 CEDAR ST. Telephone JOHN 5700.

STUDIO—137 EAST 34TH ST.
Two rooms, bath; steam, electricity; $40.
AMES, 26 West 31st St.

Unfurnished—West Side.

4-ROOM APARTMENTS
and one 5-room apartment
in an unusually high-class house; just completed, adjoining New York University.
2,226 LORING PLACE,
bet. 182d St. and Hall of Fame Terrace.
Loring Construction Co., Owners,
507 West 116th. Phone Morningside 8240.

1,945 SEVENTH AV., (117th.)
Seven large, light rooms, bath, steam, electricity; rent $45. Janitor, 1,947 7th Av.
AMES, 26 West 31st St., or premises.

84TH ST., 15 WEST.—Ground floor, 7 rooms and bath; immediate possession.

130-2 W. 84TH, ADJOINING BROADWAY. Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; $35-$45. AMES, 26 WEST 31ST, OR PREMISES.

153D ST., 550 WEST.—Studio apartment, 2 and 3 rooms, bath, and kitchenette, all outside rooms, unusually attractive; $35 to $55.

A FEW exceptional five-room-front corner apartments. W. A. Barbour, 105 West 72d. Tel. Col. 8881.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
274-6 West 19th; 5-6 light rooms, $45-50.
AMES, 26 West 31st St., or Superintendent.

NEWLY RENOVATED two-room apartment, private bath, electricity; suitable for bachelors; $50 monthly. Apply 16 West 51st St. or Brett Realty Co., 437 5th Av. Phone 7107 Murray Hill.

THE BRACKTON, 661 West 180th St., Northeast Corner Broadway—6 rooms, corner, $50; 4 rooms, $40; 5 rooms, sublet, $52; spacious rooms; every modern improvement; hardwood throughout. Inquire Supt.

THE HUNTINGTON,
234-238 West 21st St.
Modern elevator apartments for refined families; all light; rent $480 to $720. Apply Superintendent, on premises.

THE LANGHAM,
73d to 74th St. and Central Park West.
One Corner Apartment on first floor of eleven rooms.
And one of ten rooms.

TYNDALL AV., West 261st.—Apartment, 2-family house; 8 rooms, 2 baths; all light; select location.

Bronx.

CORNER apartment, first floor, 5 rooms, bath, Willis Av. and 140th; suitable dentist; $25. Janitor, 401 East 140th, or Phelps, 168 Willis Av., (135th.)

Brooklyn.

MONROE PLACE, 11, (Heights.)—5 minutes Borough Hall Subway; 3 minutes Brooklyn Bridge. Two-room, bath apartments. Rent $30. Excellent service; vacuum cleaning; telephone.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED—For 6 months, by mother, son, and maid, furnished apartment of 5 or 6 outside rooms and bath on west side, north of 70th St.; will furnish silver and table linen; rent about $100 a month; immediate possession; responsible par

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—A moderate depression from the Northwest that is now over Georgian Bay has been attended by quite general, though mostly light, rains in the lake region, but there was no other precipitation of consequence, except some rains in the North Pacific States.

It is appreciably cooler in the Ohio and middle Mississippi Valleys and warmer in South Dakota and Minnesota. Elsewhere temperatures have changed but little and as a whole are slightly above the seasonal average.

Except for showers Wednesday in New England and the north portion of the Middle Atlantic districts the weather will be generally fair Wednesday and Thursday east of the Mississippi River, without temperature changes of consequences.

Winds for Wednesday and Thursday along the North Atlantic coast will be moderate southeast to south, shifting to southwest and west by Thursday morning; rain Wednesday, probably fair Thursday. Middle Atlantic coast, moderate south to west, generally cloudy. South Atlantic coast, gentle to moderate variable, mostly north and northeast; fair.

FORECASTS TODAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York—Local showers Wednesday, followed by fair; Thursday fair.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Wednesday, preceded by showers in the morning; Thursday, fair.

New England—Unsettled Wednesday, probably local rains; Thursday, fair.

Western New York—Partly cloudy Wednesday, preceded by showers in east portion; Thursday, fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1915.	1916.		1915.	1916.
3 A. M.....44	44	4 P. M.....58		61
6 A. M.....44	59	6 P. M.....56		60
9 A. M.....48	56	9 P. M.....54		54
12 M.....53	61	11 P. M.....54		56

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 60; for the corresponding date last year it was 51; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 50.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 55; at 8 P. M. it was 58. Maximum temperature, 67 degrees at 2:30 P. M.; minimum, 54 degrees at 3 A. M. Humidity, 100 per cent. at 8 A. M., 70 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.02 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.92 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.
12:40—637 E. 137 St.; F. Schanderdorf.....Slight
1:20—887 8 Av.; Bohn's Restaurant...Slight
9:20—Madison Av. and 42 St.; uptown subway station.....None
9:35—59-61 Jackson Av.; Moses Rupo..Slight
P. M.
12:25—696 Riverside Dr.; Henry Lasisky..$100
2:10—B'way & 88 St., (auto.); Truly Warner.....None
4:00—362 W. 36 St.; William Hartman...$150
5:50—107 W. 46 St.; Henry Rosenberg..Slight
6:30—239 E. 86 St.; John J. Brenner..Slight
7:06—39 W. 14 St.; A. Kallelof.....Slight
7:20—12 W. 8 St.; A. Siegel.....Slight
8:05—145 E. 36 St.; Albert Stein.....Slight
8:50—N. E. cor. 8 Av. & 156 St.; (vacant frame house;) James Coogan.....Slight
11:35—30-32 W. 18 St.,(vacant lot).Not given

The record on Saturday showed a fire in the premises of Hunt, Tilyou & Limpel, 48 Crosby Street. The Fire Marshal reports it was on a floor occupied by another firm.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Police Commissioner Woods announced yesterday the promotion of Lieutenants to Captain and six Sergeants as Lieutenants. The new Captain is Jeremiah J. Butler, who is assigned to command the Butler Street Police Station, Brooklyn. He joined the police department in 1896, was promoted to Sergeant in 1902, and became a Lieutenant in 1907. The six new Lieutenants who will remain in their respective commands are Patrick F. Walsh of the Highbridge Station; Timothy F. Murray, Brooklyn Detective Bureau; John McAuliffe and James E. Murray, both of the West Forty-seventh Street Station; Joseph E. Fahey, East Eighty-eighth Street Station, and Daniel Moriarty of the Detective Bureau.

Transfers and assignments, 4 P. M. Nov. 1: Lieut. W. A. Stevens, 154, to Bridge. From commands indicated to Traf. and Mar. Divs., duty in office of said command; Lieuts. Engers, 2; H. J. Callahan, 36; A. L. Duffy, 149; P. J. Clifford, Third Bridge; T. J. Joyce, Tr. School; Sergt. R. B. Watt, 22, to Traf. and Mar. Divs., duty in office of said command; Patrol. J. F. X. Day, 62, to Traf. and Mar. Divs., clerical duty in office of said command. At 8 A. M. Nov. 1: Patrol. P. J. Finnegan, 18, to 28, bicycle duty; G. N. Faust, 25, to 68; L. Kloesset, 26, to 35, bicycle duty; J. F. Dowling, 30, to 32, bicycle duty; T. F. Stromberg, 65, to 39, bicycle duty.

Temporary assignments: Patrol. W. T. Frost, 2; P. Mulrooney, 155, and W. T. Maher, 171, to 170 duty in raided premises, 30 days, 4 P. M. Nov. 1; W. S. Winant, 99, as station house attendant, 21 days, 8 A. M., Nov. 2.

To 6 I. D. from prects. indicated, duty in raided premises, 30 days, 8 A. M., Nov. 1: W. W. Tanck, 40; E. Bredden, 143; J. J. Shortell, 278; G. W. Kokell, 80; E. W. Brownell, 159; A. T. Browne, 150. To 6 I. D. from prects. indicated, duty in raided premises, 30 days, 8 A. M., Nov. 1: P. McCarthy, 26; J. von Dolson, 27; W. Cochran, 66; J. Broeman, 31; O. M. Whitney, 42.

Leaves of absence without pay: Sergt. A. Lyons, 5 days, 8 A. M., Nov. 4.

Full pay while on sick report: Patrol. E. McQuade, 42, 1 A. M., Oct. 24, during disability; H. J. Doyle, 68, 6:15 P. M., Oct. 17, during disability; J. F. Custor, 159, 6 P. M., Oct. 13, during disability.

Restored to duty: Patrol. J. J. Tulte, 38; J. C. J. Carroll, 43; P. Daly, 68, 10 A. M., Oct. 26.

Suspended without pay: Patrol. P. Daly, 68, 10:10 A. M., Oct. 28.

Fire Department.

The following ununiformed firemen, having passed their probationary period of three months satisfactorily, are appointed as fourth grade firemen in this department, to take effect today, 8 A. M., and assigned as follows: M. G. Hennessey, Eng. 1; P. F. Egan, 2; J. F. Flanagan, 3; C. Hamilton, 4; Samuel J. J. Hogarth, 11; R. Walker, 13; J. A. Melville, 16; F. McGinnis, Jr., 17; J. B. Marchesi, 18; C. Reilly, 18; T. Greene, 26; R. J. Wagler, 28; Thomas Berry, 34; J. Colombo, 36; F. Mc-Gill, 35; J. L. McCarthy, 39; J. Sullivan, No. 4, 56; L. F. Vogel, 65; J. R. O'Connor, 71; T. F. Walsh, 74; E. B. Manley, 76; A. P. Clark, 91; H. M. Waldron, 205; W. Baumdinger, 204; W. A. Lees, 207; W. Weber, No. 2, 209; D. Morrison, 211; W. A. De Lancey, 214; E. Moller, 217; L. V. Fagan, 218; F. E. Wiltz, 220; W. O. Gazley, 221; W. J. Fitzgerald, 224; L. G. Genovese, 258; J. F. Fiesel, Jr., 261; G. H. von der Heid, 262; C. O. Hibbe, 269; F. Roxbury, 277; H. M. Lawler, 279; H. Oltmann, H. & L. 5; M. H. Hanley, 6; N. G. Zielinski, 18; M. Kurschus, 21; C. F. Marquardt, 31; J. Champlain, 33; E. Bowman, 39; C. Gaip, 88; C. W. Miller, 45; W. J. Carr, 48; J. Keupp, 101; H. C. Feuerbach, 103; F. X. O'Neill, 106; C. H. Johnson, 119; W. H. Will, 129; J. Carlen, 132; J. J. Friday, 131.

The following will be directed to report to Fire, 1st gr., W. H. Breuer, at the 7th Regiment Armory, Park Av. and 67 St., for practice, at 10 A. M., Fri., Nov. 3: J. T. Toote, Eng. 18; A. Hothersall, Eng. 31; R. Bornholz, Eng. 36; C. A. Spangenberg, Eng. 204; J. D'Azevedo, Eng. 56; C. W. Roe, Jr., Eng. 60; C. A. Widmer, Jr., Eng. 63; W. Hale, Jr., Eng. 72; W. Clancy, Eng. 74; E. J. Donovan, Eng. 76; E. A. Dammeyer, Eng. 92; H. G. Stein, Eng. 94; R. Lipschutz, Eng. 217; F. Engensinger, Eng. 237; W. F. Mickey, Eng. 249; Wm. Muhs, Eng. 250; H. E. Escher, Eng. 262; A. G. Klein, Eng. 263; F. J. Metzger, Jr., Eng. 277; T. S. Richards, Eng. 282; E. A. Woolley (2d Sec.) Eng. 287; J. Hale, Eng. 289; H. Schoppmeyer, H. & L. 22; J. A. Unreth, H. & L. 40; T. T. McGrath, H. & L. 45; A. J. Muir, H. & L. 45; R. C. Fraser, H. & L. 80; W. H. Brener, H. & L. 112; G. Olson, H. & L. 124; E. Bernsen, H. & L. 127; N. L. Bruno, H. & L. 128; C. G. Brown, H. & L. 137; H. Brenner, H. & L. 140; J. Miller, No. 8, H. & L. 144; W. F. Gallagher, H. & L. 146; J. J. O'Keefe, H. & L. 147; J. Stack, H. & L. 148; J. T. R. Murray, H. & L. 149; C. Charous, Eng. 258.

The resignation of Fire, 1st gr., J. F. Harrington, H. and L. 35, is accepted, to take effect 8 A. M., Nov. 1.

Special leaves: Lieut. O. P. Hawkins, Eng. 79, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Nov. 2; Fire., 1st gr., W. C. Persina, H. and L. 25, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Nov. 2; Fire., 1st gr., A. D. Gordiel, Eng. 10, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Nov. 2; Fire., 1st gr., J. F. Harrington, H. and L. 35, 5 days, 8 A. M., Nov.

Dropped from the department: Uniformed Fire., J. Henry, Eng. 33, (conduct unsatisfactory during his probationary period,) 8 A. M., Nov. 1.

The time designated for the wearing of cloth jackets is extended to 8 A. M., Nov. 15.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Resignations accepted: 1st Lts. of M. R. C.: T. G. Aller, C. Wagner, J. L. Wagner, T. J. Watkins, and L. W. Verdery; National Guard: Capt. C. E. Geoghegan, 2d Inf., Virginia; 2d Lt. R. B. Fairchild, 2d Inf., Texas; Capt. R. R. Lewis, 3d Inf., Texas, and 1st Lt. A. W. Cook, 4th Inf., New York.

Capt. A. W. Foreman, 20th Inf., is detailed Professor of Military Science and Tactics at Mississippi Agricultural and Mechanical College, Miss.

First Lt. J. T. Carpenter, M. R. C., is honorably discharged from the service.

Orders of Oct. 25 are amended to direct Capt. G. W. England, 3d Inf., to join his regiment upon expiration of present leave.

Captain J. Scott, 4th Inf., is detailed for service in Sig. Corps, vice Captain W. W. Harris, Jr., Sig. Corps, relieved from detail to that corps and assigned to 4th Inf.

Captain H. E. Mitchell, Q. M. C., will report to Commanding General, Southern Dept., for station and duty, temporarily. He will retain quarters at station to which he was assigned prior to detail in Q. M. C.

Orders of Oct. 25 relating to Capt. E. Hayes, 4th Inf., Alabama N. G., revoked.

Capt. R. R. Hastings, Q. M. C., from duty in Philippine Dept., Dec. 15, and on or before expiration of leave granted him will proceed to United States by first transport and report for further orders.

Advancement to grade of Major on retired list, to date from June 3, of Capt. G. L. Converse, retired, is announced.

Major D. Settle, 10th Inf., is relieved from assignment to that regiment, effective today.

Advancement to grade of 1st Lt. on retired list, to date from June 3, of 2d Lt. F. L. Beals, retired, is announced.

Lt. Col. H. L. Jackson (promoted from Major of inf.), is assigned to 35th Inf. He will join regiment to which assigned upon completion of muster out of 3d Inf., Porto. N. G.

Maj. R. S. Granger, Q. M. C., is relieved from duty in Philippine Dept. and will proceed from Manila about Nov. 15 to the United States and report for further orders.

Lt. Col. H. J. Gallagher, Q. M. C., from duty in Philippine Dept. and proceed from Manila about Dec. 15 to the United States for further orders.

Capt. C. E. Wheatley, Q. M. C., from duty in Philippine Dept., Nov. 15, and proceed to United States on first transport for further orders.

Leaves: Capt. G. M. Brooke, F. A., 2 month's extension, and Col. S. Reber, Sig. Corps, 14 days.

Navy.

Lts. R. T. S. Lowell, aid on staff commander Division 7, to aid on staff commander submarine force, Atlantic Fleet; A. C. Read, the North Carolina, to the Washington, and S. C. Loomis, the Colorado, home, await orders.

Jr. Gde. Lts. J. A. Lee, the Connecticut to the Eagle; G. de C. Chevalier and H. T. Bartlett, the North Carolina, to the Washington, and H. C. McClive, the Preble, to the New Orleans as executive officer and navigator.

Ens. S. H. Quarles, the Eagle, to Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, N. H., sick; G. C. Klein, the North Carolina, to the Hancock; W. J. Forrestal and F. D. Kirtland, commissioned from June 3; W. E. Doyle, the Hull, to the Cheyenne for submarine instruction, and E. E. Heintze, the Milwaukee to the Alert.

Chief Machs. R. Jeffares, New York Yard, to the Alabama, and S. L. Wartmen, New Orleans Naval Station, to the Michigan.

Mach. J. E. Kemmer, the Michigan, to New York Yard.

Pay Clerk C. E. Rudolph warranted from Nov. 18, 1915.

Pay Director George E. Hendee, retired, died at Brookline, Mass., Sept. 10.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Cummings and Ontario at New York Yard; Fanning, L-9, L-10, L-11, O'Brien, and Ozark at Boston; Glacier at Eichilikuna; Hancock at Mayport, Fla.; Jacob Jones at Newport; Kanawha at Southern Drill Ground; MacDonough and Worden at Charleston; Montana at Napeague Bay; Nashville at Tampico; Pennsylvania at Southern Drill Ground; Culgoa and Sacramento at Guantanamo; Topeka and Uncas at Portsmouth, N. H.

Sailed—Aylwin, Balch, Benham, McDougal, and San Francisco, Newport to sea; K-1, K-2, K-5, K-6, and Tallahassee, New London for New York; L-1, Bostdn for Block Island; Jenkins and Melville, Newport for Boston; Neptune, Vera Cruz for Carmen; Nereus, Acapulco for San Diego; Pauiding, Newport for Philadelphia, and the Yorktown, Topolobampo for Guaymas.

The Paul Jones, Whipple Stewart, and Preble were placed in reserve Oct. 25, 1916.

The Olympia, commissioned Oct. 30, at navy yard, Charleston, assigned to cruiser force and directed to proceed to Hampton Roads to load ordnance material, after which she will proceed to Dominican waters to become the flagship of the cruiser force.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

Applications for Health Inspector, (food,) male and female, will be received until 4 P. M. on Nov. 14. The subjects and weights of the examination are: Experience, 3; duties, 5; oral, 2. A qualifying physical examination will be given. Candidates must be at least 21 years of age and not more than 60 on the closing day of the receipt of applications. There are four vacancies in the Health Department.

United States.

The commission announces for Nov. 21 an examination for assistant petroleum engineer, for men only, to fill a vacancy in the Bureau of Mines, Department of the Interior, for service in the field, at a salary ranging from $1,800 to $2,500 a year. As an insufficient number of eligibles were obtained from the examination held July 18, qualified persons are urged to enter this examination. The duties will be to investigate the design and construction of the different plants used for topping oil. Competitors will not be assembled for examination, but will be rated on education, engineering experience, publications, reports, or designs. Graduation in engineering from a college or university of recognized standing and not less than two years' experience in charge of construction of topping plants are prerequisites. Applicants must have reached their twenty-first but not their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

EDUCATION NOTES.

There is room for a few more in the free class for proofreading for men and women at the Brooklyn Evening Trade School, Fourth Street and Seventh Avenue. Sessions are held on Monday and Wednesday evenings from 7:45 to 9:45.

P. S. 79, Manhattan, has been named after Joseph J. Little.

The Women Principals Eligible List Association will hold a meeting at 4:15 P. M. November 3 at the Washington Heights Hotel.

The Parents' Association of P. S. 46, the Bronx, will hold a meeting at 8 P. M. on Friday in the auditorium of the school. A parents' association will be organized at the Eastern District High School, Brooklyn, on Nov. 8. At the meetings one hour will be devoted to entertainment and the other hour to the pupils introducing their parents to the teachers. The meetings will last from 8 to 10 P. M.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

BRINCKERHOFF, EDWIN O., (Dec. 7;) appraiser Anthony P. Ludden. Total assets $290,000; net estate, $290,986. Assets were: Mortgages, $298,632, and bank $1,353.

IVINS, WILLIAM M., lawyer, (July 23, 1915;) net estate after deductions for debts and the expenses of administration, $14,361. The widow of the decedent was the sole beneficiary.

KITTLE, LYDIA, (May 25;) net estate, $46,951. Edward C. Kittle, husband of decedent, received a life estate in $39,816; Blanche A. Kittle, daughter, received jewelry valued at $700 outright and the bulk of the remainder after the life estate of Edward C. Kittle. Edward A. Kittle, son, received $9,500 at his father's death.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Instruction.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 Fifth Av., (45th St.)—The oldest and pre-eminently the most successful. Prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions. Favorite school for College and High School graduates. Day, Evening, and Correspondence Courses. Catalogue. Prof. Mascher, M. A., Director.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists; day or night, begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1838,) Broadway at 72d St.

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Incorporated and Registered by the Board of Regents of the UNIVERSITY of the State of New York;
Individual Instruction. Reservations must be made in advance.

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This week only, day or night, pays for complete course in STENOGRAPHY, TYPEWRITING, TELEGRAPHY; positions secured. Est. 1884. GAFFEY'S SCHOOL, 11 West 34th St.

LEARN PHOTOGRAPHY, photo-engraving, motion-picture photography; earn $25 to $100 weekly; day, evening; easy terms. New York Institute of Photography, 22 W. 23d.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ADJUSTER and investigator in claims dept. of large casualty insurance company; must be energetic, clean-cut, and willing; state age, experience, salary, &c. M 378 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN.—First-class man; one who is acquainted with theatrical managers; commission. Apply 621 Broadway, Room 548, at 10 A. M.

A LARGE NEW YORK CORPORATION requires the services of an educated American to travel in the sale of a commodity backed by a million-dollar advertising campaign.
Big income and quick promotion to the man that can qualify; commission, with drawing account.
See MR. MOONEY, 6th floor, 120 West 32d St.

APPRAISERS.—Wanted, experienced architectural and mechanical, for industrial plants; road work; state experience and salary expected. Write Room 1,615, 120 Broadway.

ASSISTANT in printing department wanted; young man familiar with paper and printing course; state age, experience, salary required, and all particulars. E 104 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and assistant to credit man, by large manufacturing concern located 50 miles from the city; must possess a thorough knowledge of accounts and collections, be neat and accurate in his work, of good personal appearance and address, not over 30 years old; excellent chances for advancement; apply in own handwriting, giving full details as to qualifications, past experience, references, &c., which will be considered confidentially. Apply to "Investigation," care X 315 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, with knowledge of stenography, male; state qualifications and salary expected. P 340 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, mechanically inclined and handy with tools, to assemble simple mechanism; unusual chance for right sort of boy to learn details of rapidly developing business offering exceptional opportunity for advancement; must be trustworthy, energetic, of good habits and ready to do anything to help along. Address Room 1,105, 395 Broadway.

BOY, American, in law department insurance company; must be neat, energetic, and willing; begin at $3; state age, education, etc. P 345 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, make himself generally useful. Apply 11 to 1:30, The English Antique Co., 421 Madison Av., New York City.

BOY.—Familiar with operation of switchboard and to do clerical work; state salary expected. M 379 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Chance for bright, ambitious boy; some experience on switchboard. Call or write full particulars, L. I. W., 40 South St.

BOY wanted as messenger by a downtown banking house; neat appearing and a good penman. P 285 Times Downtown.

CANVASSERS.—BIG MONEY; SALARY AND COMMISSION. DEUTSCH BROTHERS, 3D AV. AND 125D.

BOY wanted in office of wholesale brass concern; good chance for advancement; salary $5 to start. M 383 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Wanted, bright American, in office of drygoods commission house; chance for advancement. E 102 Times.

BOY wanted for general work in shipping room. Apply Otto Wahle, 59-61 Pearl St., fourth floor.

BOY wanted for office, about 17 years of age; good chance for advancement. Call Office Boy, 17 West 42d St.

BOY.—Office boy wanted, 15 to 18 years of age. Address Post Office Box 48, Madison Square Station. State salary wanted.

BOY.—Office boy, 16; hours 9 to 6; $6 per week; bring references. Call Buhre, 229 West 42d St.

BOY wanted to run errands for a print shop. 114 East 13th, top floor.

BOY wanted, law office. Room 502, 90 Wall St.

CLERKS wanted; good penmen; knowledge of bookkeeping. Address F. A. K., P. O. Box 230, New York City.

COLLECTORS.—Leslie Jugge Co. requires the services of three well-appearing and intelligent young men to act as collectors; prefer those who are thoroughly acquainted with the streets in New York City and its environments; excellent opportunity for hustlers; salary to start $2 per day. Apply after 10, Room 801, 3 West 29th.

CORSET SALESMAN.—An active man with a good department store acquaintance to represent throughout Brooklyn a new and growing concern specializing in popular and high-grade corsets; to right party we will make a profitable and an attractive proposition; salary or commission; state experience. 105 Times.

DRAFTSMEN, architectural, wanted, who have had thorough experience and who are capable of handling jobs themselves; give full particulars regarding age, nationality, experience, and salary expected. C 98 Times.

ENGINEER'S ASSISTANT; pay $12 per week, board and room; must have license and be able to run an alternating current electric light plant; single man, about 40 years of age. Department of Mines, 1 East 28th St., New York, at 1 o'clock today for a personal interview and be prepared to go to Stamford immediately if engaged.

EXPERIENCED TOWERMEN and telegraph operators wanted for station work on the N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Apply W. H. Foster, 132d St. and Willis Av., Bronx.

EXPERT BOOKKEEPER and assistant manager for large insurance and real estate office; must know details of business thoroughly; state age, experience, references, and salary wanted. P 341 Times Downtown.

LACE BUYER.
European buyer of native or adopted American citizenship wanted by prominent lace importing house dealing in jobbing, manufacturing and syndicate trade.
Previous experience in foreign markets preferred, but not essential, if applicant has necessary training for station or as assistant buyer; splendid opportunity for reliable, energetic and ambitious young man.
Address, stating age, experience, and references, "Buyer," 340 Times.

MACHINISTS, MOULDERS.
All-around men, engine lathe, planer, boring mill, vise hands; steady work; no labor troubles; good wages. Apply Room 3, Barge Office, Battery Park, New York City.

MAN.—Wanted, strong man for shipping department; chance for advancement. P 338 Times Downtown.

MEN.
The NATIONAL is the largest Mail Order House in the East, is growing rapidly, and so offers quick chances for advancement to really capable, ambitious men.

At present we have a number of permanent positions open in our assembly department for full-grown men, preferably those with Mail Order or Department Store experience. The work consists of re-assembling a stock ready for packing. These positions offer you an opportunity to make a beginning in the Mail Order business and to connect yourself with a big, progressive, 100-per-cent. organization. Our plan of payments makes it possible to obtain immediate and frequent increases.

We want full-grown men, (not boys,) who have judgment and who are looking for good positions under ideal working conditions.

The NATIONAL is one of the most delightful places in the city in which to work. Our work is largely clerical and we do no manufacturing in these buildings.

The surroundings here are ideal roomy, modern, light buildings, library, recreation room, lunchroom, and hospital. Everything is done to give you pleasant and healthful surroundings. We allow at least 28 Saturday half holidays a year.

Apply, ready to work, to J. E. Elliott, Employment Superintendent.
NATIONAL CLOAK AND SUIT COMPANY,
207 West 24th St., N. Y. C.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN.—Wanted, by a large manufacturing company, designers with experience in the design of electrical apparatus particularly, switchboards, circuit breakers, and control apparatus. X 243 Times Annex.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING SOLICITOR, living in Boston, to canvass on commission a special line of business for a leading New York newspaper; good opportunity. Address X 334 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young man, about 18 years of age, as office assistant; good opportunity for a hustler. Apply S. M. Bixby & Co., 46th St. and 2d Av., Brooklyn.

OFFICE BOY, insurance office; high school education; good references required. P 334 Times Downtown.

OPERATOR.—Dressing and strap machine operators for straps and leather specialties. N 310 Times Downtown.

PACKER in wholesale clothing house; must be experienced in the line; no others need apply; not required to work Saturdays; steady work; $12 to start. Broadway Bargain House, 676 Broadway.

PIANO TUNER, one who understands player repairing and can furnish references; good salary. Apply in forenoon to Mr. Pullen, Lauter Piano Co., 591 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN.—Experienced in selling disinfectants and sanitary appliances; splendid opportunity for the right man; salary basis. Apply to Mr. M. Selig, Hotel Knickerbocker, Friday morning, between 9 and 12.

SALESMAN WANTED.

NEW YORK BANKING HOUSE WANTS A SALESMAN WITH CLIENTELE TO SELL PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS AND PREFERRED STOCK IN NEW YORK AND VICINITY; MUST GIVE REFERENCES; UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR WORKER WHO HAS A FOLLOWING OF SECURITY BUYERS; SALARY AND COMMISSION. ADDRESS P 346 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN accustomed to making big money; we have openings for several aggressive specialty salesmen to travel and sell our advertising service to bankers and merchants; references desired, legitimate, established business; exclusive territory; commission paid daily or weekly; experience in our line, while desirable, not necessary; call 8 to 12 A. M., National Engraving Company, 154 Nassau St.

SALESMEN.
Largest electrical specialty manufacturer of the kind in the world has an exceptional opportunity for six live, clean-cut, aggressive men under 35 for the sales force; salary and promotion if you can qualify. 119 West 40th, 2d floor.

SALESMAN.—Able, aggressive man; convincing talker; aged 25-50; real estate or advertising experience desirable, but not essential; liberal commission. Call after 10 A. M., Mr. Mann, Suite 1,516, 220 5th Av.

SALESMAN.—Stock or bond salesman to sell listed and quoted stock at specially favorable price below market; commission only; no advances; ask for manager. Angle Manufacturing Co., 246 West 23d St.

THIRD AVENUE RAILWAY CO.
APPLY AT 217 EAST 65TH.
CHAUFFEUR FOR ELECTRIC TRUCK,
ELECTRIC CHANNEL RAIL MEN,
EMERGENCY WAGON MEN,
TRACK WORKERS.
GOOD WAGES AND STEADY WORK.

TRADER wanted; experienced in public utility or outside securities; good opportunity; salary or commission basis. P 347 Times Downtown.

TRAVELING—To cover Pennsylvania and New York. We are open for an aggressive roadman familiar with that territory and experienced in placing a high-grade tailoring line with the retail clothiers, haberdashers, and clothiers; liberal salary if you control and establish trade among this class of dealers. State full particulars and apply by letter to Charles Vetter, 200 5th Av., New York City.

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MOTORMEN
and
CONDUCTORS.
Permanent Positions.
Good Runs.
Pay while breaking in.
Apply at office of
THIRD AVE. RY. CO.,
130th St. & 3rd Ave.
Office open 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Sundays included.

WINDOW DRESSER AND CARD WRITER; DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE. HECHT BROS., 53-57 WEST 14TH.

YOUNG MAN.—Wanted, clean cut, energetic worker, for packing cloaks only; must be strong and quick; best references; good chance for advancement; no other need apply. Turner & Co., 80 East 11th St.

YOUNG MAN to assist in executive clerical work; an opening; good prospects. Write E 94 Times.

Employment Agencies.

WORKS MANAGER.—Chemical plant manufacturing dyestuffs; $6,000-$10,000.
TUBE MILL FOREMAN.—Manufacturing brass and copper tubing; $2,500.
MACHINE SHOP FOREMAN.—Light and medium-heavy repair work; $2,080.
MASTER MECHANIC. — Chemical plant; $2,500.
METALLURGICAL ENGINEER.—Experienced on brass and copper alloys; $3,500.
FACTORY SUPERINTENDENT.—50 men; chain making; metal work; $1,500-$2,000.
MECHANICAL SUPERINTENDENT.—Handling small automatic machines, night shift; $1,500-$1,800.
REINFORCED CONCRETE DESIGNER.—Experienced on floor construction; $1,800-$2,000.
TRANSPORTATION MANAGER.—Young mechanical engineer familiar with use of lift trucks, cranes, conveyors, &c.; $1,500-$2,000.
DRAFTSMEN.—(Four.) Structural, $1,456; designers of cotton ginning machinery, $1,500-$1,800; power house layouts, $1,300; telephone layouts, junior, $900; junior electrical estimator, $936; building layouts, $936.
NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church St.
Apply in person only, between 9 and 2.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN, $24; also one acquainted with automatic machinery; out-of-town positions; buyer for plumbing supplies, $25; office manager, live wire, good correspondent, $18; Assistant Superintendent for shoe department, able to handle men, must understand business, $25; bookkeeper, $18; cost man for printing work, $18; claim correspondent, $18; experienced cutter for carpets, linoleum; two receiving clerks; general young men, $10; boys, $6; free registration. Business Service Bureau, 309 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Export, manufacturing and transportation companies desire advanced stenographers; also beginners and typists; $12, $15, $18, $20; cost accountant, $1,800; $1,500 per annum. Call at The Willis Hawley Exchange, 50 Court St., Brooklyn.

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LIVE, WIDE-AWAKE CLERKS, LEDGER, BILLING, AND TRACING; JUNIOR STENOGRAPHERS; ALSO TYPISTS.
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SALES REPRESENTATIVE, FAR EAST. STENOGRAPHERS, $10, $15, $18, $22.
ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, STEEL, IRON.
BRIGHT CLERKS, $8, $10, $12.
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PREPARE FOR INCREASED BUSINESS.—Train yourself for new demands by learning stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping, mathematics, business English. Thorough instruction at low cost. Write for booklet. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

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SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER. — Young woman employed during day desires work few evenings a week to take charge of small accounts; Washington Heights vicinity preferred. 47 West 42d St., room 411B.

BOOKKEEPER, — Five years' experience; double entry; trial balance; also stenography. P 202 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER; capable taking full charge office, answer correspondence; $18. C 47 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER. — Five years' experience; reference former employer. P 323 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER:—Expert, capable taking entire charge; references; $18. C 88 Times.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS wanted, four in family. Call between 11 and 1, Apartment 6, 930 Park Av.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR; five years' experience various lines of business; $12 to start. Riverside 4848. Apt. 18.

COOK in private American family of adults; must be first-class cook and come recommended. Call before 11 o'clock, (private house,) 147 West 77th St.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR. — Knowledge stenography, typewriting; six years' experience, desires position. C 126 Times.

DEMONSTRATOR?
Convincing; city references; expert. P 326 Times.

DRESSMAKER.—Expert fitter; street, dancing frocks. Kelly, 378 6th Av., Tel. Circle 1103.

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HOUSEKEEPER.—A lady of refinement and experience desires position as working housekeeper where servants are kept; capable of taking full charge; cheerful, willing; references exchanged. X 316 Times Annex.

HOUSEWORKER.—Young, respectable Swiss woman desires position, light housework in small family of one or two adults. X 318 Times Annex.

LAUNDRESS.—Present employer wishes to place her laundress; has been in her employ for two years; wages $11 weekly; sleeping out. Phone 3900 River between 10 and 2. Apt. 9F.

LAUNDRESS, experienced; takes wash home; best references. Write Miller, 65 West 108th St.

NURSE.—Refined, experienced, one child; $40; references. Write 18 B, 419 West 119th.

SECRETARY.—Well bred Christian woman, college graduate, typist, exceptionally well read, tactful, energetic, desires position, assistant to literary man or woman or general secretarial work; highest references. C 123 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Competent, initiative, executive ability, able to fill position where these qualifications count; number years' experience, large importing house. P. R. L., 605 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' machinery insurance experience; excellent speller, accurate, rapid transcription; age 21; high school education; may consider position; my ability? $12. N 362 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY; fluent correspondent; familiar with detail work; capable assuming responsibilities; long experience; reference; $15. P 205 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; Christian; high school graduate; five years' experience; good correspondent; accurate and conscientious; salary $20. P 318 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; efficient, willing; knowledge bookkeeping; three years' practical experience; best references; salary $12. C 96 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, 7 years' experience filing clerk, desires position. P 330 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; thoroughly experienced, energetic, reliable, accurate, rapid; excellent references; $12. P 301 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY; seven years' commercial, technical experience; rapid, accurate; $16. P 317 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, neat appearance; Superintendent; out-of-town; cylinders and platens. X 317 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat appearance; little experience, wants downtown position; $7 to $8. P 336 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; thoroughly experienced, efficient, accurate; high school graduate; references: $14. P 312 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience; thoroughly competent; executive ability; $16-$18. P 324 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, bookkeeper; neat, accurate; salary moderate; references. Stenographer, 144 24 Ave., city.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; familiar with office work; intelligent; $12. P 287 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced; good business training; intelligent worker; $15. P 279 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; three years' experience; high school education; rapid; $12. P 322 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; Christian; good business education; experienced; salary $12. P 311 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, (10 years,) desires position; references; salary $16-$18. C 122 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, Christian, experienced at busy plug board; $10. Phone Lenox 3464.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, typist, wishes position 3 years' experience. 3 years with auto concern. Phone 10

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CABRERA EXPLAINS TO COMMISSIONERS

Disavowal of Alleged Interview Causes Greater Cordiality Among Conferees.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Oct. 31.—The American-Mexican Joint Commission announced tonight that the discussions today were of such a nature that there was nothing which could be made public at this time. The talk was along the general lines which have occupied the commission from the start. A statement was made, as follows:

"At the session of the American and Mexican Joint Commission held this morning the Hon. Luis Cabrera, Chairman of the Mexican Commission, explained the circumstances leading to the publication of the supposed interview which appeared in the newspapers on the morning of Sunday, Oct. 29. Mr. Cabrera, in explaining the matter to the commission, said:

"Mr. Edmunds came to me and talked of The Mexican Review, on the staff of which he is employed. He spoke to me of the method of promoting its circulation and increasing its influence. As he was leaving the room, and with his hand on the knob, he asked me how we were getting on with the work of the commission. I told him that we had talked that day of the conspirators on this side of the border who were assisting the enemies of the de facto Government, and that we had taken up the possibility of deporting such conspirators, under the provisions of the immigration laws of the United States. That was all of our conversation.

"He then asked me if I wished him to tell the newspaper men of this, and I told him that it was not necessary, as it had been given to them in the official press statement issued by the commission.

"I wish to make a complete and full denial of this interview. Not only was it unauthorized, but I never said what was ascribed to me therein. Any one who knows me knows that I do not speak that way. I have always been careful to give nothing to the press except with the knowledge and consent of my American as well as my Mexican colleagues."

It was decided to adjourn on Friday morning, and possibly on Thursday, in order to enable the Mexican members to be present when President Wilson speaks in New York. The question as to where the commission will convene on the Wednesday after election probably will be settled tomorrow.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican Ambassador Designate, called on Secretary of State Lansing today and disclaimed responsibility on behalf of his Government for the statements contained in an interview that was attributed to Luis Cabrera. He also denied the authenticity of criticisms of the Wilson Administration attributed to Generals Carranza, Obregon, and Gonzales and Foreign Minister Aguilar. Secretary Lansing said that Mr. Arredondo had made a most acceptable statement and that both incidents were considered closed.

ROFRANO WITNESSES BULLDOZED, HE SAYS

In a Rage Defendant Accuses the Prosecutor of Being in League with His Enemies.

OFFICIALS TESTIFY FOR HIM

President Connolly Says Accused Was Not In New York on Day of Alleged "Murder Conference."

Michael A. Rofrano, on trial for the killing of Michael Gaimari, surpassed his previous attacks on Assistant District Attorney Brothers and his assistants yesterday by asserting that his only reason for concealing the identity of the persons who had sheltered him while he was a fugitive from justice was to protect them from being "threatened, browbeaten, and bulldozed" by the District Attorney's office. On one occasion Rofrano, after shaking his finger in Mr. Brothers's face, refused to permit him to see some checks which he later handed to the jury, and he accused the prosecutor of having lent himself to the alleged political intrigue headed by Tom Foley.

Martin W. Littleton, Rofrano's counsel, later called as witnesses Maurice E. Connolly, Borough President of Queens, and Public Service Commissioner Hayward in an effort to prove that his client was in Albany on Jan. 4, 1915, the day on which, according to testimony introduced by Mr. Brothers, Rofrano was alleged to have held a "murder conference" over the telephone with Rocco Carnevale, one of the gunmen involved in the murder of Gaimari. Mr. Connolly was vigorously cross-examined by Mr. Brothers, but he insisted that to the best of his recollection he had dinner with Rofrano in Albany on the day mentioned. Mr. Hayward was not as positive as to the date as Mr. Connolly.

Woman Testifies for Rofrano.

Mary Dunn, a telephone operator at the Municipal Building, testified that she had received orders several weeks before Gaimari was slain never to connect Rofrano on the wire with "Moore," which was the American name that had been adopted by Rocco Carnevale. The purpose of this testimony was to destroy the effect of the many telephone slips introduced by Mr. Brothers intending to show that Carnevale had talked frequently over the wire with Rofrano while the latter was in his office in the Municipal Building. This witness was introduced by Martin W. Littleton, counsel for Rofrano, after Mr. Brothers had finished his cross-examination of the defendant, and after Rofrano had told of threats said to have been made against him by Foley and by Detective Cuniffe, one of the detectives employed by the District Attorney.

"I met Foley one Sunday afternoon in front of my house, either in 1914 or 1915, and he told me, 'I'll fix you yet before I get through with you,'" said Rofrano. "I also had a conversation one day with Cuniffe, in which he also said he would fix me. This was some time in February, 1915. I had just left the Municipal Building, and I met Cuniffe, who was then in uniform, in front of Hall's Hotel, Park Row and Duane Street.

"He asked me to intercede for him with Deputy Police Commissioner Clem Driscoll, and to ask him to return Cuniffe to detail, (as a detective.) When I told him I could do nothing he said, 'I know better, and I'll get even with you if you don't do this for me. I'll fix you if I don't get back into the Detective Bureau.'"

Before relating the origin of the alleged conspiracy against him, Rofrano made frequent use of the diary which he said he had kept in the Tombs as a protection against "stool pigeons" and informers in the service of the District Attorney. His refusal to recall conversations without first consulting this record frequently irritated Mr. Brothers, who intimated that the diary had been "prepared" by Rofrano after discovering that he had been trapped by Heffler.

Says Witnesses Were Intimidated.

The antagonism between the prosecutor and the defendant flamed into expression when Mr. Brothers asked Rofrano why he persisted in his refusal to tell where he had gone into hiding following the murder of Gaimari.

Leaning well forward in his chair and shaking his finger at Mr. Brothers, Rofrano said:

"I refuse to tell where I was because I do not a want a friend of mine, who knows nothing of the merits of this case, to be dragged over here, threatened, browbeaten, and bulldozed, as you have done with every person whose name has been mentioned here by me.

"You have subpoenaed my witnesses and brought them to your office on the pretense of taking them before the Grand Jury, so that you could frighten them into withholding the truth about me. You have subpoenaed Miss Mace, Vincent Pepe, and because of your conduct Mrs. Campagna is ill at the Buena Vista Hotel."

A little later Rofrano produced some checks to explain certain financial transactions in which he had been interested at a time when he had testified he was in financial difficulties and was hard pressed for money.

"Will you permit me to see those checks?" asked Mr. Brothers.

"No!" shouted the witness. "I'll let the jury see them, but you can't see them."

Rofrano's reference to witnesses for the defense having been interrogated privately by Mr. Brothers had to do with the appearance of the persons mentioned in the office of Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling on last Monday. Mr. Dooling, following what was said to have been an old custom in the office of the District Attorney, had questioned Miss Theresa Mace, a stenographer formerly in Rofrano's employ; Vincent Pepe, a real estate dealer, and others.

The nature of the interrogation was brought out when Miss Mace took the stand yesterday, following the cross-examination of the defendant. She testified that Mr. Dooling had asked her about some letters and affidavits alleged to have been dictated by the defendant on a certain day when he was said to have had conferences with the conspirators in the murder of Gaimari.

"Mr. Dooling asked me once if I was sure I was not lying, but most of the questions were the same as those you have asked me," said Miss Mace to Mr. Littleton.

"Do you charge me personally with hounding you?" Mr. Brothers had previously asked Rofrano when he complained that Mr. Dooling's interrogation of Miss Mace was an example of the "brow-beating" methods employed in the District Attorney's office.

"Yes," retorted the witness. "You and the others are hounding and pounding me all the time, Mr. Brothers."

Borough President Connolly testified he had known Rofrano for six, seven, or eight years.

"I fix Jan. 4 as the date when I saw Mr. Rofrano in Albany by the fact that it was on the morning of that day that I called at the office of the Degnon Construction Company," he said. "I arrived in Albany shortly before 6 o'clock in the afternoon and had dinner with Mr. Rofrano in the grill room of the Ten Eyck Hotel. We later went to the railroad station together and returned to New York on the same train. After reaching New York we stopped for a few minutes in the grill room of the Belmont Hotel and then separated."

The defense believed it strengthened its case when Mary Dunn, the stenographer, testified that it had not been unusual for persons other than Rofrano to use his telephone in the Municipal Building. The prosecutor questioned her sharply about an entry by her in a book of outgoing calls, which appeared to indicate that Rofrano called the Democratic Executive Committee's office in Queens on the telephone on Jan. 4, 1915, when he was supposed to be in Albany, according to the testimony of Borough President Connolly.

Miss Dunn said it was her practice to charge all outside calls to the various Commissioners, whether they personally made the calls or not. She said she took it for granted that if the calls were made by some one else they had been sanctioned by the Commissioners.

The importance of this testimony lay in the fact that Maurice Geronimo, secretary to the Sheriff of Queens, intends to go on the stand for the purpose of testifying that it was he who called the Queens number on that particular day.

Justice Bartow S. Weeks denied a request of the jury that night sessions be held. He said it did not appear as if the case could be concluded before next week, and that it would be a hardship on counsel to hold sessions after 6 o'clock each day.

59 DIE IN STREET IN OCTOBER

Police Records Show a Decrease of Fatal Accidents in City.

Police Commissioner Woods made public last evening statistics of street accident fatalities for the month of October. The number of known deaths due to accidents within the month totaled 59. This was a big drop from the September record, which was 79 at the end of that month, and grew to 87 by after-mortality in October. Last year the record for October was 61 at the end of the month, and 77 when the after-mortality had finally become known.

Although the automobile was still the chief cause of death, the October charge to its account, (20 deaths,) was far below the September total of 34. There were fewer falls from vehicles—3, compared with 11—and fewer miscellaneous vehicular accidents—3, compared with 12. The principal increase was in the number of persons killed by motor trucks—12, compared with 9.

COAL AT $20 A TON A POSSIBILITY HERE

Continued from Page 1.

brokers, or middlemen, were in part responsible for the car shortage and consequent high prices, because, instead of unloading the cars, they were holding the coal for speculative purposes. M. S. Conners, General Manager of the Hocking Valley Railroad, a coal-carrying road, said many of the cars needed for the Ohio and West Virginia mines were being held up outside the State.

It has developed that Ohio railroad officials have adopted an espionage on their cars to ascertain whether coal is being held up by brokers awaiting a better market price for the coal. One railroad discovered fifty-six loaded cars in Columbus today in the hands of about fifteen different consignees and has taken steps to see that the coal is disposed of promptly and the cars returned to the mines.

One large coal company with headquarters here received word today that one of its mines in West Virginia was without cars and had to close down. Only one of the company's four mines in Meigs and Jackson Counties, Ohio, is operating, because of lack of cars.

"We can't get mine cars which we ordered last January," said the Manager of that company.

He attributed the car shortage to the "unbounded prosperity" and the fact that many factories were working night and day.

One Kentucky mine which markets its coal in Ohio has a daily output of twenty-one cars, but in the last three weeks it has only been able to get one car a day. There has been some coal shipped into Ohio from Indiana and Illinois.

Because of the high price of coal asked by dealers, the city of Conneaut, Ohio, has gone into the retail coal business and today was selling its municipal lighting plant's reserve fuel to householders at $4.50 per ton.

At Youngstown the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company has announced that it will furnish coal to its employes in need of fuel as long as necessary. Coal is being delivered by the corporation at $4 a ton.

At Cleveland a conference was held today under the auspices of the Chamber of Commerce to devise ways and means to end the alarming coal situation. The Cleveland City Council last night adopted a resolution calling on County Prosecutor Locher to investigate the shortage of coal and prohibitive prices in Cleveland and to take steps to end these conditions. The coal receipts for Cleveland yesterday were estimated at 275 cars, a normal day's receipts being 750 cars.

It was estimated that there were 800 cars of coal on railroad sidings in and near Cleveland yesterday waiting for shipment in boats. Soft coal today sold at Cleveland at $6.50 to $7.50 a ton and hard coal at $9.25 to $9.75.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Interstate Commerce Commissioner McChord left tonight for Louisville, Ky., where on Nov. 3 and 4 he will hold informal conferences with representatives of Eastern, Southern, and a few of the Western railroads, State Railroad Commissions, and shippers concerning the general car shortage, which is tying up traffic and affecting the prices of coal and other necessities.

"The conference has been arranged," the commission announced, "because of the many complaints received by the commission from all parts of the country in relation to the inability of the shippers to obtain cars in which to transport their commodities."

In his telegram to the Eastern trunk lines, asking them to have representatives at the conference, Commissioner McChord pointed out that the shippers had charged that the carriers received cars for export without assurance of water-shipping facilities, and permitted the use of the cars for storage.

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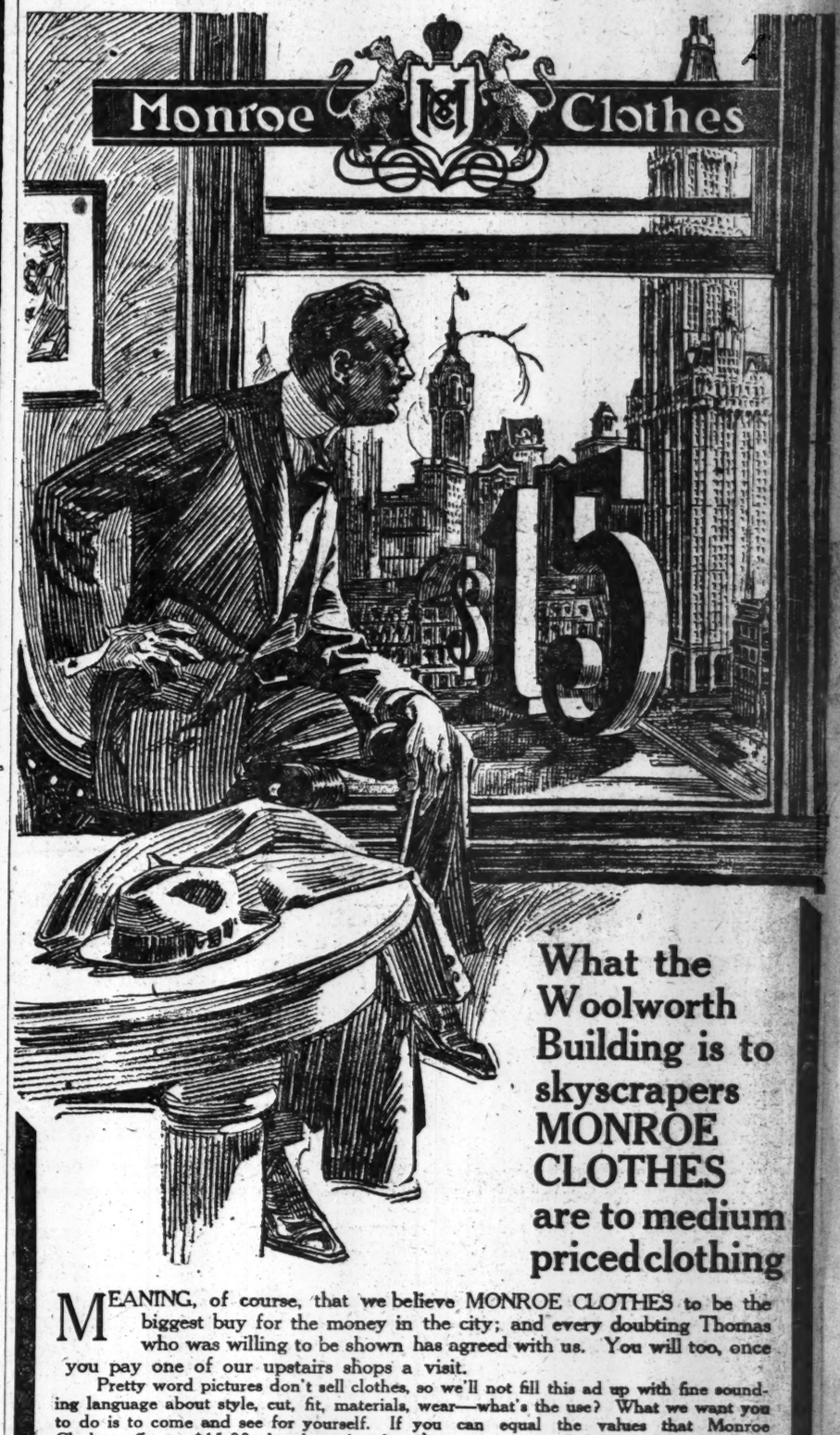

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